

PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED APRIL 23, 2026

NEW ISSUE

NOT RATED

In the opinion of Jones Hall LLP, Bond Counsel, subject, however to certain qualifications described herein, under existing law, the interest on the 2026 Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. Interest on the 2026 Bonds may be subject to the corporate alternative minimum tax. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, such interest is exempt from California personal income taxes. See the caption "LEGAL MATTERS — Tax Matters" herein.

\$8,805,000*

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6 OF THE HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 2026 SPECIAL TAX BONDS

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: September 1, as shown on the inside cover

Authority for Issuance. The bonds captioned above (the "2026 Bonds") are being issued by Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District (the "Community Facilities District") with respect to its Improvement Area No. 2 ("Improvement Area No. 2"). The 2026 Bonds are being issued under the provisions of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended (the "Act"), and a Fiscal Agent Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2026 (the "Fiscal Agent Agreement"), by and between the Hemet Unified School District (the "School District"), on behalf of Community Facilities District and Zions Bancorporation, National Association, as fiscal agent (the "Fiscal Agent").

Security and Sources of Payment. The 2026 Bonds are payable from proceeds of Special Taxes (as defined herein) levied on property within the boundaries of Improvement Area No. 2, according to the rate and method of apportionment of special tax for Improvement Area No. 2, as amended, approved by the qualified electors in the Community Facilities District and by the Governing Board (the "Board") of the "School District, acting as the legislative body (the "Legislative Body") of the Community Facilities District, and subsequent proceedings of the Legislative Body, as more fully described herein. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS." The 2026 Bonds are secured by a first pledge of the revenues derived from the Special Taxes and the moneys on deposit in certain funds held by the Fiscal Agent under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, on a parity with any additional bonds that may be issued as refunding bonds in the future upon compliance with the conditions set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS." The 2026 Bonds and any Additional Bonds (as defined herein) are referred to herein as the "**Bonds**." See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS."

Use of Proceeds. The 2026 Bonds are being issued to provide funds to (i) finance the acquisition and construction of certain school facilities and improvements of the School District, facilities of the Eastern Municipal Water District and facilities of the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District (collectively, the "Project"), (ii) fund a Reserve Fund for the 2026 Bonds, and (iii) pay certain costs of issuing the 2026 Bonds. See "THE FINANCING PLAN" and "— Sources and Uses of Funds" herein.

Bond Terms. Interest on the 2026 Bonds is payable on each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2026. The 2026 Bonds will be issued in denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof. The 2026 Bonds, when delivered, will be initially registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("**DTC**"). DTC will act as securities depository for the 2026 Bonds as described herein under "THE 2026 Bonds — Book-Entry and DTC."

Redemption. The 2026 Bonds are subject to optional redemption, mandatory redemption from prepayment of Special Taxes, and sinking fund redemption as described herein.

The 2026 Bonds, the interest thereon, and any premiums payable on the redemption of any of the 2026 Bonds, are not an indebtedness of the School District, the State of California (the "State") or any of its political subdivisions, and none of the School District, the Community Facilities District (except to the limited extent described in this Official Statement), the State nor any of its political subdivisions is liable on the 2026 Bonds. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the School District or the State or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the 2026 Bonds or interest thereon. Other than the Special Tax Revenues of the Community Facilities District, no taxes are pledged to the payment of the 2026 Bonds. The 2026 Bonds are not a general obligation of the Community Facilities District, but are limited obligations of the Community Facilities District payable solely from the Special Tax Revenues as more fully described in this Official Statement.

MATURITY SCHEDULE

(see inside cover)

This cover page contains certain information for general reference only. It is not a summary of the issue. Potential investors must read the entire Official Statement to obtain information essential to the making of an informed investment decision. Investment in the 2026 Bonds involves risks which may not be appropriate for some investors. See "BONDOWNERS' RISKS" herein for a discussion of special risk factors that should be considered in evaluating the investment quality of the 2026 Bonds.

The 2026 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued and accepted by the Underwriter, subject to approval as to their legality by Jones Hall LLP, Bond Counsel, and subject to certain other conditions. Certain legal matters will be passed on for the School District and the Community Facilities District by Jones Hall LLP, Disclosure Counsel. Kutak Rock LLP has reviewed certain matters for the Underwriter. It is anticipated that the 2026 Bonds, in book-entry form, will be available for delivery through the services of DTC on or about May 21, 2026.*

STIFEL

The date of this Official Statement is _____, 2026.

* Preliminary; subject to change.

This Preliminary Official Statement and the information contained herein are subject to completion or amendment. These securities may not be sold nor may offers to buy be accepted prior to the time the Official Statement is delivered in final form. Under no circumstances shall this Preliminary Official Statement constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer solicitation or sale would be unlawful.

MATURITY SCHEDULE

\$ _____
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6
OF THE HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2
2026 SPECIAL TAX BONDS

Base CUSIP[†]: _____

\$ _____ Serial Bonds

<u>Maturity Date</u> <u>(September 1)</u>	<u>Principal</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>Interest</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>CUSIP[†]</u>

\$ _____ % Term Bonds maturing September 1, 20__; Yield: ____%; CUSIP[†]: ____

\$ _____ % Term Bonds maturing September 1, 20__; Yield: ____%; CUSIP[†]: ____

C: Priced to optional redemption date of September 1, 20__, at 100%.

[†]: CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP data herein is provided by CUSIP Global Services, which is owned by FactSet Research Systems Inc. ("FactSet"). FactSet will manage the CUSIP system on behalf of the American Bankers Association. Neither the District nor the Underwriter takes any responsibility for the accuracy of the CUSIP data.

HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

GOVERNING BOARD

Al Cordova, President
Stacey Bailey, Vice President
Jeremy Parsons, Member
Kenneth Prado, Member
Patrick Searl, Member
Jeffrey Slepiski, Ed.D., Member
Horacio Valenzuela, Member

ADMINISTRATION

Christi Barrett, Ph.D., Superintendent and Secretary to the Governing Board
R. Darrin Watters, Deputy Superintendent, Business Services
Carolyn Yoakum, Director, Fiscal Services

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

MUNICIPAL ADVISOR

Fieldman, Rolapp & Associates, Inc.
Irvine, California

BOND AND DISCLOSURE COUNSEL

Jones Hall LLP
San Mateo, California

SPECIAL TAX CONSULTANT

Special District Financing & Administration LLC
Mission Viejo, California

UNDERWRITER'S COUNSEL

Kutak Rock LLP
Irvine, California

FISCAL AGENT

Zions Bancorporation, National Association
Los Angeles, California

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No Offering May Be Made Except by this Official Statement. No dealer, broker, salesperson or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations with respect to the 2026 Bonds other than as contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such other information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorized.

No Unlawful Offers or Solicitations. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

Effective Date. This Official Statement speaks only as of its date, and the information and expressions of opinion contained in this Official Statement are subject to change without notice. Neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale of the 2026 Bonds will, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the School District, the Community Facilities District, Improvement Area No. 2, any other parties described in this Official Statement, or in the condition of property within Improvement Area No. 2 since the date of this Official Statement.

Use of this Official Statement. This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the 2026 Bonds referred to herein and may not be reproduced or used, in whole or in part, for any other purpose. This Official Statement is not a contract with the purchasers of the 2026 Bonds.

Preparation of this Official Statement. The information contained in this Official Statement has been obtained from sources that are believed to be reliable, but this information is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness.

The Underwriter has provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement: The Underwriter has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, its responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriter does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

Document References and Summaries. All references to and summaries of the Fiscal Agent Agreement or other documents contained in this Official Statement are subject to the provisions of those documents and do not purport to be complete statements of those documents.

Changes to Offering Prices. The Underwriter may offer and sell the 2026 Bonds to certain securities dealers, dealer banks and banks acting as agent at prices lower than the public offering prices stated on the inside cover page of this Official Statement, and those public offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

Bonds are Exempt from Securities Laws Registration. The issuance and sale of the 2026 Bonds have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in reliance upon exemptions for the issuance and sale of municipal securities provided under Section 3(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 3(a)(12) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Estimates and Projections. Certain statements included or incorporated by reference in this Official Statement constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 21E of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Such statements are generally identifiable by the terminology used such as "plan," "expect," "estimate," "budget" or other similar words.

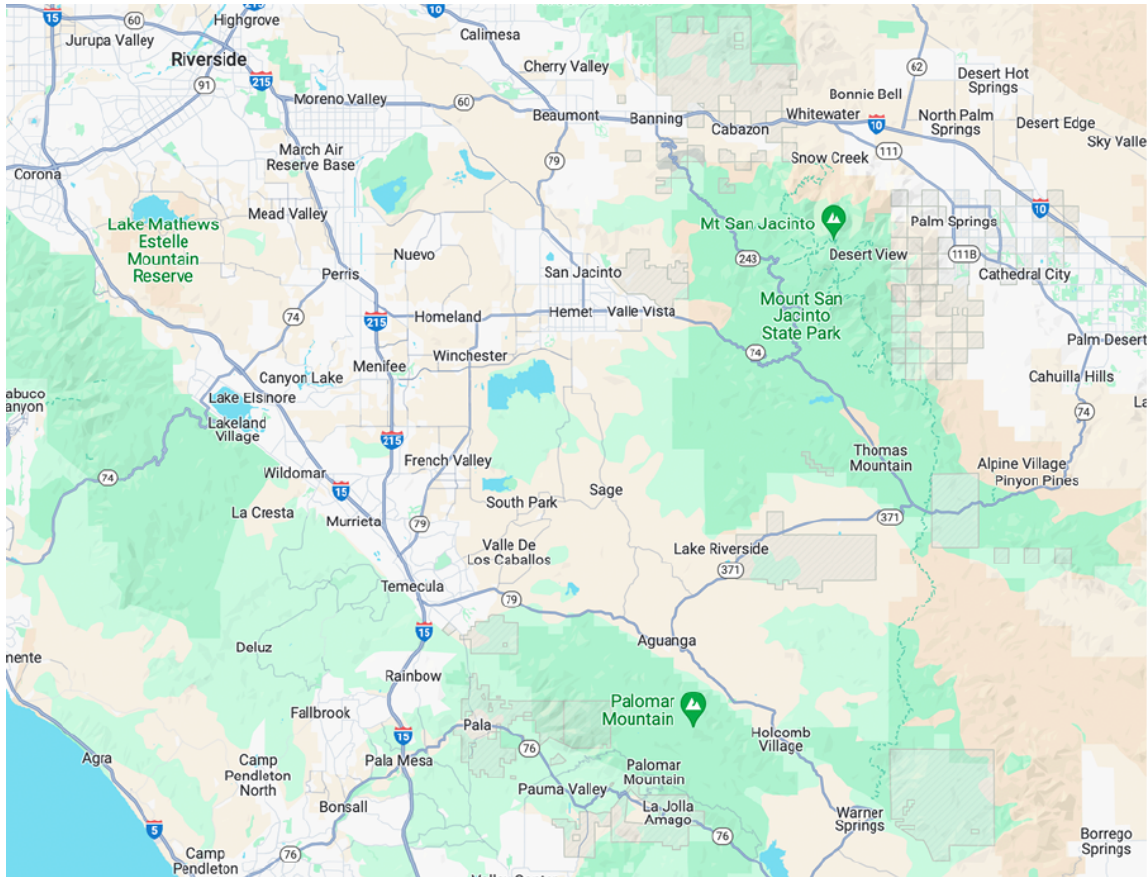
The achievement of certain results or other expectations contained in such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results, performance or achievements described to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. The School District does not plan to issue any updates or revisions to those forward-looking statements if or when its expectations, or events, conditions or circumstances on which such statements are based occur.

The School District maintains an Internet website and social media accounts, but the information on the website and social media accounts are not incorporated in this Official Statement.

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LOCATION MAP



AERIAL VIEW OF IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2



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OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$8,805,000*

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6 OF THE HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 2026 SPECIAL TAX BONDS

INTRODUCTION

This introduction is not a summary of this Official Statement. It is only a brief description of and guide to, and is qualified by, more complete and detailed information contained in the entire Official Statement, including the cover page, inside cover page, and appendices hereto, and the documents summarized or described herein. A full review should be made of the entire Official Statement. The offering of the 2026 Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of the entire Official Statement. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Official Statement have the definitions given in the Fiscal Agent Agreement (as defined below).

General. The 2026 Bonds are issued pursuant to the Act and a Fiscal Agent Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2026 (the “**Fiscal Agent Agreement**”), by and between the School District, on behalf of the Community Facilities District and Zions Bancorporation, National Association, as fiscal agent (the “**Fiscal Agent**”). See “THE 2026 BONDS – Authority for Issuance” herein.

The School District, on behalf of the Community Facilities District, will covenant in the Fiscal Agent Agreement not to issue any additional bonds secured by the Special Taxes after the issuance and delivery of the 2026 Bonds, except for refunding bonds pursuant to the Act. Bonds issued on a parity with the 2026 Bonds (“**Additional Bonds**”) are payable from the Net Special Taxes and other amounts deposited in the Special Tax Fund and the Reserve Fund (as defined herein) (or an account therein) and secured by a lien and charge upon such amounts equal to the lien and charge securing the Outstanding Bonds under the Fiscal Agent Agreement. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Additional Bonds” and APPENDIX C – “SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE FISCAL AGENT AGREEMENT.” The Community Facilities District may issue additional bonds, notes or other similar evidences of indebtedness payable from Net Special Taxes which are subordinate to the 2026 Bonds.

The School District. The School District was established on July 1, 1966, as a result of the unification of the Alamos and Cottonwood Districts, the Hemet Valley Union School District, and the Hemet Union High School District. The School District covers approximately 650 square miles in the western part of Riverside County (the “**County**”). The City of Hemet (the “**City**”), the City of San Jacinto, and unincorporated communities of Idyllwild, Anza, Aguanga, and Winchester are situated within the School District’s boundaries. The City is located approximately 45 miles west of Palm Springs, 85 miles north of San Diego, 90 miles east of Los Angeles, and 35 miles southeast of Riverside. The School District’s total population is approximately 133,300.

The School District currently operates thirteen K-5 elementary schools, two K-8 schools, one K-8 dual language academy, four middle schools, one 6-12 school, three comprehensive high schools, one charter school, and three alternative schools, including one continuation high school, one K-12 Academy offering online, hybrid, and project-based learning, and one adult education program. For the 2025-26 school year, the School District’s enrollment is approximately 22,021 students.

See APPENDIX A – “GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

* Preliminary; subject to change.

ABOUT THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE AND THE CITY OF HEMET” herein.

The administration headquarters of the School District are located at 1791 W. Acacia Avenue, Hemet, California 92545. For further information on the School District, see its Internet home page at www.hemetusd.org. *This internet address is included for reference only and the information on the Internet site is not a part of this Official Statement and is not incorporated by reference into this Official Statement.*

Property Ownership. Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD, Inc., a California corporation (the “**Developer**”) is in the process of developing the property in Improvement Area No. 2 with an expected total of 190 detached single-family homes. The property historically consisted of three communities, Aurora at Outlook (“**Aurora**”), Solstice at Outlook (“**Solstice**”) and Luminary at Outlook (“**Luminary**”). Aurora and Solstice have both been built and closed out and only Luminary remains to be completed.

The Developer is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Tri Pointe Homes, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“**Tri Pointe Homes**”). On February 13, 2026, Tri Pointe Homes entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “**Merger Agreement**”) with Sumitomo Forestry Co., Ltd. (“**Sumitomo**”) and Teton NewCo, Inc. (the “**Merger Sub**”), pursuant to which the parties intend to effectuate certain transactions. The Merger Agreement provides that, subject to certain customary terms and conditions: (i) Sumitomo will acquire 100% of the Tri Pointe Homes shares of outstanding common stock for \$47.00 per share, for an aggregate consideration of approximately \$4.5 billion in cash; and (ii) Merger Sub will merge with and into Tri Pointe Homes, with Tri Pointe Homes continuing as the surviving corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sumitomo (the “**Transaction**”). As a result of the Transaction, which is expected to close in the second quarter of 2026, Tri Pointe Homes will become an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Sumitomo, Tri Pointe Homes’ common stock will no longer be publicly traded (and will be delisted from the New York Stock Exchange), and Tri Pointe Homes’ common stock will be deregistered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Developer does not expect that the Transaction will interfere with the completion of its planned development within the District.

As of September 22, 2025, property within Aurora consisted of 19 homes owned by individual homeowners, property within Solstice consisted of 26 homes owned by individual homeowners, and property within Luminary consisted of nine partially improved lots, 21 homes under construction and 10 completed homes owned by the Developer, with the remaining 105 homes in Luminary owned by individual homeowners. As of such date, total individual homeowners within the three communities of Improvement Area No. 2 were 150.

Development and conveyance have progressed since September 22, 2025, and as of March 1, 2026, property within Luminary consisted of two partially improved lots, 15 homes under construction and four completed homes owned by the Developer, with the remaining 124 owned by individual homeowners. As of such date, total individual homeowners within the three communities of Improvement Area No. 2 were 169.

The Developer expects to complete and convey all remaining homes to be constructed in Improvement Area No. 2 by the end of December, 2026.

The Community Facilities District and Improvement Area No. 2. The Community Facilities District was formed and established by the School District on September 14, 2021, pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended (Section 53311 et seq. of the California Government Code, the “**Act**”), following a public hearing and a subsequent landowner elections at which the qualified electors in each of the two respective improvement areas of the Community Facilities District, by more than a two-thirds vote, authorized the Community Facilities District to incur bonded indebtedness with respect to such improvement area for school facilities, and water and sewer facilities, and approved the levy of special taxes

against Taxable Property (as defined herein) within the applicable improvement area. The aggregate not-to-exceed amount of bonded indebtedness approved with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 is \$11,000,000.

On September 13, 2022, the Board adopted a resolution of change to, among other things, increase the bonded indebtedness of the Community Facilities District, including an increase in the bonded indebtedness in Improvement Area No. 2 to \$15,500,000, as authorized by qualified electors within Improvement Area No. 2.

The term “Special Taxes” is defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement as “the special taxes authorized to be levied by the Community Facilities District in Improvement Area No. 2, in accordance with the Ordinance, the Resolution of Formation, the Act and the approval of the qualified electors therein, or otherwise permitted to be levied subsequent thereto after approval by the qualified electors of Improvement Area No. 2 in accordance with the Act, including any scheduled payments and any prepayments thereof, interest and penalties thereon and proceeds of the redemption or sale of property sold as a result of foreclosure of the lien of the Special Taxes.”

Improvement Area No. 2 is generally located at the southeast corner of Domenigoni Parkway and Frontier Loop Road within the unincorporated community of Winchester, in Riverside County, California (the “**County**”). The typical lot size in Improvement Area No. 2 is 7,500 square feet.

Security and Sources of Payment for the 2026 Bonds. The 2026 Bonds are secured by and payable from a first pledge of the “**Net Special Taxes**” defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement as “the amount of all Gross Taxes minus the Administrative Expense Requirement.” The term “**Gross Taxes**” is defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement as (i) the amount of all collected Special Taxes for Improvement Area No. 2, (ii) proceeds from the sale of property collected pursuant to the foreclosure provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement for the delinquency of such Special Taxes, and (iii) proceeds from any security for payment of Special Taxes for Improvement Area No. 2 taken in lieu of foreclosure; provided, however, that the Community Facilities District may waive payment of penalties and interest accruing in connection with delinquent Special Tax payments (but not delinquent Special Tax payments, unless authorized in accordance with Section 53356.6 of the Government Code of the State) and to the extent waived, such amounts shall not constitute Gross Taxes. The term “**Administrative Expense Requirement**” is defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement as “an initial amount of \$28,251.48 for Fiscal Year 2025-26, escalating at 2% per Fiscal Year for each successive Fiscal Year, or such other lesser amount as directed by the Community Facilities District as necessary for administration of the Community Facilities District.” See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS.”

The 2026 Bonds are further secured by a pledge of all moneys deposited in the Reserve Fund, subject to disposition as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. The Reserve Fund will be established out of the proceeds of the sale of the 2026 Bonds, in an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement.

Purpose of the 2026 Bonds. The 2026 Bonds are being issued to provide funds to (i) finance the acquisition and construction of certain school facilities and improvements of the School District, facilities of the Eastern Municipal Water District (“**EMWD**”), and facilities of the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District (“**VWRPD**”) (collectively, the “**Project**”), (ii) fund a Reserve Fund for the 2026 Bonds and (iii) pay certain costs of issuing the 2026 Bonds.

Appraisal. An appraisal report of the land and existing improvements for the development in Improvement Area No. 2, dated November 3, 2025 (the “**Appraisal Report**”), was prepared by Integra Realty Resources, Inc., Sacramento, California (the “**Appraiser**”) in connection with issuance of the 2026 Bonds. The Appraisal was updated by a report entitled “Appraisal Report –

Bring Forward Letter” dated March 19, 2026 (the “**Appraisal Update Letter**”). The purpose of the Appraisal Report is to estimate the market value of the fee simple estate in Improvement Area No. 2, as of September 22, 2025 (the “**Date of Value**”). As of the Date of Value, 112 homes in Improvement Area No. 2 had been assigned an assessed value for land and structural improvements (other than a nominal value), totaling \$65,569,678.

Subject to the assumptions contained in the Appraisal, the Appraiser estimated that the fee simple interest in 78 lots in Improvement Area No. 2 that had not yet been assigned an assessed value for land and structural improvements (other than a nominal value), subject to the lien of the Special Taxes, had an estimated aggregate value of \$30,714,000. The cumulative value of property in Improvement Area No. 2, therefore, was \$96,283,678, as of the Date of Value.

The Appraisal Update Letter confirmed that the fee simple interest in 78 lots in Improvement Area No. 2 that had not yet been assigned an assessed value for land and structural improvements (other than a nominal value), subject to the lien of the Special Taxes, had an estimated aggregate value of not less than \$30,714,000, as of March 1, 2026. See “IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6 – Appraisal Report” and APPENDIX H for further information on the Appraisal Report and the Appraisal Update Letter.

Tax Matters. In the opinion of Jones Hall LLP, San Mateo, California, Bond Counsel, subject, however to certain qualifications described herein, under existing law, the interest on the 2026 Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. Interest on the 2026 Bonds may be subject to the corporate alternative minimum tax. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, such interest is exempt from California personal income taxes. See the caption “LEGAL MATTERS — Tax Matters” herein.

Risk Factors Associated with Purchasing the 2026 Bonds. Investment in the 2026 Bonds involves risks that may not be appropriate for some investors. See the section of this Official Statement entitled “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS” for a discussion of certain risk factors which should be considered, in addition to the other matters set forth herein, in considering the investment quality of the 2026 Bonds.

Additional Bonds. The Community Facilities District may issue additional bonds secured by Special Tax Revenues on a parity with the 2026 Bonds, upon compliance with certain conditions set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, provided however, that such additional bonds may only be issued as Refunding Bonds. See “THE 2026 Bonds – Issuance of Additional Bonds.”

Other Information. This Official Statement speaks only as of its date, and the information contained herein is subject to change. Brief descriptions of the 2026 Bonds, certain sections of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, security for the 2026 Bonds, special risk factors, Improvement Area No. 2, the Community Facilities District, the School District, the development and other information are included in this Official Statement. Such descriptions and information do not purport to be comprehensive or definitive. The descriptions herein of the 2026 Bonds, the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and other resolutions and documents are qualified in their entirety by reference to the forms thereof and the information with respect thereto included in Fiscal Agent Agreement, such resolutions and other documents. All such descriptions are further qualified in their entirety by reference to laws and to principles of equity relating to or affecting generally the enforcement of creditors’ rights. Copies of such documents may be obtained from the Office of the Clerk of the Board of the Hemet Unified School District, 1791 W. Acacia Avenue, Hemet, California 92545.

NEITHER THE FAITH AND CREDIT NOR THE TAXING POWER OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT, THE COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT (EXCEPT TO THE LIMITED EXTENT DESCRIBED HEREIN) OR THE STATE OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF IS

PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF THE 2026 BONDS. OTHER THAN THE NET SPECIAL TAXES IN IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2, NO TAXES ARE PLEDGED TO THE PAYMENT OF BONDS. THE 2026 BONDS ARE NOT A GENERAL OBLIGATION OF THE COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT, BUT ARE LIMITED OBLIGATIONS OF THE COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT PAYABLE SOLELY FROM THE NET SPECIAL TAXES LEVIED WITHIN IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2, AS MORE FULLY DESCRIBED HEREIN.

THE FINANCING PLAN

Facilities to be Financed with Proceeds of the 2026 Bonds

The Community Facilities District will finance school facilities, VWRPD facilities, and water distribution, treatment and reservoir facilities and sewer collection, conveyance, treatment and disposal facilities, and land, rights-of-way and easements necessary for any of such facilities in Improvement Area No. 2. EMWD facilities include facilities that are included in EMWD's sewer and water capacity and connection fee programs.

Sources and Uses of Funds

The proceeds from the sale of the 2026 Bonds will be deposited into the following respective accounts and funds established under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, as follows:

SOURCES

Principal Amount of Bonds	\$
[Plus][Less]: [Net] Original Issue [Premium][Discount]	
Less: Underwriter's Discount	
<i>Total Sources</i>	\$

USES

Deposit into the School Facilities Account of the Construction Fund	\$
Deposit into EMWD Facilities Account of the Construction Fund	
Deposit into VWRPD Facilities Account of the Construction Fund	
Deposit into the Reserve Fund ⁽¹⁾	
Deposit into the Cost of Issuance Fund ⁽²⁾	
<i>Total Uses</i>	\$

-
- (1) An amount equal to the Reserve Requirement with respect to the 2026 Bonds as of the date of delivery thereof.
- (2) Includes, among other things, the fees and expenses of Bond Counsel, Disclosure Counsel, the cost of printing the final Official Statement, fees and expenses of the Fiscal Agent, the fees and expenses of the Municipal Advisor, the fees and expenses of the Special Tax Consultant, the fees of the Dissemination Agent, and repayment of developer advances.

THE 2026 BONDS

Authority for Issuance

The 2026 Bonds will be issued pursuant to the Act, the authorizations obtained and referenced herein, the Fiscal Agent Agreement and the resolution authorizing the issuance of the 2026 Bonds. See “IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6 – Summary of Proceedings” herein.

General Provisions

The 2026 Bonds will be dated their date of delivery and will bear interest at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover page hereof, payable semi-annually on each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2026 (each, an “**Interest Payment Date**”), and will mature in the amounts and on the dates set forth on the inside cover page hereof. Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. The 2026 Bonds will be issued in fully-registered form in denominations of \$5,000 each or any integral multiple thereof and will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company (“**DTC**”). DTC will act as securities depository for the 2026 Bonds. Ownership interests in the 2026 Bonds may be purchased in book-entry form only, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof within a single maturity. So long as the 2026 Bonds are held in book-entry form, principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the 2026 Bonds will be paid directly to DTC for distribution to the beneficial owners of the 2026 Bonds in accordance with the procedures adopted by DTC. See “THE 2026 Bonds – Book-Entry and DTC.”

Interest on any Bond will be payable from the Interest Payment Date next preceding the date of authentication of that Bond, unless (i) such date of authentication is an Interest Payment Date in which event interest shall be payable from such date of authentication, (ii) the date of authentication is after a Record Date but prior to the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, in which event interest will be payable from the Interest Payment Date immediately succeeding the date of authentication or (iii) the date of authentication is prior to the close of business on the first Record Date in which event interest will be payable from the date of the 2026 Bonds; provided, however, that if at the time of authentication of a Bond, interest is in default, interest on that Bond will be payable from the last Interest Payment Date to which the interest has been paid or made available for payment or if no interest has been paid on such Bond the interest will be payable from the date of issuance of the 2026 Bonds. “**Record Date**” means the 15th calendar day, whether or not such day is a business day, of the month preceding an Interest Payment Date.

Interest on any Bond will be paid to the person whose name appears in the Bond Register as the owner of such Bond (the “**Bondowners**” or “**Owners**”), as of the close of business on the Record Date immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date. Such interest will be paid by check of the Fiscal Agent mailed by first class mail, postage prepaid, to such Bondowner at his or her address as it appears on the Bond Register as of the close of business on the preceding Record Date, except the Owner of at least \$1,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of Bonds may be paid by wire transfer in immediately available funds to an account of a bank or financial institution in the United States designated by such Owner if the Owner makes a written request of the Fiscal Agent on or prior to the applicable Record Date. The principal of the 2026 Bonds and any premiums due upon the redemption thereof are payable by check in lawful money of the United States of America upon presentation and surrender thereof at the Trust Office (as defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement) of the Fiscal Agent.

Debt Service Schedule

The following table presents the annual debt service on the 2026 Bonds, including sinking fund redemptions, and assuming that there are no optional redemptions or special mandatory redemptions from Special Taxes.

Year Ending September 1	Interest	Principal	Total Debt Service
2026			
2027			
2028			
2029			
2030			
2031			
2032			
2033			
2034			
2035			
2036			
2037			
2038			
2039			
2040			
2041			
2042			
2043			
2044			
2045			
2046			
2047			
2048			
2049			
2050			
2051			
2052			
2053			
2054			
2055			
2056			
Total:			

Redemption

Optional Redemption. The 2026 Bonds maturing on and prior to September 1, 20__, are not subject to optional call and redemption. The 2026 Bonds maturing on and after September 1, 20__, are subject to optional call and redemption on any Interest Payment Date on or after September 1, 20__, in whole or in part, pursuant to the Act as directed by the Community Facilities District and by lot within a maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000 from any source of funds at the following redemption prices, expressed as a percentage of the principal amount, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption:

<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Redemption Price</u>
September 1, 20__ and March 1, 20__	103%
September 1, 20__ and March 1, 20__	102
September 1, 20__ and March 1, 20__	101
September 1, 20__ and any Interest Payment Date thereafter	100

Mandatory Redemption from Prepaid Special Taxes. The 2026 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption prior to their stated maturities, in whole, or in part, on any Interest Payment Date for which timely notice can be given, in integral multiples of \$5,000 from moneys on deposit in the Prepayment Account of the Special Tax Fund, including amounts transferred from the Reserve Fund, as directed by the Community Facilities District, and by lot within a maturity, at the following redemption prices, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption:

<u>Redemption Date</u>	<u>Redemption Price</u>
Any Interest Payment Date from September 1, 20__ through and including March 1, 20__	103%
September 1, 20__ and March 1, 20__	102
September 1, 20__ and March 1, 20__	101
September 1, 20__ and any Interest Payment Date thereafter	100

Such prepayments could be made by any of the owners of any of the property within Improvement Area No. 2, including the Developer or any individual owner; and they could also be made from the proceeds of bonds issued by or on behalf of an overlapping special assessment district or community facilities district. The resulting redemption of Bonds that were purchased at a price greater than the applicable redemption price could reduce the otherwise expected yield on such Bonds. See "BONDOWNERS' RISKS – Extraordinary Redemption from Prepaid Special Taxes."

Mandatory Sinking Account Redemption. The 2026 Bonds maturing September 1, 20__ (the "Term Bonds"), will be called for redemption before maturity and redeemed from the Sinking Payments that have been deposited into the Redemption Fund on September 1, 20__, and on each September 1 thereafter prior to maturity, in accordance with the schedule of Sinking Payments set forth below. The Term Bonds so called for redemption shall be redeemed at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the redemption date without premium.

Term Bonds Maturing on September 1, 20__

Sinking Account	
Redemption Date	Principal Amount
<u>(September 1)</u>	<u>to be Redeemed</u>

To the extent there is an optional redemption of Term Bonds or a mandatory redemption from Prepaid Special Taxes (as defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement) as described above, the Sinking Payment schedules indicated above shall be proportionately reduced pro rata pursuant to written instructions from the authorized representative for each maturity with any excess amount applied to the latest maturity or Sinking Payment date as set forth in such written instructions.

Purchase In Lieu of Redemption. In lieu or partially in lieu of call and redemption of Bonds, moneys deposited in the Redemption Fund created under the Fiscal Agent Agreement (the “**Redemption Fund**”) as set forth above may be used to purchase Outstanding Bonds in the manner hereinafter described. Purchases of Outstanding Bonds may be made by the Community Facilities District prior to the selection of Bonds for redemption by the Fiscal Agent, at public or private sale as and when and at such prices as the Community Facilities District may in its discretion determine but only at prices (including brokerage or other expenses) not more than par plus accrued interest and, in the case of redemption pursuant to optional redemption or mandatory redemption from Prepaid Special Taxes above, any applicable premium, and any accrued interest payable upon the purchase of Bonds may be paid from the amount in the Special Tax Fund for payment of interest on the next following Interest Payment Date.

Notice of Redemption. When Bonds are to be called for redemption, the Fiscal Agent will give notice, in the name of the Community Facilities District of the redemption of such Bonds. Such notice of redemption will (a) specify the CUSIP and bond numbers, the Series and the maturity date or dates of the 2026 Bonds selected for redemption, or if all the bonds of one maturity, are to be redeemed, the bond numbers thereof need not be specified; (b) state the date fixed for redemption and surrender of the 2026 Bonds of the Series to be redeemed; (c) state the redemption price; (d) state the place or places where the 2026 Bonds are to be surrendered for redemption; and (e) in the case of a Bond to be redeemed only in part, state the portion of such Bond which is to be redeemed. Such notice will further state that on the date fixed for redemption, there will become due and payable on each Bond or portion thereof called for redemption, the principal thereof, together with any premium, and interest accrued to the redemption date, and that from and after such date, interest thereon will cease to accrue and be payable.

At least 20 days but no more than 60 days prior to the redemption date, the Fiscal Agent will mail a copy of such notice, by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the respective Owners thereof at their addresses appearing on the Bond Register. The actual receipt by the Owner of any Bond of notice of such redemption will not be a condition precedent thereto, and neither the failure to receive such notice nor any defect therein will affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of such Bonds, or the cessation of interest from and after the date fixed for redemption.

Conditional Redemption; Notice and Rescission of Redemption. Any notice of optional redemption notice may specify that redemption of the 2026 Bonds designated for redemption on the specified date will be subject to the receipt by the Community Facilities District and/or the Fiscal Agent, as applicable, of moneys sufficient to cause such redemption (and will specify the proposed source(s) of such moneys), and neither the Community Facilities District nor the Fiscal Agent will have any liability to the Owners of any Bonds, or any other party, as a result of the Community Facilities District's failure to redeem the 2026 Bonds designated for redemption as a result of insufficient moneys therefor.

Additionally, the Community Facilities District may rescind any optional redemption, and notice thereof, for any reason on any date prior to the date fixed for such redemption by causing written notice of the rescission to be given to the Owners of the 2026 Bonds so called for redemption. Notice of rescission of redemption will be given in the same manner in which notice of redemption was originally given. The actual receipt by the Owner of any Bond of notice of such rescission shall not be a condition precedent to rescission, and failure to receive such notice or any defect in such notice shall not affect the validity of the rescission. Neither the Community Facilities District nor the Fiscal Agent shall have any liability to the Owners of any Bonds, or any other party, as a result of the Community Facilities District's decision to rescind a redemption of any Bonds pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

Selection of Bonds for Redemption. If less than all of the Outstanding Bonds are to be redeemed, the Fiscal Agent will select the 2026 Bonds to be redeemed as directed by the Community Facilities District and by lot within each maturity in any manner which the Fiscal Agent deems fair; *provided, however*, that the portion of any bond of a denomination of more than \$5,000 to be redeemed shall be in the principal amount of \$5,000 or a multiple thereof, and that in selecting portions of such Bonds for redemption, the Fiscal Agent shall treat each such Bond as representing that number of Bonds of \$5,000 denominations which is contained by dividing the principal amount of such Bond to be redeemed in part by \$5,000 and provided that any redemption from Prepaid Special Taxes shall be on a pro rata basis among maturities of the 2026 Bonds specified by the Community Facilities District to the Fiscal Agent.

Effect of Notice and Availability of Redemption Money. Notice of redemption having been duly given, as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and the amount necessary for the redemption having been made available for that purpose and being available therefor on the date fixed for such redemption: (i) the 2026 Bonds, or portions thereof, designated for redemption will, on the date fixed for redemption, become due and payable at the redemption price thereof as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, anything in the Fiscal Agent Agreement or in the 2026 Bonds to the contrary notwithstanding; (ii) upon presentation and surrender thereof at the Trust Office of the Fiscal Agent, or such other location as may be designated by the Fiscal Agent, the redemption price of such 2026 Bonds will be paid to the Owner thereof; (iii) from and after the redemption date, the 2026 Bonds or portions thereof so designated for redemption will be deemed to be no longer Outstanding and such Bonds or portions thereof will cease to bear further interest; and (iv) from and after the date fixed for redemption, no Owner of any of the 2026 Bonds or portions thereof so designated for redemption shall be entitled to any of the benefits of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, or to any other rights, except with respect to payment of the redemption price, including any applicable redemption premium, and interest accrued to the redemption date from the amounts so made available.

Issuance of Additional Bonds

Additional Bonds. In addition to the 2026 Bonds, the Community Facilities District may issue one or more additional series of bonds or other indebtedness (collectively, “**Additional Bonds**”) payable from Net Special Tax Revenues on a parity with the 2026 Bonds, in such principal amount as may be determined by the School District, under a Supplemental Agreement entered into by the School District and the Fiscal Agent, provided that Additional Bonds may only be issued as Refunding Bonds. Any such Additional Bonds will constitute Bonds under the Fiscal Agent Agreement and will be secured by a lien on the Special Tax Revenues and funds pledged for the payment of the 2026 Bonds under the Fiscal Agent Agreement on a parity with all other Bonds Outstanding thereunder.

The School District may issue such Additional Bonds subject to the specific conditions precedent set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

Refunding Bonds. Under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the term “**Refunding Bonds**” is defined as Additional Bonds issued by the Community Facilities District with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, the net proceeds of which are used to refund all or a portion of the then Outstanding Bonds; provided that the principal and interest on the Additional Bonds to their final maturity date is less than the principal and interest on the Outstanding Bonds being refunded to their final maturity date, and the final maturity of the Additional Bonds is not later than the final maturity of the Outstanding Bonds being refunded.

Subordinate Bonds. Nothing in the Fiscal Agent Agreement prohibits the School District from issuing any other bonds or otherwise incurring debt secured by a pledge of the Special Tax Revenues subordinate to the pledge thereof under the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

See APPENDIX C for additional details regarding the conditions for issuing Additional Bonds.

Registration, Transfer and Exchange

The following provisions regarding the exchange and transfer of the 2026 Bonds apply only during any period in which the 2026 Bonds are not subject to DTC’s book-entry system. While the 2026 Bonds are subject to DTC’s book-entry system, their exchange and transfer will be effected through DTC and DTC’s participants and will be subject to the procedures, rules and requirements established by DTC. See APPENDIX F.

Registration. The Fiscal Agent will keep or cause to be kept, at its Trust Office, sufficient records for the registration and transfer of ownership of the 2026 Bonds, which shall be open to inspection during regular business hours and upon reasonable prior notice by the Community Facilities District, and, upon presentation for such purpose, the Fiscal Agent will, under such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, register or transfer or cause to be registered or transferred, on such records, the ownership of the 2026 Bonds. The Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent may treat and consider the Owner of any Bond whose name appears on the Bond Register as the absolute Owner of such Bond for any and all the purposes, including for payment of principal of and interest on such Bond, for the purpose of giving notices of redemption, if applicable, and other matters with respect to such Bond, for the purpose of registering transfers with respect to such Bond. It is the duty of the Bondowner to give written

notice to the Fiscal Agent of any change in the Bondowner's address so that the Bond Register may be revised accordingly.

Registration of Exchange or Transfer. The registration of any Bond may, in accordance with its terms, be transferred upon the Bond Register by the person in whose name it is registered, or by his or her duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of such Bond for cancellation at the Trust Office of the Fiscal Agent, accompanied by delivery of a written instrument of transfer in a form approved by the Fiscal Agent and duly executed by the Bondowner in the form set forth on the Bond or otherwise in a form approved by the Fiscal Agent. The Owner requesting such transfer is required to pay any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such transfer.

The 2026 Bonds may be exchanged at the Trust Office of the Fiscal Agent for a like aggregate principal amount of Bonds of other Authorized Denominations of the same maturity. The Fiscal Agent will not charge the Owner a fee for any new Bond issued upon any exchange but will require the Bondowner requesting such exchange to pay any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange.

Whenever any Bond or Bonds are surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange, the Community Facilities District will execute, and the Fiscal Agent will authenticate and deliver in the name of the transferee or in the name of the existing Owner in the case of any exchange, a new Bond or Bonds of authorized denominations, of the same maturity, for a like aggregate principal amount; *provided*, that the Fiscal Agent will not be required to register transfers or make exchanges of Bonds (i) between a Record Date and the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, (ii) within 15 days prior to the date designated by the Fiscal Agent as the date for selecting Bonds for redemption, or (iii) selected for redemption.

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

General

Pledge of Net Special Taxes and Funds. Subject to the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement permitting the application thereof for the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth therein, all of the Net Special Taxes and any other amounts (including proceeds of the sale of the Bonds) held in the Special Tax Fund, the Bond Fund, the Redemption Fund and the Reserve Fund will be pledged to secure the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the 2026 Bonds and any Additional Bonds (collectively, the “**Bonds**”). This pledge constitutes a first lien on such assets.

The payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds and any redemption premiums will be exclusively paid from the Net Special Taxes and other amounts in the Bond Fund and the Reserve Fund.

The amount of Special Taxes that the Community Facilities District may levy in any year is strictly limited by the maximum rates approved by the qualified electors Improvement Area No. 2, as set forth in the Rate and Method of Apportionment for Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 (the “**Original RMA**”), as amended by Amendment No. 1 to the Original RMA (the “**Rate and Method**”). See “– Rate and Method” below.

Amounts in the Administrative Expense Fund, the Rebate Fund, the Improvement Fund and the Residual School Facilities Fund are *not* pledged to the repayment of the Bonds. No part of the Project to be financed with the proceeds of the Bonds is not in any way pledged to pay the Debt Service on the Bonds. Any proceeds of condemnation or destruction of any facilities financed with the proceeds of the Bonds are not pledged to pay the Debt Service on the Bonds and are free and clear of any lien or obligation imposed under the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

Net Special Taxes. “**Net Special Taxes**” is defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement as the amount of all Gross Taxes, less the Administrative Expense Requirement.

“**Gross Taxes**” is defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement as (i) the amount of all collected Special Taxes for Improvement Area No. 2, (ii) proceeds from the sale of property collected pursuant to the foreclosure provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement for the delinquency of such Special Taxes, and (iii) proceeds from any security for payment of Special Taxes for Improvement Area No. 2 taken in lieu of foreclosure; *provided, however*, that the Community Facilities District may waive payment of penalties and interest accruing in connection with delinquent Special Tax payments and to the extent waived, such amounts shall not constitute Gross Taxes.

“**Special Taxes**” is defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement as the special taxes authorized to be levied by the Community Facilities District in Improvement Area No. 2 in accordance with the Ordinance, the Resolution of Formation, the Resolution of Change, the Act and the approval of the qualified electors thereof. See “– Rate and Method” below.

“**Administrative Expenses**” is defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement as the ordinary and necessary fees and expenses for proceedings of the Community Facilities District, issuance of the Bonds, determination of the Special Tax and administering the levy and collection of the Special Tax and of servicing the Bonds, including any or all of the following: the fees and

expenses of the Fiscal Agent (including any fees or expenses of its counsel), the expenses of the Community Facilities District in carrying out their duties under the Fiscal Agent Agreement (including, but not limited to, annual audits, special tax consultants and attorneys, and costs incurred in the levying and collection of the Special Taxes, the costs incurred in the foreclosure of parcels delinquent in the payment of Special Taxes and costs of compliance with disclosure obligations of the Community Facilities District) including the fees and expenses of its counsel, an allocable share of the salaries of staff to the School District directly related thereto and a proportionate amount of general administrative overhead related thereto and all other costs and expenses of the School District (acting as administrator of the Community Facilities District), Fieldman, Rolapp & Associates, Inc. dba Applied Best Practices, as dissemination agent (the **"Dissemination Agent"**) and the Fiscal Agent incurred in connection with the discharge of their respective duties under the Fiscal Agent Agreement and, in the case of the School District, in any way related to the administration of the CFD, including "Administrative Expenses" as defined in the Rate and Method of Apportionment.

Special Taxes

In the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Community Facilities District will covenant that, so long as any Bonds are outstanding, it will levy the Special Taxes in an amount which, together with other amounts on deposit in the Special Tax Fund and available for this purpose, is sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds becoming due and payable during the Bond Year commencing in such fiscal year, the Administrative Expenses estimated for such year, and any amounts required to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement (collectively, the **"Special Tax Requirement"**).

No assurance can be given that the amounts collected in any given year will, in fact, equal the Special Tax Requirement due to a variety of factors, including the maximum Special Tax rates and the maximum term of the Special Tax levy on each parcel of Taxable Property in Improvement Area No. 2 imposed by the Rate and Method. See "– Rate and Method" below.

Procedure for Special Tax Levy. Under the Act, the Community Facilities District will annually ascertain from the County Assessor the relevant parcels on which the Special Taxes are to be levied, taking into account any parcel splits during the preceding and then current year.

The Community Facilities District will effect the levy of the Special Taxes each Fiscal Year in accordance with the Ordinance by each August 10 that the Bonds are Outstanding, or otherwise such that the computation of the levy is complete before the final date on which the County Auditor will accept the transmission of the Special Tax amounts for the parcels within Improvement Area No. 2 for inclusion on the next real property tax roll.

Upon the completion of the computation of the amounts of the levy, the Community Facilities District will prepare or cause to be prepared, and transmit to the County Auditor, such data as the County Auditor requires to include the levy of the Special Taxes on the next real property tax roll.

Special Tax Levy Amount. Under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Community Facilities District will fix and levy the amount of Special Taxes in Improvement Area No. 2 in accordance with the Rate and Method and, subject to the limitations in the Rate and Method as to the annual Maximum Special Tax (as defined in the Rate and Method) that may be levied, in an amount sufficient to yield the following:

- the amount required for the payment of principal of and interest on any Outstanding Bonds becoming due and payable during the Bond Year commencing in such Fiscal Year,
- the amount required for any necessary replenishment of the Reserve Fund, and
- the amount estimated to be sufficient to pay the Administrative Expenses during such year,

in each case taking into account the balances in the funds and accounts established under the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

Manner of Collection. The Fiscal Agent Agreement provides that the Special Taxes will be payable and be collected in the same manner and at the same time and in the same installment as ordinary *ad valorem* property taxes on real property are payable, and have the same priority, become delinquent at the same times and in the same proportionate amounts and bear the same proportionate penalties and interest after delinquency as do the *ad valorem* taxes on real property.

Rate and Method

General. The Special Tax is levied and collected according to the Rate and Method, which provides the means by which the Board may annually levy the Special Taxes in Improvement Area No. 2, up to the Maximum Special Tax, and to determine the amount of the Special Tax to be collected each Fiscal Year from the “**Taxable Property**” in Improvement Area No. 2.

The following is a synopsis of the provisions of the Rate and Method, which should be read in conjunction with the complete text of the Rate and Method, including its attachments, which is attached as APPENDIX B. The meaning of the defined terms used in this section are as set forth in APPENDIX B.

This section provides only a summary of the Rate and Method, and is qualified by more complete and detailed information contained in the entire Rate and Method attached as APPENDIX B.

Special Tax Requirement. Annually, at the time of levying the Special Tax, the Board will determine the Special Tax Requirement, which will be the amount required for each Fiscal Year to pay the following:

- (i) Administrative Expenses,
- (ii) debt service on all Outstanding Bonds (as defined in the Rate and Method) due in the calendar year commencing in such Fiscal Year,
- (iii) periodic costs on the Bonds, including but not limited to, credit enhancement and rebate payments on the Bonds,
- (iv) any amounts required to replenish any reserve funds for all Outstanding Bonds,
- (v) directly for the acquisition or construction of facilities that are eligible to be financed through Improvement Area No. 2 under the Act, as reasonably determined by the School District, so long as the inclusion of such amount does not cause an increase in the Special Tax levy attributable to the Undeveloped Property,

- (vi) reasonably anticipated delinquent Special Taxes based on the delinquency rate of Special Taxes within Improvement Area No. 2 levied in the previous Fiscal Year if available or if not available, the lowest delinquency rate of all community facilities districts of the School District, so long as the inclusion of such amount does not cause an increase in the Special Tax levy attributable to the Undeveloped Property prior to the issuance of Bonds,

less a credit for funds available to reduce the annual Special Tax levy, as determined by the Deputy Superintendent, Business Services of the School District.

Developed Property, Undeveloped Property, Taxable Property, Property Owner Association Property, Public Property, or Exempt Property. The Rate and Method declares that for each Fiscal Year, all Assessor's Parcels will be classified as Taxable Property or Exempt Property and all Assessor's Parcels of Taxable Property will be classified as Developed Property, Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property, or Public Property.

"Developed Property" means, for each Fiscal Year, all Taxable Property for which a building permit for new construction was issued prior to May 1st of the prior Fiscal Year.

"Undeveloped Property" means, for each Fiscal Year, all Taxable Property not classified as Developed Property, Property Owner Association Property, or Public Property as shown on the equalized roll of the County which is available on or about July 1st of the Fiscal Year.

"Taxable Property" means all of the Assessor's Parcels within the boundaries of Improvement Area No. 2 in the Community Facilities District which have not been prepaid pursuant to the Rate and Method or, which are not exempt from the Special Tax pursuant to law or the Rate and Method.

"Property Owner Association Property" means, for each Fiscal Year, any property within the boundaries of Improvement Area No. 2 that is owned by a property owner association, including any master or sub-association as shown on the equalized roll of the County which is available on or about July 1st of the Fiscal Year, provided, however, that no such classification shall reduce the Acreage of all Taxable Property within Improvement Area No. 2 to less than 32.26 Acres.

"Public Property" means, for each Fiscal Year, any property within the boundaries of Improvement Area No. 2 that is (i) used for rights-of-way or any other purpose and is owned by the federal government, the State, the County, or any other public agency, including school districts, as shown on the equalized roll of the County which is available on or about July 1st of the Fiscal Year or (ii) encumbered by a public or utility easement making impractical its utilization for other than the purpose set forth in the easement as shown on the equalized roll of the County which is available on or about July 1st of the Fiscal Year, provided, however, that no such classification shall reduce the Acreage of all Taxable Property within Improvement Area No. 2 to less than 32.26 Acres.

"Exempt Property" is defined to include any Assessor's Parcel within the Boundaries of Improvement Area No. 2 that is owned or irrevocably dedicated to a public agency as of the date of formation of Improvement Area No. 2;

Notwithstanding the above, the Deputy Superintendent, Business Services of the School

District will not classify an Assessor's Parcel as Exempt Property if such classification would reduce the acreage of all Taxable Property within Improvement Area No. 2 to less than 32.26 Acres. Assessor's Parcels that would, if designated as Exempt Property, cause the Acreage of all Taxable Property to be less than 32.26 Acres shall be required to either (i) prepay the Special Tax for such Assessor's Parcel in full at the then applicable Maximum Special Tax rate per Acre for Property Owner Association Property or Public Property, applied to the Acres of such Assessor's Parcel, which resulting amount will be used as the Assigned Special Tax in the calculation of the prepayment according to the Rate and Method or (ii) be subject to taxation pursuant to the third step of the method of apportionment of the Special Tax set forth in the Rate and Method

Maximum Special Tax. The Maximum Special Tax is defined in the Rate and Method as follows:

Developed Property. The Maximum Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property that is classified as Residential Property will be the greater of (i) the amount derived by application of the Assigned Special Tax or (ii) the amount derived by application of the Backup Special Tax.

The Assigned Special Tax for Developed Property in Fiscal Year 2025-26 ranges from \$2,688.04 to \$3,279.12 per Assessor's Parcel. Each July 1, the Assigned Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property will be increased by 2% of the amount in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

The "**Backup Special Tax**" is calculated based on the number of Lots created by each Final Map recorded in Improvement Area No. 2 (See "IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 OF THE COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT"). The Lots have been created by a Final Map, and the Backup Special Tax for an Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property for Fiscal Year 2025-26 is \$3,231.90 per parcel within Improvement Area No. 2 (based on the Acreage of Taxable Property).

Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property and Public Property. The Maximum Special Tax for Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property that is not Exempt Property and Public Property that is not Exempt will be \$17,476.04 per acre Fiscal Year 2025-26. Each July 1, the Maximum Special Tax for Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property and Public Property will increase by 2% of the amount in effect in the prior Fiscal Year.

Method of Apportionment. Under the Rate and Method, the Board will levy an annual Special Tax each Fiscal Year as follows:

First: The Special Tax will be levied on each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property in an amount equal to the applicable Assigned Special Tax.

Second: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first step has been completed, the Special Tax will be levied Proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property in an amount up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for Undeveloped Property to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement.

Third: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first two steps have been completed, the Special Tax will be levied Proportionately on each

Assessor's Parcel of Public Property and Property Owner Association Property which is not Exempt Property in an amount up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for Property Owner Association Property and Public Property to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement; and

Fourth: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first three steps have been completed, the levy of the Special Tax on each Assessor's Parcel of Residential Property for which the Maximum Special Tax is determined through the application of the Backup Special Tax will be increased Proportionately from the Assigned Special Tax up to the Maximum Special Tax.

Prepayment of Special Taxes. The Special Tax obligation of an Assessor's Parcel may be prepaid in full and in certain cases in part, *provided* that there are no delinquent Special Taxes with respect to such Assessor's Parcel at the time the Special Tax obligation would be prepaid. The Prepayment Amount for an Assessor's Parcel eligible for prepayment will be determined, based on the present value of the Assigned Special Tax, all as specified in the Rate and Method, attached hereto as APPENDIX B.

Appeals. Any property owner claiming that the amount or application of any Special Tax is not correct may file a written notice of appeal with the Deputy Superintendent, Business Services of the School District not later than 12 months after having paid the first installment of the Special Tax that is disputed. The Deputy Superintendent, Business Services of the School District will promptly review the appeal, and if necessary, meet with the property owner, consider written and oral evidence regarding the amount of the Special Tax, and rule on the appeal. If the Deputy Superintendent, Business Services of the School District's decision requires that the Special Tax for an Assessor's Parcel be modified or changed in favor of the property owner, a cash refund will not be made (except for the last year of levy), but an adjustment will be made to the annual Special Tax on that Assessor's Parcel in the subsequent Fiscal Year(s).

Duration of Special Tax Levy. The Special Tax will be levied for a term of 35 years as Developed Property from the first levy of special taxes on an applicable Assessor's Parcel as Developed Property.

Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales

Foreclosure Proceedings. Pursuant to Section 53356.1 of the Act, in the event of any delinquency in the payment of the Special Tax, the Community Facilities District may order the institution of a superior court action to foreclose the lien therefor within specified time limits. In such an action, the real property subject to the unpaid amount may be sold at judicial foreclosure sale. Under the provisions of the Act, such judicial foreclosure action is not mandatory.

Under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, on or about July 15 of each Fiscal Year (or as reasonably practicable thereafter as fiscal year end collection information is available from the County), the Community Facilities District will review or cause to be reviewed, the public records of the County in connection with the Special Tax of Improvement Area No. 2 levied in the Fiscal Year ending prior to such July to determine the amount of such Special Tax actually collected in such Fiscal Year.

(A) ***Individual Delinquencies.*** If the Community Facilities District determines that any single parcel subject to the Special Tax in Improvement Area No. 2 is delinquent in the payment of all or a portion of five semi-annual installments of Special Taxes in Improvement Area No. 2, the Community Facilities District will, not later than 45 days after

such determination, send or cause to be sent a notice of delinquency (and a demand for immediate payment thereof) to the property owner. If a delinquency remains uncured, the Community Facilities District will cause judicial foreclosure proceedings to be commenced and filed in the Superior Court not later than 120 days after such determination against any parcel for which a notice of delinquency was given and for which such Special Taxes remain delinquent, to the extent permissible under applicable law.

(B) *Aggregate Delinquencies.* With respect to aggregate delinquencies throughout Improvement Area No. 2, if the Community Facilities District determines (i) that the total amount of delinquent Special Taxes for the prior Fiscal Year, including the total of delinquencies under Individual Delinquencies above, exceeds 5% of the total Special Taxes due and payable for the prior Fiscal Year and (ii) the Reserve Fund is less than the Reserve Requirement as a result of a draw on such Reserve Fund, then the Community Facilities District will, not later than 45 days after such determination, send or cause to be sent a notice of delinquency (and a demand for immediate payment thereof) to the owner of each delinquent parcel (regardless of the amount of such delinquency). The Community Facilities District will cause judicial foreclosure proceedings to be commenced and filed in the Superior Court not later than 120 days after such determination against any parcel in Improvement Area No. 2 for which a notice of delinquency was given and for which such Special Taxes remain delinquent, to the extent permissible under applicable law. The Community Facilities District shall notify the Fiscal Agent on or about 75 days after the determinations of delinquencies as set forth in the second sentence of this paragraph of any delinquency potentially requiring the commencement of a foreclosure action pursuant hereto and counsel to the Community Facilities District will commence, or cause to be commenced, such proceedings not later than 120 days following the determination referenced in the second sentence of this paragraph.

(C) *Limiting Provisions.* Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, (i) the Community Facilities District will not be required to order, or take action upon, the commencement of foreclosure proceedings described in (A) and (B) above, if such delinquencies, if not remedied, will not result in a draw on the Reserve Fund such that the Reserve Fund will fall below the Reserve Requirement and no draw has been made on the Reserve Fund, which has not been restored, such that the Reserve Fund will be funded to at least the Reserve Requirement and (ii) if the Community Facilities District has determined that the amount of a Special Tax delinquency on a particular parcel in relation to the cost of appropriate foreclosure proceedings are such that the amount of the delinquencies do not warrant the foreclosure proceedings costs, the Community Facilities District shall not be required to order, or take action upon, the commencement of foreclosure proceedings described above with respect to individual delinquencies or aggregate delinquencies until there are sufficient Special Tax delinquencies accruing to such parcel (including interest and penalties thereon) to warrant the foreclosure proceedings cost.

The foregoing sentence will not affect the requirement(s) for notices of delinquencies as provided for in subsection (A) above.

The net proceeds received following a judicial foreclosure sale of land in Improvement Area No. 2 resulting from a property owner's failure to pay the Special Taxes when due are included within the Net Special Taxes pledged to the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds under the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

The Community Facilities District reserves the right to elect to accept payment from a property owner of at least the enrolled amount of the Special Taxes for a parcel(s) but less than the full amount of the penalties, interest, costs and attorneys' fees related to the Special Tax delinquency for such parcel(s).

Further, notwithstanding any provision of the Act or other law of the State, or any other term set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary, in connection with any judicial foreclosure proceeding related to delinquent Special Taxes, the Community Facilities District or the Fiscal Agent, acting on behalf of the Community Facilities District, is expressly authorized to credit bid at any foreclosure sale, without any requirement that funds be set aside in the amount so credit bid, in the amount specified in the Act or such lesser amount as determined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement or otherwise under the Act.

The Community Facilities District may permit, in its sole and absolute discretion, property with delinquent Special Tax payments to be sold for less than the amount specified in Section 53356.5 of the Act, if it determines that such sale is in the interest of the 2026 Bondowners.

2026 Bondowners are deemed to have consented to the foregoing reserved rights of the Community Facilities District, notwithstanding any provision of the Act or other law of the State, or any other term set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary. The 2026 Bondowners, by their acceptance of the 2026 Bonds, consent to such payment acceptance for such lesser amounts in the third paragraph preceding this paragraph and consent to such sale for such lesser amounts (as such consent is described in Section 53356.6 of the Act), and release the Community Facilities District and the School District, and their respective officers and agents, from any liability in connection therewith as described in the preceding paragraph.

It should be noted that any foreclosure proceedings commenced as described above could be stayed by the commencement of bankruptcy proceedings by or against the owner of the delinquent property. See "BONDOWNERS' RISKS – Bankruptcy and Foreclosure Delay."

Sufficiency of Foreclosure Sale Proceeds; Foreclosure Limitations and Delays. No assurances can be given that a judicial foreclosure action, once commenced, will be completed or that it will be completed in a timely manner. See "BONDOWNERS' RISKS – Potential Delay and Limitations in Foreclosure Proceedings." If a judgment of foreclosure and order of sale is obtained, the judgment creditor (the Community Facilities District) must cause a notice of levy to be issued. Under current law, a judgment debtor (property owner) has 120 days (or in some cases a shorter period) from the date of service of the notice of levy and 20 days from the subsequent notice of sale in which to redeem the property to be sold. If a judgment debtor fails to so redeem and the property is sold, his only remedy is an action to set aside the sale, which must be brought within 90 days of the date of sale. If, as a result of such action, a foreclosure sale is set aside, the judgment is revived and the judgment creditor is entitled to interest on the revived judgment as if the sale had not been made. The constitutionality of the aforementioned legislation, which repeals the former one-year redemption period, has not been tested; and there can be no assurance that, if tested, such legislation will be upheld. Any parcel subject to foreclosure sale must be sold at the minimum bid price unless a lesser minimum bid price is authorized by the Owners of 75% of the principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding.

No assurances can be given that the real property subject to sale or foreclosure will be sold or, if sold, that the proceeds of sale will be sufficient to pay any delinquent Special Tax installment. The Act does not require the School District or the Community Facilities District to

purchase or otherwise acquire any lot or parcel of property offered for sale or subject to foreclosure if there is no other purchaser at such sale. The Act does specify that the Special Tax will have the same lien priority in the case of delinquency as for *ad valorem* property taxes.

If the Reserve Fund is depleted and delinquencies in the payment of Special Taxes exist, there could be a default or delay in payments to the Bondowners pending prosecution of foreclosure proceedings and receipt by the Community Facilities District of foreclosure sale proceeds, if any. However, within the limits of the Rate and Method and the Act, the Community Facilities District may adjust the Special Taxes levied on all property in future fiscal years to provide an amount, taking into account such delinquencies, required to pay debt service on the Bonds and to replenish the Reserve Fund. There is, however, no assurance that the Maximum Special Tax rates will be at all times sufficient to pay the amounts required to be paid on the Bonds by the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

The levy of Special Taxes is subject to the maximum annual amount of Special Taxes authorized by the qualified voters of Improvement Area No. 2 and the limitation imposed by Section 53321 of the Act as applied to the Community Facilities District and the Resolution of Formation provides that under no circumstances will the Special Taxes levied against any parcel in Improvement Area No. 2 be increased as a consequence of delinquency or default by the owner of any parcel or parcels in Improvement Area No. 2 by more than 10% in any fiscal year.

Special Tax Fund

Pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, no later than the last Business Day of the month in which the County Auditor of the County of Riverside makes an apportionment of tax revenues, including Special Taxes and other amounts constituting Gross Taxes, if any, and such apportionment is transferred to the Fiscal Agent on behalf of the Community Facilities District (any such apportionment being hereinafter referred to as an “**Apportionment**”) (exclusive of Prepaid Special Taxes received which shall be deposited into the Prepayment Account of the Special Tax Fund), the Fiscal Agent shall deposit such Apportionment and any other amounts constituting Gross Taxes in the Special Tax Fund, to be held and transferred on the dates and in the amounts set forth in the following Sections, in the following order of priority, to:

(1) the Administrative Expense Fund, the amount of \$28,251.48 for Fiscal Year 2025-26, escalating at 2% per Fiscal Year for each successive Fiscal Year, or such lesser amount as is directed by the Community Facilities District;

(2) the Interest Account of the Bond Fund an amount such that the balance in the Interest Account one Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date is equal to the installment of interest due on the Bonds on such Interest Payment Date. Moneys in the Interest Account will be used for the payment of interest on the Bonds as the same become due;

(3) the Principal Account of the Bond Fund, an amount up to the amount needed to make the principal payment due on the Bonds during the current Bond Year;

(4) the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund an amount up to the amount needed to make the Sinking Payments due on the Bonds during the current Bond Year;

(5) the Reserve Fund, the amount, if any, necessary to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement;

(6) provided all the amounts due in the current Bond Year are funded under (2), (3), (4),

and (5) above, to the extent the Administrative Expense Requirement deposited under (1) above is not sufficient to pay the Administrative Expenses until collection of Special Taxes in the next Fiscal Year, to Administrative Expense Fund in the amount required to bring the balance therein to an amount sufficient to pay such expenses;

(7) the Rebate Fund, the amount, if any, necessary to fund the Rebate Requirement pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement; and

(8) any remaining Special Taxes and other amounts constituting Gross Taxes shall remain in the Special Tax Fund until the end of the Bond Year. At the end of the Bond Year any remaining funds in the Special Tax Fund, which are not required to cure a delinquency in the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds (including payment of Sinking Payments due during the current Bond Year), to restore the Reserve Fund as provided for in (5), above, or to pay current or pending Administrative Expenses as provided for in (1) and (6), above, will be, upon request of an Authorized Representative, deposited in the Residual School Facilities Fund and used in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement and will be free and clear of any lien thereon or pledge under the Fiscal Agent Agreement; *provided*, any funds which are required to cure any delinquency described above will be retained in the Special Tax Fund and expended or transferred, at the earliest possible date, for such purpose.

There will also be deposited into the Special Tax Fund such available moneys as the Community Facilities District determines, to be applied in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement, including moneys to be deposited into the Redemption Fund to be applied to the payment or redemption of Bonds pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Upon provision for payment or redemption of all Outstanding Bonds and after payment of any amounts due to the Fiscal Agent, all moneys remaining in the Special Tax Fund will be paid to the School District and for any permissible purposes.

Moneys deposited into, or held within, the Residual School Facilities Fund are not pledged to the payment of principal, interest or premiums on the Bonds.

At the date of the redemption, defeasance, or maturity of the last Bond and after all principal and interest then due on any Bond has been paid or provided for, all other covenants are complied with and all fees and expenses of the Fiscal Agent have been paid, moneys in the Special Tax Fund will be transferred to the Community Facilities District by the Fiscal Agent and may be used by the Community Facilities District for any lawful purpose.

Prepayment Account of the Special Tax Fund. Prepaid Special Taxes collected by the Community Facilities District (net of any costs of collection) will be transferred, no later than 10 days after receipt thereof, to the Fiscal Agent and the Community Facilities District will direct the Fiscal Agent to deposit the Prepaid Special Taxes in the Prepayment Account of the Special Tax Fund. The Prepaid Special Taxes will be held in the Prepayment Account for the benefit of the Bonds and will be transferred by the Fiscal Agent to the Redemption Account of the Redemption Fund to redeem Bonds on the next Interest Payment Date for which notice can be given in accordance with the special mandatory redemption provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement and applied to redeem Bonds as set out in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Moneys representing the Prepaid Special Taxes will be invested in accordance with the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Investment earnings on amounts in the Prepayment Account not needed to redeem the Bonds pursuant to special mandatory redemption provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement will be transferred to the Special Tax Fund by the Fiscal Agent at the time of transfer of the Prepaid Special Taxes to the Redemption Fund.

Investment. Moneys in each account in the Special Tax Fund will be invested and deposited by the Community Facilities District as described in “Investment of Moneys in Funds” below. Interest earnings and profits resulting from such investment and deposit will be retained in the applicable account in the Special Tax Fund to be used for the purposes thereof.

Bond Fund

Within the Bond Fund, the Fiscal Agent will create and hold an Interest Account and a Principal Account. The principal of and interest on the Bonds until maturity, except principal coming due upon the redemption of Bonds, will be paid by the Fiscal Agent from the Bond Fund. At the maturity of the Bonds and, after all principal and interest then due on the Bonds then Outstanding has been paid or provided for, moneys in the Bond Fund shall be transferred to the Special Tax Fund.

One Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date, the Fiscal Agent will withdraw from the Special Tax Fund or the Reserve Fund, in the event that sufficient moneys are unavailable in the Special Tax Fund, and deposit in the Principal Account and the Interest Account of the Bond Fund an amount equal to all of the principal and all of the interest due and payable on Bonds on the ensuing Interest Payment Date, less amounts on hand in the Bond Fund available to pay principal and/or interest on such Bonds. The Fiscal Agent will apply moneys in the Interest Account and Principal Account to the payment of interest and principal, respectively, on the Bonds on each Interest Payment Date.

Moneys in the Bond Fund shall be invested in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. All investment earnings and profits resulting from such investment will be retained in the accounts established for the Bonds in the Bond Fund and used to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds. Upon final maturity of the Bonds and the payment of all principal of and interest on the Bonds, any moneys remaining in the Bond Fund will be transferred to the Special Tax Fund.

Redemption Fund

After making the deposits to the Bond Fund as described in “Bond Fund” above and to the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund for Sinking Payments then due and in accordance with the Community Facilities District’s election to call Bonds for optional redemption, the Fiscal Agent will transfer from the Special Tax Fund and deposit in the Redemption Account of the Redemption Fund moneys available for the purpose and sufficient to redeem, at the premiums payable as provided for any Bonds called for optional redemption.

Prepaid Special Taxes collected by the Community Facilities District (net of any costs of collection) will be transferred, no later than 10 days after receipt thereof, to the Fiscal Agent and the Community Facilities District will direct the Fiscal Agent in writing to deposit the Prepaid Special Taxes in the Prepayment Account of the Special Tax Fund. The Prepaid Special Taxes will be held in the Prepayment Account for the benefit of the Bonds and will be transferred by the Fiscal Agent to the Redemption Account of the Redemption Fund to call Bonds on the next Interest Payment Date for which notice can be given in accordance with the extraordinary mandatory redemption provisions as set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. No later than the Business Day prior to redemption of Bonds from Prepaid Special Taxes, the greatest portion of the Prepaid Special Taxes in the Prepayment Account as may be used to redeem Bonds will be transferred to the Redemption Account and applied to call Bonds on a pro rata basis among maturities of the Bonds specified by the Community Facilities District to the Fiscal Agent and the Community Facilities District will provide a revised Sinking payment schedule for the outstanding

Term Bonds. Moneys representing the Prepaid Special Taxes will be invested in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Investment earnings on amounts in the Prepayment Account not needed to redeem the Bonds pursuant to the special mandatory redemption provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement will be transferred to the Special Tax Fund by the Fiscal Agent at the time of transfer of the Prepaid Special Taxes to the Redemption Fund.

Except as described in the following paragraph relating to the purchase of Bonds, moneys set aside in the Redemption Fund will be used solely for the purpose of redeeming Bonds and will be applied on or after the redemption date to the payment of principal and premium, if any of and interest on the Bonds to be redeemed upon presentation and surrender of such Bonds.

In lieu or partially in lieu of such call and redemption, moneys deposited in the Redemption Fund as set forth above may be used to purchase Outstanding Bonds in the manner described in “THE 2026 BONDS – Redemption – *Purchase in Lieu of Redemption*” above.

Reserve Fund

In order to further secure the payment of principal of and interest on the 2026 Bonds and any future series of Additional Bonds, certain proceeds of the Bonds will be deposited into the Reserve Fund in an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement (see “THE FINANCING PLAN – Sources and Uses of Funds” herein). The “**Reserve Requirement**” is defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to mean, as of any date of calculation, an amount equal to the least of (i) 10% of the proceeds of the Bonds, (ii) Maximum Annual Debt Service on the Outstanding Bonds, or (iii) 125% of average annual debt service on the Bonds; provided, however,

(a) for purposes of clause (i), “proceeds” means the par amount of the Bonds, except that the issue price of the 2026 Bonds or any Additional Bonds excluding accrued interest shall be used rather than the par amount, if (1) the net original issue discount or premium of the 2026 Bonds or any Additional Bonds was less than 98% or more than 102% of the original principal amount of the 2026 Bonds or any Additional Bonds and (2) using the issue price would produce a lower result than using the par amount;

(b) that in no event shall the amount calculated exceed the amount on deposit in the Reserve Fund on the date of issuance of the 2026 Bonds (if they are the only Bonds covered by the Reserve Fund) or the most recently issued series of Additional Bonds except in connection with any increase associated with the issuance of Additional Bonds; and

(c) that in no event shall the amount required to be deposited into the Reserve Fund in connection with the issuance of a series of Additional Bonds exceed the maximum amount under the Code that can be financed with tax-exempt bonds and invested an unrestricted yield.

As of the Closing Date, the Reserve Requirement will be \$_____.

An amount equal to the Reserve Requirement will be maintained in the Reserve Fund. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of a redemption or partial defeasance of the Bonds, the Reserve Requirement will thereafter be determined by the Community Facilities District and

communicated to the Fiscal Agent in writing and any funds in excess of such redetermined Reserve Requirement shall be utilized as described under this caption "Reserve Fund."

Except as provided below with respect to certain investment earnings, moneys in the Reserve Fund will be used solely for the purpose of (i) making transfers to the Bond Fund or Redemption Fund to pay the principal of, including Sinking Payments, and interest on Bonds when due to the extent that moneys in the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Bond Fund or moneys in the Sinking Account, are insufficient therefor; (ii) making any required transfer to the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement upon written direction from the Community Facilities District; (iii) making any transfers to the Bond Fund or Redemption Fund in connection with prepayments of the Special Taxes; (iv) paying the principal and interest due on Bonds in the final Bond Year; and (v) application to the defeasance of such Bonds in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. If the amounts in the Interest Account or the Principal Account of the Bond Fund and the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund are insufficient to pay the principal of, including Sinking Payments, or interest on the Bonds when due, the Fiscal Agent will, one Business Day prior to an Interest Payment Date, withdraw from the Reserve Fund for deposit in the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Bond Fund, or the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund, moneys necessary for such purpose. Following any transfer to the Interest Account or the Principal Account of the Bond Fund or the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund, the Fiscal Agent will notify the Community Facilities District of the amount needed to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement and the Community Facilities District will include such amount as is required at that time to correct such deficiency in the next Special Tax levy to the extent of the permitted Maximum Special Tax rates.

Moneys in the Reserve Fund used to offset the amount required to be collected through the Special Tax levy in the last year or years of collection will be transferred to the Bond Fund or the Redemption Fund on or prior to the last day of August preceding the final maturity date; at the option of an authorized representative, such moneys may be used (i) to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds when due, (ii) for optional redemption of Bonds pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement on the earliest date on which all Bonds Outstanding may be redeemed or (iii) for the purchase of Outstanding Bonds in the manner described in "THE 2026 BONDS – Redemption – *Purchase in Lieu of Redemption*," but only if, concurrently with any such redemption or purchase, all of the Bonds Outstanding are to be redeemed, refunded or purchased. In no event will amounts in the Reserve Fund be used to pay fees or expenses of the Fiscal Agent or its counsel.

Moneys in the Reserve Fund shall be invested in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Notwithstanding any provision in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary, moneys in the Reserve Fund in excess of the Reserve Requirement (exclusive of amounts required to be transferred to the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement) will be withdrawn on each March 1 and applied as follows: (i) until such time as the Construction Fund is closed, all investment earnings on amounts in the Reserve Fund (exclusive of amounts required to be transferred to the Rebate) identified in writing by the Community Facilities District and moneys needed to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement will be deposited to the School Facilities Account of the Construction Fund; (ii) after the expiration of the transfers under (i) all investment earnings on amounts in the Reserve Fund since the previous Interest Payment Date (exclusive of amounts required to be transferred to the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement identified in writing by the Community Facilities District and moneys needed to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement) will be transferred to the Interest Account of the Bond Fund and (iii) any remaining excess will be transferred to the Principal Account of the Bond Fund or to the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund to the

extent required to make any principal payments or Sinking Payments on the next following Interest Payment Date. The Fiscal Agent will transfer moneys in the Reserve Fund in excess of the Reserve Requirement from Reserve Fund earnings upon written direction of the Community Facilities District.

Notwithstanding anything in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary, the Fiscal Agent will transfer to the Reserve Fund, from available moneys in the Special Tax Fund, the amount needed to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement as specified in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Moneys in the Special Tax Fund will be deemed available for transfer to the Reserve Fund only if such amounts will not be needed to make the deposit required to be made to the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Bond Fund or the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund for the next Interest Payment Date.

The Reserve Requirement, or any portion thereof, may be satisfied by crediting to the Reserve Fund moneys, a letter of credit, a surety policy, or any other comparable credit facility or any combination thereof, which in the aggregate make funds available in the Reserve Fund in an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement; however, the long-term unsecured debt or claims-paying ability, as the case may be, of the provider of any such letter of credit, surety policy, or any other comparable credit facility, must have a rating of at least "A1" from Moody's or "A+" from S&P (provided that the Fiscal Agent will be under no obligation and have no responsibility whatsoever to independently determine or verify such rating other than at the time of delivery). In the event of the use of such a surety, the Fiscal Agent will be provided with copies of all documents in regard thereto and will, to the extent not in conflict with the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, conform to the forms thereof for purposes of submitting draws and making reimbursements, thereon. See APPENDIX C for a description of the timing, purpose and manner of disbursements from the Reserve Fund.

Construction Fund

Pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, moneys in the Construction Fund may be used exclusively to pay (i) costs of issuance, and (ii) the Project costs, at the direction of the Community Facilities District, subject to investment limitations set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

Administrative Expense Fund

The Fiscal Agent will receive the transfer of Special Taxes from the Special Tax Fund and deposit in the Administrative Expense Fund amounts to pay Administrative Expenses as described above in " – Special Tax Fund."

Pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, moneys in the Administrative Expense Fund will not be construed as a trust fund held for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds and will not be available for the payment of debt service on the Bonds.

Residual School Facilities Fund

Moneys in the Residual School Facilities Fund may be used for acquisition and/or construction of the project school facilities; to make deposits to the Rebate Fund under the Fiscal Agent Agreement for the purposes of paying rebatable arbitrage as and when such is due in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement or, at the option of the Community Facilities District, for the optional redemption of any of the Bonds under the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

The Residual School Facilities Fund will be funded from surplus Special Taxes transferred to the Residual School Facilities Fund from the Special Tax Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

Pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, moneys in the Residual School Facilities Fund will not be construed as a trust fund held for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds and will not be available for the payment of debt service on the Bonds.

Investment of Moneys in Funds

Moneys held in any of the funds and accounts under the Fiscal Agent Agreement will be invested at the written direction of the authorized representative of the Community Facilities District only in Permitted Investments which will be deemed at all times to be a part of such funds and accounts.

Moneys in all funds and accounts except for the Reserve Fund and the Rebate Fund will be invested in Permitted Investments maturing, or with respect to which payments of principal and interest are scheduled or otherwise payable, not later than the date on which it is estimated that such moneys will be required by the Fiscal Agent for the purposes specified in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Moneys in the Reserve Fund will be invested in Permitted Investments, maturing in such amounts on the Business Day preceding the next succeeding Interest Payment Dates so that moneys will be available in the Reserve Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement to make the principal (including Sinking Payments) and interest payments on the Bonds when due in the event that the moneys in the Bond Fund are insufficient therefor or in the event that the moneys in the Redemption Fund are insufficient to make a mandatory sinking payment redemption payment; *provided, however*, that if such investments may be tendered or redeemed without premium on the Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date, 100% of the amount of the Reserve Fund may be invested in such tenderable or redeemable investments of any maturity on or prior to maturity of the Bonds. Permitted Investments purchased under a repurchase agreement may be deemed to mature on the date or dates on which the Fiscal Agent may deliver such Permitted Investments for repurchase under such agreement.

All interest, profits and other income received from the investment of moneys in any fund or account established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, with the exception of the Special Tax Fund and the Rebate Fund, will, at the direction of the authorized representative and upon receipt by the Fiscal Agent, be deposited to the following funds and accounts in the order of priority as follows: (i) in the Construction Fund until Completion of the Project, and (ii) in the Special Tax Fund; *provided, however*, that earnings on funds in the Reserve Fund will be retained therein to the extent needed to bring the balance therein to the Reserve Requirement. All interest, profits and other income received from the investment of moneys in the Special Tax Fund will, upon receipt by the Fiscal Agent, be retained in the Special Tax Fund.

For the purpose of determining the amount in any fund or account other than the Reserve Fund, all Permitted Investments credited to such fund or account will be valued at the lower of cost (exclusive of accrued interest after the first payment of interest following acquisition). Amounts in the Reserve Fund will be valued at their Fair Market Value at least semi-annually (or more frequently as may be requested by the authorized representative of the Community Facilities District). Notwithstanding the foregoing, in making any valuations, the Fiscal Agent may utilize and rely upon such securities pricing services as may be available to it, including those within its accounting system.

In the absence of written instructions from the authorized representative, the Fiscal Agent shall invest solely in Permitted Investments in a money market fund rated “AAAm” or “AAAm-G” or better by S&P. To the extent that any of the requirements concerning Permitted Investments embodies a legal conclusion, the Fiscal Agent will be entitled to conclusively rely upon a certificate from the appropriate party or an opinion from counsel to such party, in form and content satisfactory to the Fiscal Agent, that such requirement has been met.

Payment of Rebate Obligation

The Community Facilities District is required to calculate the Rebate Requirement in accordance with the requirements set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. If necessary, the Community Facilities District may use amounts in the Reserve Fund and other funds available to satisfy rebate obligations, as applicable to the Bonds.

No Teeter Plan

The County has adopted a Teeter Plan as provided for in Section 4701 *et seq.* of the California Revenue and Taxation Code, under which a tax distribution procedure is implemented and secured roll taxes are distributed to taxing agencies within the County on the basis of the tax levy, rather than on the basis of actual tax collections. However, by policy, the County does not include assessments, reassessments and special taxes in its Teeter program. The Special Taxes are not included in the County’s Teeter Program.

IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6

General Information

Improvement Area No. 2 is generally located at the southeast corner of Domenigoni Parkway and Frontier Loop Road within the unincorporated community of Winchester, in the County. The property historically consisted of three communities, Aurora, Solstice, and Luminary. Aurora and Solstice have both been built and closed out and only Luminary remains to be completed. Improvement Area No. 2 is in the process of being developed with 190 single-family homes with a typical lot size of 7,500 square feet.

Utility services for parcels within the boundaries in Improvement Area No. 2 are provided by Southern California Edison (electricity), Southern California Gas Company (natural gas), Eastern Municipal Water District (water and sewage), and Riverside County Flood Control District (stormwater).

Summary of Proceedings

The 2026 Bonds are issued pursuant to the Act and the Fiscal Agent Agreement. In addition, as required by the Act, the Board of the School District, in certain cases acting as the Legislative Body of the Community Facilities District, has taken the actions described below with respect to establishing the Community Facilities District and Improvement Area No. 2, authorizing the Special Taxes and the issuance of bonds, including the 2026 Bonds.

Summary of Formation Proceedings. Pursuant to the Act, on July 20, 2021, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2826 declaring its intention to establish the Community Facilities District and Improvement Area No. 2, and to authorize the levy of a special tax therein. On the same date, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2827 stating its intention to incur indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$11,000,000 within Improvement Area No. 2 for the purpose of financing authorized facilities.

Resolution of Formation. On September 14, 2021, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2833 (the “**Resolution of Formation**”), which established the Community Facilities District and improvement areas therein, and authorized the levy of a special tax within the Improvement Area No. 2 pursuant to the Original RMA.

Resolution of Necessity. On September 14, 2021, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2834 authorizing the incurring of bonded indebtedness of the Community Facilities District in an amount not to exceed \$11,000,000 with respect to Improvement Area No. 2.

Original Landowner Elections and Declaration of Results. On September 14, 2021, a combined special tax election and bond election were held in Improvement Area No. 2, where the Original RMA and the Special Taxes for the Community Facilities District, the facilities to be financed through the Community Facilities District, and the authorization to incur bonded indebtedness within the Community Facilities District were approved.

Original Notice of Special Tax Lien and Levy. A Notice of Special Tax Lien with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 (the “**Original Notice of Special Tax Lien**”) was recorded in the real property records of the County on September 15, 2021, as Document No. 2021-0550179, for the purpose of providing notice of the Original RMA.

Ordinance Levying Special Taxes. On October 19, 2021, the Board adopted Ordinance

No. CFD-21 authorizing the levy of the Special Tax in Improvement Area No. 2.

Consent and Waiver Petitions. Subsequently, the Community Facilities District received petition(s) (including consent and waiver) from the owner(s) of all of the property located within Improvement Area No. 2 requesting (i) the amendment of the Original RMA, (ii) an increase in the authorized amount of bonded indebtedness which may be issued by the Community Facilities District with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 to an amount not to exceed \$15,500,000 for the purpose of financing the authorized facilities, and (iii) the School District ratify and confirm that Improvement Area No. 2 is authorized to finance recreation and park facilities of VWRPD and to enter into a joint community facilities agreement with VWRPD with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, in order to address current development plans of the property within the Community Facilities District subject to the lien of Special Taxes.

Resolutions of Consideration. On July 19, 2022, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2914, stating its consideration of changes to the Original RMA and Special Taxes applicable to Improvement Area No. 2. On the same date, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2915, stating its consideration of an increase in the authorized bonded indebtedness for the Community Facilities District with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 in an amount not to exceed \$15,500,000.

Resolution Approving Amendment. On July 19, 2022, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2916 approving (i) an amendment to the School Facilities Funding and Mitigation Agreement dated September 14, 2021 related to the property in Improvement Area No. 2, (ii) an amendment to the Joint Community Facilities Agreement dated October 20, 2021 with the **EMWD** with respect to the property in Improvement Area No. 2 and (iii) a Joint Community Facilities Agreement with VWRPD with respect to the property in Improvement Area No. 2.

Validation Resolution. Following a noticed public hearing held on September 13, 2022, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2919, which (i) determined the validity of the prior proceedings for the Community Facilities District, (ii) ratified and confirmed that Improvement Area No. 2 was authorized to finance recreation and park facilities of VWRPD and to enter into a joint community facilities district with VWRPD, (iii) determined that the changed Special Taxes shall be used only as set forth in the Act and the Amendment No. 1 to RMA for the purposes of authorized public facilities and (iv) called a special election for taxable property within the boundaries of Improvement Area No. 2 for September 13, 2022, on the proposition of changing the Original RMA as set forth in Resolution No. 2919.

Resolution Calling Special Election and Declaration of Results. Subsequent to conducting and completing such hearings, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2920 which called for a special election for property within Improvement Area No. 2 to increase the bonded indebtedness for the Community Facilities District to \$15,500,000 with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, and which was consolidated with the special election called by Resolution No. 2919. On September 13, 2022, the qualified electors of Improvement Area No. 2 approved changing the Original RMA as set forth in an Amendment No. 1 to Rate and Method of Apportionment ("**Amendment No. 1 to RMA**"), and increasing the bonded indebtedness for the Community Facilities District with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 to an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$15,500,000.

Resolution of Change. On September 13, 2022, the Board adopted Resolution No. 2922 (the "**Resolution of Change**"), which determined that (i) the levy of Special Taxes in accordance with the Amendment No. 1 to RMA was lawfully authorized and that the Board was authorized to levy the amended Special Taxes as specified in Resolution No. 2921 and (ii) the Board, pursuant to Resolution No. 2921 deemed it necessary to incur bonded indebtedness in the increased amount of \$15,500,000 with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 and the Community Facilities

District was authorized to incur bonded indebtedness on behalf of Improvement Area No. 2 in the principal amount not to exceed \$15,500,000.

Amended Notice of Special Tax Lien and Levy. An Amended Notice of Special Tax Lien with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 (the “**Amended Notice of Special Tax Lien**”) was recorded in the real property records of the County on September 29, 2022, as Document No. 2022-0410896, for the purpose of providing notice of the Amendment No. 1 to RMA.

Ordinance Levying Special Taxes. On October 18, 2022, the Board adopted Ordinance No. CFD-24 authorizing the levy of the Special Tax in Improvement Area No. 2 and rescinding Ordinance No. CFD-21.

Resolution Authorizing Issuance of the 2026 Bonds. On April 14, 2026, the Board, acting as the Legislative Body of the Community Facilities District, adopted Resolution No. 4104, approving the issuance and sale of the 2026 Bonds.

Special Tax Revenues and Projected Debt Service Coverage

The Community Facilities District will covenant that no modification of the maximum authorized Special Taxes applicable to Improvement Area No. 2 will be approved by the Community Facilities District which would prohibit the Community Facilities District from levying the Special Tax on Developed Property within Improvement Area No. 2 in any Fiscal Year at such a rate as could generate Special Taxes in Improvement Area No. 2 in each Fiscal Year at least equal to 110% of Annual Debt Service with respect to such Fiscal Year plus a reasonable estimate of Administrative Expenses for such fiscal year for the Bonds. The ability of the Community Facilities District to increase the special tax levy on residential property is subject to limitations under the Act.

The debt service on the Bonds is structured such that the projected Net Special Taxes from the Assigned Special Tax on Developed Property, when applied to the projected debt service on the Bonds, is anticipated to result in a debt service coverage ratio of at least 110% for the life of the Bonds.

Table 1
Improvement Area No. 2
Projected Special Tax Revenues and Bonds Debt Service Coverage*

Fiscal Year Ending	Number of Permitted Units Levied ⁽¹⁾	Number of Projected Units to be Levied ⁽²⁾	Total Projected Units Levied	Levy from Permitted Units	Levy from Projected Units	Total Projected Levy	Less: Priority Administrative Expense	Net Special Tax Revenue	Bonds Debt Service	Debt Service Coverage
2026	174	N/A	174	\$489,090.34	\$0.00	\$489,090.34	\$28,251.48	\$460,838.86	\$145,832.38	316.01%
2027	174	15	189	498,872.46	42,376.14	541,248.60	28,816.51	512,432.09	461,518.76	111.03
2028	174	16	190	508,850.22	46,325.60	555,175.82	29,392.84	525,782.98	476,268.76	110.40
2029	174	16	190	519,027.22	47,252.11	566,279.34	29,980.70	536,298.64	485,268.76	110.52
2030	174	16	190	529,407.77	48,197.15	577,604.92	30,580.31	547,024.61	493,768.76	110.79
2031	174	16	190	539,995.92	49,161.10	589,157.02	31,191.92	557,965.10	506,768.76	110.10
2032	174	16	190	550,795.84	50,144.32	600,940.16	31,815.76	569,124.40	514,018.76	110.72
2033	174	16	190	561,811.76	51,147.21	612,958.97	32,452.07	580,506.90	525,768.76	110.41
2034	174	16	190	573,047.99	52,170.15	625,218.14	33,101.11	592,117.03	536,768.76	110.31
2035	174	16	190	584,508.95	53,213.55	637,722.51	33,763.13	603,959.38	547,018.76	110.41
2036	174	16	190	596,199.13	54,277.82	650,476.96	34,438.40	616,038.56	556,518.76	110.70
2037	174	16	190	608,123.12	55,363.38	663,486.50	35,127.16	628,359.34	570,268.76	110.19
2038	174	16	190	620,285.58	56,470.65	676,756.23	35,829.71	640,926.52	578,018.76	110.88
2039	174	16	190	632,691.29	57,600.06	690,291.35	36,546.30	653,745.05	590,018.76	110.80
2040	174	16	190	645,345.12	58,752.06	704,097.18	37,277.23	666,819.95	606,018.76	110.03
2041	174	16	190	658,252.02	59,927.10	718,179.12	38,022.77	680,156.35	615,768.76	110.46
2042	174	16	190	671,417.06	61,125.65	732,542.70	38,783.23	693,759.47	629,518.76	110.20
2043	174	16	190	684,845.40	62,348.16	747,193.56	39,558.89	707,634.67	641,706.26	110.27
2044	174	16	190	698,542.31	63,595.12	762,137.43	40,350.07	721,787.36	652,612.50	110.60
2045	174	16	190	712,513.15	64,867.02	777,380.18	41,157.07	736,223.11	667,237.50	110.34
2046	174	16	190	726,763.42	66,164.36	792,927.78	41,980.21	750,947.57	680,325.00	110.38
2047	174	16	190	741,298.69	67,487.65	808,786.34	42,819.82	765,966.52	691,875.00	110.71
2048	174	16	190	756,124.66	68,837.40	824,962.06	43,676.21	781,285.85	706,400.00	110.60
2049	174	16	190	771,247.15	70,214.15	841,461.31	44,549.74	796,911.57	724,087.50	110.06
2050	174	16	190	786,672.10	71,618.44	858,290.53	45,440.73	812,849.80	734,675.00	110.64
2051	174	16	190	802,405.54	73,050.80	875,456.34	46,349.55	829,106.79	753,425.00	110.05
2052	174	16	190	818,453.65	74,511.82	892,965.47	47,276.54	845,688.93	764,812.50	110.57
2053	174	16	190	834,822.72	76,002.06	910,824.78	48,222.07	862,602.71	784,100.00	110.01
2054	174	16	190	851,519.18	77,522.10	929,041.27	49,186.51	879,854.76	795,762.50	110.57
2055	174	16	190	868,549.56	79,072.54	947,622.10	50,170.24	897,451.86	815,062.50	110.11
2056	174	16	190	885,920.55	80,653.99	966,574.54	51,173.65	915,400.89	831,475.00	110.09

* Preliminary; subject to change.

(1) Units for which building permits were issued prior to May 1, 2025, and as such are classified as Developed Property for Fiscal Year 2025-26.

(2) Fifteen (15) units were issued a building permit after May 1, 2025 and will be levied in Fiscal Year 2026-27 as Developed Property. The remaining parcel is anticipated to have a building permit issued prior to May 1, 2027.

(3) Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

Appraisal Report

The Appraisal. The Appraisal was prepared by the Appraiser to ascertain the market value of the fee simple estate of 190 proposed single-family detached homes and lots as of a September 22, 2025, date of value. The Appraisal was intended to comply with the reporting requirements of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice for an Appraisal Report, and with the appraisal standard proposed by the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission.

Basis for Appraisal and Assumptions. The property rights appraised were of a fee simple interest subject to easements of record, and the lien of the Special Taxes. The Appraiser appraised the 78 parcels that had not received assessed values as of the Date of Value, and assessed values were used for 112 homes that had been assigned assessed values for land and structural improvements (other than a nominal value).

Value Estimate. The Appraiser estimated that, as of the September 22, 2025, date of value, the fee simple interest in the property within Improvement Area No. 2 (subject to easements of record, and to the lien of the Special Taxes) had an aggregate market value of \$96,283,678, which estimate includes an assessed value of \$65,569,678 for the 112 homes that had been assigned assessed values for land and structural improvements (other than a nominal value), and an appraised value of not less than \$30,714,000 for the 78 parcels that have not received assessed values.

As of the September 22, 2025, date of value, the appraised property comprised 40 completed homes and sold homes to individual homeowners, 9 homes in essentially finished lot condition, 21 homes under construction and eight completed homes owned by the Developer. The remaining assessed property comprised 112 completed homes.

The Appraisal Update Letter confirmed that the fee simple interest in 78 lots in Improvement Area No. 2 that had not yet been assigned an assessed value for land and structural improvements (other than a nominal value), subject to the lien of the Special Taxes, had an estimated aggregate value of not less than \$30,714,000, as of March 1, 2026.

Special Assumptions. In addition to the assumptions and limiting conditions set forth in the Appraisal Report, the Appraisal Report is subject to the hypothetical condition that certain proceeds from the Bonds will be available to fund improvements and/or benefits to the properties in the Community Facilities District and the benefits thereof have accrued to such properties. The estimate of market value by the Appraiser account for the impact of the lien of Special Taxes securing the Bonds.

The School District, the Underwriter and the Community Facilities District make no representation as to the accuracy or completeness of the Appraisal. See APPENDIX H for the Appraisal Report and the Appraisal Update Letter.

Special Tax Levy

The following tables show the Special Tax classification of the Taxable Property under the Rate and Method for Fiscal Years 2025-26 through 2027-28, the Developed Property portion of which represents the units subject to the Special Tax levy for Fiscal Years 2025-26 through 2027-

28. The principal amount of the 2026 Bonds has been sized to be secured by and payable from the Net Special Taxes to be derived from Developed Property, as defined under the Rate and Method. 174 homes are classified as Developed Property for purposes of the Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax Levy. See "IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6."

The table below shows the Fiscal Year 2025-26 Assigned Special Tax Rates and the Special Tax Levy for the Taxable Property in Improvement Area No. 2.

Table 2a
Improvement Area No. 2
Fiscal Year 2025-26 Actual Special Tax Levy

Land Use Classification	Building Square Footage	Number of Taxable Units/Acres ⁽¹⁾	Assigned Annual Special Tax per Unit/Acre	Actual Special Tax Levy 2025-26 per Unit/Acre	Fiscal Year 2025-26 CFD Levy Total ⁽²⁾	Fiscal Year 2025-26 Percentage of Levy
Residential	< 2,201	95	\$2,688.05	\$2,688.04	\$255,363.80	52.21%
Residential	2,201 to 2,400	28	2,802.85	2,802.84	78,479.52	16.05
Residential	2,401 to 2,600	24	2,981.45	2,981.44	71,554.56	14.63
Residential	2,601 to 2,800	7	2,921.92	2,921.90	20,453.30	4.18
Residential	2,801 to 3,000	9	3,018.78	3,018.76	27,168.84	5.55
Residential	> 3,000	11	3,279.12	3,279.12	36,070.32	7.37
Non-Residential	N/A	0	17,476.06	17,476.04	0.00	0.00
Undeveloped	N/A	3.40	17,476.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total ⁽³⁾		174 Units / 3.40 Acres			\$489,090.34	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ Reflects permits issued to May 1, 2025

⁽²⁾ Due to rounding, the annual Special Taxes levied may not match the actual Fiscal Year 2025-26 levy total as submitted to the County.

⁽³⁾ Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

The table below shows the Fiscal Year 2026-27 Projected Special Tax Rates and the Special Tax Levy for the Taxable Property in Improvement Area No. 2.

Table 2b
Improvement Area No. 2
Fiscal Year 2026-27 Projected Special Tax Levy

Land Use Classification	Building Square Footage	Number of Taxable Units/Acres ⁽¹⁾	Assigned Annual Special Tax per Unit/Acre	Fiscal Year 2026-27 Projected Special Tax Levy per Unit/Acre	Projected Fiscal Year 2026-27 CFD Levy Total	Fiscal Year 2026-27 Percentage of Levy
Residential	< 2,201	104	\$2,741.81	\$2,741.80	\$285,147.20	52.68%
Residential	2,201 to 2,400	31	2,858.91	2,858.90	88,625.90	16.37
Residential	2,401 to 2,600	27	3,041.08	3,041.08	82,109.16	15.17
Residential	2,601 to 2,800	7	2,980.36	2,980.34	20,862.38	3.85
Residential	2,801 to 3,000	9	3,079.15	3,079.14	27,712.26	5.12
Residential	> 3,000	11	3,344.70	3,344.70	36,791.70	6.80
Non-Residential	N/A	0	17,825.58	17,825.56	0.00	0.00
Undeveloped	N/A	0.19	17,825.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total ⁽²⁾		189 Units / 0.19 Acres			\$541,248.60	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ Reflects permits as of September 25, 2025 plus nine (9) additional lots projected to receive building permits prior to May 1, 2026, and, as such, will be levied as Developed Property in Fiscal Year 2026-27.

⁽²⁾ Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

The table below shows the Fiscal Year 2027-28 Projected Special Tax Rates and the Special Tax Levy for the Taxable Property in Improvement Area No. 2.

Table 2c
Improvement Area No. 2
Fiscal Year 2027-28 Projected Special Tax Levy

Land Use Classification	Building Square Footage	Number of Taxable Units/Acres ⁽¹⁾	Assigned Annual Special Tax per Unit/Acre	Fiscal Year 2027-28 Projected Special Tax Levy per Unit/Acre	Projected Fiscal Year 2027-28 CFD Levy Total	Fiscal Year 2027-28 Percentage of Levy
Residential	< 2,201	104	\$2,796.65	\$2,796.64	\$290,850.56	52.39%
Residential	2,201 to 2,400	31	2,916.09	2,916.08	90,398.48	16.28
Residential	2,401 to 2,600	28	3,101.90	3,101.90	86,853.20	15.64
Residential	2,601 to 2,800	7	3,039.97	3,039.96	21,279.72	3.83
Residential	2,801 to 3,000	9	3,140.73	3,140.72	28,266.48	5.09
Residential	> 3,000	11	3,411.60	3,411.58	37,527.38	6.76
Non-Residential	N/A	0	18,182.09	18,182.08	0.00	0.00
Undeveloped	N/A	0.00	18,182.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total ⁽²⁾		190 Units / 0.00 Acres			\$555,175.82	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ Reflects permits as of September 25, 2025. There are ten (10) additional lots projected to receive building permits prior to May 1, 2027, and, as such, will be levied as Developed Property in Fiscal Year 2027-28.

⁽²⁾ Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

The levies of Special Taxes are subject to certain limitations. For example, certain properties are exempt from the Special Tax pursuant to law or the Rate and Method. See “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS – Exempt Properties.” The annual levy of Special Taxes on each parcel is constrained by the annual Maximum Special Tax rate applicable to such parcel. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Rate and Method” and “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS – Insufficiency of the Special Tax” herein.

The amount of the Special Taxes that can be levied and collected in future years will be dependent upon, among other factors, the Special Tax rates imposed and the level of delinquent Special Tax installments. Generally, the Community Facilities District levies on Developed Property at the Special Tax rate under the Rate and Method. In any case where the annual Maximum Special Tax for an Assessor’s Parcel of Developed Property of residential property is greater than the annual Special Tax, the Community Facilities District would not expect delinquencies to be such as to require a levy at the annual Maximum Special Tax. A portion of the Special Tax Requirement is utilized for acquisition and/or construction of school facilities. In the event the Community Facilities District was to levy Special Taxes on Developed Property at less than the Assigned Special Tax, the Resolution of Formation provides that under no circumstances will the Special Taxes levied in any fiscal year against any parcel used for private residential purposes in Improvement Area No. 2 be increased as a consequence of delinquency or default by the owner or owner of any other parcel or parcels in Improvement Area No. 2 by more than 10%. See “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS” herein.

Appraised and Assessed Values to Burden Ratio

Table 3a below shows the approximate value-to-burden ratio for the Developed Property in Improvement Area No. 2 based on the appraised and assessed values and the principal amount of the 2026 Bonds, which has been allocated based on the Assigned Special Tax levy in Fiscal Year 2025-26, together with overlapping general obligation bonds. See “ – Direct and Overlapping Debt,” and “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS – Value-to-Burden Ratios” for additional information about the assessed values and for assumptions, special assumptions, and limiting conditions relating to the assessed values.

Table 3a
Improvement Area No. 2
Appraised and Assessed Values and Value to Burden Ratios*
Fiscal Year 2025-26

Property Ownership ⁽¹⁾	Number of Parcels	Appraised and Assessed Value ⁽²⁾	Pro Rata Share of Bonds ⁽³⁾	Overlapping Debt ⁽⁴⁾	Total Burden	Value-to-Burden Ratio ⁽⁵⁾	Fiscal Year 2025-26 Assigned Annual Special Taxes ⁽⁶⁾	Percentage of Levy Total
Individual Owners								
Completed Homes	150	\$84,378,412.00	\$7,616,257.24	\$1,204,951.27	\$8,821,208.51	9.57:1	\$423,059.38	86.50%
Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.								
Completed Homes	10	\$4,821,266.00	\$496,553.48	\$70,294.98	\$566,848.46	8.51:1	\$27,582.00	5.64%
Home Under Construction	21	5,294,000.00	692,189.29	87,322.82	779,512.10	6.79:1	38,448.96	7.86
Finished Lot	<u>9</u>	<u>1,790,000.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>31,446.93</u>	<u>31,446.93</u>	<u>56.92:1</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>
<i>Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc. Total</i>	<u>40</u>	<u>\$11,905,266.00</u>	<u>\$1,188,742.76</u>	<u>\$189,064.73</u>	<u>\$1,377,807.49</u>	<u>8.64:1</u>	<u>\$66,030.96</u>	<u>13.50%</u>
Total	190	\$96,283,678.00	\$8,805,000.00	\$1,394,016.00	\$10,199,016.00	9.44:1	\$489,090.34	100.00%

* Preliminary; subject to change.

(1) Ownership information and development classification is as detailed in the Appraisal Report with a date of value as of September 22, 2025.

(2) Market value estimated by the Appraiser with a date of value as of September 22, 2025, for 78 lots and improvements thereon, and the assessed value on 112 lots identified as having been assigned assessed values, as provided by the County for Fiscal Year 2025-26, were utilized. The Appraisal Update Letter confirmed a not less than value as of March 1, 2026 for the 78 lots that had not yet been assigned an assessed value.

(3) Pro Rata Share of Bond amounts are allocated based on each parcel's proportionate share of the Special Taxes to be levied in Fiscal Year 2025-26.

(4) Source: Table 5 "Detailed Direct and Overlapping Debt Report" provided by California Municipal Statistics, Inc. Allocation is based on each parcel's Fiscal Year 2025-26 Total Assessed Value except for Riverside County CFD No. 03-1, which is allocated based on the Fiscal Year 2025-26 levy for this agency.

(5) Ratio calculated by dividing the Total Appraised and Assessed Value column by the allocated portion of the Total Burden column.

(6) Amounts shown reflect the Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Taxes that have been levied on all properties within Improvement Area No. 2 that were issued a building permit prior to May 1, 2025. The 16 remaining parcels were not levied in Fiscal Year 2025-26. Of these 16 parcels, 15 parcels were issued building permits after May 1, 2025 and will be levied in Fiscal Year 2026-27. The remaining parcel is anticipated to have a building permit issued prior to May 1, 2027.

Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

Table 3b below shows the projected value-to-burden ratio for the Developed Property in Improvement Area No. 2 based on the appraised and assessed values and the principal amount of the 2026 Bonds, which has been allocated based on the Projected Special Tax levy in Fiscal Year 2027-28, together with overlapping general obligation bonds.

Table 3b
Improvement Area No. 2
Appraised and Assessed Values and Value to Burden Ratios*
Fiscal Year 2027-28

Property Ownership ⁽¹⁾	Number of Parcels	Appraised and Assessed Value ⁽²⁾	Pro Rata Share of Bonds ⁽³⁾	Overlapping Debt ⁽⁴⁾	Total Burden	Value-to-Burden Ratio ⁽⁵⁾	Projected Fiscal Year 2027-28 Assigned Annual Special Taxes	Projected Percentage of Levy Total
Individual Owners								
Completed Homes	150	\$84,378,412.00	\$6,980,732.62	\$1,204,951.27	\$8,185,683.89	10.31:1	\$440,151.50	79.28%
Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.								
Completed Homes	10	\$4,821,266.00	\$455,119.69	\$70,294.98	\$525,414.67	9.18:1	\$28,696.36	5.17%
Home Under Construction	21	5,294,000.00	961,329.33	87,322.82	1,048,652.14	5.05:1	60,614.06	10.92
Finished Lot	<u>9</u>	<u>1,790,000.00</u>	<u>407,818.35</u>	<u>31,446.93</u>	<u>439,265.29</u>	<u>4.07:1</u>	<u>25,713.90</u>	<u>4.63</u>
<i>Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc. Total</i>	<u>40</u>	<u>\$11,905,266.00</u>	<u>\$1,824,267.38</u>	<u>\$189,064.73</u>	<u>\$2,013,332.11</u>	<u>5.91:1</u>	<u>\$115,024.32</u>	<u>20.72%</u>
Total	190	\$96,283,678.00	\$8,805,000.00	\$1,394,016.00	\$10,199,016.00	9.44:1	\$555,175.82	100.00%

* Preliminary; subject to change.

(1) Ownership information and development classification is as detailed in the Appraisal Report with a date of value as of September 22, 2025.

(2) Market value estimated by the Appraiser with a date of value as of September 22, 2025, for 78 lots and improvements thereon, and the assess value on 112 lots identified as having been assigned assessed values, as provided by the County for Fiscal Year 2025-26, were utilized. The Appraisal Update Letter confirmed a not less than value as of March 1, 2026 for the 78 lots that had not yet been assigned an assessed value.

(3) Pro Rata Share of Bond amounts are allocated based on each parcel's proportionate share of the Special Taxes to be levied in Fiscal Year 2027-28 except for Riverside County CFD No. 03-1, which is allocated based on the Fiscal Year 2025-26 levy for this agency.

(4) Source: Table 5 "Detailed Direct and Overlapping Debt Report" provided by California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

(5) Ratio calculated by dividing the Total Appraised and Assessed Value column by the allocated portion of the Total Burden column.

Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

Table 3c below shows the approximate value-to-burden ratio for all Taxable Property in the Community Facilities District based on the appraised and assessed values and the principal amount of the 2026 Bonds, which has been allocated based on the Assigned Special Tax levy in Fiscal Year 2025-26, together with overlapping debt.

Table 3c
Appraised and Assessed Values and Value-to-Burden Ratio*
Fiscal Year 2025-26

Value-to-Burden Category	Number of Parcels	Appraised Value ⁽¹⁾	Pro Rata Share of Bonds ⁽²⁾	Overlapping Debt ⁽³⁾	Total Burden	Value-to-Burden Ratio ⁽⁴⁾	Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax Levy ⁽⁵⁾	Percent Share of Special Tax
≥ 12.50 to 1	16	\$3,554,667	\$0.00	\$60,554.54	\$60,554.54	58.70:1	\$0.00	0.00%
10.00 to 12.49 to 1	53	33,982,495	2,758,821.39	477,784.59	3,236,605.98	10.50:1	153,243.94	31.33
7.50 to 9.99 to 1	102	53,061,989	5,088,756.10	765,502.58	5,854,258.68	9.06:1	282,664.56	57.79
5.00 to 7.49 to 1	5	2,155,194	265,233.23	31,959.08	297,192.31	7.25:1	14,732.88	3.01
3.00 to 4.99 to 1	14	3,529,333	692,189.29	58,215.21	750,404.50	4.70:1	38,448.96	7.86
< 3.00 to 1	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	NA	0.00	0.00
Total ⁽⁶⁾	190	\$96,283,678	\$8,805,000.00	\$1,394,016	\$10,199,016	9.44:1	\$489,090.34	100.00%

* Preliminary; subject to change.

(1) Market value estimated by the Appraiser with a date of value as of September 22, 2025, for 78 lots and improvements thereon, and the assessed value on 112 lots identified as having been assigned assessed values, as provided by the County for Fiscal Year 2025-26, were utilized. The Appraisal Update Letter confirmed a not less than value as of March 1, 2026 for the 78 lots that had not yet been assigned an assessed value.

(2) Bond amounts are allocated based on each parcel's proportionate share of the Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Tax.

(3) Source: California Municipal Statistics. See Table 5. Allocation is based on each parcel's Fiscal Year 2025-26 Total Assessed Value except for Riverside County CFD No. 03-1, which is allocated based on the Fiscal Year 2025-26 levy for this agency.

(4) Ratio calculated by dividing the Total Assessed Value column by the allocated portion of the Combined Overlapping Burden column.

(5) Amounts shown reflect the Fiscal Year 2025-26 Special Taxes that have been levied on all properties within Improvement Area No. 2 that were issued a building permit prior to May 1, 2025. The 16 remaining parcels were not levied in Fiscal Year 2025-26. Of these 16 parcels, 15 parcels were issued building permits after May 1, 2025 and will be levied in Fiscal Year 2026-27. The remaining parcel is anticipated to have a building permit issued prior to May 1, 2027.

(6) Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

Table 3d below shows the projected value-to-burden ratio for all Taxable Property in the Community Facilities District based on the appraised and assessed values and the principal amount of the 2026 Bonds, which has been allocated based on the Projected Special Tax levy in Fiscal Year 2027-28, together with overlapping debt.

Table 3d
Appraised and Assessed Values and Value-to-Burden Ratio*
Fiscal Year 2027-28

Value-to-Burden Category	Number of Parcels	Appraised Value ⁽¹⁾	Pro Rata Share of Bonds ⁽²⁾	Overlapping Debt ⁽³⁾	Total Burden	Value-to-Burden Ratio ⁽⁴⁾	Projected Fiscal Year 2027-28 Special Tax Levy ⁽⁵⁾	Percent Share of Special Tax
≥ 12.50 to 1	4	\$3,126,100	\$200,781.78	\$43,066.44	\$243,848.22	12.82:1	\$12,659.76	2.28%
10.00 to 12.49 to 1	90	54,255,468	4,221,333.83	768,260.98	4,989,594.81	10.87:1	266,164.96	47.94
7.50 to 9.99 to 1	66	31,818,110	3,013,736.71	463,918.83	3,477,655.53	9.15:1	190,023.14	34.23
5.00 to 7.49 to 1	16	4,033,524	715,351.13	66,531.67	781,882.80	5.16:1	45,104.56	8.12
3.00 to 4.99 to 1	14	3,050,476	653,796.55	52,238.08	706,034.63	4.32:1	41,223.40	7.43
< 3.00 to 1	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	NA	0.00	0.00
Total ⁽⁵⁾	190	\$96,283,678	\$8,805,000.00	\$1,394,016	\$10,199,016	9.44:1	\$555,175.82	100.00%

* Preliminary; subject to change.

(1) Market value estimated by the Appraiser with a date of value as of September 22, 2025, for 78 lots and improvements thereon, and the assessed value on 112 lots identified as having been assigned assessed values, as provided by the County for Fiscal Year 2025-26, were utilized. The Appraisal Update Letter confirmed a not less than value as of March 1, 2026 for the 78 lots that had not yet been assigned an assessed value.

(2) Bond amounts are allocated based on each parcel's proportionate share of the Fiscal Year 2027-28 Special Tax.

(3) Source: California Municipal Statistics. See Table 5. Allocation is based on each parcel's Fiscal Year 2025-26 Total Assessed Value except for Riverside County CFD No. 03-1, which is allocated based on the Fiscal Year 2025-26 levy for this agency.

(4) Ratio calculated by dividing the Total Assessed Value column by the allocated portion of the Combined Overlapping Burden column.

(5) Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

Special Tax Delinquency History

The table below sets forth information regarding historical Special Tax levies and collections. Fiscal Year 2022-23 was the first year of the Special Tax levy.

Table 4
Improvement Area No. 2
Historical Delinquency and Collection Rates

<u>Subject Fiscal Year</u>						<u>As of March 19, 2026</u>		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Parcels Levied	Total Special Tax Levied	Parcels Delinquent	Amount Delinquent as of Fiscal Year End	Percent Delinquent as of Fiscal Year End	Parcels Delinquent	Amount Delinquent	Delinquency Rate
2022-23	4	\$7,600.12	0	\$0.00	0.00%	0	\$0.00	0.00%
2023-24	47	134,690.70	1	1,575.89	1.17	0	0.00	0.00
2024-25	108	300,878.98	1	2,747.88	0.91	0	0.00	0.00
2025-26 ⁽¹⁾	174	489,090.34	1	1,401.42	0.57	1	1,401.42	0.57

(1) For Fiscal Year 2025-26, the data shown reflects payments received and processed by the County for the first installment only (due December 10, 2025) as of March 19, 2026.

Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

Potential Consequences of Special Tax Delinquencies

General. Future delinquencies in the payment of property taxes (including the Special Taxes) with respect to property in Improvement Area No. 2 could result in draws on the Reserve Fund and perhaps, ultimately, a default in the payment on the 2026 Bonds.

Special Tax Enforcement and Collection Procedures. The School District could receive additional funds for the payment of debt service through foreclosures sales of delinquent property, but no assurance can be given as to the amount of foreclosure sale proceeds or when foreclosure sale proceeds would be received. The School District has covenanted in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to take certain enforcement actions and commence and pursue foreclosure proceedings against delinquent parcels under the terms and conditions described herein.

Foreclosure actions would include, among other steps, formal Board action to authorize commencement of foreclosure proceedings, mailing multiple demand letters to the record owners of the delinquent parcels advising them of the consequences of failing to pay the applicable Special Taxes and contacting secured lenders to obtain payment. If these efforts were unsuccessful, they would be followed (as needed) by the filing of an action to foreclose in superior court against each parcel that remained delinquent.

Limitations on Increases in Special Tax Levy. If owners are delinquent in the payment of Special Taxes, the School District may not increase Special Tax levies to make up for delinquencies for prior Fiscal Years above the Maximum Special Tax rates specified for each category of property in Improvement Area No. 2. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Rate and Method.” In addition, Section 53321(d) of the Act provides that the special tax levied against any parcel for which an occupancy permit for private residential use has been issued may not be increased as a consequence of delinquency or default by the owner of any other parcel within a community facilities district by more than 10% above the amount that would have been levied in such Fiscal Year had there never been any such delinquencies or defaults. In cases of significant delinquency, these factors may result in defaults in the payment of principal of and interest on the 2026 Bonds. See “BOND OWNERS’ RISKS.”

Concentration of Special Tax Obligation

As of March 1, 2026, individual homeowners owned 169 of the 190 homes planned for Improvement Area No. 2.

Numerous future delinquencies by the owners of Taxable Property in the payment of property taxes (and, consequently, the Special Taxes, which are collected on the ordinary property tax bills) when due could result in a deficiency in Special Tax revenues necessary to pay debt service on the Bonds, which could in turn result in the depletion of the Reserve Fund, prior to reimbursement from the resale of foreclosed property or payment of the delinquent Special Tax. In that event, there could be a delay or failure in payments of the principal of and interest on the 2026 Bonds. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Reserve Fund.”

Direct and Overlapping Debt

The following table sets forth the existing authorized indebtedness payable from taxes and assessments that may be levied on territory in Improvement Area No. 2 prepared by California Municipal Statistics, inc., dated as of March 31, 2026 (the “**Debt Report**”). The Debt Report is

included for general information purposes only. In certain cases, the percentages of debt calculations are based on assessed values, which will change significantly as County assessed value records increase to reflect housing values. All parcels are subject to levy by other jurisdictions. The Community Facilities District and the Underwriter believes the information is current as of its date, but neither makes any representation as to its completeness or accuracy. Other public agencies, such as the County, may issue additional indebtedness at any time, without the consent or approval of the School District or the Community Facilities District. See “– Overlapping Assessment and Community Facilities Districts” below.

The Debt Report generally includes long-term obligations sold in the public credit markets by public agencies whose boundaries overlap the boundaries of Improvement Area No. 2 in whole or in part. Such long-term obligations generally are not payable from property taxes, assessment or special taxes on land in Improvement Area No. 2. In many cases long-term obligations issued by a public agency are payable only from the general fund or other revenues of such public agency. Additional indebtedness could be authorized by the School District, the County or other public agencies at any time.

The Community Facilities District has not undertaken to commission annual appraisals of the market value of property in Improvement Area No. 2 for purposes of its Annual Reports pursuant to the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, and information regarding property values for purposes of a direct and overlapping debt analysis which may be contained in such reports will be based on assessed values as determined by the County Assessor. See APPENDIX D hereto for the form of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement of the Community Facilities District.

Table 5
Improvement Area No. 2
Detailed Direct and Overlapping Debt

2025-26 Assessed Valuation: \$75,440,794

<u>DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:</u>	<u>% Applicable</u>	<u>Debt 10/1/25</u>	
Metropolitan Water District	0.002%	\$283	
Mount San Jacinto Community College District	0.050	116,021	
Hemet Unified School District	0.405	1,033,188	
Hemet Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2021-6, I.A. 2	100.000	0	(1)
Eastern Municipal Water District Improvement District U-35	0.663	26,180	
Eastern Municipal Water District Improvement District U-36	0.663	26,148	
Riverside County Community Facilities District No. 03-1	3.527	<u>192,196</u>	
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT		\$1,394,016	
<u>OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:</u>			
Riverside County General Fund Obligations	0.017%	\$183,305	
Riverside County Pension Obligation Bonds	0.017	91,681	
Hemet Unified School District Certificates of Participation	0.405	<u>111,381</u>	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		\$386,367	
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		\$1,780,383	(2)

Ratios to 2025-26 Assessed Valuation:

Direct Debt (\$0)	0.00%
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.85%
Combined Total Debt	2.36%

(1) Prior to the issuance of the 2026 Bonds offered for sale hereunder.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Property Tax Rates

The table below sets forth the average overall property tax rates applicable to a single-family detached home within Aurora at Outlook in Improvement Area No. 2 containing 2,122 square feet, selected to represent the average effective tax rate for a home within Improvement Area No. 2 based on the Fiscal Year 2025-26 rates. The Special Tax rates and assessed values, and therefore the overall tax rates, vary among the homes. The table below also sets forth those entities with fees, charges, *ad valorem* taxes and special taxes regardless of whether those entities have issued debt.

Table 6
Improvement Area No. 2
Fiscal Year 2025-26 Property Tax Rates
Sample Tax Bill

Assessed Valuations and Property Taxes

Average Dwelling Unit Size	2,122
Average Dwelling Unit Determined Value ⁽¹⁾	\$611,390
Homeowner's Exemption	\$7,000
Taxable Value	\$604,390

	<i>Percent of Total Assessed Valuation</i>	<i>Amount</i>
<u>Ad Valorem Property Taxes</u>		
General Purpose	1.00000%	\$6,043.90
MWD East	0.00700%	\$42.31
Mt. San Jacinto Junior College	0.00254%	\$15.35
Hemet Unified School District	0.12000%	\$725.27
EMWD Improvement District U-35	0.00430%	\$25.99
EMWD Improvement District U-36	0.00430%	\$25.99
Assessments, Special Taxes, and Parcel Charges	1.13814%	\$6,878.80
 Flood Control Stormwater/Cleanwater		 \$3.76
MWD Standby East		\$6.94
EMWD Infrastructure Availability Charge		\$10.00
Valley Wide Regional Facilities LMD 88-1		\$22.14
Winchester CFD		\$1,474.14
Community Services Area No. 152		\$74.48
CFD 19-2 Winchester Ranch		\$716.56
CFD 03-1 Newport Road		\$232.00
Hemet Unified School District CFD No. 2021-6 IA 2		\$2,688.04
Total Assessments, Special Taxes, and Parcel Charges		\$5,228.06
 Total Property Taxes		 \$12,106.86
Total Effective Tax Rate		1.98%

(1) The Dwelling Unit Determined Value is defined per lot as the greater of (1) the average closed home price on Dwelling Units closed since November 1, 2025, or (2) the current assessed value for Fiscal Year 2025/2026.
Source: Special District Financing & Administration LLC.

Overlapping Assessment and Community Facilities Districts

Except as set forth herein, the Community Facilities District is not aware of any other overlapping special tax or assessment districts for which bonded indebtedness has been issued or authorized.

The Community Facilities District has no control over the amount of additional debt payable from taxes or assessments levied on all or a portion of the property within a special district which may be incurred in the future by other governmental agencies, including, but not limited to, the County, the City, or any other governmental agency having jurisdiction over all or a portion of the property within Improvement Area No. 2. Furthermore, nothing prevents the owners of property in Improvement Area No. 2 from consenting to the issuance of additional debt by other governmental agencies which would be secured by taxes or assessments on a parity with the Special Taxes. To the extent such indebtedness is payable from assessments, other special taxes levied pursuant to the Act or taxes, such assessments, special taxes and taxes will be secured by liens on the property within a district on a parity with a lien of the Special Taxes.

Accordingly, the debt on the property in Improvement Area No. 2 could increase, without any corresponding increase in the value of the property therein, and thereby severely reduce the ratio that exists at the time the 2026 Bonds are issued between the value of the property and the debt secured by the Special Taxes and other taxes and assessments which may be levied on such property. The incurring of such additional indebtedness could also affect the ability and willingness of the property owners in Improvement Area No. 2 to pay the Special Taxes when due.

Moreover, in the event of a delinquency in the payment of Special Taxes, no assurance can be given that the proceeds of any foreclosure sale of the property with delinquent Special Taxes would be sufficient to pay the delinquent Special Taxes.

PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND DEVELOPMENT

Representatives of the Developer have provided the information in this section regarding its development in Improvement Area No. 2. None of the Underwriter, the School District, or the Community Facilities District has independently confirmed or verified the information in this section of the Official Statement nor does any such party make any representation as to accuracy or adequacy of this information. Further, there may be material adverse changes in this information after the date of this Official Statement.

The information in this section of the Official Statement regarding ownership of certain taxable property in Improvement Area No. 2 has been included because it is considered relevant to an informed evaluation of the 2026 Bonds. The inclusion in this Official Statement of information related to the Developer should not be construed to suggest that the 2026 Bonds, or the Special Taxes that will be used to pay the 2026 Bonds, are recourse obligations of the Developer or any other property owner in Improvement Area No. 2. A property owner may sell or otherwise dispose of land within Improvement Area No. 2 or a development or any interest therein at any time.

No assurance can be given that the proposed development within Improvement Area No. 2 will occur as described below. As the proposed land development progresses and parcels are sold, it is expected that the ownership of the land within Improvement Area No. 2 will become more diversified. No assurance can be given that development of the land within Improvement Area No. 2 will occur in a timely manner or in the configuration or intensity described herein, or that any landowner described herein will obtain or retain ownership of any of the land within Improvement Area No. 2.

The 2026 Bonds and the Special Taxes are not personal obligations of the Developer or any other current or subsequent landowners, and, in the event that a landowner defaults in the payment of the Special Taxes, the Community Facilities District may proceed with judicial foreclosure but has no direct recourse to the assets of the Developer or any other current or subsequent landowner. As a result, other than as provided herein, no financial statements or information is, or will be, provided about the Developer or any other current or subsequent Landowners. The 2026 Bonds are secured solely by the Special Tax revenues and other amounts pledged under the Fiscal Agent Agreement. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS” and “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS.”

The Developer

As previously defined in this Official Statement the “Developer” is Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD, Inc., a California corporation. The Developer is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Tri Pointe Homes. On February 13, 2026, Tri Pointe Homes entered into the Merger Agreement with Sumitomo and Teton NewCo, Inc., pursuant to which Tri Pointe Homes will become an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Sumitomo, Tri Pointe Homes’ common stock will no longer be publicly traded (and will be delisted from the New York Stock Exchange), and Tri Pointe Homes’ common stock will be deregistered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “**Exchange Act**”). The Transaction is expected to close in the second quarter of 2026. The Developer does not expect that the Transaction will interfere with the completion of its planned development within the District.

Sumitomo is a leading Japanese comprehensive housing and wood products company whose common stock is currently traded on the Tokyo Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol “1911”. Founded in 1691, Sumitomo is engaged in a broad range of global businesses centered on wood, including forestry management, the manufacture and distribution of wood building materials,

the contracting of single-family homes and medium- to large-scale wooden buildings, real estate development, and wood biomass power generation. Following the consummation of the Transaction, Tri Pointe Homes would become part of Sumitomo's family of U.S. homebuilders and is expected to operate as a distinct brand led by Tri Pointe Homes' existing management team, supported by Sumitomo's scale and investment.

Tri Pointe Homes is engaged in the design, construction and sale of innovative single-family attached and detached homes across twelve states, including Arizona, California, Colorado, Florida, Maryland, Nevada, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, Virginia and Washington, and the District of Columbia. In April 2024, Tri Pointe Homes announced its expansion into the Coastal Carolinas area, which includes parts of Georgia and South Carolina. As of September 30, 2025, the company had not yet commenced operations in Georgia

Neither Developer, Sumitomo nor Tri Pointe Homes is obligated to advance funds to pay for development or to pay ad valorem property taxes or the Special Taxes, and investors should not rely on the information and financial statements contained on such websites sites in evaluating whether to buy, hold or sell the 2026 Bonds.

Development Plan

Aurora at Outlook. The Developer constructed a total of 19 detached single-family homes on its property in a neighborhood known as Aurora at Outlook. The Developer began entering into sales contracts for Aurora with individual homeowners in May 2022, with the first home closings occurring in December 2022. Aurora at Outlook includes three floor plans ranging in size from approximately 2,142 square feet to approximately 2,624 square feet. As of September 13, 2024, all 19 homes in Aurora were owned by individual homeowners with development ceased.

Solstice at Outlook. The Developer constructed a total of 26 detached single-family homes on its property in a neighborhood known as Solstice at Outlook. The Developer began entering into sales contracts for Solstice with individual homeowners in May 2022, with the first home closings occurring in December 2022. Solstice at Outlook includes three floor plans ranging in size from approximately 2,432 square feet to approximately 3,291 square feet. As of May 29, 2024, all 26 homes in Solstice were owned by individual homeowners with development ceased.

Luminary at Outlook. The Developer plans to construct a total of 145 detached single-family homes on its property in a neighborhood known as Luminary at Outlook. The Developer began entering into sales contracts for Luminary with individual homeowners in January 2024, with the first home closings occurring in May 2024. Luminary at Outlook includes five floor plans ranging in size from approximately 1,569 square feet to approximately 2,775 square feet on lots with a typical lot size of approximately 7,500 square feet. As of March 1, 2026, base sale prices at Luminary ranged from approximately \$518,597 to approximately \$626,159. Base sales prices are subject to change and exclude any lot premiums, options, upgrades, incentives, and any selling concessions or price reductions currently being offered.

As of March 1, 2026, property within Luminary consisted of 15 homes under construction, two partially improved lots, four completed model homes owned by the Developer, and the remaining 124 homes owned by individual homeowners.

The table below provides the number of proposed units within each floor plan, the status of development, the base sales prices and home sales within Luminary as of March 1, 2026.

**Development Status
Luminary at Outlook
March 1, 2026**

Plan	Approx. Square Footage	Estimated Base Prices	Total Units	Individually Owned	Developer Owned Completed Homes	Under Construction	Partially Improved Lots	Units in Escrow
1	1,569	\$518,597	36	31	1	4	0	3
2	1,758	536,219	32	27	1	4	0	5
3	1,941	552,113	31	28	1	2	0	2
4	2,216	583,375	24	20	1	2	1	3
5	2,532 - 2775	626,159	22	18	0	3	1	2
Totals			145	124	4	15	2	15

Source: The Developer.

No assurance can be given that home construction and sales will be carried out on the schedule and according to the plans outlined herein, or that the home construction and sale plans or base prices set forth above will not change after the date of this Official Statement. The Developer reserves the right to change its development plan at any time without notice. Additionally, homes under contract to be sold may not result in closed escrows as sales contracts are subject to cancellation. See “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS – Future Property Development” and “– Property Values.”

Infrastructure and Entitlements

Entitlement Status. The final maps for Improvement Area No. 2 are recorded and all discretionary entitlements are in place. As of March 1, 2026, 188 out of 190 building permits had been issued. Other than certain permits required in the normal course of home construction, all discretionary entitlements required to complete the development and sales of homes in Improvement Area No. 2 have been received. All environmental approvals have been secured in order to complete the development in Improvement Area No. 2.

Required Infrastructure. All backbone infrastructure required to build-out all 190 single-family lots has been completed.

Conditions of Approval. None of the remaining infrastructure improvements are required to be completed as a condition of receiving building or occupancy permits. Except as described in this Official Statement and except for those consents, permits, authorizations, certifications and approvals of governmental entities required in the ordinary course of development, the Developer has no actual knowledge of any impediment to construction or obtaining land use entitlements which could be reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on its ability to complete the planned development of its property within Improvement Area No. 2 as described in the Official Statement.

Environmental Conditions. The Developer represents that, to the Actual Knowledge of the Developer (defined below), none of the property being developed by the Developer in Improvement Area No. 2 is within a 100-year flood plain or seismic fault setback zone.

Improvement Area No. 2 is located within a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, as determined by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection. In order to mitigate the fire

hazard risks, a fuel modification plan has been implemented for the project where it adjoins open space consisting of, among other things, a 100-foot fuel modification buffer zone and the construction of non-combustible block walls at the edge of all adjoining residential lots. In addition, as required by State law, all homes in the project are equipped with automatic residential sprinkler systems. See “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS – Factors Affecting Parcel Values and Aggregate Value – Wildfires.”

The Developer represents that, to the Actual Knowledge of the Developer, it is not aware of any federally or State classified hazardous materials or any species currently listed as endangered located on any of its property in Improvement Area No. 2. See the caption “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS – Factors Affecting Parcel Values and Aggregate Values – *Hazardous Substances*.”

Financing Plan. As of March 1, 2026, the Developer estimates that it has spent approximately \$95.7 million on land acquisition costs, site improvement costs, direct and indirect home construction costs, permit and impact fees, and sales and marketing costs (exclusive of interest, internal financing repayment, and corporate overhead) related to Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District. As of March 1, 2026, the Developer expects to spend approximately \$1.4 million in additional site improvement costs, direct and indirect home construction costs, permit and impact fees, and sales and marketing costs (exclusive of internal financing repayment, corporate overhead, and other carrying costs) to complete its development in Improvement Area No. 2. The Developer believes that it will have sufficient funds available to complete its planned development in Improvement Area No. 2 in accordance with the development schedule described in this Official Statement.

To date, the Developer has financed its land acquisition and various site development and home construction costs related to Improvement Area No. 2 through internally generated funds (which may include home sales revenue and funding from its parent company). The Developer expects to use internally generated funds to complete development of its property in Improvement Area No. 2. However, home sales revenues from the Developer’s property in Improvement Area No. 2 are not segregated and set aside for completing its project in Improvement Area No. 2. Home sales revenues are swept daily from the divisions for use in operations, to pay down debt and for other corporate purposes and might get diverted to other needs at the discretion of management.

Although the Developer expects to have sufficient funds available to complete its proposed development in Improvement Area No. 2 commensurate with the development timing described in this Official Statement, there can be no assurance that amounts necessary to fund the remaining planned development by the Developer within Improvement Area No. 2 will be available to the Developer when needed. While the Developer has made such internal financing available in the past, there can be no assurance whatsoever of its willingness or ability to do so in the future. Neither the Developer nor any other entity or person is under any legal obligation of any kind to expend funds for the development of the Developer’s property in Improvement Area No. 2, or the payment of ad valorem property taxes or the Special Taxes within Improvement Area No. 2. Any contributions by the Developer or any other entity or person to fund the costs of such development are entirely voluntary.

If and to the extent the aforementioned sources are inadequate to pay the costs to complete the planned development by the Developer in Improvement Area No. 2, and other financing by the Developer is not put into place, there could be a shortfall in the funds required to complete the planned development by the Developer or to pay ad valorem property taxes or Special Taxes related to the Developer’s property in Improvement Area No. 2, and the remaining portions of such development may not be completed. Many factors beyond the Developer’s control, or a decision by the Developer to alter its current plans, may cause the actual sources and uses to differ from the

projections. See “BONDOWNERS’ RISKS” herein for a discussion of risk factors.

BONDOWNERS’ RISKS

Investment in the Bonds involves risks that may not be appropriate for certain investors. The following is a discussion of certain risk factors that should be considered, in addition to other matters set forth herein, in evaluating the Bonds for investment. The information set forth below does not purport to be an exhaustive listing of the risks and other considerations that may be relevant to an investment in the Bonds. In addition, the order in which the following information is presented is not intended to reflect the relative importance of any such risks.

Risks of Real Estate Secured Investments Generally

The 2025 Bondowners will be subject to the risks generally incident to an investment secured by real estate, including, without limitation, (i) adverse changes in local market conditions, such as changes in the market value of real property in the vicinity of the Community Facilities District, the supply of or demand for competitive properties in such area, and the market value of residential property in the event of sale or foreclosure; (ii) changes in real estate tax rate and other operating expenses, governmental rules (including, without limitation, zoning laws and laws relating to endangered species and hazardous materials) and fiscal policies; and (iii) natural disasters (including, without limitation, earthquakes, landslides, wildfires, floods, droughts and pandemics), which may result in uninsured losses; and (iv) increased delinquencies due to rising mortgage costs and other factors.

Special Taxes Are Not Personal Obligations

The current and future owners of land within Improvement Area No. 2 are not personally liable for the payment of the Special Taxes. Rather, the Special Tax is an obligation only of the land in Improvement Area No. 2. If the value of the land within Improvement Area No. 2 is not sufficient to fully secure the Special Tax, then the Community Facilities District has no recourse against the landowner under the laws by which the Special Tax has been levied and the Bonds have been issued.

The Bonds Are Limited Obligations of the Community Facilities District

The Community Facilities District has no obligation to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds in the event Special Tax collections are delinquent or insufficient, other than from amounts, if any, on deposit in the Reserve Fund or funds derived from the tax sale or foreclosure and sale of parcels on which levies of the Special Tax are delinquent, nor is the Community Facilities District obligated to advance funds to pay such debt service on the Bonds.

Concentration of Ownership

As of March 1, 2026, individual homeowners owned 169 of the 190 homes planned for Improvement Area No. 2.

Until the construction and sale of the remaining homes in Improvement Area No. 2 to individual homeowners occurs, the receipt of the Special Taxes is dependent in part on the willingness and the ability of the Developer or any successor homebuilding entity to pay their respective Special Taxes when due. Failure of the Developer, or any successor(s), to pay its annual Special Taxes when due could result in a draw on the Reserve Fund, and potentially a default in

payments of the principal of, and interest on, the Bonds, when due. No assurance can be given that the Developer, or any successors, will complete the remaining intended construction and development of the property in Improvement Area No. 2.

The actual allocation of the annual Special Tax levy will depend on the sale of completed homes to individual homeowners. No assurance can be given that the Developer or its successors, will pay Special Taxes for which each is responsible in the future or that each will be able to pay such Special Taxes on a timely basis. See “– Bankruptcy and Foreclosure Delay” below for a discussion of certain limitations on Improvement Area No.2’s ability to pursue judicial proceedings with respect to delinquent parcels. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Special Taxes” and “PROPERTY OWNERSHIP AND DEVELOPMENT.”

Future Property Development

Continuing development of the property in Improvement Area No. 2 may be adversely affected by changes in general or local economic conditions, fluctuations in or a deterioration of the real estate market, increased construction costs, development, financing, and marketing capabilities of the Developer, water or electricity shortages, discovery on the undeveloped property of any plants or animals in their habitat that have been listed as endangered species, and other similar factors. Development in Improvement Area No. 2 may also be affected by development in surrounding areas, which may compete with the development in Improvement Area No. 2.

In addition, partially developed land is less valuable than developed land and provides less security for the Bonds (and therefore to the owners of the Bonds) should it be necessary for Improvement Area No. 2 to foreclose on undeveloped property due to the nonpayment of Special Taxes. Moreover, failure to complete future development on a timely basis could adversely affect the land values of those parcels which have been completed. Lower land values result in less security for the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds and lower proceeds from any foreclosure sale necessitated by delinquencies in the payment of Special Taxes.

Property Value

The value of the property within Improvement Area No. 2 is a critical factor in determining the investment quality of the Bonds. If a property owner is delinquent in the payment of Special Taxes, the Community Facilities District’s only remedy is to commence foreclosure proceedings against the delinquent parcel in an attempt to obtain funds to pay the Special Taxes. Reductions in property values due to a downturn in the economy, physical events such as earthquakes, fires, outbreaks of disease, wildfires or floods, stricter land use regulations, delays in development or other events will adversely impact the security underlying the Special Taxes.

The assessed values of property set forth in this Official Statement do not represent market values arrived at through an appraisal process and the assessed values set forth herein generally reflect only the sales price of a parcel when acquired by its current owner, adjusted annually by an amount determined by the County Assessor, generally not to exceed an increase of more than 2% per fiscal year. No assurance can be given that a parcel could actually be sold for its assessed value. See “– Risks of Real Estate Secured Investments Generally.”

The actual market value of the property is subject to future events such as a downturn in the economy, occurrences of certain acts of nature and the decisions of various governmental agencies as to land use, all of which could adversely impact the value of the land in Improvement Area No. 2 which is the security for the Bonds. As discussed herein, many factors could adversely affect property values within Improvement Area No. 2.

No assurance can be given that any bid will be received for a parcel with delinquent Special Taxes offered for sale at foreclosure or, if a bid is received, that such bid will be sufficient to pay all delinquent Special Taxes. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Special Taxes – *Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales*.”

Appraised Values

The Appraisal Report and Appraisal Update Letter appended as APPENDIX H hereto estimate the fee simple interest market value of the 78 appraised parcels within Improvement Area No. 2. This appraised value is merely the present opinion of the Appraiser and is qualified by the Appraiser as stated in the Appraisal Report. Improvement Area No. 2 has not sought the present opinion of any other appraiser of the value of the 78 parcels appraised. A different present opinion of such value might be rendered by a different appraiser. The opinion of value relates to sale by a willing seller to a willing buyer, each having similar information, and neither being forced by other circumstances to sell nor to buy. Consequently, the opinion is of limited use in predicting the selling price at a foreclosure sale, because the sale is forced and the buyer may not have the benefit of full information.

In addition, the opinion is a present opinion. It is based upon present facts and circumstances. Differing facts and circumstances may lead to differing opinions of value. The appraised market value is not evidence of future value because future facts and circumstances may differ significantly from the present.

No assurance can be given that if any of the Taxable Property in Improvement Area No. 2 should become delinquent in the payment of Special Taxes, and be foreclosed upon, that such property could be sold for the amount of estimated market value or assessed value thereof.

Value-to Burden Ratios

Value-to-burden ratios have traditionally been used in land-secured bond issues as a measure of the “collateral” supporting the willingness of property owners to pay their special taxes and assessments (and, in effect, their general property taxes as well). The value-to-burden ratio is mathematically a fraction, the numerator of which is the value of the property (usually either the assessed value or a market value as determined by an appraiser) and the denominator of which is the “lien” of the assessments or special taxes, as represented by the principal amount of bonds repaid by such assessment or special tax. A value-to-burden ratio should not, however, be viewed as a guarantee of credit-worthiness. Land values are especially sensitive to economic cycles. A downturn of the economy may depress land values and hence the value-to-burden ratios. Further, the value-to-burden ratio cited for a bond issue is an average. Individual parcels in a community facilities district may fall above or below the average, sometimes even below a 1:1 ratio. (With a ratio below 1:1, the land is worth less than the debt on it.) Although judicial foreclosure proceedings can be initiated rapidly, the process can take several years to complete, and the bankruptcy courts may impede the foreclosure action. Finally, local agencies may form overlapping community facilities districts or assessment districts, and typically do not coordinate their bond issuances. Debt issuance by an entity other than the Community Facilities District can therefore dilute value-to-burden ratios. See “IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2 OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6 – Direct and Overlapping Debt.”

Burden of Parity Liens, Taxes and Other Special Assessments on the Taxable Property

While the Special Taxes are secured by the Taxable Property, the security only extends to the value of such Taxable Property that is not subject to priority and parity liens and similar claims.

Table 5 herein sets forth the outstanding amount of governmental obligations (with stated exclusions), the tax or assessment for which is or may become an obligation of one or more of the parcels of Taxable Property as of the date of the information presented and furthermore states the additional amount of general obligation bonds the tax for which, if and when issued, may become an obligation of one or more of the parcels of Taxable Property. The table does not specifically identify which of the governmental obligations are secured by liens on one or more of the parcels of Taxable Property.

In addition, other governmental obligations may be authorized and undertaken or issued in the future, the tax, assessment or charge for which may become an obligation of one or more of the parcels of Taxable Property and may be secured by a lien on a parity with the lien of the Special Tax levied on the parcels in Improvement Area No. 2 securing the Bonds.

In general, as long as the Special Tax on the parcels in Improvement Area No. 2 is collected on the County tax roll, the Special Tax and all other taxes, assessments and charges also collected on the tax roll are on a parity, that is, are of equal priority. Questions of priority become significant when collection of one or more of the taxes, assessments or charges is sought by some other procedure, such as foreclosure and sale. In the event of proceedings to foreclose for delinquency of Special Taxes securing the Bonds, the Special Tax will be subordinate only to existing prior governmental liens, if any. Otherwise, in the event of such foreclosure proceedings, the Special Taxes will generally be on a parity with the other taxes, assessments, and charges, and will share the proceeds of such foreclosure proceedings on a pro rata basis. Although the Special Taxes will generally have priority over non-governmental liens on a parcel of Taxable Property, regardless of whether the non-governmental liens were in existence at the time of the levy of the Special Tax or not, this result may not apply in the case of bankruptcy.

While governmental taxes, assessments and charges are a common claim against the value of a parcel of Taxable Property, other less common claims may be relevant. One of the most serious in terms of the potential reduction in the value that may be realized to pay the Special Tax is a claim with regard to a hazardous substance. See “ – Factors Affecting Parcel Values and Aggregate Values – *Hazardous Substances*” below.

Availability of Property and Casualty Insurance

On May 26, 2023, State Farm General Insurance Company (“**State Farm**”) announced that it would cease accepting certain new applications, including all business and personal lines property and casualty insurance effective May 27, 2023. State Farm indicated in its release that the decision was due to historic increases in construction costs outpacing inflation, rapidly growing catastrophe exposure, and a challenging reinsurance market. State Farm indicated it would work constructively with the California Department of Insurance and State policy makers to help build market capacity in California. However, it was taking this action to improve the company’s financial strength and would continue to evaluate its approach based on changing market conditions. State Farm independent contractor agents licensed and authorized in California would continue to serve existing customers for these products and new customers for products not impacted by the decision. Any adverse impact of the foregoing on the homeowners in Improvement Area No. 2 and the real estate market in general cannot be predicted. The School District cannot predict whether future changes in insurance markets may occur which adversely impact insurance costs or availability of property and casualty insurance which may impact home values in Improvement Area No. 2. In November 2022, Allstate Corporation stopped issuing property and casualty coverage to new California customers. In the summer of 2023, Allstate Corporation announced the company would stop accepting insurance applications for all business and personal property in California. As of July 2024, seven of California’s largest property insurers including State Farm, Allstate Corporation,

Farmers, USAA, Travelers, Nationwide and Chubb have decided to limit new homeowners policies in the State.

Disclosure to Future Purchasers

The Community Facilities District has recorded (i) an Amended Notice of Special Tax Lien with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 in the Office of the Riverside County Recorder on September 29, 2022, as Document No. 2022-0410896. While title companies normally refer to such notices in title reports, there can be no guarantee that such reference will be made or, if made, that a prospective purchaser or lender will consider such Special Tax obligation in the purchase of a parcel of land or a home in Improvement Area No. 2 or the lending of money thereon. The Act requires the subdivider (or its agent or representative) of a subdivision to notify a prospective purchaser or long-term lessor of any lot, parcel, or unit subject to a Mello-Roos special tax of the existence and maximum amount of such special tax using a statutorily prescribed form. California Civil Code Section 1102.6b requires that in the case of transfers, other than those covered by the above requirement, the seller must at least make a good faith effort to notify the prospective purchaser of the special tax lien in a format prescribed by statute. Failure by an owner of the property to comply with the above requirements, or failure by a purchaser or lessor to consider or understand the nature and existence of the Special Tax, could adversely affect the willingness and ability of the purchaser or lessor to pay the Special Tax when due.

Billing of Special Taxes

A special tax formula can result in a substantially heavier property tax burden being imposed upon properties within a community facilities district than elsewhere in a city or county, and this in turn can lead to problems in the collection of the special tax. In some community facilities districts the taxpayers have refused to pay the special tax and have commenced litigation challenging the special tax, the community facilities district and the bonds issued by such community facilities district.

Under provisions of the Act, the Special Taxes are billed to the properties in Improvement Area No. 2 which were entered on the Assessment Roll of the County Assessor by January 1 of the previous fiscal year on the regular property tax bills sent to owners of such properties. Such Special Tax installments are due and payable, and bear the same penalties and interest for non-payment, as do regular property tax installments. These Special Tax installment payments cannot be made separately from property tax payments. Therefore, the unwillingness or inability of a property owner to pay regular property tax bills as evidenced by property tax delinquencies may also indicate an unwillingness or inability to make regular property tax payments and installment payments of Special Taxes in the future. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales," for a discussion of the provisions which apply, and procedures which the Community Facilities District is obligated to follow, in the event of delinquency in the payment of installments of Special Taxes.

Inability to Collect Special Taxes

In order to pay debt service on the Bonds, it is necessary that the Special Tax levied against land in Improvement Area No. 2 be paid in a timely manner. The Community Facilities District will covenant in the Fiscal Agent Agreement under certain conditions to institute foreclosure proceedings against property with delinquent Special Tax in order to obtain funds to pay debt service on the Bonds. If foreclosure proceedings were instituted, any mortgage or deed of trust holder could, but would not be required to, advance the amount of the delinquent Special Tax to protect its security interest. In the event such superior court foreclosure is necessary, there could

be a delay in principal and interest payments to the owners of the Bonds pending prosecution of the foreclosure proceedings and receipt of the proceeds of the foreclosure sale, if any. No assurances can be given that the real property subject to foreclosure and sale at a judicial foreclosure sale will be sold or, if sold, that the proceeds of such sale will be sufficient to pay any delinquent Special Tax installment. Although the Act authorizes the Board, as the Legislative Body of the Community Facilities District, to cause such an action to be commenced and diligently pursued to completion, the Act does not specify the obligations of the Board with regard to purchasing or otherwise acquiring any lot or parcel of property sold at the foreclosure sale if there is no other purchaser at such sale. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales.”

Insufficiency of the Special Tax

The principal source of payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds is the proceeds of the annual levy and collection of the Special Tax against property in Improvement Area No. 2. The annual levy of the Special Tax is subject to the maximum tax rates authorized. The levy cannot be made at a higher rate even if the failure to do so means that the estimated proceeds of the levy and collection of the Special Tax, together with other available funds, will not be sufficient to pay debt service on the Bonds. Other funds which might be available include funds derived from the payment of penalties on delinquent Special Taxes and funds derived from the tax sale or foreclosure and sale of parcels on which levies of the Special Tax are delinquent.

The levy of the Special Tax will rarely, if ever, result in a uniform relationship between the value of particular Taxable Property and the amount of the levy of the Special Tax against such parcels. Thus, there will rarely, if ever, be a uniform relationship between the value of such parcels and the proportionate share of debt service on the Bonds, and certainly not a direct relationship.

The Special Tax levied in any particular tax year on a Taxable Property is based upon the revenue needs and the application of the Rate and Method, including the effects of the Annual Special Tax Requirement. Application of the Rate and Method will, in turn, be dependent upon certain development factors with respect to each Taxable Property by comparison with similar development factors with respect to the other Taxable Property in Improvement Area No. 2. Thus, in addition to annual variations of the revenue needs from the Special Tax, the following are some of the factors which might cause the levy of the Special Tax on any particular Taxable Property to vary from the Special Tax that might otherwise be expected:

- (1) Reduction in the amount of Taxable Property, for such reasons as acquisition of Taxable Property by a government and failure of the government to pay the Special Tax based upon a claim of exemption or, in the case of the federal government or an agency thereof, immunity from taxation, thereby resulting in an increased tax burden on the remaining parcels of Taxable Property; or
- (2) Failure of the owners of Taxable Property to pay the Special Tax and delays in the collection of or inability to collect the Special Tax by tax sale or foreclosure and sale of the delinquent parcels, thereby resulting in an increased tax burden on the remaining parcels of Taxable Property.

Except as set forth above under “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Special Taxes” and “ – Rate and Method” herein, the Fiscal Agent Agreement provides that the Special Tax is to be collected in the same manner as ordinary *ad valorem* property taxes are collected and, except as provided in the special covenant for foreclosure described in “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales” and in the Act, is subject to the same penalties and the same

procedure, sale and lien priority in case of delinquency as is provided for *ad valorem* property taxes. Pursuant to these procedures, if taxes are unpaid for a period of five years or more, the property is subject to sale by the County.

In the event that sales or foreclosures of property are necessary, there could be a delay in payments to Owners of the Bonds pending such sales or the prosecution of foreclosure proceedings and receipt by the Community Facilities District of the proceeds of sale if the Reserve Fund is depleted. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales.”

In addition, the Rate and Method limits the increase of Special Taxes levied on parcels of Developed Property to cure delinquencies of other property owners in Improvement Area No. 2. See “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Rate and Method” herein.

Exempt Properties

Certain properties are exempt from the Special Tax in accordance with the Rate and Method (see “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Rate and Method” herein). In addition, the Act provides that properties or entities of the state, federal or local government are exempt from the Special Tax; *provided, however*, that property in Improvement Area No. 2 acquired by a public entity subsequent to adoption of the Resolution of Formation through a negotiated transaction or by gift or devise, which is not otherwise exempt from the Special Tax, will continue to be subject to the Special Tax. It is possible that property acquired by a public entity following a tax sale or foreclosure based upon failure to pay taxes could become exempt from the Special Tax. In addition, although the Act provides that if property subject to the Special Tax is acquired by a public entity through eminent domain proceedings, the obligation to pay the Special Tax with respect to that property is to be treated as if it were a special assessment, the constitutionality and operation of these provisions of the Act have not been tested, meaning that such property could become exempt from the Special Tax. In the event that additional property is dedicated to the School District or other public entities, this additional property might become exempt from the Special Tax.

The Act further provides that no other properties or entities are exempt from the Special Tax unless the properties or entities are expressly exempted in a resolution of consideration to levy a new special tax or to alter the rate or method of apportionment of an existing special tax.

Depletion of Reserve Fund

The Reserve Fund is to be maintained at an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement (see “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Reserve Fund” herein). Funds in the Reserve Fund may be used to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds in the event the proceeds of the levy and collection of the Special Tax against property in Improvement Area No. 2 is insufficient. If funds in the Reserve Fund for the Bonds are depleted, the funds can be replenished from the proceeds of the levy and collection of the Special Tax that are in excess of the amount required to pay all amounts to be paid to the Bondowners pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement. However, no replenishment from the proceeds of a Special Tax levy can occur as long as the proceeds that are collected from the levy of the Special Tax against property in Improvement Area No. 2 at the maximum tax rates, together with other available funds, remains insufficient to pay all such amounts. Thus, it is possible that the Reserve Fund will be depleted and not be replenished by the levy of the Special Tax.

Potential Delay and Limitations in Foreclosure Proceedings

The payment of property owners’ taxes and the ability of the Community Facilities District to foreclose the lien of a delinquent unpaid Special Tax pursuant to its covenant to pursue judicial

foreclosure proceedings, may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or other laws generally affecting creditors' rights or by the laws of the State relating to judicial foreclosure. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Proceeds of Foreclosure Sales" and "BONDOWNERS' RISKS – Bankruptcy and Foreclosure Delay" herein. In addition, the prosecution of a foreclosure could be delayed due to many reasons, including crowded local court calendars or lengthy procedural delays.

The ability of the Community Facilities District to collect interest and penalties specified by State law and to foreclose against properties having delinquent Special Tax installments may be limited in certain respects with regard to properties in which the FDIC, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Drug Enforcement Agency, the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") or other similar federal governmental agencies has or obtains an interest. See "BONDOWNERS' RISKS – Payments by FDIC, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and Other Federal Agencies" herein.

Other laws generally affecting creditors' rights or relating to judicial foreclosure may affect the ability to enforce payment of Special Taxes or the timing of enforcement of Special Taxes. For example, the Service Members Civil Relief Act (SCRA) of 2003 affords protections such as a stay in enforcement of the foreclosure covenant, a six-month period after termination of such military service to redeem property sold to enforce the collection of a tax or assessment, and a limitation on the interest rate on the delinquent tax or assessment to persons in the military service if the court concludes the ability to pay such taxes or assessments is materially affected by reason of such service.

The Community Facilities District and the School District are unable to predict what effect the application of a policy statement by the FDIC regarding payment of state and local real property taxes would have in the event of a delinquency on a parcel in Improvement Area No. 2 in which the FDIC has or obtains an interest, although prohibiting the lien of the FDIC to be foreclosed at a judicial foreclosure sale would likely reduce or eliminate the persons willing to purchase a parcel at a foreclosure sale.

In addition, potential investors should be aware that judicial foreclosure proceedings are not summary remedies and can be subject to significant procedural and other delays caused by crowded court calendars and other factors beyond the control of the Community Facilities District or the School District. Potential investors should assume that, under current conditions, it is estimated that a judicial foreclosure of the lien of Special Taxes may take up to two or three years from initiation to the lien foreclosure sale. At a Special Tax lien foreclosure sale, each parcel will be sold for not less than the "minimum bid amount" which is equal to the sum of all delinquent Special Tax installments, penalties and interest thereon, costs of collection (including reasonable attorneys' fees), post-judgment interest and costs of sale. Each parcel is sold at foreclosure for the amounts secured by the Special Tax lien on such parcel and multiple parcels may not be aggregated in a single "bulk" foreclosure sale. If any parcel fails to obtain a "minimum bid," the Community Facilities District may, but is not obligated to, seek superior court approval to sell such parcel at an amount less than the minimum bid. Such superior court approval requires the consent of the Owners of 75% of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Bonds.

Delays and uncertainties in the Special Tax lien foreclosure process create significant risks for Bondowners. High rates of special tax payment delinquencies which continue during the pendency of protracted Special Tax lien foreclosure proceedings, could result in the rapid, total depletion of the Reserve Fund prior to replenishment from the resale of property upon foreclosure. In that event, there could be a default in payment of the principal of, and interest on, the Bonds. See "Special Taxes Are Not Personal Obligations" above.

If a judgment of foreclosure and order of sale is obtained, the judgment creditor (the Community Facilities District) must cause a Notice of Levy to be issued. Under current law, a judgment debtor (property owner) has 120 days (or in some cases a shorter period) from the date of service of the Notice of Levy and 20 days from the subsequent notice of sale in which to redeem the property to be sold. If a judgment debtor fails to so redeem and the property is sold, his only remedy is an action to set aside the sale, which must be brought within 90 days of the date of sale. If, as a result of such action, a foreclosure sale is set aside, the judgment is revived and the judgment creditor is entitled to interest on the revived judgment as if the sale had not been made. The constitutionality of the aforementioned legislation, which repeals the former one-year redemption period, has not been tested; and there can be no assurance that, if tested, such legislation will be upheld. Any parcel subject to foreclosure sale must be sold at the minimum bid price unless a lesser minimum bid price is authorized by the Owners of 75% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding.

No assurances can be given that the real property subject to sale or foreclosure will be sold or, if sold, that the proceeds of sale will be sufficient to pay any delinquent Special Tax installment. The Act does not require the School District or the Community Facilities District to purchase or otherwise acquire any lot or parcel of property offered for sale or subject to foreclosure if there is no other purchaser at such sale. The Act does specify that the Special Tax will have the same lien priority in the case of delinquency as do *ad valorem* property taxes.

If the Reserve Fund is depleted and delinquencies in the payment of Special Taxes exist, there could be a default or delay in payments to the Bondowners pending prosecution of foreclosure proceedings and receipt by the Community Facilities District of foreclosure sale proceeds, if any. However, within the limits of the Rate and Method and the Act, the Community Facilities District may adjust the Special Taxes levied on all property in Improvement Area No. 2 in future Fiscal Years to provide an amount, taking into account such delinquencies, required to pay debt service on the Bonds and to replenish the Reserve Fund. There is, however, no assurance that the Maximum Special Tax rates will be at all times sufficient to pay the amounts required to be paid on the Bonds by the Fiscal Agent Agreement. The levy of Special Taxes is subject to the maximum annual amount of Special Taxes authorized by the qualified voters of Improvement Area No. 2 and the limitation imposed by Section 53321 of the Act as applied to the Community Facilities District and the Resolution of Formation provides that under no circumstances will the Special Taxes levied against any parcel in Improvement Area No. 2 be increased as a consequence of delinquency or default by the owner of any parcel or parcels in Improvement Area No. 2 by more than ten percent (10%) in any fiscal year. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS – Rate and Method."

Bankruptcy and Foreclosure Delay

The payment of Special Taxes and the ability of the Community Facilities District to foreclose the lien of delinquent Special Taxes as discussed in the section herein entitled "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS" may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, or other laws generally affecting creditors' rights or by the laws of the State relating to judicial foreclosure. In addition, the prosecution of a judicial foreclosure may be delayed due to congested local court calendars or procedural delays.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds (including Bond Counsel's approving legal opinion) will be qualified, as to the enforceability of the various legal instruments, by moratorium, bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency or other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally.

Although bankruptcy proceedings would not cause the obligation to pay the Special Tax to become extinguished, bankruptcy of a property owner in Improvement Area No. 2 or of a partner

or other equity owner of a property owner, could result in a stay of enforcement of the lien for the Special Taxes, a delay in prosecuting superior court foreclosure proceedings or adversely affect the ability or willingness of a property owner in Improvement Area No. 2 to pay the Special Taxes and could result in the possibility of delinquent Special Taxes not being paid in full. In addition, the amount of any lien on property securing the payment of delinquent Special Taxes could be reduced if the value of the property were determined by the bankruptcy court to have become less than the amount of the lien, and the amount of the delinquent Special Taxes in excess of the reduced lien could then be treated as an unsecured claim by the court. Any such stay of the enforcement of the lien for the Special Tax, or any such delay or non-payment, would increase the likelihood of a delay or default in payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds and the possibility of delinquent Special Taxes not being paid in full. Moreover, amounts received upon foreclosure sales may not be sufficient to fully discharge delinquent installments. To the extent that a significant percentage of the property in Improvement Area No. 2 is owned by any one property owner, and Special Taxes have been levied on such property, and such owner is the subject of bankruptcy proceedings, the payment of the Special Tax and the ability of the Community Facilities District to foreclose the lien of a delinquent unpaid Special Tax could be extremely curtailed by bankruptcy, insolvency, or other laws generally affecting creditors' rights or by the laws of the State relating to judicial foreclosure.

In 1992, the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit issued its opinion in a bankruptcy case entitled *In re Glasply Marine Industries*. In that case, the court held that *ad valorem* property taxes levied by Snohomish County in the State of Washington after the date that the property owner filed a petition for bankruptcy were not entitled to priority over a secured creditor with a prior lien on the property. The court upheld the priority of unpaid taxes imposed after the filing of the bankruptcy petition as "administrative expenses" of the bankruptcy estate, payable after all secured creditors. As a result, the secured creditor was to foreclose on the property and retain all of the proceeds of the sale except the amount of the pre-petition taxes.

According to the court's ruling, as administrative expenses, post-petition taxes would have to be paid, assuming that the debtor has sufficient assets to do so. In certain circumstances, payment of such administrative expenses may be allowed to be deferred. Once the property is transferred out of the bankruptcy estate (through foreclosure or otherwise) it would at that time become subject to current *ad valorem* taxes.

The Act provides that the Special Taxes are secured by a continuing lien, which is subject to the same lien priority in the case of delinquency as *ad valorem* taxes. No case law exists with respect to how a bankruptcy court would treat the lien for the Special Taxes levied after the filing of a petition in bankruptcy. *Glasply* is controlling precedent for bankruptcy courts in the State. If the *Glasply* precedent was applied to the levy of the Special Tax, the amount of Special Tax received from parcels whose owners declare bankruptcy could be reduced.

It should also be noted that on October 22, 1994, Congress enacted 11 U.S. C. Section 362(b)(18), which added a new exception to the automatic stay for *ad valorem* property taxes imposed by a political subdivision after the filing of a bankruptcy petition. Pursuant to this new provision of law, in the event of a bankruptcy petition filed on or after October 22, 1994, the lien for *ad valorem* taxes in subsequent fiscal years will attach even if the property is part of the bankruptcy estate. Bondowners should be aware that the potential effect of 11 U.S. C. Section 362(b)(18) on the Special Taxes depends upon whether a court were to determine that the Special Taxes should be treated like *ad valorem* taxes for this purpose.

Payments by FDIC, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and Other Federal Agencies

The ability of the Community Facilities District to collect interest and penalties specified by State law and to foreclose the lien of delinquent Special Taxes may be limited in certain respects with regard to properties in which the FDIC, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, the Drug Enforcement Agency, the IRS, or other similar federal governmental agencies has or obtains an interest.

FDIC. Specifically, with respect to the FDIC, on June 4, 1991, the FDIC issued a Statement of Policy Regarding the Payment of State and Local Property Taxes (the “**1991 Policy Statement**”). The 1991 Policy Statement was revised and superseded by a new Policy Statement, effective January 9, 1997 (the “**Policy Statement**”). The Policy Statement provides that real property owned by the FDIC is subject to state and local real property taxes only if those taxes are assessed according to the property’s value, and that the FDIC is immune from real property taxes assessed on any basis other than property value. According to the Policy Statement, the FDIC will pay its property tax obligations when they become due and payable and will pay claims for delinquent property taxes as promptly as is consistent with sound business practice and the orderly administration of the institution’s affairs, unless abandonment of the FDIC’s interest in the property is appropriate. The FDIC will pay claims for interest on delinquent property taxes owed at the rate provided under state law, to the extent the interest payment obligation is secured by a valid lien. The FDIC will not pay any amounts in the nature of fines or penalties and will not pay nor recognize liens for such amounts. If any property taxes (including interest) on FDIC-owned property are secured by a valid lien (in effect before the property became owned by the FDIC), the FDIC will pay those claims. The Policy Statement further provides that no property of the FDIC is subject to levy, attachment, garnishment, foreclosure, or sale without the FDIC’s consent. In addition, the FDIC will not permit a lien or security interest held by the FDIC to be eliminated by foreclosure without the FDIC’s consent.

The Policy Statement states that the FDIC generally will not pay non *ad valorem* taxes, including special assessments, on property in which it has a fee interest unless the amount of tax is fixed at the time that the FDIC acquires its fee interest in the property, nor will it recognize the validity of any lien to the extent it purports to secure the payment of any such amounts. Special taxes imposed under the Act and a special tax formula which determines the special tax due each year, are specifically identified in the Policy Statement as being imposed each year and therefore covered by the FDIC’s federal immunity.

The Community Facilities District is unable to predict what effect the application of the Policy Statement would have in the event of a delinquency in the payment of Special Taxes on a parcel in Improvement Area No. 2 in which the FDIC has or obtains an interest, although prohibiting the lien of the FDIC to be foreclosed at a judicial foreclosure sale could reduce or eliminate the number of persons willing to purchase a parcel at a foreclosure sale. Owners of the Bonds should assume that the Community Facilities District will be unable to collect Special Taxes or to foreclose on any parcel in Improvement Area No. 2 owned by the FDIC. Such an outcome could cause a draw on the Reserve Fund and perhaps, ultimately, a default in payment on the Bonds. Based upon the secured tax roll as of January 1, 2025, the FDIC did not own any of the property in Improvement Area No. 2. The Community Facilities District expresses no view concerning the likelihood that the risks described above will materialize while the Bonds are outstanding.

Mortgage Interests. Similarly, in the event a parcel of taxable property is owned by a federal government entity or federal government sponsored entity, such as Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, or a private deed of trust secured by a parcel of taxable property is owned by a federal government entity or federal government sponsored entity, such as Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac, the ability to foreclose on the parcel or to collect delinquent Special Taxes may be limited. Federal courts have

held that, based on the supremacy clause of the United States Constitution (“This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding”), in the absence of Congressional intent to the contrary, a state or local agency cannot foreclose to collect delinquent taxes or assessments if foreclosure would impair the federal government interest. This means that, unless Congress has otherwise provided, if a federal government entity owns a parcel of taxable property but does not pay taxes and assessments levied on the parcel (including Special Taxes), the applicable state and local governments cannot foreclose on the parcel to collect the delinquent taxes and assessments. Moreover, unless Congress has otherwise provided, if the federal government has a mortgage interest in the parcel and the Community Facilities District wishes to foreclose on the parcel as a result of delinquent Special Taxes, the property cannot be sold at a foreclosure sale unless it can be sold for an amount sufficient to pay delinquent taxes and assessments on a parity with the Special Taxes and preserve the federal government’s mortgage interest. For a discussion of risks associated with taxable parcels in Improvement Area No. 2 becoming owned by the federal government, federal government entities or federal government sponsored entities, see “ – Exempt Properties” above.

Factors Affecting Parcel Values and Aggregate Value

Geologic, Topographic and Climatic Conditions. The value of the Taxable Property in Improvement Area No. 2 can be adversely affected by a variety of additional factors, particularly those which may affect infrastructure and other public improvements and private improvements on the parcels of Taxable Property and the continued habitability and enjoyment of such private improvements. Such additional factors include, without limitation, geologic conditions such as earthquakes and volcanic eruptions, topographic conditions such as earth movements, landslides, liquefaction, floods or fires, climatic conditions such as tornadoes, droughts, pandemics, and the possible reduction in water allocation or availability. It can be expected that one or more of such conditions may occur and may result in damage to improvements of varying seriousness, that the damage may entail significant repair or replacement costs and that repair or replacement may never occur either because of the cost or because repair or replacement will not facilitate habitability or other use, or because other considerations preclude such repair or replacement. Under any of these circumstances, the value of the Taxable Property may well depreciate or disappear.

Seismic Conditions. The Community Facilities District, like all California communities, may be subject to unpredictable seismic activity. The occurrence of seismic activity in Improvement Area No. 2 could result in substantial damage to properties in Improvement Area No. 2 which, in turn, could substantially reduce the value of such properties and could affect the ability or willingness of the property owners to pay their Special Taxes. Any major damage to structures as a result of seismic activity could result in greater reliance on undeveloped property in the payment of Special Taxes. The Community Facilities District is located in a seismically active region in Southern California. Active faults which could cause significant ground shaking in the nearby area include three of the State’s most active faults: the San Andreas, San Jacinto, and Elsinore Faults. Most of Southern California shares this risk. Earthquakes of a magnitude of 6 to 8 on the Richter Scale are possible.

In the event of a severe earthquake, there may be significant damage to both property and infrastructure in Improvement Area No. 2. As a result, the property owners may be unable or unwilling to pay the Special Taxes when due, and the Reserve Fund may eventually become depleted. In addition, the value of land in Improvement Area No. 2 could be diminished in the aftermath of such natural events, reducing the resulting proceeds of foreclosure sales in the event

of delinquencies in the payment of the Special Taxes. Development in Improvement Area No. 2 has been built in accordance with applicable building codes, including requirements relating to seismic safety. No assurances can be given that any earthquake insurance will be obtained as to any of the improvements in Improvement Area No. 2.

Drought Conditions. The State has experienced drought conditions in recent years, including a period of drought followed by record-level precipitation, which resulted in related severe flooding and mudslides in certain regions. As of March 3, 2026, the U.S. Drought Monitor indicated that the State, including the County, is classified as experiencing no drought conditions at this time. During 2021, the Governor of the State proclaimed a drought state of emergency for all counties in the State, culminating with an October 19, 2021, proclamation, urging Californians to step up their water conservation efforts.

In January 2022, the State Water Board adopted emergency regulations aimed at saving water and raising drought awareness, with prohibitions focused on reducing outdoor water use, enforceable by local agencies and the State Water Board, generally with warning letters, mandatory water use audits, and fines. In January 2023, the State Water Board adopted its first five-year temporary groundwater recharge permit, in addition to adopting new statewide sanitary sewer orders and appointing 11 members to the Advisory Group on Safe Drinking Water Funding. Local agencies can impose and enforce their own drought conservation rules.

The State's prior five-year drought underscored the need for permanent improvements in long-term efficient water use and drought preparedness. The State has implemented various actions which are intended to help to ensure all communities have sufficient water supplies and are conserving water regardless of the conditions of any one year. The Community Facilities District cannot predict whether recent drought conditions will continue or when the State will experience drought conditions again in the future, what effect such conditions may have on property values or whether or to what extent any water reduction requirements may affect homeowners within Improvement No. 2 or their ability or willingness to pay Special Taxes.

Wildfires. In recent years, portions of California have experienced wildfires that have burned thousands of acres and destroyed thousands of homes and structures, even in areas not previously thought to be prone to wildfires. Such areas affected by wildfires are more prone to flooding and mudslides that can lead to the destruction of homes. For example, the seven largest recorded wildfires to occur in California since 1932, when more accurate records began being kept, have occurred in northern and central California since 2017. In November 2018, the Camp Fire, in Butte County, northern California, destroyed over 18,000 structures, and the towns of Paradise and Concow were almost completely destroyed. In January of 2025, a wildfire (the "**Palisades Fire**") started in the Pacific Palisades area of Los Angeles County, approximately 140 miles northwest of the Community Facilities District, destroying nearly 7,000 structures and damaging over 1,000 more. Several other fires subsequently broke out in Los Angeles County, destroying and threatening numerous structures, including the Eaton Fire in Altadena, which destroyed more than 9,000 structures and damaged 1,000 more.

Property damage due to wildfire could result in a significant decrease in the assessed value and/or market value of property in Improvement Area No. 2 and in the ability or willingness of property owners to pay Special Taxes when due. State law requires that all local jurisdictions identify very high fire hazard severity zones within their areas of jurisdiction. Inclusion within these zones is based on vegetation density, slope severity and other relevant factors that contribute to fire severity. **Improvement Area No. 2 is located within a Very High Fire Severity Zone, as determined by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection.** During the fires in September 2022, the School District lost an abandoned single portable classroom building in

Simpson Park in the foothills south of Hemet High School. There has been no significant damage to the School District property from wildfires.

Climate Change. In addition to the events described above, climate change caused by human activities may have adverse effects on the assessed value of property in Improvement Area No. 2. As greenhouse gas emissions continue to accumulate in the atmosphere as a result of economic activity, many scientists expect that climate change will intensify, increasing the frequency, severity, and timing of extreme weather events such as coastal storm surges, drought, wildfires, floods, heat waves, and raising sea levels. See also “ – Drought Conditions,” and “ – Wildfires” above. Projections of the impact of global climate change are complex and depend on a variety of factors outside of the Community Facilities District’s control. The various scientific studies that forecast the amount and timing of adverse impacts of climate change are based on assumptions contained in such studies, but actual events may vary materially. In addition, the scientific understanding of climate change and its effects continues to evolve. Accordingly, the Community Facilities District and the School District are unable to forecast with certainty when or if adverse impacts of climate change will occur or the extent of such impacts.

Hazardous Substances. One of the most serious in terms of the potential reduction in the value of Taxable Property is a claim with regard to hazardous substances. In general, the owners and operators of Taxable Property within Improvement Area No. 2 may be required by law to remedy conditions of the parcels related to the releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances. The federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, sometimes referred to as “CERCLA” or the “Superfund Act,” is the most well-known and widely applicable of these laws, but State laws with regard to hazardous substances are also stringent and similar. Under many of these laws, the owner (or operator) may be obligated to remedy a hazardous substance condition of a property whether or not the owner (or operator) had anything to do with creating or handling the hazardous substance. The effect, therefore, should any parcel within Improvement Area No. 2 be affected by a hazardous substance, would be to reduce the marketability and value of the parcel by the costs of remedying the condition, because the purchaser, upon becoming owner (or operator), is obligated to remedy the condition just as is the seller.

The assessed value of property within Improvement Area No. 2 does not take into account the possible reduction in marketability and value of any of the parcels of Taxable Property by reason of the possible liability of the owner (or operator) for the remedy of a hazardous substance condition of the parcel. The Community Facilities District has not independently verified and is not aware that the owner (or operator) has such a current liability with respect to any of the parcels of Taxable Property, except as expressly noted. However, it is possible that such liabilities do currently exist and that the Community Facilities District is not aware of them.

Further, it is possible that liabilities may arise in the future with respect to any of the parcels of Taxable Property resulting from the existence, currently, on the parcel of a substance presently classified as hazardous but which has not been released or the release of which is not presently threatened, or may arise in the future resulting from the existence, currently, on the parcel of a substance not presently classified as hazardous but which may in the future be so classified. Further, such liabilities may arise not simply from the existence of a hazardous substance but from the method of handling or disposing of it. All of these possibilities could significantly affect the value of a Taxable Property that is realizable upon a delinquency.

Legal Requirements. Other events which may affect the value of a parcel of Taxable Property in Improvement Area No. 2 include changes in law or application of law. Such changes may include, without limitation, local growth control initiatives, local utility connection moratoriums

and local application of statewide tax and governmental spending limitation measures.

Extraordinary Redemption from Prepaid Special Taxes

The Bonds are subject to mandatory call and redemption prior to maturity, as a whole or in part on any Interest Payment Date from amounts in the Prepayment Account in the Special Tax Fund available to redeem Bonds under the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Prepayments could be made by any of the owners of any of the property in Improvement Area No. 2 and they could also be made from the proceeds of bonds issued by or on behalf of an overlapping special assessment district or community facilities district. The resulting redemption of Bonds that were purchased at a price greater than the applicable redemption price could reduce the otherwise expected yield on such Bonds. See “THE 2026 Bonds – Redemption – *Mandatory Redemption from Prepaid Special Taxes.*”

No Acceleration Provisions

The Fiscal Agent Agreement provides that the Bonds are not subject to acceleration in the payment of interest or principal. In the event of a payment default or other default under the terms of the Bonds or the Fiscal Agent Agreement the Bonds are not subject to acceleration. Pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, a Bondowner is given the right for the equal benefit and protection of all Bondowners similarly situated to pursue certain remedies. So long as the Bonds are in book-entry form, DTC will be the sole Bondowner and will be entitled to exercise all rights and remedies as the Bondowner.

Community Facilities District Formation

California voters, on June 6, 1978, approved an amendment (“**Article XIII A**”) to the California Constitution. Section 4 of Article XIII A, requires a vote of two-thirds of the qualified electorate to impose “special taxes,” or any additional *ad valorem*, sales, or transaction taxes on real property. At an election held within Improvement Area No. 2 pursuant to the Act, more than two-thirds of the qualified electors within Improvement Area No. 2, consisting of the landowners within the boundaries of Improvement Area No. 2, authorized the Community Facilities District to incur bonded indebtedness to finance the Project and more than two-thirds of the qualified electors within Improvement Area No. 2 approved the Rate and Method. The Supreme Court of the State has not yet decided whether landowner elections (as opposed to resident elections) satisfy requirements of Section 4 of Article XIII A, nor has the Supreme Court decided whether the special taxes of a community facilities district constitute a “special tax” for purposes of Article XIII A.

Section 53341 of the Act requires that any action or proceeding to attack, review, set aside, void or annul the levy of a special tax or an increase in a special tax pursuant to the Act will be commenced within 30 days after the special tax is approved by the voters. No such action has been filed with respect to the Special Tax.

Right to Vote on Taxes Act

An initiative measure, Proposition 218, commonly referred to as the “Right to Vote on Taxes Act” (the “**Initiative**”) was approved by the voters of the State at the November 5, 1996, general election. The Initiative added Article XIII C (“**Article XIII C**”) and Article XIII D to the California Constitution. According to the “Title and Summary” of the Initiative prepared by the California Attorney General, the Initiative limits “the authority of local governments to impose taxes and property-related assessments, fees and charges.” The provisions of the Initiative as they may relate to community facilities districts are subject to interpretation by the courts.

Among other things, Section 3 of Article XIIC states that “. . . the initiative power shall not be prohibited or otherwise limited in matters of reducing or repealing any local tax, assessment, fee or charge.” The Act provides for a procedure, which includes notice hearing, protest and voting requirements to alter the rate and method of apportionment of an existing special tax. However, the Act prohibits a legislative body from adopting any resolution to reduce the rate of any special tax or terminate the levy of any special tax pledged to repay any debt incurred pursuant to the Act unless such legislative body determines that the reduction or termination of the special tax would not interfere with the timely retirement of that debt. On July 1, 1997, a bill was signed into law by the Governor of the State enacting Government Code Section 5854, which states that:

“Section 3 of Article XIIC of the California Constitution, as adopted at the November 5, 1996, general election, shall not be construed to mean that any owner or beneficial owner of a municipal security, purchased before or after that date, assumes the risk of, or in any way consents to, any action by initiative measure that constitutes an impairment of contractual rights protected by Section 10 of Article I of the United States Constitution.”

Accordingly, although the matter is not free from doubt, it is likely that the Initiative has not conferred on the voters the power to repeal or reduce the Special Taxes if such reduction would interfere with the timely retirement of the Bonds.

It may be possible, however, for voters of Improvement Area No. 2 to reduce the Special Taxes in a manner which does not interfere with the timely repayment of the Bonds but which does reduce the maximum amount of Special Taxes that may be levied in any year below the existing levels. Therefore, no assurance can be given with respect to the levy of Special Taxes for Administrative Expenses. Furthermore, no assurance can be given with respect to the future levy of the Special Taxes in amounts greater than the amount necessary for the timely retirement of the Bonds.

The Act also establishes time limits for initiating any challenge to the validity of special taxes levied pursuant to the Act and any challenge to the validity of bonds issued pursuant to the Act. Section 53341 of the Act provides that:

“Any action or proceeding to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul the levy of a special tax or an increase in a special tax pursuant to this chapter shall be commenced within 30 days after the special tax is approved by the voters. Any appeal from a final judgment in that action or proceeding shall be perfected within 30 days after the entry of judgment.”

Section 53359 of the Act provides that:

“An action to determine the validity of bonds issued pursuant to this chapter or the validity of any special taxes levied pursuant to this chapter may be brought pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 860) of Title 10 of Part 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure but shall, notwithstanding the time limits specified in Section 860 of the Code of Civil Procedure, be commenced within 30 days after the voters approve the issuance of the bonds or the special tax if the action is brought by an interested person pursuant to Section 863 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Any appeal from a judgment in that action or proceeding shall be commenced within 30 days after entry of judgment.”

Based on the forgoing, with respect to any challenge to the validity of the Special Tax or the Bonds, the Community Facilities District believes that under current State law the time for initiating any such legal challenge has expired.

Like its antecedents, the Initiative is likely to undergo both judicial and legislative scrutiny before its impact on the Community Facilities District and its obligations can be determined. Certain provisions of the Initiative may be examined by the courts for their constitutionality under both State and federal constitutional law. For example, on August 1, 2014, in *City of San Diego v. Shapiro*, an Appellate Court ruled that an election held by the City of San Diego to authorize the levying of special taxes on hotels City-wide pursuant to a City of San Diego ordinance which created a convention center facilities district and which specifically defined the electorate to consist solely of (1) the owners of real property in the City of San Diego on which a hotel is located, and (2) the lessees of real property owned by a governmental entity on which a hotel is located, was invalid under the California Constitution because such landowners and lessees are neither “qualified electors” of the City of San Diego for purposes of Articles XIII A, Section 4 of the California Constitution nor do they comprise a proper “electorate” under Article XIII C, Section 2(d). The Court specifically noted that the decision did not require the Court to consider the distinct question of whether landowner voting to impose special taxes pursuant to Section 53326(b) of the Act is constitutional under Article XIII A, Section 4 and Article XIII C, Section 2(d) in districts that lack sufficient registered voters to conduct an election among registered voters, and thus does not affect the validity of the levy of the Special Taxes by the Community Facilities District. In addition, the provisions of the Act described above that establish time limits for initiating any challenge to the validity of the Special Taxes levied pursuant to the Act or the issuance of Bonds pursuant to the Act described above would provide obstacles to any party which sought to present a legal challenge to the validity of the Special Taxes or the Bonds based on *the City of San Diego v. Shapiro* case. The Community Facilities District is not able to predict the outcome of any such examination of the Initiative in relation to community facilities districts formed under the Act.

The foregoing discussion of the Initiative, and related matters, should not be considered an exhaustive or authoritative treatment of the issues. The Community Facilities District does not expect to be in a position to control the consideration or disposition of these issues and cannot predict the timing or outcome of any judicial or legislative activity in this regard. Interim rulings, final decisions, legislative proposals, and legislative enactments may all affect the impact of the Initiative on the Bonds as well as the market for the Bonds. Legislative and court calendar delays and other factors may prolong any uncertainty regarding the effects of the Initiative.

Ballot Initiatives and Legislative Measures

The Initiative was adopted pursuant to a measure qualified for the ballot pursuant to California’s constitutional initiative process and the State Legislature has in the past enacted legislation which has altered the spending limitations or established minimum funding provisions for particular activities. From time to time, other initiative measures could be adopted by California voters or legislation enacted by the State Legislature. For example, among measures on the November 3, 2020, ballot was California Proposition 15, the Tax on Commercial and Industrial Properties for Education and Local Government Funding Initiative which, if approved, would have resulted in the ad valorem property tax commercial and industrial properties being based on market value rather than the tax on commercial and industrial properties continuing to be based on the purchase price of such properties, subject to an annual increase at the rate of inflation or 2%, whichever is lower. The adoption of any such initiative or enactment of legislation might place limitations on the ability of the State, the County, the School District, or local districts to increase revenues or to increase appropriations or on the ability of a property owner to complete the development of the property.

Voter Initiatives

Under the California Constitution, the power of initiative is reserved to the voters for the purpose of enacting statutes and constitutional amendments. Since 1978, the voters have exercised this power through the adoption of Proposition 13 and similar measures, including Proposition 218, which was approved in the general election held on November 5, 1996, and Proposition 26, which was approved on November 2, 2010.

Any such initiative may affect the collection of fees, taxes and other types of revenue by local agencies such as the Community Facilities District. Subject to overriding federal constitutional principles, such collection may be materially and adversely affected by voter-approved initiatives, possibly to the extent of creating cash-flow problems in the payment of outstanding obligations such as the 2024 Bonds.

Proposition 218—Voter Approval for Local Government Taxes—Limitation on Fees, Assessments, and Charges—Initiative Constitutional Amendment, added Articles XIII C and XIII D to the California Constitution, imposing certain vote requirements and other limitations on the imposition of new or increased taxes, assessments and property-related fees and charges.

On November 2, 2010, California voters approved Proposition 26, entitled the “Supermajority Vote to Pass New Taxes and Fees Act”. Section 1 of Proposition 26 declares that Proposition 26 is intended to limit the ability of the State Legislature and local government to circumvent existing restrictions on increasing taxes by defining the new or expanded taxes as “fees.” Proposition 26 amended Articles XIII A and XIII C of the State Constitution. The amendments to Article XIII A limit the ability of the State Legislature to impose higher taxes (as defined in Proposition 26) without a two-thirds vote of the Legislature. Article XIII C requires that all new local taxes be submitted to the electorate before they become effective. Taxes for general governmental purposes require a majority vote and taxes for specific purposes (“special taxes”) require a two-thirds vote.

Limited Secondary Market

There can be no guarantee that there will be a secondary market for the Bonds or, if a secondary market exists, that such Bonds can be sold for any particular price. Although the Community Facilities District has committed to provide certain statutorily-required financial and operating information, there can be no assurance that such information will be available to Bondowners on a timely basis. The failure to provide the required annual financial information does not give rise to monetary damages but merely an action for specific performance. Occasionally, because of general market conditions, lack of current information, the absence of credit rating for the Bonds or because of adverse history or economic prospects connected with a particular issue, secondary marketing practices in connection with a particular issue are suspended or terminated. Additionally, prices of issues for which a market is being made will depend upon then prevailing circumstances. Such prices could be substantially different from the original purchase price.

No assurance can be given that the market price for the Bonds will not be affected by the introduction or enactment of any future legislation (including without limitation amendments to the Internal Revenue Code), or changes in interpretation of the Internal Revenue Code, or any action of the IRS, including but not limited to the publication of proposed or final regulations, the issuance of rulings, the selection of the Bonds for audit or examination, or the course or result of any IRS audit or examination of the Bonds or obligations that present similar tax issues as the Bonds.

Inflation Reduction Act

Changes enacted by federal tax legislation (the Public Law No. 217-169, also referred to as the “**Inflation Reduction Act**”) were enacted into law on August 16, 2022. The Inflation Reduction Act (H.R. 5376, 117th Congress) includes a 15% alternative minimum tax to be imposed on the “adjusted financial statement income,” as defined in the Inflation Reduction Act, of certain corporations for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. Interest on the Bonds will be included in the “adjusted financial statement income” of such corporations for purposes of computing such alternative minimum tax.

Loss of Tax Exemption

As discussed under the caption “LEGAL MATTERS – Tax Matters,” the interest on the Bonds could become includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds as a result of future acts or omissions of the Community Facilities District and the School District in violation of certain provisions of the Code and the covenants of the Fiscal Agent Agreement. In order to maintain the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of the interest on the Bonds, the Community Facilities District will covenant in the Fiscal Agent Agreement not to take any action, or fail to take any action, if such action or failure to take such action would adversely affect the exclusion from gross income of interest on the Bonds under Section 103 of the Code. Should such an event of taxability occur, the Bonds would not be subject to early redemption and would remain outstanding to maturity or until redeemed under the optional redemption or mandatory sinking fund redemption provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement. See “THE 2026 Bonds – Redemption.”

IRS Audit of Tax-Exempt Securities Issues

The IRS has initiated an expanded program for the auditing or examination of tax-exempt securities issues, including both random and targeted audits. It is possible that the Bonds will be selected for audit or examination by the IRS. It is also possible that the market value of the Bonds might be affected as a result of such an audit of the Bonds (or by an audit of similar bonds or securities).

Impact of Legislative Proposals, Clarifications of the Code and Court Decisions on Tax Exemption

Changes enacted by pending or future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, clarification of the Code or court decisions may cause interest on the Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation or to be subject to or exempted from state income taxation, or otherwise prevent Owners of the Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax status of such interest. Such legislation, the introduction or enactment of any such future legislative proposals, clarification of the Code or court decisions may also affect the market price for, liquidity of or marketability of, the Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed federal or state tax legislation, regulations or litigation. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding such matters.

As discussed in this Official Statement, under the caption “LEGAL MATTERS,” interest on the Bonds could become includable in gross income for purposes of federal income taxation retroactive to the date the Bonds were issued as a result of future acts or omissions of the Community Facilities District in violation of its covenants in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Should

such an event of taxability occur, the Bonds are not subject to special redemption or acceleration and will remain outstanding until maturity or until redeemed under one of the other redemption provisions contained in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

Limitations on Remedies

Remedies available to the Bondowners may be limited by a variety of factors and may be inadequate to assure the timely payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds or to preserve the tax-exempt status of the Bonds. See “ – Billing of Special Taxes,” “ – Payments by FDIC, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Other Federal Agencies,” and “ – No Acceleration Provisions” herein.

Cyber Security

The School District, like many other public and private entities, relies on computer and other digital networks and systems to conduct its operations. As a recipient and provider of personal, private or other electronic sensitive information, the School District is potentially subject to multiple cyber threats including, but not limited to, hacking, viruses, malware and other attacks on computer and other sensitive digital networks and systems. Entities or individuals may attempt to gain unauthorized access to the School District’s systems for the purposes of misappropriating assets or information or causing operational disruption or damage. The School District has not had a known major cyber breach in the last 10 years that resulted in a financial loss. The Information Technology department is regularly researching and implementing cybersecurity best-practices and informs employees of such when applicable. The School District maintains insurance coverage for cyber security losses should a successful breach ever occur.

No assurance can be given that the School District’s efforts to manage cyber threats and attacks will, in all cases, be successful or that any such attack will not materially impact the operations or finances of the School District or the Community Facilities District. The School District is also reliant on other entities and service providers, such as the County Treasurer for the levy and collection of Special Taxes securing payment of the Bonds, the Fiscal Agent in its role as paying agent, and the Dissemination Agent in connection with compliance with its disclosure undertakings. No assurance can be given that the School District or the Community Facilities District may not be affected by cyber threats and attacks against other entities or service providers in a manner which may affect the Bondowners, e.g., systems related to the timeliness of payments to Bondowners or compliance with disclosure filings pursuant to the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

LEGAL MATTERS

Legal Opinion

The legal opinion of Jones Hall LLP, San Mateo, California, Bond Counsel, approving the validity of each of the 2026 Bonds will be made available to purchasers at the time of original delivery and is attached hereto as APPENDIX F. A copy of the legal opinion will be printed on each Bond. Jones Hall LLP, is also serving as Disclosure Counsel.

Tax Matters

Federal Tax Status. In the opinion of Jones Hall LLP, San Mateo, California, Bond Counsel, subject, however to the qualifications set forth below, under existing law, the interest on the 2026 Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and such interest is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax.

The opinions set forth in the preceding paragraph are subject to the condition that the School District comply with all requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "**Tax Code**") that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the 2026 Bonds in order that the interest thereon be, and continue to be, excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The School District has made certain representations and covenants in order to comply with each such requirement. Inaccuracy of those representations, or failure to comply with certain of those covenants, may cause the inclusion of such interest in gross income for federal income tax purposes, which may be retroactive to the date of issuance of the 2026 Bonds.

Tax Treatment of Original Issue Discount and Premium. If the initial offering price to the public at which a Bond is sold is less than the amount payable at maturity thereof, then such difference constitutes "original issue discount" for purposes of federal income taxes and State of California personal income taxes. If the initial offering price to the public at which a Bond is sold is greater than the amount payable at maturity thereof, then such difference constitutes "original issue premium" for purposes of federal income taxes and State of California personal income taxes. *De minimis* original issue discount and original issue premium are disregarded.

Under the Tax Code, original issue discount is treated as interest excluded from federal gross income and exempt from State of California personal income taxes to the extent properly allocable to each owner thereof subject to the limitations described in the first paragraph of this section. The original issue discount accrues over the term to maturity of the 2026 Bond on the basis of a constant interest rate compounded on each interest or principal payment date (with straight-line interpolations between compounding dates). The amount of original issue discount accruing during each period is added to the adjusted basis of such Bonds to determine taxable gain upon disposition (including sale, redemption, or payment on maturity) of such Bond. The Tax Code contains certain provisions relating to the accrual of original issue discount in the case of purchasers of the 2026 Bonds who purchase the 2026 Bonds after the initial offering of a substantial amount of such maturity. Owners of such Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of ownership of Bonds with original issue discount, including the treatment of purchasers who do not purchase in the original offering to the public at the first price at which a substantial amount of such Bonds is sold to the public.

Under the Tax Code, bond premium is amortized on an annual basis over the term of the 2026 Bond (said term being the shorter of the 2026 Bond's maturity date or its call date). The amount of bond premium amortized each year reduces the adjusted basis of the owner of the 2026 Bond for purposes of determining taxable gain or loss upon disposition. The amount of bond

premium on a Bond is amortized each year over the term to maturity of the 2026 Bond on the basis of a constant interest rate compounded on each interest or principal payment date (with straight-line interpolations between compounding dates). Amortized Bond premium is not deductible for federal income tax purposes. Owners of premium Bonds, including purchasers who do not purchase in the original offering, should consult their own tax advisors with respect to State of California personal income tax and federal income tax consequences of owning such Bonds.

California Tax Status. In the further opinion of Bond Counsel, interest on the 2026 Bonds is exempt from California personal income taxes.

Other Tax Considerations. Current and future legislative proposals, if enacted into law, clarification of the Tax Code or court decisions may cause interest on the 2026 Bonds to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation or to be subject to or exempted from state income taxation, or otherwise prevent beneficial owners from realizing the full current benefit of the tax status of such interest. The introduction or enactment of any such legislative proposals, clarification of the Tax Code or court decisions may also affect the market price for, or marketability of, the 2026 Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether, if enacted, such legislation would apply to bonds issued prior to enactment.

The opinions expressed by Bond Counsel are based upon existing legislation and regulations as interpreted by relevant judicial and regulatory authorities as of the date of such opinion, and Bond Counsel has expressed no opinion with respect to any proposed legislation or as to the tax treatment of interest on the 2026 Bonds, or as to the consequences of owning or receiving interest on the 2026 Bonds, as of any future date. Prospective purchasers of the 2026 Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding any pending or proposed federal or state tax legislation, regulations or litigation, as to which Bond Counsel expresses no opinion.

Owners of the 2026 Bonds should also be aware that the ownership or disposition of, or the accrual or receipt of interest on, the 2026 Bonds may have federal or state tax consequences other than as described above. Other than as expressly described above, Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding other federal or state tax consequences arising with respect to the 2026 Bonds, the ownership, sale or disposition of the 2026 Bonds, or the amount, accrual or receipt of interest on the 2026 Bonds.

Backup Withholding

Interest paid on tax-exempt obligations such as the 2026 Bonds is subject to information reporting to the IRS in a manner similar to interest paid on taxable obligations. In addition, interest on the 2026 Bonds may be subject to backup withholding if such interest is paid to a registered owner that (a) fails to provide certain identifying information (such as the registered owner's taxpayer identification number) in the manner required by the IRS, or (b) has been identified by the IRS as being subject to backup withholding.

Absence of Litigation

No litigation is pending or threatened concerning the validity of the 2026 Bonds. There is no action, suit or proceeding known by the Community Facilities District or the School District to be pending at the present time restraining or enjoining the delivery of the 2026 Bonds or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the 2026 Bonds or any proceedings of the Community Facilities District or the School District taken with respect to the execution thereof. A no litigation certificate executed by the School District on behalf of the Community Facilities District will be delivered to the Underwriter simultaneously with the delivery of the 2026 Bonds.

No General Obligation of School District or Community Facilities District

The Bonds are not general obligations of the School District or the Community Facilities District, but are limited obligations of the Community Facilities District payable solely from proceeds of the Special Tax of the Community Facilities District and proceeds of the Bonds, including amounts in the Reserve Fund, the Special Tax Fund and the Bond Fund and investment income on funds held pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement (other than as necessary to be rebated to the United States of America pursuant to Section 148(f) of the Code and any applicable regulations promulgated pursuant thereto). Any tax levied for the payment of the Bonds will be limited to the Special Taxes to be collected from taxable properties within the boundaries of the Community Facilities District.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The Community Facilities District. The Community Facilities District will covenant in the Continuing Disclosure Agreement, the form of which is set forth in APPENDIX E (the “**CFD Continuing Disclosure Agreement**”), for the benefit of owners and beneficial owners of the 2026 Bonds, to provide certain financial and operating data relating to the Community Facilities District and the 2026 Bonds by not later than April 1 in each year, commencing on April 1, 2027 (the “**Community Facilities District Annual Report**”), and to provide notices of the occurrence of certain listed events.

The Community Facilities District Annual Report will be filed by the Community Facilities District, or the Dissemination Agent on behalf of the Community Facilities District, with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (“**MSRB**”) through the Electronic Municipal Market Access System (the “**EMMA System**”) in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB, with a copy to the Fiscal Agent. Any notice of a listed event will be filed by the Community Facilities District, or the Dissemination Agent on behalf of the Community Facilities District, with the MSRB through the EMMA System. The specific nature of the information to be contained in the Community Facilities District Annual Report or any notice of a listed event is set forth in the CFD Continuing Disclosure Agreement. The covenants of the Community Facilities District in the CFD Continuing Disclosure Agreement have been made in order to assist the Underwriter in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) (the “**Rule**”); *provided, however*, a default under the CFD Continuing Disclosure Agreement will not, in itself, constitute an Event of Default under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and the sole remedy under the CFD Continuing Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of the Community Facilities District or the Dissemination Agent to comply with the CFD Continuing Disclosure Agreement will be an action to compel performance.

The Community Facilities District has not previously entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking under the Rule.

Prior Disclosure Compliance by School District, Other Community Facilities Districts formed by the School District, or Hemet Unified School District Financing Authority. A review of previous disclosure filings in the last five years, with respect to financings by the School District, other community facilities districts formed by the School District, or the Hemet Unified School District Financing Authority (the “**Authority**”), indicates that the School District, the other community facilities districts formed by the School District, and the Authority have complied in all material respects with their respective prior undertakings in the last five years.

In order to assist the Community Facilities District, the School District, other community facilities districts formed by the School District, and the Authority in complying with their respective disclosure undertakings, the School District has hired outside consultants to facilitate preparation and filing of disclosure reports and notices of listed events.

NO RATINGS

The Community Facilities District has not made, and does not contemplate making, any application to a rating agency for a rating on the 2026 Bonds. No such rating should be assumed from any credit rating that the School District or the Community Facilities District may obtain for other purposes. Prospective purchasers of the 2026 Bonds are required to make independent determinations as to the credit quality of the 2026 Bonds and their appropriateness as an investment.

UNDERWRITING

The 2026 Bonds are being purchased by the Underwriter at a purchase price of \$_____ (which represents the aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Bonds of \$_____, plus net original issue premium of \$_____, and less an underwriter’s discount of \$_____.

The purchase agreement relating to the 2026 Bonds provides that the Underwriter will purchase all of the 2026 Bonds, if any are purchased, the obligation to make such purchase being subject to certain terms and conditions set forth in such purchase agreement.

The Underwriter may offer and sell Bonds to certain dealers and others at prices lower than the offering price stated on the inside cover page hereof. The offering prices may be changed from time to time by the Underwriter.

The Underwriter and its affiliates comprise a full-service financial institution engaged in activities which may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage and other financial and non-financial activities and services. The Underwriter and its affiliates may have provided, and may in the future provide, a variety of these services to the School District and to persons and entities with relationships with the School District, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of these business activities, the Underwriter and its affiliates may purchase, sell or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade securities, derivatives, loans and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and trading activities may involve or relate to assets, securities and/or instruments of the School District (directly, as collateral securing other obligations or otherwise) and/or persons and entities with relationships with the School District.

The Underwriter and its affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire such assets, securities and instruments. Such investment and securities activities may involve securities and instruments of the School District.

PROFESSIONAL FEES

Fees payable to certain professionals in connection with issuance, sale and delivery of the 2026 Bonds, including the Underwriter, Kutak Rock LLP, as Underwriter's Counsel, Jones Hall LLP, as Bond Counsel and as Disclosure Counsel, Fieldman, Rolapp & Associates, Inc., as Municipal Advisor, and Zions Bancorporation, National Association, as the Fiscal Agent, are contingent upon the issuance of the 2026 Bonds.

The fees of Special District Financing & Administration LLC, as Special Tax Consultant, are, in part, contingent upon the issuance of the 2026 Bonds. Disclosure Counsel has in the past worked as, and is currently working as, counsel to the Underwriter on matters unrelated to the 2026 Bonds.

MISCELLANEOUS

References are made herein to certain documents and reports which are brief summaries thereof which do not purport to be complete or definitive and reference is made to such documents and reports for full and complete statement of the contents thereof.

Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representatives of fact. This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract or agreement between the Community Facilities District and the purchasers or owners of any of the Bonds.

EXECUTION

The execution and delivery of the Official Statement by the Community Facilities District has been duly authorized by the School District on behalf of the Community Facilities District.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6
OF THE HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

By: _____
Deputy Superintendent, Business Services,
Hemet Unified School District on behalf of
Community Facilities District No. 2021-6
of the Hemet Unified School District

APPENDIX A

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE CITY OF HEMET AND THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

*The following information concerning the City of Hemet (the “**City**”) and Riverside County (the “**County**”) is included only for the purpose of supplying general information regarding the area near Improvement Area No. 2. The Bonds are not a debt of the City, the County, the State of California (the “**State**”) or any of its political subdivisions (other than the Community Facilities District), and none of the City, the County, the State or any of its political subdivisions (other than the Community Facilities District) is liable therefor.*

General

The City. Hemet Unified School District office is located within the City and Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District (“**Improvement Area No. 2**”) is located within the community of Winchester, a census designated place (“**Winchester CDP**”), located approximately 9 miles from the City. The City is located in the County approximately 35 miles southeast of the City of Riverside, 85 miles southeast of Los Angeles and 83 miles north of San Diego. The City is predominantly a retirement community, made up largely from relocated individuals who desire the warm winter climate available in Hemet. Planned recreational areas and activities include: camping, boating, cycling, bird watching, fishing, picnic areas, equestrian trails, hiking, golf, and a sports complex.

The County. The County, which encompasses 7,177 square miles, was organized in 1893 from territory in San Bernardino and San Diego counties. Located in the southeastern portion of California, the County is bordered on the north by San Bernardino County, on the east by the State of Arizona, on the South by San Diego and Imperial counties and on the west by Orange and Los Angeles counties. There are 28 incorporated cities in the County.

The County's varying topology includes desert, valley and mountain areas as well as gently rolling terrain. Three distinct geographical areas characterize the County: the western valley area, the higher elevations of the mountains, and the deserts. The western valley, the Hemet mountains and the Cleveland National Forest experience the mild climate typical of Southern California. The eastern desert areas experience warmer and dryer weather conditions. Riverside County is the site of famous resorts, such as those in Palm Springs, and is a leading area for inland water recreation. Nearly 20 lakes in the County are open to the public. The dry summers and moderate to cool winters make it possible to enjoy these and other recreational and cultural facilities on a year-round basis.

Population

The following table sets forth annual population figures, as of January 1, for the City, the County, and the State, for each of the years listed:

**CITY OF HEMET, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, AND
STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2021 through 2025 Population Estimates**

Year (January 1)	City of Hemet	Riverside County	State of California
2021	89,256	2,423,069	39,369,530
2022	89,320	2,435,510	39,179,680
2023	90,996	2,467,690	39,228,444
2024	91,751	2,491,037	39,420,663
2025	91,934	2,495,640	39,529,101

Source: State Department of Finance estimates (as of January 1).

Employment and Industry

Improvement Area No. 2 is included in the Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario Metropolitan Statistical Area (the “**MSA**”). The unemployment rate in the Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario MSA was 5.1% in December 2025, down from a revised 5.5% in November 2025, and above the year-ago estimate of 4.9%. This compares with an unadjusted unemployment rate of 5.1% for the State and 4.1% for the nation during the same period. The unemployment rate was 5.2% in the County, and 5.0% in San Bernardino County.

The following table summarizes the civilian labor force, employment and unemployment in the MSA for the calendar years 2020 through 2024. These figures are MSA-wide statistics and may not necessarily accurately reflect employment trends in the City or in the Community Facilities District.

**RIVERSIDE-SAN BERNARDINO-ONTARIO MSA
(Riverside and San Bernardino Counties)
Civilian Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment
(Annual Averages)
March 2024 Benchmark**

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Civilian Labor Force ⁽¹⁾	2,073,400	2,108,400	2,140,500	2,180,300	2,209,100
Employment	1,868,300	1,951,600	2,049,900	2,078,100	2,093,800
Unemployment	205,100	156,700	90,700	102,300	115,300
Unemployment Rate	9.9%	7.4%	4.2%	4.7%	5.2%
<u>Wage and Salary Employment:</u> ⁽²⁾					
Agriculture	14,100	13,700	13,800	13,200	13,700
Mining and Logging	1,300	1,400	1,500	1,500	1,600
Construction	104,900	110,100	114,700	115,400	116,200
Manufacturing	96,000	96,100	100,000	98,500	95,200
Wholesale Trade	65,600	67,400	69,500	68,900	68,600
Retail Trade	168,800	177,000	181,000	183,000	182,600
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	172,500	198,800	214,400	206,000	205,200
Information	12,400	12,500	13,000	13,300	13,000
Finance and Insurance	24,600	24,400	23,800	22,300	21,700
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	19,500	20,700	22,200	22,700	22,400
Professional and Business Services	152,100	166,600	173,900	164,400	161,800
Educational and Health Services	248,800	254,300	267,900	287,800	306,000
Leisure and Hospitality	141,300	160,200	180,900	187,600	185,300
Other Services	40,200	43,600	47,400	49,400	50,700
Federal Government	22,100	21,100	20,900	21,200	21,500
State Government	31,300	30,400	28,400	28,600	28,000
Local Government	194,600	190,500	200,700	210,400	220,700
Total All Industries ⁽³⁾	1,509,900	1,588,800	1,674,000	1,694,100	1,714,100

(1) Labor force data is by place of residence; includes self-employed individuals, unpaid family workers, household domestic workers, and workers on strike.

(2) Industry employment is by place of work; excludes self-employed individuals, unpaid family workers, household domestic workers, and workers on strike.

(3) Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: State of California Employment Development Department, March 2024 Benchmark.

Major Employers

The following table lists the largest employers within the County, in alphabetical order.

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Major Employers (As of March 2026)

Employer Name	Location	Industry
1882 Cantina	Temecula	Foods-Carry Out
Abbott Vascular Inc	Temecula	Hospital Equipment & Supplies-Mfrs
Agua Caliente Casino Palm Spgs	Palm Springs	Gift Shops
Agua Caliente Resrt Casino Spa	Rancho Mirage	Casinos
Amazon Fulfillment Ctr	Moreno Valley	Mail Order Fulfillment Service
Citrus Club	La Quinta	Clubs
Coachella Valley Unified SCH	Thermal	School Districts
Collins Aerospace	Riverside	Aircraft Components-Manufacturers
Corona City Hall	Corona	City Hall
Corona Regional Medical Ctr	Corona	Hospitals
Department-Corrections-Rehab	Norco	State Govt-Correctional Institutions
Desert Regional Medical Ctr	Palm Springs	Hospitals
Diabetes Center	Riverside	Clinics
Eisenhower Medical Ctr	Rancho Mirage	Hospitals
Fantasy Springs Resort Casino	Indio	Casinos
J Ginger Masonry	Riverside	Masonry Contractors
Jurupa School District Supt	Riverside	School Districts
March Air Reserve Base	March Arb	Military Bases
Riverside City College	Riverside	Junior-Community College-Tech Institutes
Riverside County Admin Ctr	Riverside	Government Offices-County
Riverside County Office of Edu	Riverside	County Government-Education Programs
Riverside University Health	Moreno Valley	Hospitals
Southwest Healthcare Rancho	Murrieta	Hospitals
Starcrest of California	Perris	Online Retailers & Marketplaces
1882 Cantina	Temecula	Foods-Carry Out

Source: State of California Employment Development Department, extracted from The America's Labor Market Information System (ALMIS) Employer Database, 2026 1st edition.

Effective Buying Income

"Effective Buying Income" is defined as personal income less personal tax and nontax payments, a number often referred to as "disposable" or "after-tax" income. Personal income is the aggregate of wages and salaries, other labor-related income (such as employer contributions to private pension funds), proprietor's income, rental income (which includes imputed rental income of owner-occupants of non-farm dwellings), dividends paid by corporations, interest income from all sources, and transfer payments (such as pensions and welfare assistance). Deducted from this total are personal taxes (federal, state and local), nontax payments (fines, fees, penalties, etc.) and personal contributions to social insurance. According to U.S. government definitions, the resultant figure is commonly known as "disposable personal income."

**CITY OF HEMET, WINCHESTER CDP, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE,
STATE OF CALIFORNIA, AND UNITED STATES
Median Household Effective Buying Income
For Calendar Years 2022 through 2026**

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2026</u>
City of Hemet	\$45,665	\$46,660	\$49,313	\$51,821	\$57,748
Winchester CDP	88,446	72,422	76,752	76,820	80,583
County of Riverside	70,961	71,623	75,269	78,652	85,976
State of California	77,058	77,175	80,973	82,725	90,403
United States	64,448	65,326	67,876	69,687	75,433

Source: Claritas, LLC.

Construction Trends

Provided below are the building permits and valuations for the City and County for calendar years 2020 through 2024.

CITY OF HEMET Total Building Permit Valuations (Valuation in Thousands of Dollars)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Permit Valuation					
New Single-family	\$21,708.3	22,245.5	\$100,018.7	\$64,846.7	\$81,415.9
New Multi-family	0.0	5,658.7	1,425.0	0.0	0.0
Res. Alterations/Additions	879.8	25.0	2,812.4	2,535.6	1,757.3
Total Residential	22,588.1	27,929.2	104,256.1	67,382.3	83,173.2
New Commercial	10,331.6	0.0	6,598.0	624.0	8,780.0
New Industrial	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Other	1,726.4	82.2	7,843.3	1,578.8	45,321.0
Com. Alterations/Additions	2,852.6	147.0	5,631.5	590.3	6,357.2
Total Nonresidential	14,910.6	229.2	20,072.8	2,793.1	60,458.2
<u>New Dwelling Units</u>					
Single Family	89	112	271	242	243
Multiple Family	0	22	6	0	0
TOTAL	89	134	277	242	243

Source: Construction Industry Research Board, Building Permit Summary.

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Total Building Permit Valuations (Valuation in Thousands of Dollars)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<u>Permit Valuation</u>					
New Single-family	\$2,315,365.2	\$2,013,159.0	\$2,429,329.1	\$2,414,233.7	\$2,197,201.8
New Multi-family	93,149.3	149,081.2	339,474.5	741,686.4	309,483.6
Res. Alterations/Additions	110,788.7	100,401.7	152,309.4	168,198.8	143,991.6
Total Residential	2,519,303.2	2,262,641.9	2,921,113.0	3,324,118.9	2,650,677.0
New Commercial	358,641.9	635,224.9	803,172.0	539,789.9	707,463.8
New Industrial	225,401.2	184,816.8	83,555.9	210,168.4	49,212.0
New Other	188,796.5	432,994.3	290,132.8	455,605.2	302,148.2
Com. Alterations/Additions	380,938.0	290,961.7	524,757.1	489,256.9	378,100.4
Total Nonresidential	1,153,777.6	1,543,997.7	1,701,617.8	1,694,820.4	1,436,924.4
<u>New Dwelling Units</u>					
Single Family	8,443	7,360	8,863	8,930	7,483
Multiple Family	723	1,126	2,861	6,500	1,674
TOTAL	9,166	8,486	11,724	15,430	9,157

Source: Construction Industry Research Board, Building Permit Summary.

Commercial Activity

Commercial activity is an important factor in the County's economy. Much of the County's commercial activity is concentrated in central business districts or small neighborhood commercial centers in cities. There are eight regional shopping malls in the County: Moreno Valley Mall (in Moreno Valley), Main Street Pedestrian Mall (in Riverside), Galleria at Tyler (in Riverside), Westfield Palm Desert (in Palm Desert), Gardens on El Paseo (in Palm Desert), Canyon Crest Towne Center (in Riverside), the Promenade (in Temecula), and The River (in Rancho Mirage). There are also two factory outlet malls (Desert Hills Premium Outlets and Lake Elsinore Outlet Center) and over 200 area centers in the County.

A summary of historic taxable sales within the City during the past five years in which data are available is shown in the following table. Total taxable sales during the first three quarters of calendar year 2025 in the City were reported to be \$1,004,582,181, a 0.44% increase over the total taxable sales of \$1,000,167,970 reported during the first three quarters of calendar year 2024.

CITY OF HEMET Number of Permits and Valuation of Taxable Transactions (Dollars in Thousands)

	Retail Stores		Total All Outlets	
	Number of Permits	Taxable Transactions	Number of Permits	Taxable Transactions
2020	1,130	\$1,013,919	1,772	\$1,197,692
2021	1,041	1,221,163	1,655	1,467,550
2022	1,033	1,272,567	1,666	1,500,683
2023	1,079	1,202,192	1,691	1,404,098
2024	1,115	1,115,992	1,750	1,343,302

Source: State Department of Tax and Fee Administration.

A summary of historic taxable sales within the County during the past five years in which data are available is shown in the following table. Total taxable sales during the first three quarters of calendar year 2025 in the County were reported to be \$44,333,815,408, a 0.35% increase over the total taxable sales of \$44,178,988,235 reported during the first three quarters of calendar year 2024.

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Number of Permits and Valuation of Taxable Transactions (Dollars in Thousands)

	Retail Stores		Total All Outlets	
	Number of Permits	Taxable Transactions	Number of Permits	Taxable Transactions
2020	43,106	\$30,321,662	69,284	\$42,313,474
2021	39,455	41,330,546	64,335	55,535,196
2022	40,719	45,469,037	66,738	62,117,153
2023	41,857	44,142,609	68,670	61,331,274
2024	42,879	44,014,670	70,577	60,826,953

Source: State Department of Tax and Fee Administration.

Agriculture

Agriculture remains a leading source of income in the County. Principal agricultural products are milk, eggs, table grapes, grapefruit, nursery, alfalfa, dates, lemons and avocados. Four areas in the County account for the major portion of agricultural activity: the Riverside/Corona and San Jacinto/Temecula Valley Districts in the western portion of the County, the Coachella Valley in the central portion and the Palo Verde Valley near the County's eastern border.

Transportation

Easy access to job opportunities in the County and nearby Los Angeles, Orange and San Diego Counties is important to the County's employment. Several major freeways and highways provide access between the County and all parts of Southern California. The Riverside Freeway (State Route 91) extends southwest through the City of Riverside and connects with the Orange County freeway network in Fullerton. Interstate 10 traverses the width of the County, the western-most portion of which links up with major cities and freeways in the eastern part of Los Angeles County and the southern part of San Bernardino County. Interstates 15 and 215 extend north and then east to Las Vegas, and south to San Diego. The Moreno Valley Freeway (U.S. 60) provides an alternate (to Interstate 10) east-west link to Los Angeles County.

Currently, Metrolink provides commuter rail service to Los Angeles and Orange Counties from several stations in the County. Transcontinental passenger rail service is provided by Amtrak with a stop in Indio-Cabazon. Freight service to major west coast and national markets is provided by two transcontinental railroads – Burlington Northern/Santa Fe and Union Pacific. Truck service is provided by several common carriers, making available overnight delivery service to major California cities.

Transcontinental bus service is provided by Greyhound Lines. Intercounty, intercity and local bus service is provided by the Riverside Transit Agency to western County cities and communities. The SunLine Transit Agency provides local bus service throughout the Coachella Valley, including the cities of Palm Springs and Indio. The City of Banning also operates a local bus system.

The County seat, located in the City of Riverside, is within 20 miles of the Ontario International Airport. This airport is operated by the Ontario International Airport Authority, formed under a joint powers agreement with the City of Ontario and San Bernardino County by the Los Angeles Department of Airports. Four major airlines schedule commercial flight service at Ontario International Airport. County-operated general aviation airports include those in Thermal, Blythe and French Valley. The cities of Riverside, Corona and Banning also operate general aviation airports. There is a military base at March Air Reserve Base, which converted from an active duty base to a reserve-only base on April 1, 1996. Plans for joint military and civilian use of the base thereafter are presently being formulated by the March Joint Powers Authority, comprised of the County and the cities of Riverside, Moreno Valley and Perris.

APPENDIX B

**AMENDMENT NO 1 TO
RATE AND METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF SPECIAL TAXES
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6
HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2**

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AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO
RATE AND METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF SPECIAL TAXES
COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6
HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2

An annual Special Tax (as hereinafter defined) shall be levied on all applicable Assessor's Parcels (as hereinafter defined) within Improvement Area No. 2 ("IA-2") of Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District ("CFD No. 2021-6") and collected each Fiscal Year commencing in Fiscal Year 2022/23, in an amount determined by the Hemet Unified School District ("School District"), through the application of this Amendment No. 1 to Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Taxes as described below. All of the real property within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6, unless exempted by law or by the provisions hereof, shall be subject to the Special Tax for the purposes, to the extent and in the manner herein provided.

A. DEFINITIONS

The terms hereinafter set forth have the following meanings:

"Acre" or "Acreage" means the acreage of an Assessor's Parcel as shown on an Assessor's Parcel Map. If the acreage is not shown on an Assessor's Parcel Map, the acreage shown on the applicable Final Map, parcel map, condominium plan, or other recorded County map shall be used. If the acreage information supplied by these alternative sources is not available, or in conflict, the acreage used shall be determined by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services or a designee.

"Act" means the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended, being Chapter 2.5, Part 1, Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code of the State of California.

"Administrative Expenses" means the actual or reasonably estimated costs directly related to the administration of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 including but not limited to (i) the costs of computing the Special Taxes and preparing the annual Special Tax collection schedules (whether by the School District or designee thereof or both); (ii) the costs of collecting the Special Taxes (whether by the County or otherwise); (iii) the costs of remitting the Special Taxes to the Trustee; (iv) the costs of the Trustee (including its legal counsel) in the discharge of the duties required of it under the Indenture; (v) the costs to the School District, CFD No. 2021-6 or any designee thereof of complying with arbitrage rebate requirements; (vi) the costs to the School District, CFD No. 2021-6 or any designee thereof of complying with School District's, CFD No. 2021-6's or obligated persons' disclosure requirements in connection with the financing associated with applicable federal and State securities laws and of the Act; (vii) the costs associated with preparing Special Tax disclosure statements and responding to property owner and public inquiries regarding IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6, including its Special Taxes; (viii) the cost associated with the computation of the Backup Special Tax; (ix) the costs of the School District, CFD No. 2021-6 or any designee thereof related to an appeal of the Special Tax; (x) the costs associated with the release of funds from an escrow account; and (xi) the School District's annual administration fees and third party expenses, including the

payment of the allocable portion of the salaries and benefits of any School District employee whose duties are directly related to the administration of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6. Administrative Expenses shall also include amounts estimated or advanced by the School District or CFD No. 2021-6 for any formation or other administrative purposes of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6, including attorney's fees and other costs related to commencing and pursuing to completion any foreclosure of delinquent Special Taxes.

"Assessor's Parcel" means a lot or parcel shown on an Assessor's Parcel Map with an assigned Assessor's parcel number.

"Assessor's Parcel Map" means an official map of the County Assessor designating parcels by Assessor's parcel number.

"Assigned Special Tax" means the Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property, as determined in accordance with Section C.1.b below.

"Assistant Superintendent of Business Services" means the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services of the School District, Deputy Superintendent of Business Services of the School District or the Chief Business Official of the School District, as appropriate, or his or her designee in consultation with the CFD Administrator.

"Backup Special Tax" means the Special Tax applicable to each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property, as determined in accordance with Section C.1.c below.

"Board" means the Governing Board of the School District acting as the legislative body of CFD No. 2021-6.

"Bonds" means any obligation to repay a sum of money, including obligations in the form of bonds, notes, certificates of participation, long-term leases, loans from government agencies, or loans from banks, other financial institutions, private businesses, or individuals, or long-term contracts, or any refunding thereof, to which Special Taxes within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 have been pledged, including any bonds or other debt (as defined in Section 53317(d) of the Act), whether in one or more series, pursuant to the Act which are secured by a pledge of the Special Taxes.

"Boundary Map" means the map of CFD No. 2021-6 which identifies the improvement areas within CFD No. 2021-6 titled, "Proposed Boundary Map of Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District, County of Riverside, State of California" presented to and approved by the Board.

"County" means the County of Riverside, California.

"Developed Floor Area" means for any Dwelling Unit, the square footage of assessable space of such Dwelling Unit as defined in Government Code section 65995(b)(1). For purposes of this determination, such square footage of assessable space shall be, and the School District,

acting for CFD No. 2021-6, may rely on, the square footage as identified on the building permit(s) issued by the applicable issuing agency if found consistent with such code section.

“Developed Property” means, for each Fiscal Year, all Taxable Property for which a building permit for new construction was issued prior to May 1st of the prior Fiscal Year.

“Dwelling Unit” or “DU” means each residential dwelling unit which comprises an independent facility including but not limited to an individual single-family detached dwelling unit, townhome, condominium, apartment, attached or detached second dwelling unit, granny flat, accessory dwelling unit or other such residential dwelling unit, including each separate living area within a half-plex, duplex, triplex, fourplex, or other residential structure.

“Exempt Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels designated as being exempt from Special Taxes pursuant to Section E.

“Final Map” means a subdivision of property by recordation of a final map, parcel map, or lot line adjustment, pursuant to the Subdivision Map Act (California Government Code Section 66410 *et seq.*), an applicable local ordinance or recordation of a condominium plan pursuant to California Civil Code Section 6624 or functionally equivalent map or instrument that creates individual lots for which building permits may be issued without further subdivision.

“Fiscal Year” means the period starting July 1 and ending on the following June 30.

“IA-2” or “IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6” means Improvement Area No. 2 of Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District.

“Indenture” means the indenture, fiscal agent agreement, resolution or other instrument pursuant to which Bonds are issued, as modified, amended and/or supplemented from time to time.

“Land Use Category” means any of the categories listed in Table 1.

“Maximum Special Tax” means for each Assessor’s Parcel and each Fiscal Year, the Maximum Special Tax, determined in accordance with Section C, below, that may be levied on such Assessor’s Parcel in such Fiscal Year.

“Non-Residential Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property for which a building permit was issued for any type of non-residential use.

“Outstanding Bonds” means all Bonds which are deemed to be outstanding under an Indenture(s).

“Property Owner Association Property” means, for each Fiscal Year, any property within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 that is owned by a property owner association, including any master or sub-association as shown on the equalized roll of the County which is

available on or about July 1st of the Fiscal Year provided however, that no such classification shall reduce the Acreage of all Taxable Property within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 to less than the minimum Acreage pursuant to Section E.

“Proportionately” means, for Developed Property, that the quotient of (i) the actual Special Tax levy less the Assigned Special Tax divided by (ii) the Backup Special Tax less the Assigned Special Tax is equal for all Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property for which the Maximum Special Tax is derived by the application of the Backup Special Tax. For Undeveloped Property “Proportionately” means that the ratio of the actual Special Tax levy per Acre to the Maximum Special Tax per Acre is equal for all Assessor’s Parcels of Undeveloped Property. For Property Owner Association Property that is not Exempt Property and Public Property that is not Exempt Property, “Proportionately” means that the ratio of the actual Special Tax levy per Acre to the Maximum Special Tax per Acre is equal for all Assessor’s Parcels of Property Owner Association Property and Public Property.

“Public Property” means, for each Fiscal Year, any property within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 that is (i) used for rights-of-way or any other purpose and is owned by the federal government, the State, the County or any other public agency, including school districts, as shown on the equalized roll of the County which is available on or about July 1st of the Fiscal Year or (ii) encumbered by a public or utility easement making impractical its utilization for other than the purpose set forth in the easement as shown on the equalized roll of the County which is available on or about July 1st of the Fiscal Year, provided however, that no such classification shall reduce the Acreage of all Taxable Property within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 to less than the minimum Acreage pursuant to Section E and provided that any property leased by a public agency to a private entity and subject to taxation under Section 53340.1 of the Act shall be taxed at the rate as described in Section C.2.(a) and as applicable per Section D.

“Rate and Method of Apportionment” means this “Amendment No. 1 to Rate and Method of Appointment of Special Taxes for Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District Improvement Area No. 2.”

“Residential Property” means all Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property for which a building permit has been issued for purposes of constructing one or more residential Dwelling Units.

“School District” means the Hemet Unified School District.

“Special Tax” or “Special Taxes” means the special tax to be levied in each Fiscal Year on each Assessor’s Parcel of Taxable Property within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 in accordance with this Rate and Method of Apportionment.

“Special Tax Requirement” means for each Fiscal Year, that amount required for IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 to: (i) pay Administration Expenses of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 as provided in this Rate and Method of Apportionment; (ii) pay debt service on all Outstanding Bonds due in the calendar year that commences in such Fiscal Year; (iii) pay periodic costs on the Bonds,

including but not limited to, credit enhancement and rebate payments on the Bonds; (iv) pay any amounts required to replenish any reserve funds for all Outstanding Bonds; (v) pay directly for acquisition or construction of facilities that are eligible to be financed through IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 under the Act, as reasonably determined by the School District, so long as the inclusion of such amount does not cause an increase in the Special Tax levy attributable to the Undeveloped Property; (vi) pay for reasonably anticipated delinquent Special Taxes based on the delinquency rate of Special Taxes within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 levied in the previous Fiscal Year if available or if not available, the lowest delinquency rate of all community facilities districts of the School District, so long as the inclusion of such amount does not cause an increase in the Special Tax levy attributable to the Undeveloped Property prior to the issuance of Bonds, less (vii) a credit for funds available to reduce the annual Special Tax levy, as determined by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services pursuant to the Indenture.

“State” means the State of California.

“Taxable Property” means all of the Assessor’s Parcels within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 which have not been prepaid pursuant to Section I or, which are not exempt from the Special Tax pursuant to law or Section E below.

“Trustee” means the trustee or fiscal agent under an Indenture(s).

“Undeveloped Property” means, for each Fiscal Year, all Taxable Property not classified as Developed Property, Property Owner Association Property or Public Property as shown on the equalized roll of the County which is available on or about July 1st of the Fiscal Year.

“Weighted Average Interest Rate” calculated as of the date the most recent series of Bonds were issued (including refunding Bonds) means the net interest cost of the Bonds derived by adding together all the interest payments for the term of the Bonds and dividing that sum by the sum of the amount of each Bond multiplied by the number of years such Bond is outstanding.

B. ASSIGNMENT TO LAND USE CATEGORIES

Each Fiscal Year, all Taxable Property within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 shall be classified as Developed Property, Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property that is not Exempt Property or Public Property that is not Exempt Property and shall be subject to Special Taxes in accordance with this Rate and Method of Apportionment determined pursuant to Sections C and D below. Assessor’s Parcels of Developed Property shall further be classified as Residential Property or Non-Residential Property.

C. MAXIMUM SPECIAL TAX RATE

1. **Developed Property**

a. Maximum Special Tax

The Maximum Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property that is classified as Residential Property shall be the greater of (i) the amount derived by application of the Assigned Special Tax or (ii) the amount derived by application of the Backup Special Tax.

The Maximum Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Non-Residential Property shall be the Assigned Special Tax described in Table 1.

b. Assigned Special Tax

The Assigned Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property is shown in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1
Assigned Special Taxes for Developed Property
Fiscal Year 2022/23

Land Use Category	Taxable Unit	Developed Floor Area	Assigned Special Tax Per Taxable Unit
1 - Residential Property	DU	Less than 2,201 sq. ft.	\$2,533.01
2 - Residential Property	DU	2,201 sq. ft. to 2,400 sq. ft.	\$2,641.19
3 - Residential Property	DU	2,401 sq. ft. to 2,600 sq. ft.	\$2,809.49
4 - Residential Property	DU	2,601 sq. ft. to 2,800 sq. ft.	\$2,753.39
5 - Residential Property	DU	2,801 sq. ft. to 3,000 sq. ft.	\$2,844.66
6 - Residential Property	DU	Greater than 3,000 sq. ft.	\$3,089.99
7 - Non-Residential Property	Acre	NA	\$16,468.08

c. Backup Special Tax

The Backup Special Tax per Assessor's Parcel of Residential Property within the IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 was determined by multiplying the Maximum Special Tax per Acre for Undeveloped Property for the current Fiscal Year by the total Acreage of Taxable Property, excluding the Acreage associated with Non-Residential Property, Public Property and Property Owner's Association Property in the portion of such Final Map included within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 and dividing such amount by the number of Assessor's Parcels that are or are expected to be Residential Property (i.e., the number of residential lots or Dwelling Units) within such Final Map included

within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6. Table 2 below provides the calculation of the Backup Special Tax for Fiscal Year 2022/23 for IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6.

TABLE 2
Backup Special Tax: Example
Fiscal Year 2022/23

Tract Map Status	Final Map Acreage of Taxable Property	Number of Residential Dwelling Units	Status of Backup Tax*	Backup Special Tax per Lot or Dwelling Unit*
Final Tract Map 30807	35.84	190	Final	(\$16,468.08 times 35.84 divided by 190 lots) \$3,045.49

* Note: The Backup Special Tax per lot or Dwelling Unit cannot be determined until the Final Map is recorded. After recordation, the Backup Special Tax per lot may be modified if the Final Map is modified as described below.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if all or any portion of the applicable Final Maps contained within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 is subsequently changed or modified, then the Backup Special Tax for each Assessor's Parcel of Residential Property in such Final Map area contained within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 that is changed or modified shall be a rate per square foot of Acreage calculated as follows:

1. Determine the total Backup Special Taxes anticipated to apply to the changed or modified Final Map area prior to the change or modification.
2. The result of paragraph 1 above shall be divided by the total Acreage of Taxable Property within such changed or modified Final Map area, excluding the Acreage associated with Non-Residential Property, Public Property and Property Owner Association Property which is ultimately expected to exist in such changed or modified Final Map area contained within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6, as reasonably determined by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services.
3. The result of paragraph 2 above shall be divided by 43,560. The result is the Backup Special Tax per square foot of Acreage which shall be applicable to Assessor's Parcels of Developed Property classified as Residential Property in such changed or modified Final Map area contained within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6, subject to increases pursuant to Section C.1.d.

d. Escalation

Each July 1st, commencing July 1, 2023, the Assigned Special Taxes and the Backup Special Tax shall increase by two percent (2%) of the amount established in the prior Fiscal Year.

2. Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property and Public Property

a. Maximum Special Tax

The Maximum Special Tax for Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property that is not Exempt Property and Public Property that is not Exempt Property within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 shall be \$16,468.08 per Acre for Fiscal Year 2022/23.

b. Escalation

Each July 1st, commencing July 1, 2023, the Maximum Special Tax for Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property and Public Property shall increase by two percent (2%) of the amount established in the prior Fiscal Year.

3. Reduction of Special Tax.

Notwithstanding Section C.1 and Section C.2, up to 120 days prior to the expected issuance of the first series of Bonds, the Board may determine, by resolution, upon a date set by the Board at its sole discretion on or before the date of issuance of the first series of Bonds to reduce the Assigned Special Tax applicable to Developed Property, Section C.1.(b), and Maximum Special Tax applicable to Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property and Public Property, Section C.2.(a), to an amount which shall be designated by the Board in such resolution. Such amendment to the Assigned Special Tax applicable to Developed Property and Maximum Special Tax applicable to Undeveloped Property, Property Owner Association Property and Public Property shall thereafter be permanent.

Concurrent with the reduction of the Assigned Special Tax, the Board shall also reduce the Backup Special Tax applicable to an Assessor's Parcel of Residential Property. The reduced Backup Special Tax shall be calculated pursuant to the formula in Section C.1.(c) above based on the reduced Maximum Special Tax rate for Undeveloped Property and shall also be designated in the Board resolution.

In the event of a Special Tax reduction pursuant to this Section C.3, the Board shall direct in such resolution that a notice of the reduction in the Special Tax shall be recorded pursuant to the requirement of law.

D. METHOD OF APPORTIONMENT OF THE SPECIAL TAX

Commencing with Fiscal Year 2022/23 and for each following Fiscal Year, the School District shall levy the Special Tax as follows:

First: The Special Tax shall be levied on each Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property in an amount equal to the applicable Assigned Special Tax;

Second: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first step has been completed, the Special Tax shall be levied Proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property in an amount up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for Undeveloped Property to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement; and

Third: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first two steps have been completed, the Special Tax shall be levied Proportionately on each Assessor's Parcel of Public Property and Property Owner Association Property which is not Exempt Property in an amount up to 100% of the Maximum Special Tax for Property Owner Association Property and Public Property to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement; and

Fourth: If additional moneys are needed to satisfy the Special Tax Requirement after the first three steps have been completed, the levy of the Special Tax on each Assessor's Parcel of Residential Property for which the Maximum Special Tax is determined through the application of the Backup Special Tax shall be increased Proportionately from the Assigned Special Tax up to the Maximum Special Tax.

E. EXEMPTIONS

Any Assessor's Parcel within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 that is owned or irrevocably dedicated to a public agency as of the date of formation of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 shall be classified as Exempt Property and shall be exempt from the Special Tax in accordance with Section 53340 of the Act.

Except as limited in the following paragraph, the following Assessor's Parcels within the boundaries of IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 shall be classified as Exempt Property: (i) Assessor's Parcels which are classified by definition as Public Property or Property Owner Association Property, (ii) Assessor's Parcels which are privately owned and are encumbered by or restricted solely for public uses, and (iii) Assessor's Parcels which are used for other types of public uses as determined by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services.

Tax exempt status will be irrevocably assigned in the chronological order in which property becomes Exempt Property provided, however, that no such classification shall reduce the Acreage of all Taxable Property within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 to less than 32.26 Acres. Assessor's Parcels that would, if designated as Exempt Property, cause the Acreage of all Taxable Property to be less than 32.26 Acres shall be required to either (i) prepay the Special Tax for such Assessor's Parcel in full at the then applicable Maximum Special Tax rate per Acre for Property Owner Association Property or Public Property, Section C.2.(a), applied to the Acres of such Assessor's Parcel, which resulting amount is to be used as the Assigned Special Tax in the calculation of the prepayment pursuant to Section I.1 or (ii) be subject to taxation pursuant to the third step of Section D.

F. APPEAL

Any property owner claiming that the amount or application of the Special Tax is not correct may file a written notice of appeal with the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services. The written notice of appeal must be filed within twelve months after having paid the first installment of the Special Tax that is disputed and the property owner must be current and remain current in the payment of all Special Tax levied on or before the payment date.

The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services shall promptly review the appeal, and if necessary, meet with the property owner, consider written and oral evidence regarding the amount of the Special Tax, and rule on the appeal. If the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services' decision requires that the Special Tax for an Assessor's Parcel be modified or changed in favor of the property owner, an adjustment shall be made to the Special Tax on that Assessor's Parcel in the subsequent Fiscal Year(s) and a cash refund shall be made representing the amount of the adjustment for the most recent Fiscal Year if the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services determines such funds are available. If funds are not available to provide a cash refund, a credit to the levy of Special Tax in one or more subsequent Fiscal Years shall be made in the same amount.

The Assistant Superintendent of Business Services may interpret this Rate and Method of Apportionment for purposes of clarifying ambiguity and make determinations relative to the amount of Special Taxes levied.

G. MANNER OF COLLECTION

The Special Tax will be collected in the same manner and at the same time as ordinary *ad valorem* property taxes; provided, however, that CFD No. 2021-6 may directly bill the Special Tax, may collect Special Taxes at a different time or in a different manner if necessary to meet its financial obligations, and may covenant to foreclose and may actually foreclose on delinquent Assessor's Parcels as permitted by the Act.

H. ASSIGNED SPECIAL TAX REMAINDER FROM DEVELOPED PROPERTY

In any Fiscal Year, when proceeds of Assigned Special Taxes from Developed Property are greater than principal and interest on Bonds and the Administrative Expenses, such amount(s) shall be available for the School District, subject to any required reserve fund replenishment. The School District shall use proceeds for acquisition, construction or financing of school facilities in accordance with the Act and other applicable law, as determined by the School District.

I. PREPAYMENT OF SPECIAL TAX

1. Prepayment in Full

The Special Tax obligation may only be prepaid and permanently satisfied for an Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property, Undeveloped Property for which a building permit has been issued, and Public Property and/or Property Owner's Association Property that is not Exempt Property pursuant to Section E. The prepayment amount for an Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property for which a building permit has been issued shall be based on the Assigned Special Tax for the applicable Land Use Category shown in Table 1 based on the building permit issued for such Assessor's Parcel and the then current Assigned Special Tax rates. The Special Tax obligation applicable to such Assessor's Parcel may be fully prepaid and the obligation to pay the Special Tax for such Assessor's Parcel permanently satisfied as described herein; provided that a prepayment may be made only if there are no delinquent Special Taxes with respect to such Assessor's Parcel at the time of prepayment. An owner of an Assessor's Parcel intending to prepay the Special Tax obligation shall provide the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services with written notice of intent to prepay, and within five (5) days of receipt of such notice, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services shall notify such owner of the amount of the non-refundable deposit determined to cover the cost to be incurred by CFD No. 2021-6 with respect to IA-2 in calculating the proper amount of a prepayment. Within fifteen (15) days of receipt of such non-refundable deposit, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services shall notify such owner of the prepayment amount for such Assessor's Parcel.

- a) The prepayment amount for an Assessor's Parcel will be equal to the sum of (1) the present value of the Assigned Special Tax of such Assessor's Parcel and the amount determined pursuant to Section I.1.c., if applicable, using a discount rate equal to 4.50% prior to the issuance of Bonds or the Weighted Average Interest Rate after the issuance of Bonds and a term equal to the lesser of (i) the remaining term for which the Special Tax may be levied pursuant to Section J or (ii) 35 years plus (2) the redemption premium, if any, as provided in the Indenture. The redemption premium shall be calculated by multiplying the present value calculated pursuant to part (1) of the prior sentence by the applicable redemption premium percentage as of the prepayment calculation date as indicated in the Indenture. Special Taxes that have already been levied as of the date of the prepayment shall not be considered in the calculations made pursuant to this Section I.1.
- b) A reasonable administrative fee (net of the non-refundable deposit) for determining and administering such prepayment shall be added to the amount determined in Section I.1.a.
- c) If at the date of the prepayment calculation all or a portion of the Backup Special Tax is being levied as a result of the total Residential Property and Nonresidential Property within IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6 being less than the total estimated Residential Property and Nonresidential Property that was assumed when the Bonds were issued as determined by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, that portion of the

Backup Special Tax being levied in excess of the Assigned Special Tax for the Assessor's Parcel for which the prepayment is being sought shall be added to the Assigned Special Tax in Section I.1.a. (before calculating the present value) for purposes of calculating the prepayment amount.

- d) Prior to the issuance of Bonds, the prepayment amount, after reduction for administrative expenses, shall be deposited into a separate account held with the School District and disbursed to fund facilities authorized by CFD No. 2021-6 and in accordance with the documents approved by the School District related to IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6. After the issuance of Bonds, the prepayment amount, after the reduction for administrative expenses, shall be deposited into the applicable accounts or funds established pursuant to the Indenture. If additional Bonds are anticipated to be issued at the time of the prepayment, not to include the refunding of any outstanding Bonds, the prepayment amount, after reduction for administrative expenses, shall be allocated as determined by the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services and deposited as directed above for both prepayments prior to the issuance of Bonds and after the issuance of Bonds.

Upon cash payment of the prepayment amount due pursuant to the above and upon owner providing confirmation from the County to the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services that all prior and current Fiscal Year's Special Taxes, including any delinquency penalties and interest, for such Assessor's Parcel has been paid, the School District shall cause a suitable notice to be recorded in compliance with the Act, to indicate the prepayment of Special Taxes and the release of the Special Tax lien on such Assessor's Parcel, and the obligation of the owner of such Assessor's Parcel to pay the Special Tax shall cease.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Special Tax prepayment shall be allowed unless the amount of Assigned Special Taxes that may be levied on Taxable Property assuming buildout of IA-2, less Administrative Expenses, both prior to and after the proposed prepayment, is at least 1.1 times the annual debt service on all Outstanding Bonds in each future Fiscal Year.

Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, the Special Tax for an Assessor's Parcel shall be deemed to be prepaid in whole on the date on which a notice of special tax lien is recorded against the Assessor's Parcel showing that such Assessor's Parcel has been included in a separate Community Facilities District of the School District. Upon such occurrence the School District shall cause a suitable notice to be recorded in compliance with the Act, to indicate the prepayment of Special Taxes and the release of the Special Tax lien on such Assessor's Parcel, and the obligation of such Assessor's Parcel to pay the Special Tax shall cease.

2. Prepayment in Part

The Special Tax obligation for an Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property or an Assessor's Parcel of Undeveloped Property for which a building permit has been issued may be partially prepaid, provided an Assessor's Parcel of Developed Property may only be partially prepaid

prior to or concurrent with the close of escrow of a sale to the initial homebuyer. The amount of the prepayment shall be calculated as in Section I.1; except that a partial prepayment shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$PP = (P_E \times F) + G$$

These terms have the following meaning:

- PP = the partial prepayment amount.
- P_E = the prepayment amount calculated according to Section I.1.a.
- F = the percent by which the owner of the Assessor's Parcel(s) is partially prepaying the Special Tax obligation.
- G = the administrative fee determined in Section I.1.b.

The owner of an Assessor's Parcel who desires to partially prepay the Special Tax obligation shall notify the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services of (i) such owner's intent to partially prepay the Special Tax obligation, and (ii) the percentage by which the Special Tax obligation shall be prepaid, and within five (5) days of receipt of such notice, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services shall notify such owner of the amount of the non-refundable deposit to cover the cost to be incurred by CFD No. 2021-6 in calculating the proper amount of a partial prepayment. Within fifteen (15) days of receipt of such non-refundable deposit, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services shall notify such owner of the partial prepayment amount of such Assessor's Parcel.

With respect to any Assessor's Parcel for which the Special Tax obligation is partially prepaid, the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services shall (i) distribute the funds remitted pursuant to Section I.1.d, and (ii) indicate in the records of CFD No. 2021-6 with respect to IA-2 that there has been a partial prepayment of the Special Tax obligation and that a portion of the Assigned Special Tax and Backup Special Tax equal to the outstanding percentage $(1.00 - F)$ of the Assigned Special Tax and Backup Special Tax shall continue to be authorized to be levied on such Assessor's Parcel pursuant to Section D.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no partial Special Tax prepayment shall be allowed unless the amount of Assigned Special Taxes that may be levied on Taxable Property assuming buildout of IA-2, less Administrative Expenses, both prior to and after the proposed partial prepayment, is at least 1.1 times the annual debt service on all Outstanding Bonds in each future Fiscal Year.

J. TERM OF THE SPECIAL TAX

The Special Tax shall be levied annually on each Assessor's Parcels of Taxable Property for a term of five (5) Fiscal Years after the final maturity of the last series of Bonds, provided that the Special Taxes shall not be levied later than Fiscal Year 2063/64.

K. PURPOSE OF THE SPECIAL TAXES

A summary of the proposed facilities to be financed include, but is not limited to, (1) water and sewer facilities of Eastern Municipal Water District (“EMWD”), (2) facilities of the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District (“VWRPD”), and (3) elementary, middle, and high school buildings; special education facilities and transportation facilities, as well as central administration and support facilities as needed and applicable, together with land and all necessary equipment including technology improvements, equipment and personal property of the School District, together with an estimated useful life of five (5) years or longer to serve the properties and students within CFD No. 2021-6 IA-2, the School District, EMWD and VWRPD. The authorized facilities are detailed in the Resolution of Intention to Establish CFD No. 2021-6 approved by the School District related to IA-2 of CFD No. 2021-6. The herein-provided Special Taxes are contractually encumbered and committed to the School District as contemplated by Section 9 of Article 1 of the California Constitution and the applicable provisions of the Federal Constitution.

APPENDIX C

SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE FISCAL AGENT AGREEMENT

The following is a brief summary of certain provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement with respect to the Bonds not otherwise summarized in the text of this Official Statement under the headings “THE BONDS” and “SECURITY FOR THE BONDS.” This summary does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive and is subject to all the terms and provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement in its entirety to which reference is made for the detailed provisions thereof.

DEFINITIONS

“Account” means any account created pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Act” means the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, being Sections 53311, *et seq.*, of the California Government Code, as amended.

“Additional Bonds” means additional Bonds, authorized by and at any time Outstanding pursuant to the Act and the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Administrative Expense Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement for the purpose of paying Administrative Expenses of the Fiscal Agent, the Community Facilities District, and the School District pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Administrative Expense Requirement” means an initial amount of \$28,717.14 for Fiscal Year 2026-27, escalating at 2% per Fiscal Year for each successive Fiscal Year, or such other lesser amount as directed by the Community Facilities District as necessary for administration of the Community Facilities District.

“Administrative Expenses” means the ordinary and necessary fees and expenses for proceedings of the Community Facilities District, issuance of the Bonds, determination of the Special Tax and administering the levy and collection of the Special Tax and of servicing the Bonds, including any or all of the following: the fees and expenses of the Fiscal Agent (including any fees or expenses of its counsel), the expenses of the Community Facilities District and the School District in carrying out their duties under the Fiscal Agent Agreement (including, but not limited to, annual audits, special tax consultants and attorneys, and costs incurred in the levying and collection of the Special Taxes, the costs incurred in the foreclosure of parcels delinquent in the payment of Special Taxes and costs of compliance with disclosure obligations of the Community Facilities District) including the fees and expenses of its counsel, an allocable share of the salaries of staff to the School District directly related thereto and a proportionate amount of general administrative overhead related thereto and all other costs and expenses of the School District (acting as administrator of the Community Facilities District), the Dissemination Agent and the Fiscal Agent incurred in connection with the discharge of their respective duties under the Fiscal Agent Agreement and, in the case of the School District, in any way related to the administration of the Community Facilities District, including “Administrative Expenses” as defined in the Rate and Method of Apportionment for the Community Facilities District.

“Annual Debt Service” means for each Bond Year from the date of the Bonds to their maturity the annual debt service, including:

(1) the principal amount of all Outstanding Bonds payable in such Bond Year either at maturity or pursuant to a Sinking Payment; and

(2) the interest payable on the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding in such Bond Year assuming the Bonds are retired as scheduled.

“Apportionment” means the apportionment of tax revenues, including Special Taxes and other amounts constituting Gross Taxes, by the Auditor-Controller of the County of Riverside.

“Appraisal Report” means an appraisal prepared by an MAI appraiser appointed and retained by the School District or the Community Facilities District.

“Authorized Denominations” means \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

“Authorized Representative” means (i) the Superintendent, (ii) the Deputy Superintendent, Business Services, (iii) the written designee of the Superintendent or the Deputy Superintendent, Business Services, or (iv) any other officer or employee authorized by the Governing Board of the School District.

“Average Annual Debt Service” means the average over all Bond Years of the Annual Debt Service from the date of the Bonds to their maturity.

“Bond Counsel” means (a) Jones Hall LLP, or (b) any other attorney or firm of attorneys, selected by the Community Facilities District with expertise in rendering opinions as to the legality and tax-exempt status of securities issued by public entities, of nationally recognized standing in matters pertaining to the tax treatment of interest on bonds issued by states and their political subdivisions, duly admitted to the practice of law before the highest court of any state of the United States of America or the District of Columbia.

“Bond Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Bond Register” means the books which the Fiscal Agent shall keep or cause to be kept, on which the registration and transfer of the Bonds shall be recorded.

“Bond Year” means the twelve-month period beginning on the day after expiration of the preceding Bond Year. The first Bond Year shall begin on the Closing Date and end on September 1, 2026.

“Bondowner” or “Owner” means the person or persons in whose name or names ownership of any Bond is registered on the Registration Books.

“Bonds” means the 2026 Bonds and any Additional Bonds, authorized by and at any time Outstanding pursuant to the Act and the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Business Day” means a day which is not a Saturday or Sunday and which is a day that banks in New York, New York, Los Angeles, California, and the city in which the Trust Office of the Fiscal Agent is located, are not required or authorized to remain closed.

“Closing Date” means (i) with respect to the 2026 Bonds, the date of delivery of the 2026 Bonds by the Community Facilities District and payment therefor by the original purchaser thereof the date of delivery of the Bonds by the Community Facilities District and payment therefor by the original purchaser thereof and (b) with respect to each Series of Additional Bonds, , the date of delivery of such Series of Additional Bonds by the Community Facilities District and payment therefor by the original purchaser thereof.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any regulations, rulings, judicial decisions, and notices, announcements, and other releases of the United States Treasury Department or Internal Revenue Service interpreting and construing it.

“Community Facilities District” means Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District, established pursuant to the Act.

“Completion of the Project” means certification by an Authorized Representative to the Fiscal Agent that all Project Costs have been paid or are not required to be paid from the Construction Fund.

“Construction Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Continuing Disclosure Agreement” means that certain Continuing Disclosure Certificate provided by the Community Facilities District in connection with the issuance of the Bonds, as originally executed and as may be amended from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof.

“Costs of Issuance” means the costs and expenses incurred in connection with the Community Facilities District proceedings and the issuance and sale of the Bonds, including, but not limited to, the acceptance and initial annual fees and expenses of the Fiscal Agent, fees and expenses of the appraiser, legal fees and expenses, costs of reproducing the Bonds, costs of printing the preliminary and final Official Statement, fees of financial consultants, payment to the Developer for the formation deposit, and all other related fees and expenses.

“Costs of Issuance Account” means the account by that name in the Construction Fund created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement from which the Costs of Issuance will be paid.

“Dated Date” means the date of initial issuance and delivery of the Bonds.

“Debt Service” means the principal of and interest payable on the Bonds in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Depository” means (a) initially, DTC, and (b) any other Securities Depository acting as Depository pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Depository System Participant” means any participant in the Depository’s book-entry system.

“Developer” means Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD, Inc. a California corporation.

“Dissemination Agent” means Fieldman, Rolapp & Associates, Inc. dba Applied Best Practices, or any successor dissemination agent appointed by the Community Facilities District pursuant to the Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

“DTC” means The Depository Trust Company, and its successors and assigns.

“EMWD” means Eastern Municipal Water District, and its successors and assigns.

“EMWD Facilities Account” means the account by that name in the Construction Fund established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Event of Default” means any of the events specified in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

"Fair Market Value" means the price at which a willing buyer would purchase the investment from a willing seller in a bona fide, arm's length transaction (determined as of the date the contract to purchase or sell the investment becomes binding) if the investment is traded on an established securities market (within the meaning of section 1273 of the Code) and, otherwise, the term "Fair Market Value" means the acquisition price in a bona fide arm's length transaction (as referenced above) if (i) the investment is a certificate of deposit that is acquired in accordance with applicable regulations under the Code, (ii) the investment is an agreement with specifically negotiated withdrawal or reinvestment provisions and a specifically negotiated interest rate (for example, a guaranteed investment contract, a forward supply contract or other investment agreement) that is acquired in accordance with applicable regulations under the Code, (iii) the investment is a United States Treasury Security--State and Local Government Series that is acquired in accordance with applicable regulations of the United States Bureau of Public Debt, or (iv) any commingled investment fund in which the Issuer and related parties do not own more than a 10% beneficial interest therein if the return paid by the fund is without regard to the source of the investment. To the extent required by the applicable regulations under the Code, the term “investment” will include a hedge.

“Federal Securities” means any of the following:

(a) Cash (insured at all times by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or otherwise collateralized with obligations described in paragraph (b) of the definition of the term “Permitted Investments” below);

(b) United States Treasury Certificates, Notes and Bonds (including State and Local Government Series – “SLGS”);

(c) Direct obligations of the Department of the Treasury of the United States of America including obligations issued or held in book entry form and those which have been stripped by the U.S. Treasury itself, e.g., CATS, TIGRS and similar securities;

(d) The interest component of Resolution Funding Corporation strips which have been stripped by request to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and are in book-entry form; and

(e) Obligations issued by the following agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States:

- (i) U.S. Export-Import Bank - direct obligations or fully guaranteed certificates of beneficial ownership
- (ii) Rural Economic Community Development Administration (formerly the Farmers Home Administration) - certificates of beneficial ownership
- (iii) Federal Financing Bank

- (iv) General Services Administration - participation certificates
- (v) U.S. Maritime Administration - guaranteed Title XI financing
- (vi) U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)-Project Notes, Local Authority Bonds, New Communities Debentures - U.S. government guaranteed debentures, U.S. Public Housing Notes and Bonds - U.S. government guaranteed public housing notes and bonds.

“Fiscal Agent” means Zions Bancorporation, National Association, a national banking association, at its principal corporate trust office in Los Angeles, California, and its successors or assigns, or any other bank or trust company which may at any time be substituted in its place as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement and any successor thereto.

“Fiscal Agent Agreement” means the Fiscal Agent Agreement, as amended or supplemented pursuant to the terms thereof.

“Fiscal Year” means the twelve-month period terminating on June 30 of each year, or any other annual accounting period hereafter selected and designated by the School District as its Fiscal Year in accordance with applicable law.

“Governing Board” means the Governing Board of the Hemet Unified School District, acting on behalf of the Community Facilities District.

“Gross Proceeds” shall have the meaning set forth in the Tax Certificate.

“Gross Taxes” means, with respect to the Bonds, (i) the amount of all collected Special Taxes for Improvement Area No. 2, (ii) proceeds from the sale of property collected pursuant to the foreclosure provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement for the delinquency of such Special Taxes and (iii) proceeds from any security for payment of Special Taxes for Improvement Area No. 2 taken in lieu of foreclosure; *provided, however*, that the Community Facilities District may waive payment of penalties and interest accruing in connection with delinquent Special Tax payments (but not delinquent Special Tax payments, unless authorized in accordance with Section 53356.6 of the Government Code of the State) and to the extent waived, such amounts shall not constitute Gross Taxes.

“Improvement Area No. 2” means Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District.

“Independent Financial Consultant” means a financial consultant or firm of such consultants generally recognized to be well qualified in the financial consulting field, appointed and paid by the Community Facilities District and who, or each of whom is:

- (1) independent and not under the domination of the Community Facilities District;
- (2) not having any substantial interest, direct or indirect, with the Community Facilities District; and
- (3) not connected with the Community Facilities District or the Developer as a member, officer, or employee of the Community Facilities District or the Developer, but who may be regularly retained to make annual or other reports to the Community Facilities District or the Developer.

“Information Services” means the information services, if any, specified in the Fiscal Agent Agreement or such other information services as specified in writing by the Community Facilities District to the Fiscal Agent.

“Interest Account” means the account by that name in the Bond Fund created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Interest Payment Date” means each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2026.

“JCFA (VWRPD)” means the Joint Community Facilities Agreement with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, dated February 21, 2023, by and among the School District, the Community Facilities District, VWRPD, Cooper Skye-Meniffee, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD, Inc. a California corporation, as such agreement may from time to time be amended or supplemented, as the context requires.

“JCFA (EMWD)” means (i) the Joint Community Facilities Agreement with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, dated October 20, 2021, by and among the School District, EMWD, Cooper Skye-Meniffee, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD, Inc. a California corporation and (ii) Amendment No. 1 to Joint Community Facilities Agreement, dated September 13, 2022, by and among the School District, EMWD, Cooper Skye-Meniffee, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD, Inc. a California corporation, as such agreement may from time to time be amended or supplemented, as the context requires.

“Legislative Body” means the Governing Board of the School District, acting as the legislative body of the Community Facilities District.

“Maximum Annual Debt Service” means, as of the date of any calculation, the largest annual installment of principal (including Sinking Payments) and interest on the Bonds during the current or any future Bond Year.

“Maximum Special Tax” shall have the meaning given to such term in the Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax for Improvement Area No. 2.

“Mitigation Agreement” means the School Facilities Funding and Mitigation Agreement, dated as of September 14, 2021, by and among the School District, Cooper Skye-Meniffee, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership and Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD, Inc. a California corporation.

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, its successors and assigns.

“Net Special Taxes” means, with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, the amount of all Gross Taxes minus the Administrative Expense Requirement.

“Nonpurpose Investment” has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Tax Certificate.

“Opinion of Bond Counsel” means a written opinion of counsel of recognized national standing in the field of law relating to municipal bonds.

“Ordinance” means Ordinance No. CFD-24 adopted, signed, and approved on October 18, 2022, in connection with the change proceedings for the Community Facilities District, by the legislative body of the Community Facilities District authorizing the levy of a Special Tax in Improvement Area No. 2.

“Outstanding Bonds” means all Bonds theretofore issued by the Community Facilities District with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, except:

(1) Bonds theretofore canceled or surrendered for cancellation in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement;

(2) Bonds for payment or redemption of which moneys shall have been theretofore deposited in trust (whether upon or prior to the maturity or the redemption date of such Bonds), provided that, if such Bonds are to be redeemed prior to the maturity thereof, notice of such redemption shall have been given as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement; and

(3) Bonds defeased but without notice being given pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Participating Underwriter” shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in the Community Facilities District Continuing Disclosure Agreement.

“Payment Request Form” means a payment request form substantially in the form of Exhibit B of the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Permitted Investments” means any of the following which at the time of investment are legal investments (any direction of the Community Facilities District to the Fiscal Agent constituting a certification to the Fiscal Agent that such investments are legal investments) under the laws of the State for the moneys proposed to be invested therein, but only to the extent that the same are acquired at Fair Market Value:

Cash (insured at all times by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or otherwise collateralized with obligations described in paragraph (b) below);

(a) Federal Securities;

(b) Senior debt obligations rated “AAA” by S&P issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation;

(c) U.S. dollar denominated deposit accounts, federal funds and banker's acceptances with domestic commercial banks which have a rating on their short term certificates of deposit on the date of purchase of “A-1” or “A-1+” by S&P and maturing no more than 360 days after the date of purchase (ratings on holding companies are not considered as the rating of the bank);

(d) Commercial paper which is rated at the time of purchase in the single highest classification, “A-1+” by S&P and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase;

(e) Investments in a money market fund rated “AAAm” or “AAAm-G” or better by S&P;
and

(f) Pre-refunded Municipal Obligations defined as follows: Any bonds or other

obligations of any state of the United States of America or of any agency, instrumentality, or local governmental unit of any such state which are not callable at the option of the obligor prior to maturity or as to which irrevocable instructions have been given by the obligor to call on the date specified in the notice;

(1) which are rated, based on an irrevocable escrow account or fund (the “escrow”), in the highest rating category of S&P or any successors thereto; or

(2) (i) which are fully secured as to principal and interest and redemption premium, if any, by an escrow consisting only of cash or obligations described in paragraph (b) above, which escrow may be applied only to the payment of such principal of and interest and redemption premium, if any, on such bonds or other obligations on the maturity date or dates thereof or the specified redemption date or dates pursuant to such irrevocable instructions, as appropriate, and (ii) which escrow is sufficient, as verified by a nationally recognized independent certified public accountant, to pay principal of and interest and redemption premium, if any, on the bonds or other obligations described in this paragraph on the maturity date or dates specified in the irrevocable instructions referred to above, as appropriate.

“Prepaid Special Taxes” means all Special Taxes prepaid with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District pursuant to the Rate and Method of Apportionment during the term of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, less related Administrative Expenses.

“Prepayment Account” means the account by that name in the Special Tax Fund created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement in which are deposited all Special Taxes prepaid by a property owner in accordance with the Rate and Method of Apportionment.

“Principal Account” means the account by that name within the Bond Fund created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Project” means (i) the planning, engineering, design, acquisition, construction, lease, improvement and/or financing of interim and permanent facilities, including classrooms, multi-purpose facilities, recreational facilities, administration, and auxiliary space at school facilities, central support, and transportation facilities as more particularly described in the Resolution of Formation, (ii) the construction, acquisition, modification, expansion, maintenance and/or rehabilitation of water facilities and/or sewer system facilities, including capacity in the sewer system and/or water system of EMWD as more particularly described in the Resolution of Formation, and (iii) the construction, acquisition, modification, expansion, maintenance and/or rehabilitation of property or improvements, or both, to be owned by VWRPD, including but not limited to: parks, paseos, and trails that have been constructed to VWRPD's standards, as more particularly described in the Resolution of Formation; including the costs associated with the creation of the Community Facilities District, issuance of bonds, determination of the amount of taxes, collection of taxes, payment of taxes, or costs otherwise incurred in order to carry out the authorized purposes of the Community Facilities District; and any other expenses incidental to the construction , completion, and inspection of the authorized work.

“Project Costs” means the amounts necessary to finance or refinance the Project, to create and replenish any necessary reserve funds, to pay the annual costs associated with the Bonds, including, but not limited to, Fiscal Agent and other fees and to pay any “incidental expenses” of the Community Facilities District, as such term is defined in the Act, excluding Administrative Expenses.

“Rate and Method of Apportionment” means the Rate and Method of Apportionment approved by the Legislative Body pursuant to Resolution No. 2833, adopted on September 14, 2021, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to Rate and Method of Apportionment, approved by the Legislative Body pursuant to Resolution No. 2922, adopted on September 13, 2022, pursuant to which the Special Taxes in Improvement Area No. 2 will be levied.

“Rebate Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Record Date” means, with respect to any Interest Payment Date, the fifteenth calendar day, whether or not such day is a Business Day, of the month preceding such Interest Payment Date.

“Redemption Account” means the account by that name within the Redemption Fund created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Redemption Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Refunding Bonds” means Additional Bonds issued by the Community Facilities District with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, the net proceeds of which are used to refund all or a portion of the then Outstanding Bonds; provided that the principal and interest on the Additional Bonds to their final maturity date is less than the principal and interest on the Outstanding Bonds being refunded to their final maturity date, and the final maturity of the Additional Bonds is not later than the final maturity of the Outstanding Bonds being refunded.

“Reserve Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Reserve Requirement” means, as of any date of calculation, an amount equal to the least of (i) 10% of the proceeds the Bonds, (ii) Maximum Annual Debt Service on the Outstanding Bonds, or (iii) 125% of Average Annual Debt Service; provided, however:

(X) for purposes of clause (i), “proceeds” means the par amount of the Bonds, except that the issue price of the 2026 Bonds or any Additional Bonds excluding accrued interest shall be used rather than the par amount, if (1) the net original issue discount or premium of the 2026 Bonds or any Additional Bonds was less than 98% or more than 102% of the original principal amount of the 2026 Bonds or any Additional Bonds and (2) using the issue price would produce a lower result than using the par amount;

(Y) that in no event shall the amount calculated hereunder exceed the amount on deposit in the Reserve Fund on the date of issuance of the 2026 Bonds (if they are the only Bonds covered by the Reserve Fund) or the most recently issued series of Additional Bonds except in connection with any increase associated with the issuance of Additional Bonds; and

(Z) that in no event shall the amount required to be deposited into the Reserve Fund in connection with the issuance of a series of Additional Bonds exceed the maximum amount under the Code that can be financed with tax-exempt bonds and invested an unrestricted yield.

“Residual School Facilities Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Resolution of Change” means Resolution No. 2922 adopted by the Governing Board on September 13, 2022, pursuant to which the School District determined that certain changes with respect to the Community Facilities District and Improvement Area No.2 had been approved in accordance with the Mello-Roos Act.

“Resolution of Formation” means Resolution No. 2833 adopted by the Governing Board on September 14, 2021, pursuant to which the School District established the Community Facilities District and Improvement Area No. 2.

“Resolution of Issuance” means Resolution No. 4104 adopted by the Governing Board on April 14, 2026, authorizing the issuance of the Bonds and approving the terms and provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and certain other financing documents.

“School District” means the Hemet Unified School District, Hemet, California.

“School Facilities Account” means the account by that name in the Construction Fund established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Serial Bonds” means with respect to each Series of Bonds, all of the Bonds of such Series with annual maturities excluding Term Bonds of such Series.

“Series” when used with reference to the Bonds, shall mean all of the Bonds authenticated and delivered on original issuance and identified pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement or a Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement authorizing such Bonds as a separate Series of Bonds, and any Bonds thereafter authenticated and delivered in lieu of or in substitution for such Bonds and each Series of Bonds shall be secured solely by and payable solely from Special Taxes as more fully provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Sinking Account” means the account in the Redemption Fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Sinking Payment” means with respect to a Series of Bonds an annual payment to be applied to redeem a portion of the Term Bonds of such Series in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement or Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement, as applicable.

“Special Tax” or “Special Taxes” means the special taxes authorized to be levied by the Community Facilities District within Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District in accordance with the Ordinance, the Resolution of Formation, the Resolution of Change, the Act and the approval of the qualified electors therein, or otherwise permitted to be levied subsequent thereto after approval by the qualified electors of Improvement Area No. 2 in accordance with the Act, including any scheduled payments and any prepayments thereof, interest and penalties thereon and proceeds of the redemption or sale of property sold as a result of foreclosure of the lien of the Special Taxes.

“Special Tax Consultant” means Special District Financing & Administration or any successor Special Tax Consultant designed by the Community Facilities District.

“Special Tax Fund” means the fund by that name created and established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Standard & Poor’s” or “S&P” means Standard & Poor’s Ratings Group, its successors, or assigns.

“Superintendent” means the Superintendent of the School District, or his or her designee.

“Supplement” or “Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement” means any supplemental fiscal agent agreement hereafter duly authorized and entered into between the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent, supplementing, modifying, or amending the Fiscal Agent Agreement; but only if and to the extent that such Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement is specifically authorized thereunder.

“Tax Certificate” means the certificate delivered upon the issuance of the Bonds relating to Sections 103-150 of the Code, or any functionally similar replacement certificate as may be delivered by the Community Facilities District from time to time.

“Tax-Exempt” means, with reference to a Permitted Investment, Permitted Investments that are (i) tax-exempt obligations that are not specified private activity bonds under Section 57 of the Code, (ii) interests in a regulated investment company to the extent that at least 95% of the income to the holder of the interest is interest that is excludable from gross income under Section 103 of the Code; or (iii) certificates of indebtedness issued by the United States Treasury pursuant to the Demand Deposit State and Local Government Series program.

“Taxable Property” means all property in Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District that may be subject to levy of the Special Tax pursuant to the Rate and Method of Apportionment.

“Term Bonds” means the Bonds of a specified maturity with Sinking Payments as designated in the Fiscal Agent Agreement or in a Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement.

“Trust Office” means the corporate trust office of the Fiscal Agent, except for exchange, surrender and payment of the Bonds, in which case “Trust Office” shall refer to the corporate trust office of Zions Bancorporation, National Association, or in each case such other or additional offices as may be specified to the School District by the Fiscal Agent in writing.

“Underwriter” means Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated, the underwriter of the Bonds.

“VWRPD “ means the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District, and its successors and assigns.

“VWRPD Facilities Account” means the account by that name in the Construction Fund established pursuant to Section 3.01 hereof, which account constitutes the Other Facilities Account of the Improvement Fund described in the JCFA (VWRPD).

“Yield” has the meaning given to such term in the Code, which as of the Closing Date is specified in the Tax Certificate.

“2026 Bonds” means the aggregate principal amount of Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District Improvement Area No. 2 2026 Special Tax Bonds, authorized by and at any time Outstanding pursuant to the Act and the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

THE BONDS

Type and Nature of Bonds. The Bonds and interest thereon, together with any premium paid thereon upon redemption, are not obligations of the School District, but are limited obligations of the

Community Facilities District secured by and payable from an irrevocable first lien on and first pledge of the Net Special Taxes. Except with respect to the Net Special Taxes, neither the credit nor the taxing power of the Community Facilities District or the School District is pledged for the payment of the Bonds or the interest thereon, and no Owner of the Bonds may compel the exercise of taxing power by the Community Facilities District or the School District or the forfeiture of any of their property. The principal of and interest on the Bonds and premiums upon the redemption thereof, if any, are not a debt of the Community Facilities District, the School District, the State of California or any of its political subdivisions in contravention of any constitutional or statutory limitation or restriction. The Bonds are not general or special obligations of the School District nor general obligations of the Community Facilities District but are limited obligations of the Community Facilities District payable solely from certain amounts deposited by the Community Facilities District in the Special Tax Fund, Redemption Fund, and Reserve Fund. The Bonds are not a legal or equitable pledge, charge, lien, or encumbrance, upon any of the Community Facilities District's property, or upon any of its income, receipts, or revenues, except the amounts which are, under the Fiscal Agent Agreement and the Act, set aside for the payment of the Bonds and interest thereon, and neither the members of the Governing Board, as the Legislative Body of the Community Facilities District, the School District nor any persons executing the Bonds are liable personally on the Bonds by reason of their issuance.

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Community Facilities District shall not be required to advance any money derived from any source of income other than the Net Special Taxes for the payment of the interest on or the principal of the Bonds or for the performance of any covenants herein contained. The Community Facilities District may, however, advance funds for any such purpose, provided that such funds are derived from a source legally available for such purpose.

Equality of Bonds; Pledge of Net Special Taxes. Pursuant to the Act and the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Bonds shall be equally payable from the Net Special Taxes without priority for number, issue date, date of sale, date of execution, or date of delivery, and the payment of the interest on and principal of the Bonds and any premiums upon the redemption thereof shall be exclusively paid from the Net Special Taxes and moneys on deposit in the Special Tax Fund, the Bond Fund, the Redemption Fund, and the Reserve Fund which are hereby set aside for the payment of the Bonds. The Net Special Taxes and any interest earned on the Net Special Taxes shall constitute a trust fund held for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds to be applied to the payment of the interest on and principal of the Bonds and so long as any of the Bonds or interest thereon remain Outstanding shall not be used for any other purpose, except as permitted by the Fiscal Agent Agreement or any Supplement. Notwithstanding any provision contained in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary, Net Special Taxes deposited in the Rebate Fund and Gross Taxes deposited in the Administrative Expense Fund shall no longer be considered to be pledged to the Bonds, and none of the Administrative Expense Fund, the Construction Fund, the Rebate Fund, or the Residual School Facilities Fund shall be construed as a trust fund held for the benefit of the Owners of the Bonds.

Nothing in the Fiscal Agent Agreement or any Supplement shall preclude the redemption prior to maturity of any Bonds of any maturity subject to call and redemption and payment of said Bonds from proceeds of refunding bonds issued under the Act as the same now exists or as hereafter amended, or under any other law of the State of California.

Place and Form of Payment. The Bonds shall be payable both as to principal and interest, and as to any premiums upon the redemption thereof, in lawful money of the United States of America. The principal of the Bonds and any premiums due upon the redemption thereof shall be payable by check upon presentation and surrender thereof at the Trust Office of the Fiscal Agent. Interest on any Bond shall be payable from the Interest Payment Date next preceding the date of authentication of that Bond, unless

(i) such date of authentication is an Interest Payment Date in which event interest shall be payable from such date of authentication, (ii) the date of authentication is after a Record Date but prior to the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, in which event interest shall be payable from the Interest Payment Date immediately succeeding the date of authentication or (iii) the date of authentication is prior to the close of business on the first Record Date in which event interest shall be payable from the date of the Bonds; provided, however, that if at the time of authentication of a Bond, interest is in default, interest on that Bond shall be payable from the last Interest Payment Date to which the interest has been paid or made available for payment or if no interest has been paid on such Bond the interest shall be payable from the date of issuance of the Bonds. Interest on any Bond shall be paid to the person whose name shall appear in the Bond Register as the Owner of such Bond as of the close of business on the Record Date immediately preceding such Interest Payment Date. Such interest shall be paid by check of the Fiscal Agent mailed by first class mail, postage prepaid, to such Bondowner at his or her address as it appears on the Bond Register as of the close of business on the preceding Record Date, except the Owner of at least \$1,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of Bonds may be paid by wire transfer in immediately available funds to an account of a bank or financial institution in the United States designated by such Owner if the Owner makes a written request of the Fiscal Agent on or prior to the applicable Record Date.

Execution and Authentication. The Bonds shall be signed on behalf of the Community Facilities District by the manual or facsimile signature of the President of the Governing Board in his or her capacity as an officer of the Community Facilities District, and attested by the manual or facsimile signature of the Clerk or Secretary of the Governing Board. In case any one or more of the officers who shall have signed any of the Bonds shall cease to be such officer before the Bonds so signed have been authenticated and delivered by the Fiscal Agent (including new Bonds delivered pursuant to the provisions hereof with reference to the transfer and exchange of Bonds or to lost, stolen, destroyed or mutilated Bonds), such Bonds shall nevertheless be valid and may be authenticated and delivered as herein provided, and may be issued as if the person who signed such Bonds had not ceased to hold such office.

Only such Bonds as shall bear thereon such certificate of authentication in the form set forth in Exhibit A hereto shall be entitled to any right or benefit under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and no Bond shall be valid or obligatory for any purpose until such certificate of authentication shall have been duly executed by the Fiscal Agent.

Bond Register. The Fiscal Agent will keep or cause to be kept, at its Trust Office, sufficient records for the registration and transfer of ownership of the Bonds which shall be open to inspection during regular business hours and upon reasonable prior notice by the Community Facilities District, and, upon presentation for such purpose, the Fiscal Agent shall, under such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, register or transfer or cause to be registered or transferred, on such records, the ownership of the Bonds as herein provided.

The Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent may treat and consider the Owner of any Bond whose name appears on the Bond Register as the absolute Owner of such Bond for any and all purposes, and the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary. The Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent may rely on the address of the Bondowner as it appears in the Bond Register for any and all purposes, including for payment of principal of and interest on such Bond, for the purpose of giving notices of redemption, if applicable, and other matters with respect to such Bond, for the purpose of registering transfers with respect to such Bond. It shall be the duty of the Bondowner to give written notice to the Fiscal Agent of any change in the Bondowner's address so that the Bond Register may be revised accordingly.

Registration of Exchange or Transfer. The registration of any Bond may, in accordance with its terms, be transferred upon the Bond Register by the person in whose name it is registered, or by his or her duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of such Bond for cancellation at the Trust Office of the Fiscal Agent, accompanied by delivery of a written instrument of transfer in a form approved by the Fiscal Agent and duly executed by the Bondowner or his or her duly authorized attorney in the form set forth on the Bond or otherwise in a form approved by the Fiscal Agent. The Owner requesting such transfer shall be required to pay any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such transfer.

The Bonds may be exchanged at the Trust Office of the Fiscal Agent for a like aggregate principal amount of Bonds of other Authorized Denominations of the same maturity. The Fiscal Agent will not charge the Owner a fee for any new Bond issued upon any exchange but shall require the Bondowner requesting such exchange to pay any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange.

Whenever any Bond or Bonds shall be surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange, the Community Facilities District shall execute and the Fiscal Agent shall authenticate and deliver in the name of the transferee or in the name of the existing Owner in the case of an exchange, a new Bond or Bonds of Authorized Denominations, of the same maturity, for a like aggregate principal amount; provided, that the Fiscal Agent shall not be required to register transfers or make exchanges of Bonds (i) between a Record Date and the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, (ii) within the 15 days prior to the date designated by the Fiscal Agent as the date for selecting Bonds for redemption or (iii) selected for redemption.

Mutilated, Lost, Destroyed or Stolen BondsError! Bookmark not defined.. If any Bond shall become mutilated, the Community Facilities District shall execute, and the Fiscal Agent shall authenticate and deliver, a new Bond of like tenor, date, maturity and principal amount in exchange and substitution for the Bond so mutilated, but only upon surrender to the Fiscal Agent of the Bond so mutilated. Every mutilated Bond so surrendered to the Fiscal Agent shall be canceled and delivered to the Community Facilities District. If any Bond shall be lost, destroyed or stolen, evidence of such loss, destruction or theft may be submitted to the Fiscal Agent and, if such evidence is satisfactory to the Fiscal Agent and, if prior to the authentication and delivery of such new Bond indemnity satisfactory to the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent shall be given, the Community Facilities District, at the expense of the Bondowner, shall execute and the Fiscal Agent shall authenticate and deliver, a new Bond of like tenor and maturity, numbered and dated as such Fiscal Agent shall determine in lieu of and in substitution for the Bond so lost, destroyed or stolen. Any Bond issued in lieu of any Bond alleged to be lost, destroyed, or stolen, shall be equally and proportionately entitled to the benefits hereof with all other Bonds issued hereunder. The Fiscal Agent shall not treat both the original Bond and any replacement Bond as being Outstanding Bonds for the purpose of determining the principal amount of Bonds which may be executed, authenticated, and delivered hereunder or for the purpose of determining any percentage of Bonds Outstanding hereunder, but both the original and replacement Bond shall be treated as one and the same. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, in lieu of delivering a new Bond in place of a Bond which has been mutilated, lost, destroyed, or stolen, and which has matured, the Fiscal Agent may make payment with respect to such Bond upon receipt of the above-mentioned indemnity. The Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent may charge the Owners of the Bonds for their reasonable fees and expenses in connection with replacing lost, stolen, or destroyed Bonds.

Validity of Bonds. The validity of the authorization and issuance of the Bonds shall not be affected in any way by any proceedings taken by the Community Facilities District for the financing of the Project, or by any contracts made by the Community Facilities District in connection therewith, and shall not be dependent upon the completion of the financing of the Project or upon the performance by any person of his obligation with respect to the Project, and the recital contained in the Bonds that the same are issued pursuant to the Act shall be conclusive evidence of their validity and of the regularity of their issuance.

Additional Bonds. Subject to the satisfaction of the specific conditions set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Community Facilities District may at any time after the issuance and delivery of the 2026 Bonds issue Additional Bonds payable from Net Special Taxes and other amounts deposited in the funds and accounts created under the Fiscal Agent Agreement or under any Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement (other than in the Administrative Expense Fund, the Construction Fund, the Rebate Fund, and the Residual School Facilities Fund) and secured by a lien and charge upon such amounts equal to the lien and charge securing the Outstanding Bonds and any other Additional Bonds theretofore issued under the Fiscal Agent Agreement or under any Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement; provided, however, that Additional Bonds may only be issued as Refunding Bonds.

The issuance of any Series of Additional Bonds shall be subject to the following additional specific conditions, which are conditions precedent to the issuance of such Additional Bonds:

- A. The Community Facilities District shall be in compliance with all covenants set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement and any Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement then in effect; provided, however, that Additional Bonds may be issued notwithstanding that the Community Facilities District is not in compliance with all such covenants so long as immediately following the issuance of such Additional Bonds the Community Facilities District will be in compliance with all such covenants.
- B. The Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement providing for the issuance of such Additional Bonds shall provide that interest thereon shall be payable on the Interest Payment Dates, and principal thereof shall be payable on September 1 (provided that there shall be no requirement that any Additional Bonds pay interest on a current basis).
- C. The Supplemental Fiscal Agent Agreement providing for the issuance of such Additional Bonds shall provide for the amount, if any, to be deposited from the proceeds of such Additional Bonds in the Reserve Fund to increase the amount therein to the Reserve Requirement.
- D. The Community Facilities District shall deliver to the Fiscal Agent a written certificate of an Authorized Representative certifying that the conditions precedent to the issuance of such Additional Bonds set forth in paragraphs (A), (B) and (C) above have been satisfied.

Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the Community Facilities District from issuing any other bonds or otherwise incurring debt secured by a pledge of the Special Tax Revenues subordinate to the pledge thereof under the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

CREATION OF FUNDS; APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS AND NET SPECIAL TAXES

Special Tax Fund. No later than the last Business Day of the month in which the County Auditor of the County of Riverside makes an apportionment of tax revenues, including Special Taxes and other amounts constituting Gross Taxes, if any, and such apportionment is transferred to the Fiscal Agent on behalf of the Community Facilities District (any such apportionment being hereinafter referred to as an

“**Apportionment**”) (exclusive of Prepaid Special Taxes received which shall be deposited into the Prepayment Account of the Special Tax Fund), the Fiscal Agent shall deposit such Apportionment and any other amounts constituting Net Special Taxes in the Special Tax Fund, to be held and transferred on the dates and in the amounts set forth in the following Sections, in the following order of priority, to:

(1) the Administrative Expense Fund, the amount of \$28,717.14 for Fiscal Year 2026-27 escalating at 2% per Fiscal Year for each successive Fiscal Year or such lesser amount as shall be directed by the Community Facilities District;

(2) the Interest Account of the Bond Fund an amount such that the balance in the Interest Account one Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date shall be equal to the installment of interest due on the Bonds on such Interest Payment Date. Moneys in the Interest Account shall be used for the payment of interest on the Bonds as the same become due;

(3) the Principal Account of the Bond Fund, an amount up to the amount needed to make the principal payment due on the Bonds during the current Bond Year;

(4) the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund, an amount up to the amount needed to make the Sinking Payments due on the Bonds during the current Bond Year;

(5) the Reserve Fund, the amount, if any, necessary to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement;

(6) provided all the amounts due in the current Bond Year are funded under (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) above, to the extent the Administrative Expense Requirement deposited under (1) above is not sufficient to pay the Administrative Expenses until collection of Special Taxes in the next Fiscal Year, to Administrative Expense Fund in the amount required to bring the balance therein to an amount sufficient to pay such expenses;

(7) the Rebate Fund, the amount, if any, necessary to fund the Rebate Requirement pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement; and

(8) any remaining Special Taxes and other amounts constituting Gross Taxes shall remain in the Special Tax Fund until the end of the Bond Year. At the end of the Bond Year any remaining funds in the Special Tax Fund, which are not required to cure a delinquency in the payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds (including payment of Sinking Payments due during the current Bond Year), to restore the Reserve Fund as provided for in (5), above, or to pay current or pending Administrative Expenses as provided for in (1) and (6), above, shall upon receipt of written direction from an Authorized Representative be deposited in the Residual School Facilities Fund and used in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement and shall be free and clear of any lien thereon or pledge under the Fiscal Agent Agreement; *provided*, any funds which are required to cure any delinquency described above shall be retained in the Special Tax Fund and expended or transferred, at the earliest possible date, for such purpose.

There shall also be deposited into the Special Tax Fund such available moneys as the Community Facilities District shall determine, to be applied in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement, including moneys to be deposited into the Redemption Fund to be applied to the payment or redemption of Bonds pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Upon provision for payment or redemption of all Outstanding Bonds and after payment of any amounts due to the Fiscal Agent, all moneys remaining in the Special Tax Fund shall be paid to the School District and for any permissible purposes.

Funds in the Special Tax Fund shall be invested in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Investment earnings on amounts in the Special Tax Fund, if any, shall be retained therein.

Prepayment Account of the Special Tax Fund. Prepaid Special Taxes collected by the Community Facilities District (net of any costs of collection) shall be transferred, no later than 10 days after receipt thereof, to the Fiscal Agent and the Community Facilities District shall direct the Fiscal Agent to deposit the Prepaid Special Taxes in the Prepayment Account of the Special Tax Fund. The Prepaid Special Taxes shall be held in the Prepayment Account for the benefit of the Bonds and shall be transferred by the Fiscal Agent to the Redemption Account of the Redemption Fund to redeem Bonds on the next Interest Payment Date for which notice can be given in accordance with the special mandatory redemption provisions as set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement and shall be applied to redeem Bonds in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Moneys representing the Prepaid Special Taxes shall be invested in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Investment earnings on amounts in the Prepayment Account not needed to redeem the Bonds pursuant to special mandatory redemption provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall be transferred to the Special Tax Fund by the Fiscal Agent at the time of transfer of the Prepaid Special Taxes to the Redemption Account of the Redemption Fund.

Administrative Expense Fund. The Fiscal Agent shall deposit into the Administrative Expense Fund from each Apportionment an amount which shall be specified in writing by the Authorized Representative to the Fiscal Agent equal to the Administrative Expenses coming due on or before the next succeeding Interest Payment Date; provided however, that the Fiscal Agent shall not deposit an amount in excess of the Administrative Expense Requirement unless the amounts required for payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds from such Apportionment have been made, the Reserve Fund is funded at or above the Reserve Requirement and amounts necessary to satisfy the Rebate Requirement are deposited in the Rebate Fund. The Fiscal Agent shall apply the moneys on deposit in the Administrative Expense Fund to the payment of Administrative Expenses, as directed in writing by the Authorized Representative. Amounts to pay Administrative Expenses shall be paid from the Administrative Expense Fund upon receipt by the Fiscal Agent of a written requisition in substantially the form of Exhibit B of the Fiscal Agent Agreement from the Authorized Representative, stating the payee and the amount owing.

Investment earnings on amounts in the Administrative Expense Fund, if any, shall be retained therein.

Bond Fund. The principal of and interest on the Bonds until maturity, except principal coming due upon the redemption of Bonds, shall be paid by the Fiscal Agent from the Bond Fund. At the maturity of the Bonds and, after all principal and interest then due on the Bonds then Outstanding has been paid or provided for, moneys in the Bond Fund shall be transferred to the Special Tax Fund.

(a) One Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date, the Fiscal Agent shall withdraw from the Special Tax Fund or the Reserve Fund, in the event that sufficient moneys are unavailable in the Special Tax Fund, and deposit in the Principal Account and the Interest Account of the Bond Fund an amount equal to all of the principal and all of the interest due and payable on Bonds on the ensuing Interest Payment Date, less amounts on hand in the Bond Fund available to pay principal and/or interest on such Bonds. Notwithstanding the foregoing, amounts in the Bond Fund resulting from transfers from the Construction Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall be used to pay the principal of and interest on such Bonds prior to the use of any other amounts in the Bond Fund for such purpose. The Fiscal Agent shall apply moneys in the Interest Account and Principal Account to the payment of interest and principal, respectively, on the Bonds on each Interest Payment Date; and

(b) Moneys in the Bond Fund shall be invested in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. All investment earnings and profits resulting from such investment shall be retained in the accounts established for the Bonds in the Bond Fund and used to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds. Upon final maturity of the Bonds and the payment of all principal of and interest on the Bonds, any moneys remaining in the Bond Fund shall be transferred to the Special Tax Fund.

Redemption Fund.

(a) After making the deposits to the Bond Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement and to the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund for Sinking Payments then due pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement and in accordance with the Community Facilities District's election to call Bonds for optional redemption as set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Fiscal Agent shall transfer from the Special Tax Fund and deposit in the Redemption Account of the Redemption Fund moneys available for the purpose and sufficient to redeem, at the premiums payable as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, any Bonds called for optional redemption.

(b) Prepaid Special Taxes collected by the Community Facilities District (net of any costs of collection) shall be transferred, no later than 10 days after receipt thereof, to the Fiscal Agent and the Community Facilities District shall direct the Fiscal Agent in writing to deposit the Prepaid Special Taxes in the Prepayment Account of the Special Tax Fund. The Prepaid Special Taxes shall be held in the Prepayment Account for the benefit of the Bonds and shall be transferred by the Fiscal Agent to the Redemption Account of the Redemption Fund to call Bonds on the next Interest Payment Date for which notice can be given in accordance with the extraordinary mandatory redemption provisions as set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. No later than the Business Day prior to redemption of Bonds from Prepaid Special Taxes, the greatest portion of the Prepaid Special Taxes in the Prepayment Account as may be used to redeem Bonds shall be transferred to the Redemption Account and applied to call Bonds on a pro rata basis among maturities of the Bonds specified by the Community Facilities District to the Fiscal Agent. Moneys representing the Prepaid Special Taxes shall be invested in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Investment earnings on amounts in the Prepayment Account not needed to redeem the Bonds pursuant to the special mandatory redemption provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall be transferred to the Special Tax Fund by the Fiscal Agent at the time of transfer of the Prepaid Special Taxes to the Redemption Fund.

(c) Except as described in the following paragraph relating to the purchase of Bonds, moneys set aside in the Redemption Fund shall be used solely for the purpose of redeeming Bonds and shall be applied on or after the redemption date to the payment of principal and premium, if any of and interest on the Bonds to be redeemed upon presentation and surrender of such Bonds.

In lieu of or partially in lieu of such call and redemption, moneys deposited in the Redemption Fund as set forth above may be used to purchase Outstanding Bonds in the manner provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

If, after all of the Bonds have been redeemed and canceled or paid and canceled, there are moneys remaining in the Redemption Fund or any account created therein, said moneys shall be transferred to the Special Tax Fund; provided, that if said moneys are part of the proceeds of refunding bonds said moneys shall be transferred to the fund or account created for the payment of principal of and interest on such refunding bonds. Moneys held in any account of the Redemption Fund shall be invested in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Investment earnings on amounts in the Redemption Fund, if any, shall be retained therein.

Reserve Fund. There shall be maintained in the Reserve Fund an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement. Notwithstanding anything provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, in the event of a redemption or partial defeasance of the Bonds, the Reserve Requirement shall thereafter be determined by the Community Facilities District and communicated to the Fiscal Agent in writing and any funds in excess of such redetermined Reserve Requirement shall be utilized as set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

(a) Except as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement with respect to certain investment earnings, moneys in the Reserve Fund shall be used solely for the purpose of (i) making transfers to the Bond Fund or Redemption Fund to pay the principal of, including Sinking Payments, and interest on Bonds when due to the extent that moneys in the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Bond Fund or moneys in the Sinking Account, are insufficient therefor; (ii) making any required transfer to the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement upon written direction from the Community Facilities District; (iii) making any transfers to the Bond Fund or Redemption Fund in connection with prepayments of the Special Taxes; (iv) paying the principal and interest due on Bonds in the final Bond Year; and (v) application to the defeasance of such Bonds in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. If the amounts in the Interest Account or the Principal Account of the Bond Fund and the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund, are insufficient to pay the principal of, including Sinking Payments, or interest on the Bonds when due, the Fiscal Agent shall, one Business Day prior to an Interest Payment Date, withdraw from the Reserve Fund for deposit in the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Bond Fund, or the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund, moneys necessary for such purpose. Following any transfer to the Interest Account or the Principal Account of the Bond Fund, or the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund, the Fiscal Agent shall notify the Community Facilities District of the amount needed to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement and the Community Facilities District shall include such amount as is required at that time to correct such deficiency in the next Special Tax levy to the extent of the permitted maximum Special Tax rates.

Moneys in the Reserve Fund used to offset the amount required to be collected through the Special Tax levy in the last year or years of collection shall be transferred to the Bond Fund or the Redemption Fund on or prior to the last day of August preceding the final maturity date; at the option of an Authorized Representative, such moneys may be used (i) to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds when due, (ii) for optional redemption of Bonds pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement on the earliest date on which all Bonds Outstanding may be redeemed or (iii) for the purchase of Bonds pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, but only if, concurrently with any such redemption or purchase, all of the Bonds Outstanding are to be redeemed, refunded or purchased. In no event shall amounts in the Reserve Fund be used to pay fees or expense of the Fiscal Agent or its counsel.

Moneys in the Reserve Fund shall be invested in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Notwithstanding any provision therein to the contrary, moneys in the Reserve Fund in excess of the Reserve Requirement (exclusive of amounts required to be transferred to the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement) shall be withdrawn on each March 1 and applied as follows: (i) until such time as the Construction Fund is closed in accordance with the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, all investment earnings on amounts in the Reserve Fund (exclusive of amounts required to be transferred to the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement identified in writing by the Community Facilities District and moneys needed to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement) shall be deposited to the School Facilities Account of the Construction Fund; (ii) after the expiration of the transfers under (i) all investment earnings on amounts in the Reserve Fund since the previous Interest Payment Date (exclusive of amounts required to be transferred to the Rebate Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement identified in writing by the Community Facilities District and moneys needed to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement) shall be transferred to the Interest Account of the Bond Fund; and (iii) any remaining

excess shall be transferred to the Principal Account of the Bond Fund or to the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund to the extent required to make any principal payments or Sinking Payments on the next following Interest Payment Date. The Fiscal Agent shall transfer moneys in the Reserve Fund in excess of the Reserve Requirement from Reserve Fund earnings upon written direction of the Community Facilities District pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

(b) Notwithstanding anything in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary, the Fiscal Agent shall transfer to the Reserve Fund, from available moneys in the Special Tax Fund, the amount needed to restore the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement as specified in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Moneys in the Special Tax Fund shall be deemed available for transfer to the Reserve Fund only if such amounts will not be needed to make the deposit required to be made to the Interest Account and the Principal Account of the Bond Fund or the Sinking Account of the Redemption Fund for the next Interest Payment Date.

(c) The Reserve Requirement, or any portion thereof, may be satisfied by crediting to the Reserve Fund moneys, a letter of credit, a surety policy, or any other comparable credit facility or any combination thereof, which in the aggregate make funds available in the Reserve Fund in an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement; however, the long-term unsecured debt or claims-paying ability, as the case may be, of the provider of any such letter of credit, surety policy, or any other comparable credit facility, must have a rating of at least "A1" from Moody's and "A+" from S&P (provided that the Fiscal Agent shall be under no obligation and have no responsibility whatsoever to independently determine or verify such rating other than at the time of delivery). In the event of the use of such a surety, the Fiscal Agent shall be provided with copies of all documents in regard thereto and shall, to the extent not in conflict with the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, conform to the forms thereof for purposes of submitting draws and making reimbursements, thereon.

Construction Fund.

(a) The moneys deposited in the Construction Fund from the proceeds of the Bonds shall be applied exclusively to pay or reimburse (i) the costs of issuing the Bonds and (ii) the Project Costs. Amounts to pay the costs of issuing the Bonds shall be paid from the Costs of Issuance Account upon receipt by the Fiscal Agent of a written requisition in substantially the form of Exhibit B of the Fiscal Agent Agreement from the Authorized Representative, stating the payee and the amount owing. Amounts for Project Costs shall be disbursed by the Fiscal Agent from the School Facilities Account of the Construction Fund, the EMWD Facilities Account of the Construction Fund, or the VWRPD Facilities Account of the Construction Fund only upon receipt of a written certificate, substantially in the form attached as Exhibit B of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, from an Authorized Representative, or such other person as is designated in writing by the Legislative Body of the Community Facilities District, stating that (1) the conditions to the release of such funds have been satisfied, (2) the name of the person to whom payment is due, (3) the amount to be paid, (4) the purpose for which the obligation to be paid was incurred, and (5) there has not been filed with or served upon the Community Facilities District notice of any lien, right to lien or attachment upon, stop notice or claim affecting the right to receive payment of, any of the moneys payable to any of the persons named in such certificate or written requisition, which has not been released or will not be released simultaneously, with the payment, of such obligation, other than materialmen's or mechanic's liens accruing by mere operation of law.

(b) Six months after the Closing Date, or upon earlier receipt of a certificate from the Authorized Representative, the Fiscal Agent shall transfer moneys in the Costs of Issuance Account of the Construction Fund not encumbered for the payment of Costs of Issuance (as set forth in a certificate of an Authorized

Representative) to the School Facilities Account of the Construction Fund, and the Costs of Issuance Account shall be closed.

Upon Completion of the Project, which shall be certified by the Community Facilities District to the Fiscal Agent, the Fiscal Agent shall transfer all moneys on deposit in the Construction Fund, except moneys in an amount designated by the Authorized Representative which are encumbered for the payment of Project Costs, (i) to the Residual School Facilities Fund and apply the amount to the acquisition and/or construction of school facilities pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement or (ii) if in the Opinion of Bond Counsel the application of such moneys in a different manner in accordance with the written directions from the Authorized Representative will not impair the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes; *provided, however*, that the Fiscal Agent shall immediately invest any funds so transferred to the Residual School Facilities Fund, at the direction of the Authorized Representative in Tax-Exempt Permitted Investments or shall restrict the yield on such amounts such that the yield on such amounts is not in excess of the Yield on the Bonds unless in the opinion of Bond Counsel delivered to the Fiscal Agent such restriction is not necessary to prevent an impairment of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

Upon completion of the portion of the Project relating to EMWD (“EMWD Facilities”), which shall be certified by the Community Facilities District to the Fiscal Agent, the Community Facilities District may, or may have an Independent Financial Consultant determine (i) the amount remaining in the EMWD Facilities Account, (ii) the amount of VWRPD Facilities (as defined below) funded consistent with the Mitigation Agreement, (iii) whether an amount equal to VWRPD Facilities has not been funded, and (iv) whether there are additional VWRPD Facilities to which such moneys may be disbursed. If there is an amount for VWRPD Facilities which has not been funded and there are VWRPD Facilities for which such funds may be disbursed, the funds from the EMWD Facilities Account may be transferred to the VWRPD Facilities Account, provided that such transfer shall not result in the VWRPD Facilities Account having been funded in an aggregate amount greater than the amounts which may be funded for VWRPD Facilities under the Mitigation Agreement, in which case the amount transferred to the VWRPD Facilities Account shall be determined by the School District in accordance with the Mitigation Agreement and the remainder shall be transferred to the Residual School Facilities Fund.

Upon completion of the portion of the Project relating to City (“VWRPD Facilities”), which shall be certified by the Community Facilities District to the Fiscal Agent, the Community Facilities District may, or may have an Independent Financial Consultant determine (i) the amount remaining in the VWRPD Facilities Account, (ii) the amount of EMWD Facilities funded consistent with the Mitigation Agreement, (iii) whether an amount equal to EMWD Facilities has not been funded, and (iv) whether there are additional EMWD Facilities to which such moneys may be disbursed. If there is an amount for EMWD Facilities which has not been funded and there are EMWD Facilities for which such funds may be disbursed, the funds from the VWRPD Facilities Account may be transferred to the EMWD Facilities Account, provided that such transfer shall not result in the EMWD Facilities Account having been funded in an aggregate amount greater than the amounts which may be funded for EMWD Facilities under the Mitigation Agreement, in which case the amount transferred to the EMWD Facilities Account shall be determined by the School District in accordance with the Mitigation Agreement and the remainder shall be transferred to the Residual School Facilities Fund.

(c) Notwithstanding anything in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary, if on the date which is the day preceding the three year anniversary of the Closing Date, any funds remain on deposit in the Construction Fund, the Fiscal Agent shall immediately invest such amounts at the direction of the Authorized Representative in Tax-Exempt Permitted Investments or shall restrict the Yield on such amounts such that the Yield on such amounts is not in excess of the Yield on the Bonds, unless in the opinion of

Bond Counsel delivered to the Fiscal Agent such restriction is not necessary to prevent an impairment of the exclusion of interest on the Bonds from gross income for federal income tax purposes.

All investment earnings on amounts in the Costs of Issuance Account shall be retained therein. Amounts in the accounts of the Construction Fund are subject to additional investment limitations set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

Rebate Fund.

(a) The Fiscal Agent shall at such time as funds are to be deposited therein establish and maintain a fund separate from any other fund established and maintained under the Fiscal Agent Agreement designated as the Rebate Fund. Subject to the transfer provisions provided in paragraph (e) below, all money at any time deposited in the Rebate Fund shall be held by the Fiscal Agent, to the extent required to satisfy the Rebate Requirement (as defined in the Tax Certificate), for payment to the federal government of the United States of America. Neither the Community Facilities District nor the Owner of any Bonds shall have any rights in or claim to such money. All amounts deposited into or on deposit in the Rebate Fund shall be governed by the Fiscal Agent Agreement and by the Tax Certificate. The Fiscal Agent shall be deemed conclusively to have complied with such provisions if it follows the directions of the Community Facilities District including supplying all necessary information in the manner provided in the Tax Certificate, and shall have no liability or responsibility to enforce compliance by the Community Facilities District with the terms of the Tax Certificate. The Fiscal Agent shall have no responsibility to independently make any calculation or determination or to review the Community Facilities District's calculations.

(b) Upon the Community Facilities District's written direction, an amount equal to the Rebate Requirement shall be deposited to the Rebate Fund by the Fiscal Agent from balances in the following funds and accounts and in the following order of priority: (i) from the Special Tax Fund; (ii) from the School Facilities Account of the Construction Fund; and (iii) from the Reserve Fund (whether or not such withdrawal will cause the Reserve Fund to be below the Reserve Requirement), so that the balance of the Rebate Fund after such deposit shall equal the Rebate Requirement for the Bond Year (as such term is defined in the Tax Certificate and not as such term is defined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement) calculated with respect to the most recent Bond Year (as defined in the Tax Certificate). Computations of the Rebate Requirement shall be furnished by or on behalf of the Community Facilities District in accordance with the Tax Certificate.

(c) The Fiscal Agent shall have no obligation to rebate any amounts required to be rebated pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, other than from moneys held in the funds and accounts created under the Fiscal Agent Agreement or from other moneys provided to it by the Community Facilities District.

(d) The Fiscal Agent shall invest all amounts held in the Rebate Fund at the written direction of the Community Facilities District in Federal Securities, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Tax Certificate. The Fiscal Agent shall retain in the Rebate Fund all earnings (calculated by taking into account net gains or losses on sales or exchanges and taking into account amortized discount or premium as a gain or loss, respectively) on investments held in the Rebate Fund. Money shall not be transferred from the Rebate Fund except as provided in paragraph (e) below.

(e) Upon receipt of the Community Facilities District's written directions, the Fiscal Agent shall remit part or all of the balances in the Rebate Fund to the United States, as so directed. In addition, if on the first day of any Bond Year the amount credited to the Rebate Fund exceeds the Rebate Requirement, if the Community Facilities District so directs, the Fiscal Agent will deposit moneys into or transfer moneys

out of the Rebate Fund from or into such accounts or funds as directed by the Community Facilities District's written directions. Any funds remaining in the Rebate Fund after redemption and payment of all of the Bonds and payment and satisfaction of any Rebate Requirement shall be withdrawn and remitted to the Community Facilities District.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the obligation to remit the Rebate Amounts to the United States and to comply with all other requirements of the Fiscal Agent Agreement and the Tax Certificate shall survive the defeasance or payment in full of the Bonds.

Residual School Facilities Fund.

(a) Moneys in the Residual School Facilities Fund may be used by the Community Facilities District for acquisition and/or construction of the Project school facilities; to make deposits to the Rebate Fund under the Fiscal Agent Agreement for the purposes of paying rebatable arbitrage as and when such is due in accordance with the Tax Certificate and the Regulations, or, at the option of the Community Facilities District, for the optional redemption of any of the Bonds under the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Moneys deposited into, or held within, the Residual School Facilities Fund are not pledged to the payment of principal, interest, or premiums on the Bonds.

(b) The Residual School Facilities Fund shall be funded from surplus special taxes transferred to the Residual School Facilities Fund from the Special Tax Fund pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

(c) Disbursements from the Residual School Facilities Fund for expenditures on the Project school facilities shall be made by the Fiscal Agent upon receipt of an Authorized Representative's Certificate in substantially the form attached to the Fiscal Agent Agreement as Exhibit B.

(d) Moneys in the Residual School Facilities Fund shall be invested and deposited in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Interest earnings and profits from such investment and deposit shall remain therein and be applied in the manner provided in subsections (a), (b) and (c) above.

Investments. Moneys held in any of the funds and accounts under the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall be invested at the written direction of the Authorized Representative only in Permitted Investments which shall be deemed at all times to be a part of such funds and accounts. In the absence of any such written direction, moneys shall be held by the Fiscal Agent in cash, uninvested.

Permitted Investments may be purchased at such prices as may be directed by the Authorized Representative. All Permitted Investments shall be acquired subject to the limitations set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the limitations as to maturities set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement and such additional limitations or requirements consistent with the foregoing as may be established by the Authorized Representative.

Moneys in all funds and accounts except for the Reserve Fund and the Rebate Fund shall be invested in Permitted Investments maturing, or with respect to which payments of principal and interest are scheduled or otherwise payable, not later than the date on which it is estimated that such moneys will be required by the Fiscal Agent for the purposes specified in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Moneys in the Reserve Fund shall be invested in Permitted Investments, maturing in such amounts on the Business Day preceding the next succeeding Interest Payment Dates so that moneys will be available in the Reserve Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement to make the principal (including Sinking Payments) and interest payments on the Bonds when due in the event that the moneys in the Bond Fund are insufficient therefor or in the event that the moneys in the Redemption Fund are insufficient to make a

mandatory sinking payment redemption payment; *provided, however*, that if such investments may be tendered or redeemed without premium on the Business Day prior to each Interest Payment Date, 100% of the amount of the Reserve Fund may be invested in such tenderable or redeemable investments of any maturity on or prior to maturity of the Bonds. Permitted Investments purchased under a repurchase agreement may be deemed to mature on the date or dates on which the Fiscal Agent may deliver such Permitted Investments for repurchase under such agreement.

All interest, profits and other income received from the investment of moneys in any fund or account established pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, with the exception of the Special Tax Fund and the Rebate Fund, shall, at the direction of the Authorized Representative and upon receipt by the Fiscal Agent, be deposited to the following funds and accounts in the order of priority as follows: (i) in the Construction Fund until Completion of the Project, and (ii) in the Special Tax Fund; *provided, however*, that earnings on funds in the Reserve Fund shall be retained therein to the extent needed to bring the balance therein to the Reserve Requirement. All interest, profits and other income received from the investment of moneys in the Special Tax Fund shall, upon receipt by the Fiscal Agent, be retained in the Special Tax Fund.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, an amount of interest received with respect to any Permitted Investment equal to the amount of accrued interest, if any, paid as part of the purchase price of such Permitted Investment shall be credited to the fund or account for the credit of which such Permitted Investment was acquired.

For the purpose of determining the amount in any fund or account other than the Reserve Fund, all Permitted Investments credited to such fund or account shall be valued at the lower of cost (exclusive of accrued interest after the first payment of interest following acquisition). Amounts in the Reserve Fund shall be valued at their Fair Market Value at least semi-annually (or more frequently as may be requested by the Authorized Representative). Notwithstanding anything in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, in making any valuations, the Fiscal Agent may utilize and rely upon such securities pricing services as may be available to it, including those within its accounting system.

The Fiscal Agent may act as principal or agent in the making or disposing of any investment and may invest through or from its own bond department or trust investments department or its parent's or affiliates' bond department or trust investments department. The Fiscal Agent may sell at the best market price obtainable, or present for redemption, any Permitted Investment so purchased whenever it shall be necessary to provide moneys to meet any required payment, transfer, withdrawal or disbursement from the fund or account to which such Permitted Investment is credited, and, subject to the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Fiscal Agent shall not be liable or responsible for any loss resulting from such investment. For investment purposes, the Fiscal Agent may commingle the funds and accounts established under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, but shall account for each separately. Any Permitted Investments that are registerable securities shall be registered in the name of the Fiscal Agent.

COVENANTS AND WARRANTY

Warranty. The Community Facilities District shall preserve and protect the security of the Bonds and the rights of the Owners and will warrant and defend their rights against all claims and demands of all persons. From and after the delivery of any of the Bonds by the Community Facilities District, the Bonds shall be incontestable by the Community Facilities District.

Covenants. So long as any of the Bonds are Outstanding and unpaid, the Community Facilities District makes the following covenants with the Bondowners under the provisions of the Act and the Fiscal Agent Agreement (to be performed by the Community Facilities District or its proper officers, agents or employees), which covenants are necessary, convenient and desirable to secure the Bonds and tend to make them more marketable; *provided, however*, that said covenants do not require the Community Facilities District to expend any funds or moneys other than the Special Taxes, including amounts, if any, received by the Community Facilities District and available for such purposes pursuant to foreclosure proceedings to enforce the payment of Special Taxes:

(a) Punctual Payment; Against Encumbrances. The CFD covenants that it will receive all Gross Taxes in trust and will, consistent with the Fiscal Agent Agreement, deposit the Gross Taxes with the Fiscal Agent, and the Community Facilities District shall have no beneficial right or interest in the amounts so deposited except as provided by the Fiscal Agent Agreement. All such Gross Taxes, whether received by the Community Facilities District in trust or deposited with the Fiscal Agent, all as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, shall nevertheless be disbursed, allocated and applied solely to the uses and purposes set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and shall be accounted for separately and apart from all other money, funds, accounts, or other resources of the Community Facilities District.

The Community Facilities District covenants that it will duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid the principal of and interest on every Bond issued under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, together with the premium, if any, thereon on the date, at the place and in the manner set forth in the Bonds and in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the extent Net Special Taxes and interest earnings transferred to the Special Tax Fund are available therefor, and that the payments into the Special Tax Fund, the Bond Fund, the Redemption Fund, the Reserve Fund and the Administrative Expense Fund will be made, all in strict conformity with the terms of the Bonds and the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and that it will faithfully observe and perform all of the conditions, covenants and requirements of the Fiscal Agent Agreement and all Supplements and of the Bonds and Additional Bonds issued under the Fiscal Agent Agreement. If at any time the balance in the Special Tax Fund and the Reserve Fund is sufficient to redeem all Outstanding Bonds pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Authorized Representative may direct the Fiscal Agent to effect such redemption on the earliest date on which all Outstanding Bonds may be redeemed.

The CFD will not mortgage or otherwise encumber, pledge, or place any charge upon any of the Gross Taxes, and will not issue any obligation or security superior to or on a parity with the Bonds, payable in whole or in part from the Net Special Taxes except as provided in and in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

(b) Levy of Special Tax. Commencing with Fiscal Year 2026-27, the Governing Board of the School District, on behalf of the parcels within Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District, shall levy the Special Tax in an amount which, together with other available amounts on deposit with the Fiscal Agent, is sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds as provided in the

proceedings and the Administrative Expenses due or coming due, plus the amount, if any, necessary to replenish the Reserve Fund to an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement or to provide for a reasonably projected delinquency in the Fiscal Year being levied, so long as any Bonds relating to the Community Facilities District are Outstanding; provided, that the amount of the Special Tax shall not exceed the maximum amounts specified in the Ordinance.

The CFD shall comply with all requirements of the Act so as to assure the timely collection of Special Taxes within Improvement Area No. 2, including without limitation, the enforcement of delinquent Special Taxes as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. The Special Taxes are to be payable and collected in the same manner and at the same time and in the same installment as ordinary *ad valorem* property taxes on real property, and, except as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement and in the Act, will have the same priority, become delinquent at the same times and in the same proportionate amounts and bear the same proportionate penalties and interest and the same procedures, sale and lien priority in case of delinquency as is provided for *ad valorem* taxes on real property; provided the Community Facilities District may provide for direct collection of the Special Taxes in certain circumstances.

(c) Commence Foreclosure Proceedings. Pursuant to Section 53356.1 of the Act, the Community Facilities District covenants in the Fiscal Agent Agreement with and for the benefit of the Owners that, on or about July 15 of each Fiscal Year (or as reasonably practicable thereafter as fiscal year end collection information is available from the County), the Community Facilities District will review or cause to be reviewed, the public records of the County in connection with the Special Tax within Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District levied in the Fiscal Year ending prior to such July to determine the amount of such Special Tax actually collected in such Fiscal Year.

Individual Delinquencies. If the Community Facilities District determines that any single parcel subject to the Special Tax in Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District is delinquent in the payment of all or a portion of five semi-annual installments of Special Taxes of the Community Facilities District, the Community Facilities District shall, not later than 45 days after such determination, send or cause to be sent a notice of delinquency (and a demand for immediate payment thereof) to the property owner. If a delinquency remains uncured, the Community Facilities District shall cause judicial foreclosure proceedings to be commenced and filed in the Superior Court not later than 120 days after such determination against any parcel for which a notice of delinquency was given pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement and for which such Special Taxes remain delinquent, to the extent permissible under applicable law.

Aggregate Delinquencies. With respect to aggregate delinquencies throughout Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District, if the Community Facilities District determines (i) that the total amount of delinquent Special Taxes for the prior Fiscal Year, including the total of delinquencies under Individual Delinquencies above, exceeds 5% of the total Special Taxes due and payable for the prior Fiscal Year and (ii) the Reserve Fund is less than the Reserve Requirement as a result of a draw on such Reserve Fund, then the Community Facilities District shall, not later than 45 days after such determination, send or cause to be sent a notice of delinquency (and a demand for immediate payment thereof) to the owner of each delinquent parcel (regardless of the amount of such delinquency). The CFD shall cause judicial foreclosure proceedings to be commenced and filed in the Superior Court not later than 120 days after such determination against any parcel in Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District for which a notice of delinquency was given pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement and for which such Special Taxes remain delinquent, to the extent permissible under applicable law. In such cases, foreclosure proceedings may be delayed by the Community Facilities District until there are sufficient Special Tax delinquencies accruing to such parcel (including interest and penalties

thereon) to warrant the foreclosure proceedings cost. The Community Facilities District shall notify the Fiscal Agent on or about 75 days after the determinations of delinquencies as set forth in the second sentence of this paragraph of any delinquency potentially requiring the commencement of a foreclosure action pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement and counsel to the Community Facilities District shall commence, or cause to be commenced, such proceedings not later than 120 days following the determination referenced in the second sentence of this paragraph.

Limiting Provisions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however,

(i) the Community Facilities District shall not be required to order, or take action upon, the commencement of foreclosure proceedings described above with respect to individual delinquencies or aggregate delinquencies, if such delinquencies, if not remedied, will not result in a draw on the Reserve Fund such that the Reserve Fund will fall below the Reserve Requirement and no draw has been made on the Reserve Fund, which has not been restored, such that the Reserve Fund shall be funded to at least the Reserve Requirement. The foregoing sentence shall not affect the requirement(s) for notices of delinquencies pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement with respect to individual delinquencies, and

(ii) if the Community Facilities District has determined that the amount of a Special Tax delinquency on a particular parcel in relation to the cost of appropriate foreclosure proceedings are such that the amount of the delinquencies do not warrant the foreclosure proceedings costs, the Community Facilities District shall not be required to order, or take action upon, the commencement of foreclosure proceedings described above with respect to individual delinquencies or aggregate delinquencies until there are sufficient Special Tax delinquencies accruing to such parcel (including interest and penalties thereon) to warrant the foreclosure proceedings cost.

The Community Facilities District reserves the right to elect to accept payment from a property owner of at least the enrolled amount of the Special Taxes for a parcel(s) but less than the full amount of the penalties, interest, costs, and attorneys' fees related to the Special Tax delinquency for such parcel(s). **The Bondowners shall be deemed to have consented to the foregoing reserved right of the Community Facilities District, notwithstanding any provision of the Act or other law of the State, or any other term set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary. The Bondowners, by their acceptance of the Bonds, consent to such payment acceptance for such lesser amounts.**

Further, notwithstanding any provision of the Act or other law of the State, or any other term set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary, in connection with any judicial foreclosure proceeding related to delinquent Special Taxes, the Community Facilities District or the Fiscal Agent, acting on behalf of the Community Facilities District, is expressly authorized to credit bid at any foreclosure sale, without any requirement that funds be set aside in the amount so credit bid, in the amount specified in Section 53356.5 of the Act or such lesser amount as determined in the Fiscal Agent Agreement or otherwise under Section 53356.6 of the Act.

The Community Facilities District may permit, in its sole and absolute discretion, property with delinquent Special Tax payments to be sold for less than the amount specified in Section 53356.5 of the Act, if it determines that such sale is in the interest of the Bondowners. **The Bondowners, by their acceptance of the Bonds, consent to such sale for such lesser amounts (as such consent is described in Section 53356.6 of the Act), and release the Community Facilities District and the School District, and their respective officers and agents, from any liability in connection therewith.** If such sale for

lesser amounts would result in less than full payment of principal of and interest due and owing on the Bonds, the Community Facilities District will use its best efforts to seek approval of the Bondowners.

The CFD is expressly authorized to include costs and attorneys' fees related to foreclosure of delinquent Special Taxes as Administrative Expenses pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

(d) Payment of Claims. To the extent moneys are available therefor in the Construction Fund, the Community Facilities District will pay and discharge any and all lawful claims for labor, materials or supplies which, if unpaid, might become a lien or charge upon any portion of the Project owned by the Community Facilities District or upon the Gross Taxes or any part thereof, or upon any funds in the hands of the Fiscal Agent, or which might impair the security of the Bonds; provided that nothing contained in the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall require the Community Facilities District to make any such payments so long as the Community Facilities District in good faith shall contest the validity of any such claims.

(e) Extension of Payment of Bonds. The Community Facilities District shall not directly or indirectly extend or assent to the extension of the maturity of any of the Bonds or the time of payment of any claims for interest by the purchase of such Bonds or by any other arrangement, and in case the maturity of any of the Bonds or the time of payment of any such claims for interest shall be extended, such Bonds or claims for interest shall not be entitled, in case of any default hereunder, to the benefit of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, except subject to the prior payment in full of the principal of all of the Bonds then Outstanding and of all claims for interest thereon which shall not have been so extended. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to limit the right of the Community Facilities District to issue Bonds for the purpose of refunding any Outstanding Bonds, and such issuance shall not be deemed to constitute an extension of maturity of the Bonds.

(f) Against Encumbrances. The Community Facilities District shall not create, or permit the creation of, any pledge, lien, charge or other encumbrance upon the Special Taxes and other assets pledged or assigned under the Fiscal Agent Agreement while any of the Bonds are Outstanding, except the pledge and assignment created by the Fiscal Agent Agreement. Subject to this limitation, the Community Facilities District expressly reserves the right to enter into one or more other fiscal agent agreements for any of its corporate purposes, and reserves the right to issue other obligations for such purposes.

(g) Power to Issue Bonds and Make Pledge and Assignment. The Community Facilities District is duly authorized pursuant to law to issue the Bonds of each Series and to enter into the Fiscal Agent Agreement and to pledge and assign the Special Taxes and other assets purported to be pledged and assigned, respectively, under the Fiscal Agent Agreement in the manner and to the extent provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. The Bonds of each Series and the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement are and will be the legal, valid and binding special obligations of the Community Facilities District in accordance with their terms, and the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent shall at all times, subject to the provisions of Article VII and to the extent permitted by law, defend, preserve and protect said pledge and assignment of Special Taxes with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 and other assets and all the rights of the Bond Owners under the Fiscal Agent Agreement against all claims and demands of all persons whomsoever.

(h) Books and Accounts. The CFD will keep proper books of records and accounts, separate from all other records and accounts of the Community Facilities District, in which complete and correct entries shall be made of all transactions relating to the Project, the levy of the Special Tax and the deposits to the Special Tax Fund. Such books of record and accounts shall at all times during business hours be subject to the inspection of the Fiscal Agent or of the Owners of not less than ten percent (10%) of the principal amount of the Bonds or their representatives authorized in writing.

(i) Tax Covenants.

(1) The Community Facilities District covenants that it will not take any action, or fail to take any action, if any such action or failure to take action would adversely affect the exclusion from gross income of the interest on the Bonds under Section 103 of the Code. The Community Facilities District will not directly or indirectly use or permit the use of any proceeds of the Bonds or any other funds of the Community Facilities District, or take or omit to take any action that would cause the Bonds to be “arbitrage bonds” within the meaning of Section 148(a) of the Code, or “federally guaranteed” within the meaning of Section 149(b) of the Code or classified as a “private activity bond” under Section 141 of the Code to the extent applicable to the Bonds. To that end, the Community Facilities District will comply with all requirements of Section 148 of the Code to the extent applicable to the Bonds. In the event that at any time the Community Facilities District is of the opinion that for purposes of the Fiscal Agent Agreement it is necessary to restrict or limit the yield on the investment of any moneys held by the Fiscal Agent under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Community Facilities District shall so instruct the Fiscal Agent in writing, and the Fiscal Agent shall take such action(s) as directed in such instructions.

(2) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Community Facilities District agrees that there shall be paid from time to time all amounts required to be rebated to the United States of America pursuant to Section 148(f) of the Code and any temporary, proposed, or final Treasury Regulations as may be applicable to the Bonds from time to time. This covenant shall survive payment in full or defeasance of the Bonds. The Community Facilities District specifically covenants to pay or cause to be paid to the United States of America at the times and in the amounts determined above the Rebate Amounts, as described in the Tax Certificate. The Fiscal Agent shall comply with all instructions of the Community Facilities District given in accordance with the Tax Certificate.

(3) Notwithstanding any provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, if the Community Facilities District shall provide to the Fiscal Agent an opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel that any specified action required under the Fiscal Agent Agreement is no longer required or that some further or different action is required to maintain the exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes of interest on the Bonds, the Fiscal Agent may conclusively rely on such opinion in complying with the requirements of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and the covenants thereunder shall be deemed to be modified to that extent notwithstanding the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

(j) Completion of Project. The Community Facilities District will diligently carry out and continue to completion with all practical dispatch the acquisition and construction of the Project in a sound and economical manner. The Project to be acquired or constructed may be amended as provided in the Act, but no amendment may be made which would substantially impair the security of the Bonds or the rights of the Owners. The Community Facilities District will maintain the Project, or cause it to be maintained, in accordance with the customary and reasonable maintenance and repair practices for such facilities.

(k) Modification of Maximum Authorized Special Tax. The CFD covenants that no modification of the maximum authorized Special Tax for the Community Facilities District shall be approved by the Community Facilities District which would prohibit the Community Facilities District from levying the Special Tax on Developed Property within the Community Facilities District in any Fiscal Year at such a rate as could generate Special Taxes within the Community Facilities District in each Fiscal Year at least

equal to 110% of Annual Debt Service with respect to such Fiscal Year, plus a reasonable estimate of Administrative Expenses for such fiscal year for the Bonds.

The Community Facilities District further covenants that in the event an ordinance is adopted by initiative pursuant to Section 3 of Article XIIC of the California Constitution, which purports to reduce or otherwise alter the maximum authorized Special Taxes, it will, to the extent of available Community Facilities District funds therefor, commence and pursue legal action seeking to preserve its ability to comply with its covenant contained in the preceding paragraph.

(l) Protection of Security and Rights of Owners. The Community Facilities District will preserve and protect the security of the Community Facilities District and the rights of the Owners, and will warrant and defend their rights against all claims and demands of all persons. From and after the delivery of any of the Bonds by the Community Facilities District, the Bonds shall be incontestable by the Community Facilities District.

(m) Exemption of Land from the Special Tax. Notwithstanding the provisions for exemption of land contained in the Rate and Method of Apportionment, the Community Facilities District covenants (i) not to exempt land in Improvement Area No. 2 from the Special Tax in excess of the amount of land which may be exempted pursuant to the Rate and Method of Apportionment and (ii) not to exempt land in Improvement Area No. 2 from the Special Tax if the total amount of land being exempted would prohibit the Community Facilities District from levying the Special Tax revenues in each Fiscal Year at such rate as could generate Maximum Special Tax revenues at least equal to 110% of Annual Debt Service in such Fiscal Year plus a reasonable estimate of Administrative Expenses for such fiscal year.

(n) Continuing Disclosure for the 2026 Bonds. Pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Community Facilities District covenants and agrees that it will comply with and carry out all of its obligations under the Community Facilities District Continuing Disclosure Agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, failure of the Community Facilities District to comply with its obligations under the Community Facilities District Continuing Disclosure Agreement shall not be considered an event of default under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and the sole remedy, in the event of any failure of the Community Facilities District to comply with the Community Facilities District Continuing Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance. Upon receipt of indemnification to its satisfaction, the Fiscal Agent shall at the request of any Participating Underwriter (as defined in the Community Facilities District Continuing Disclosure Agreement), or the Owners of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of Outstanding 2026 Bonds (but only to the extent funds in an amount satisfactory to the Fiscal Agent have been provided to it or it has been otherwise indemnified to its satisfaction from any cost, liability, expense or additional charges and fees of the Fiscal Agent whatsoever, including without limitation fees and expenses of its attorneys) or any Bondowner or Beneficial Owner of the 2026 Bonds take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Community Facilities District to comply with its obligations under the Fiscal Agent Agreement. For purposes of this section, “**Beneficial Owners**” means any person which (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any 2026 Bonds (including persons holding 2026 Bonds through nominees, depositories, or other intermediaries), or (b) is treated as the owner of any Bonds for federal income tax purposes.

(o) Compliance with Covenants. The Community Facilities District further covenants that in the event an ordinance is adopted by initiative pursuant to Section 3 of Article XIIC of the California Constitution, which purports to reduce or otherwise alter the maximum rates of Special Tax, the Community Facilities District shall, to the extent permitted by law, commence and pursue reasonable legal action to prevent the modification of the Rate and Method in a manner that would adversely affect the security for the Bonds.

(p) Waiver of Delinquency and Redemption Penalties; Amnesty Program. The Community Facilities District will not exercise its rights under the Act to waive delinquency and redemption penalties related to the Special Taxes or to declare a Special Tax penalties amnesty program if to do so would materially and adversely affect the interests of the owners of the Bonds.

(q) Tender of Bonds. The Community Facilities District will not, in collecting the Special Taxes or in processing any such judicial foreclosure proceedings, exercise any authority which it has pursuant to Sections 53340, 53344.1, 53344.2, 53356.1 and 53356.5 of the California Government Code in any manner which would be inconsistent with the interests of the Owners and, in particular, will not permit the tender of Bonds in full or partial payment of Special Taxes except upon receipt of a certificate of an Independent Financial Consultant that to accept such tender will not result in the Community Facilities District having insufficient Net Special Taxes to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds remaining Outstanding following such tender.

AMENDMENTS TO FISCAL AGENT AGREEMENT

Supplements Not Requiring Bondowner Consent. The Community Facilities District may from time to time, and at any time, without notice to or consent of any of the Bondowners, adopt Supplements to the Fiscal Agent Agreement for any of the following purposes:

(a) to cure any ambiguity, to correct or supplement any provisions in the Fiscal Agent Agreement which may be inconsistent with any other provision therein, or to make any other provision with respect to matters or questions arising under the Fiscal Agent Agreement or in any resolution or order of the Community Facilities District relating to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the Bondowners;

(b) to add to the covenants and agreements of, and the limitations and the restrictions upon, the Community Facilities District contained in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, other covenants, agreements, limitations, and restrictions to be observed by the Community Facilities District which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the Fiscal Agent Agreement as theretofore in effect;

(c) to modify, amend or supplement the Fiscal Agent Agreement in such manner as to permit the qualification of the Fiscal Agent Agreement under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, or any similar federal statute hereafter in effect, and to add such other terms, conditions and provisions as may be permitted by said act or similar federal statute, and which shall not materially adversely affect the interests of the Owners of the Bonds;

(d) to modify, alter, amend, or supplement the Fiscal Agent Agreement in any other respect which is not materially adverse to the Bondowners; or

(e) to make such additions, deletions or modifications as may be necessary or desirable to assure exemption from federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds.

Supplements Requiring Bondowner Consent. Exclusive of the Supplements described in the preceding section, the Owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding shall have the right to consent to and approve such Supplements as shall be deemed necessary or desirable by the Community Facilities District for the purpose of waiving, modifying, altering, amending, adding to or rescinding, in any particular, any of the terms or provisions contained in the Fiscal Agent Agreement; *provided, however*, that nothing in the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall permit, or be construed as permitting, (a) an extension of the maturity date of the principal, or the payment date of interest on, any Bond, (b) a reduction in the principal amount of, or redemption premium on, any Bond or the rate of interest thereon, (c) a preference or priority of any Bond or Bonds over any other Bond or Bonds, or (d) a reduction in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds the Owners of which are required to consent to such Supplement, without the consent of the Owners of all Bonds then Outstanding.

If at any time the Community Facilities District shall desire to enter into a Supplement, which pursuant to the terms of this Section shall require the consent of the Bondowners, the Community Facilities District shall so notify the Fiscal Agent and shall deliver to the Fiscal Agent a copy of the proposed Supplement. The Fiscal Agent shall, at the expense of the Community Facilities District, cause notice of the proposed Supplement (or a summary thereof) to be mailed, by first class mail postage prepaid, to all Bondowners at their addresses as they appear in the Bond Register. Such notice shall briefly set forth the nature of the proposed Supplement and shall state that a copy thereof is on file at the office of the Authorized Representative for inspection by all Bondowners. The failure of any Bondowners to receive such notice shall not affect the validity of such Supplement when consented to and approved by the Owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding as required by this section. Whenever at any time within one year after the date of the first mailing of such notice, the Fiscal Agent shall receive an instrument or instruments purporting to be executed by the Owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding, which instrument or instruments shall refer to the proposed Supplement described in such notice, and shall specifically consent to and approve the Supplement substantially in the form of the copy referred to in such notice as on file with the School District's Superintendent, such proposed Supplement, when duly entered into by the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent, shall thereafter become a part of the proceedings for the issuance of the Bonds. In determining whether the Owners of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds have consented to the adoption of any Supplement, Bonds which are known to the Fiscal Agent to be owned by the Community Facilities District or by any person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under the direct or indirect common control with the Community Facilities District, shall be disregarded and shall be treated as though they were not Outstanding for the purpose of any such determination.

Upon the execution and delivery by the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent of any Supplement and the receipt of consent to any such Supplement from the Owners of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of Bonds Outstanding in instances where such consent is required pursuant to the provisions of this Section, the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall be, and shall be deemed to be, modified and amended in accordance therewith, and the respective rights, duties and obligations under the Fiscal Agent Agreement of the Community Facilities District, the Fiscal Agent and all Owners of Bonds then Outstanding shall thereafter be determined, exercised and enforced hereunder, subject in all respects to such modifications and amendments.

Notation of Bonds; Delivery of Amended Bonds. After the effective date of any action taken as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Community Facilities District may determine that the Bonds may bear a notation, by endorsement in form approved by the Community Facilities District, as to such action, and in that case upon demand of the Owner of any Bond Outstanding at such effective date and

presentation of his Bond for the purpose at the office of the Fiscal Agent or at such additional offices as the Fiscal Agent may select and designate for that purpose, a suitable notation as to such action shall be made on such Bonds. If the Community Facilities District shall so determine, new Bonds so modified as, in the opinion of the Community Facilities District, shall be necessary to conform to such action shall be prepared and executed, and in that case upon demand of the Owner of any Bond Outstanding at such effective date such new Bonds shall be exchanged at the office of the Fiscal Agent or at such additional offices as the Fiscal Agent may select and designate for that purpose, without cost to each Owner, for Bonds then Outstanding, upon surrender of such Outstanding Bonds.

FISCAL AGENT

Fiscal Agent. Zions Bancorporation, National Association, having a corporate trust office in Los Angeles, California, is pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement appointed Fiscal Agent for the Community Facilities District for the purpose of receiving all money which the Community Facilities District is required to deposit with the Fiscal Agent under the Fiscal Agent Agreement and to allocate, use, and apply the same as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

The Fiscal Agent is pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement authorized to and shall mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, interest payments to the Bondowners, select Bonds for redemption, and maintain the Bond Register. The Fiscal Agent pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement is authorized to pay the principal of and premium, if any, on the Bonds when the same are duly presented to it for payment at maturity or upon redemption, to provide for the registration of transfer and exchange of Bonds presented to it for such purposes, to provide for the cancellation of Bonds all as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and to provide for the authentication of Bonds, and shall perform all other duties assigned to or imposed on it as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. The Fiscal Agent shall keep accurate records of all funds administered by it and all Bonds paid and discharged by it.

The Fiscal Agent pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement is authorized to pay the Bonds when duly presented for payment at maturity, or on redemption prior to maturity. The Fiscal Agent shall cancel all Bonds upon payment thereof or upon the surrender thereof by the Community Facilities District, pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement. The Fiscal Agent shall keep accurate records of all Bonds paid and discharged and canceled by it.

Detailed records with respect to each and every Nonpurpose Investment attributable to Gross Proceeds of the Bonds must be maintained by the Fiscal Agent including: (i) purchase date, (ii) purchase price, (iii) any accrued interest paid, (iv) face amount, (v) coupon rate, (vi) periodicity of interest payments, (vii) disposition price, (viii) any accrued interest received, and (ix) disposition date. In the event a Nonpurpose Investment is subject to a receipt of bids, the Community Facilities District shall maintain a record of all information establishing Fair Market Value on the date such investment became a Nonpurpose Investment. Such detailed recordkeeping is required for the calculation of the Rebate Requirement which, in part, will require a determination of the difference between the actual aggregate earnings of all Nonpurpose Investments and the amount of such earnings assuming a rate of return equal to the Yield on the Bonds.

The Community Facilities District shall from time to time, subject to any agreement between the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent then in force, pay to the Fiscal Agent compensation for its services, reimburse the Fiscal Agent for all its advances and expenditures, including, but not limited to, advances to and fees and expenses of independent accountants, counsel and engineers or other experts employed by it in the exercise and performance of its powers and duties under the Fiscal Agent Agreement,

and indemnify and save the Fiscal Agent harmless against costs, claims, expenses and liabilities, including fees and expenses of its attorneys, not arising from its own negligence or willful misconduct which it may incur in the exercise and performance of its powers and duties the Fiscal Agent Agreement, which indemnity shall survive discharge of the Bonds, or removal or resignation of the Fiscal Agent. All amounts owed by the Community Facilities District to the Fiscal Agent shall constitute Administrative Expenses.

Removal of Fiscal Agent. The Community Facilities District may at any time, in the exercise of its sole discretion, remove the Fiscal Agent initially appointed, and any successor thereto, and may appoint a successor or successors thereto; provided that any such successor shall be a bank or trust company doing business and having (or if such bank or trust company is a member of a bank holding company system, its bank holding company has) a combined capital (exclusive of borrowed capital) and surplus of at least fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000), and subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authority and provided that no event of default under the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall then be in existence. If such bank or trust company publishes a report of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or to the requirements of any supervising or examining authority above referred to, then for the purposes of this Section the combined capital and surplus of such bank or trust company shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published. The Community Facilities District shall notify the Bondowners in writing of any such removal of the Fiscal Agent and appointment of a successor Fiscal Agent shall become effective only upon acceptance of appointment by the successor Fiscal Agent and notice being sent to the Bondowners of the successor Fiscal Agent's identity and address as provided in Section 7.03 hereof.

Resignation of Fiscal Agent. The Fiscal Agent may at any time resign by giving written notice to the Community Facilities District and by giving to the Owners notice of such resignation, which notice shall be mailed to the Owners at their addresses appearing in the Bond Register. Upon receiving such notice of resignation, the Community Facilities District shall promptly appoint a successor Fiscal Agent by an instrument in writing. Any resignation or removal of the Fiscal Agent and appointment of a successor Fiscal Agent shall become effective only upon acceptance of appointment by the successor Fiscal Agent, and notice to the Bondowners of the Fiscal Agent's identity and address.

Liability of Fiscal Agent. The recitals of fact and all promises, covenants and agreements contained herein and in the Bonds shall be taken as statements, promises, covenants and agreements of the Community Facilities District, and the Fiscal Agent assumes no responsibility for the correctness of the same and makes no representations as to the validity or sufficiency of the Fiscal Agent Agreement or of the Bonds or any document in connection with the sale of the Bonds, and shall incur no responsibility in respect thereof, other than in connection with its duties or obligations assigned to or imposed upon the Fiscal Agent herein or in the Bonds or in the certificate of authentication. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Fiscal Agent shall be under no responsibility or duty with respect to the issuance of the Bonds for value. The Fiscal Agent shall not be liable in connection with the performance of its duties hereunder, except for its own negligence or willful misconduct.

The Fiscal Agent shall have no duty or obligation whatsoever to enforce the collection of funds to be deposited with it hereunder, or as to the correctness of any amounts received, but its liability shall be limited to the proper accounting for such funds as it shall actually receive.

The Fiscal Agent shall be protected in acting upon any notice, resolution, request, consent, order, certificate, report, facsimile transmission, electronic mail or other paper or document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties. The Fiscal Agent may consult

with counsel, who may be counsel to the Community Facilities District, with regard to legal questions, and the opinion of such counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or suffered hereunder in good faith and in accordance therewith.

No provision of the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall require the Fiscal Agent to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur any financial liability in the performance of any of its duties hereunder, or in the exercise of any of its rights or powers, if it shall have reasonable grounds for believing that repayment of such funds or adequate indemnity against such risk or liability is not reasonably assured to it.

Whenever in the administration of its duties under the Fiscal Agent Agreement the Fiscal Agent shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking or suffering any action hereunder, such matter (unless other evidence in respect thereof be herein specifically prescribed) may, in the absence of bad faith on the part of the Fiscal Agent, be deemed to be conclusively proved and established by a written certificate of the Community Facilities District, and such certificate shall be full warrant to the Fiscal Agent for any action taken or suffered under the provisions of the Fiscal Agent Agreement upon the faith thereof, but in its discretion the Fiscal Agent may, in lieu thereof, accept other evidence of such matter or may require such additional evidence as to it may seem reasonable.

Successor Fiscal Agent. Any corporation, association or agency into which the Fiscal Agent may be converted or merged, or with which it may be consolidated, or to which it may sell or transfer its trust business and assets as a whole or substantially as a whole, or any corporation or association resulting from any such conversion or association resulting from any such conversion, sale, merger, consolidation or transfer to which it is a party, ipso facto, shall be and become successor fiscal agent under the Fiscal Agent Agreement and vested with all the trusts, powers, discretions, immunities, privileges and all other matters as was its predecessor, without the execution or filing of any instrument or any further act, deed or conveyance on the part of any of the parties to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, anything in the Fiscal Agent Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding.

EVENTS OF DEFAULT; REMEDIES

Events of Default. Any one or more of the following events shall constitute an “event of default”:

(a) Default in the due and punctual payment of the principal of or redemption premium, if any, on any Bond when and as the same shall become due and payable, whether at maturity as therein expressed or upon redemption thereof;

(b) Default in the due and punctual payment of the interest on any Bond when and as the same shall become due and payable; or

(c) Default by the Community Facilities District in the observance of any of the other covenants, agreements or conditions on its part in the Fiscal Agent Agreement or in the Bonds contained, if such default shall have continued for a period of sixty (60) days after written notice thereof, specifying such default and requiring the same to be remedied, shall have been given to the Community Facilities District by the Fiscal Agent; *provided, however*, that if in the reasonable opinion of the Community Facilities District the default stated in the notice can be corrected, but not within such sixty (60) day period, such default shall not constitute an Event of Default under the Fiscal Agent Agreement if the Community Facilities District shall commence to cure such default within such sixty (60) day period and thereafter diligently and in good faith cure such failure in a reasonable period of time.

Remedies of Owners. Following the occurrence of an event of default, any Owner shall have the right for the equal benefit and protection of all Owners similarly situated:

(a) By mandamus or other suit or proceeding at law or in equity to enforce his or her rights against the Community Facilities District and any of the members, officers, and employees of the Community Facilities District, and to compel the Community Facilities District or any such members, officers, or employees to perform and carry out their duties under the Act and their agreements with the Owners as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement;

(b) By suit in equity to enjoin any actions or things which are unlawful or violate the rights of the Owners; or

(c) By a suit in equity to require the Community Facilities District and its members, officers, and employees to account as the trustee of an express trust.

Nothing in any provision of the Fiscal Agent Agreement, or in the Bonds, shall affect or impair the obligation of the Community Facilities District, which is absolute and unconditional, to pay the interest on and principal of the Bonds to the respective Owners of the Bonds at the respective dates of maturity or upon mandatory redemption, as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, out of the Net Special Taxes pledged for such payment, or affect or impair the right of action, which is also absolute and unconditional, of such Owners to institute suit to enforce such payment by virtue of the contract embodied in the Bonds and in the Fiscal Agent Agreement. The Bonds shall not be subject to acceleration.

A waiver of any default or breach of duty or contract by any Owner shall not affect any subsequent default or breach of duty or contract, or impair any rights or remedies on any such subsequent default or breach. No delay or omission by any Owner to exercise any right or power accruing upon any default shall impair any such right or power or shall be construed to be a waiver of any such default or an acquiescence therein, and every power and remedy conferred upon the Owners by the Act or by the Fiscal Agent Agreement may be enforced and exercised from time to time and as often as shall be deemed expedient by the Owners.

If any suit, action or proceeding to enforce any right or exercise any remedy is abandoned or determined adversely to the Owners, the Community Facilities District and the Owners shall be restored to their former positions, rights, and remedies as if such suit, action or proceeding had not been brought or taken.

No remedy in the Fiscal Agent Agreement conferred upon or reserved to the Owners is intended to be exclusive of any other remedy. Every such remedy shall be cumulative and shall be in addition to every other remedy given under the Fiscal Agent Agreement or now or hereafter existing, at law or in equity or by statute or otherwise, and may be exercised without exhausting and without regard to any other remedy conferred by the Act or any other law.

DEFEASANCE

Defeasance. If the Community Facilities District shall pay or cause to be paid, or there shall otherwise be paid, to the Owners of any Outstanding Bonds the interest and premium, if any, due thereon and the principal thereof, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, then the Owners of such Bonds shall cease to be entitled to the pledge of Net Special Taxes, and all covenants, agreements and other obligations of the Community Facilities District to the Owners of such Bonds under the Fiscal Agent Agreement shall thereupon cease, terminate and become void and be discharged and satisfied. In such event, the Fiscal Agent shall execute and deliver to the Community Facilities District all such instruments as may be desirable to evidence such discharge and satisfaction, and the Fiscal Agent shall pay over or deliver to the Community Facilities District after the payment of any amounts due the Fiscal Agent hereunder all money or securities held by them pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement which are not required for the payment of the interest due on, and the principal of, such Bonds

Any Outstanding Bond shall be deemed to have been paid within the meaning expressed in the Fiscal Agent Agreement if such Bond is paid in any one or more of the following ways:

(a) by paying or causing to be paid the principal of and interest with respect to such Bond, as and when the same become due and payable;

(b) by depositing with the Fiscal Agent, in trust, at or before maturity, money which, together with the amounts then on deposit in the Special Tax Fund, the Bond Fund and the Redemption Fund, is fully sufficient to pay the principal of, premium and interest on all Bonds Outstanding as and when the same shall become due and payable; or

(c) by depositing with the Fiscal Agent, in trust, Federal Securities in such amount as the Authorized Representative shall determine will, together with the interest to accrue thereon and moneys then on deposit in the Special Tax Fund, the Bond Fund and the Redemption Fund, together with the interest to accrue thereon without further investment, be fully sufficient to pay and discharge the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on all Bonds Outstanding as and when the same shall become due and payable; then, notwithstanding that any Bonds shall not have been surrendered for payment, all obligations of the Community Facilities District under the Fiscal Agent Agreement with respect to all Outstanding Bonds shall cease and terminate, except for the obligation of the Fiscal Agent to pay or cause to be paid to the Owners of the Bonds not so surrendered and paid, all sums due thereon. For the purpose of this Section 9.01, Federal Securities shall mean and include only such securities as are described in the definition of "Federal Securities" in Section 1.01 which: (x) shall not be subject to redemption prior to their maturity other than at the option of the holder thereof unless the moneys to be available from the redemption of such securities on the earliest date on which such securities are subject to redemption, other than at the option of the holder thereof, shall be at least equal to the amount of money expected to be derived in connection with such securities in determining that the provisions of clause (c) of Section 9.01 have been satisfied; and (y) which are then permitted to be applied as provided in subsection (c) of Section 9.01 under applicable law. Any money or securities deposited with the Fiscal Agent to defease the Bonds shall be accompanied by a certificate of a certified public accountant confirming the accuracy of the calculations establishing the sufficiency of such deposit, and an opinion of Bond Counsel stating that the deposit of such moneys or securities to defease the Bonds will not adversely affect the exclusion from gross income, for federal income tax purposes, of interest on the Bonds. Any funds held by the Fiscal Agent at the time of a payment or defeasance of the Bonds, which are not required for such purpose, or for the payment of amounts due to the Fiscal Agent hereunder shall be paid over to the Community Facilities District and may be used by the Community Facilities District for any lawful purpose.

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APPENDIX D

FORM OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

\$ _____
**COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6
OF THE HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
IMPROVEMENT AREA NO. 2
2025 SPECIAL TAX BONDS**

This CONTINUING DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT (the “**Disclosure Agreement**”) is executed and entered into as of May 1, 2026, by and between Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District (the “**Community Facilities District**”) and Fieldman, Rolapp & Associates, Inc. dba Applied Best Practices (“**ABP**”), in its capacity as dissemination agent (the “**Dissemination Agent**”), in connection with the issuance of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District (Improvement Area No. 2) 2025 Special Tax Bonds (the “**Bonds**”);

W I T N E S S E T H :

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Fiscal Agent Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2026 (the “**Fiscal Agent Agreement**”), by and between the Community Facilities District and Zions Bancorporation, National Association (the “**Fiscal Agent**”), the Community Facilities District has issued the Bonds in the aggregate principal amount set forth above; and

WHEREAS, the Bonds are payable from and secured by special taxes levied on certain property within Improvement Area No. 2.

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual premises and covenants herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. Purpose of this Disclosure Agreement. This Disclosure Agreement is being executed and delivered by the Community Facilities District for the benefit of the owners and beneficial owners of the Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriter (as defined below) in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission (“**S.E.C.**”) Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) (as defined below).

Section 2. Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Fiscal Agent Agreement which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Agreement unless otherwise defined in this Section or in this Disclosure Agreement, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

“Annual Report” shall mean any Annual Report provided by the Community Facilities District pursuant to, and described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Agreement.

“Annual Report Date” shall mean April 1 next following the end of the Community Facilities District’s fiscal year, which fiscal year end, as of the date of this Disclosure Agreement, is June 30.

“Beneficial Owner” shall mean any person which (a) has the power, directly or indirectly, to vote or consent with respect to, or to dispose of ownership of, any Bonds (including persons holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries), or (b) is treated as the owner of any Bonds for federal income tax purposes.

“Community Facilities District” shall mean Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District.

“Disclosure Representative” shall mean the Deputy Superintendent, Business Services, or his designee, or such other officer or employee as the Community Facilities District shall designate in writing to the Dissemination Agent from time to time.

“Dissemination Agent” shall mean ABP, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by the Community Facilities District and which has filed with the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent a written acceptance of such designation.

“EMMA System” shall mean the Electronic Municipal Market Access System of the MSRB (as defined below) or such other electronic system designated by the MSRB or the S.E.C. for compliance with the Rule.

“Financial Obligation” means a: (i) debt obligation; (ii) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (iii) guarantee of a clause (i) debt obligation or of a clause (ii) a derivative instrument described above; provided, however, that the term “Financial Obligation” shall not include “municipal securities” (as such term is defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as to which a “final official statement” (as such term is defined in the Rule) has been provided to the MSRB consistent with the Rule.

“Improvement Area No. 2” means Improvement Area No. 2 of the Community Facilities District.

“Listed Events” shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5(a) of this Disclosure Agreement.

“MSRB” shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board and any successor entity designated under the Rule as the repository for filings made pursuant to the Rule.

“Obligated Person” means any person, including an issuer of municipal securities, who is either generally or through an enterprise, fund, or account of such person committed by contract or other arrangement (e.g., the Community Facilities District as to the Bonds) to support payment of all, or part of the obligations of the municipal securities to be sold (other than providers of municipal bond insurance, letters of credit, or other liquidity facilities).

“Official Statement” shall mean the Official Statement, dated _____, 2025, relating to the Bonds.

“Owners” shall mean the registered owners of the Bonds as set forth in the registration books maintained by the Fiscal Agent.

“Participating Underwriter” shall mean Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated.

“Rule” shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the S.E.C. under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

“School District” shall mean the Hemet Unified School District.

“State” shall mean the State of California.

Section 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) The Community Facilities District shall, or, shall cause the Dissemination Agent to provide, not later than the Annual Report Date, commencing April 1, 2027, provide to the MSRB through the EMMA System in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB, and to the Fiscal Agent an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement. Not later than fifteen (15) Business Days prior to the Annual Report Date, the Community Facilities District shall provide the Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent (if other than the Community Facilities District) and the Fiscal Agent. The Annual Report may be submitted as a single document or as separate documents comprising a package, and may include by reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Agreement; *provided* that the audited financial statements (if any are prepared) of the Community Facilities District may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual Report and later than the Annual Report Date if they are not available by that date. For purposes of this section and Section 4(a), the audited financial statements of the School District shall not be deemed to be the audited financial statements of the Community Facilities District unless such audited financial statements contain specific information as to the Community Facilities District, its revenues, expenses and account balances. If the Community Facilities District's fiscal year changes, the Community Facilities District shall give notice of such change in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5(f). If the Dissemination Agent has not received a copy of the Annual Report on or before 15 business days prior to the Annual Report Date in any year, the Dissemination Agent shall notify the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent of such failure to receive the applicable Annual Report. The Community Facilities District shall provide a written certification with each Annual Report furnished to the Dissemination Agent to the effect that such Annual Report constitutes the Annual Report required to be furnished by it hereunder. The Dissemination Agent may conclusively rely upon such certification of the Community Facilities District and shall have no duty or obligation to review such Annual Report.

(b) If the Community Facilities District is unable to provide to the MSRB through the EMMA System, and to the Fiscal Agent, an Annual Report by the Annual Report Date, the Community Facilities District shall provide (or cause the Dissemination Agent to provide) in a timely manner to the MSRB, in an electronic format as prescribed by the MSRB, a notice through the EMMA System, if any.

- (c) With respect to each Annual Report, the Dissemination Agent shall:
 - (i) determine each year prior to the Annual Report Date the then applicable rules and electronic filing requirements and format prescribed by the MSRB for the filing of annual continuing disclosure reports;
 - (ii) provide any Annual Report received by it to the MSRB through the EMMA System and to the Fiscal Agent, as provided herein; and
 - (iii) if the Dissemination Agent is other than the Community Facilities District and to the extent it can confirm such filing of an Annual Report, file a report with the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent certifying that an Annual Report has been provided pursuant to this Disclosure Agreement, stating the date it was provided and confirming that it has been filed with the MSRB through the EMMA System.

Section 4. Content of Annual Reports. The Community Facilities District's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference the following documents and information:

(a) The Community Facilities District does not currently prepare audited financial statements and it is not anticipated that the Community Facilities District will prepare audited financial statements in the future. If the Community Facilities District will prepare audited financial statements, the Community Facilities District's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference such audited financial statements, if any, of the Community Facilities District, for the most recently completed fiscal year prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated to apply to government entities from time to time by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. If audited financial statements of the Community Facilities District, are to be prepared, but are not available at the time required for filing, unaudited financial statements of the Community Facilities District, shall be submitted with the Annual Report, and audited financial statements shall be submitted once available. As stated in Section 3(a), the financial statements of the School District shall not be deemed to be the financial statements of the Community Facilities District, unless such financial statements contain specific information concerning the Community Facilities District, its revenues, expenses and account balances. If the School District's audited financial statements contain specific information as to the Community Facilities District, its revenues, expenses and account balances, the Community Facilities District's Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference such School District's audited financial statements and in such event, the School District's audited financial statements may be accompanied by a statement substantially to the following effect:

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT IS PROVIDED SOLELY TO COMPLY WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION STAFF'S INTERPRETATION OF RULE 15c2-12. NO FUNDS OR ASSETS OF THE COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT OR THE SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER THAN NET SPECIAL TAXES ARE REQUIRED TO BE USED TO PAY DEBT SERVICE ON THE BONDS, AND NEITHER THE COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NOR THE SCHOOL

DISTRICT IS OBLIGATED TO ADVANCE AVAILABLE FUNDS TO COVER ANY DELINQUENCIES IN PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OF OR INTEREST ON THE BONDS. INVESTORS SHOULD NOT RELY ON THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT IN EVALUATING WHETHER TO BUY, HOLD OR SELL THE BONDS.

(b) The following information regarding the Bonds, and any parity bonds issued by the Community Facilities District:

- (i) Principal amount of Bonds, and/or any refunding bonds issued by the Community Facilities District with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, outstanding as of a date within 45 days preceding the date of the Annual Report;
- (ii) Balance in the Special Tax Fund and the Bond Fund as of a date within 60 days preceding the date of the Annual Report;
- (iii) Balance in the Reserve Fund and a statement of the Reserve Requirement, as of a date within 60 days preceding the date of the Annual Report;
- (iv) While there are funds in the Construction Fund, or any accounts or any subaccounts thereof, the balance in the Construction Fund, and each account or subaccount thereunder, as of a date within 60 days preceding the date of the Annual Report, and of any other fund or account held under the terms of the Fiscal Agent Agreement not referenced in clauses (ii), (iii) or (iv) hereof;
- (v) A table summarizing assessed value-to-burden ratios for the property within Improvement Area No. 2 based on the applicable land use categories under Amendment No. 1 to Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Tax for Improvement Area No. 2 (the "**Rate and Method**"). The assessed values in such table will be determined by reference to the value of the parcels within Improvement Area No. 2 on which the Special Taxes are levied, as shown on the assessment roll of the Riverside County Assessor last equalized prior to the September 2 next preceding the Annual Report Date. The value-to-burden values in such table will include all Bonds then outstanding and any refunding bonds in Improvement Area No. 2 and need not include other debt secured by a special tax or assessments levied on parcels within Improvement Area No. 2.
- (vi) Information regarding the amount of the annual Special Taxes levied in Improvement Area No. 2, amount collected, delinquent amounts, prepayments of Special Taxes, if any, and percent delinquent for the most recently completed fiscal year;
- (vii) A land ownership summary listing property owners, if any, responsible for more than 5% of the Special Tax levy as shown on the assessment roll of the Riverside County Assessor last equalized prior to the September 30 next preceding the Annual Report Date, a summary of the Special Taxes levied on the property within Improvement Area No. 2 owned by such

property owners, and the assessed value of such property, as shown on such assessment roll;

- (viii) Concerning parcels within Improvement Area No. 2 delinquent in the payment of Special Taxes to the Community Facilities District as of the immediately preceding November 1 (if applicable), status of foreclosure proceedings, if any, and summary of results of foreclosure sales, if applicable e.g.;

- number of parcels within Improvement Area No. 2 delinquent in payment of Special Taxes,
- total of such delinquency and percentage of delinquency in relation to the total Special Tax levy,
- status of the actions taken by the School District and/or the Community Facilities District related to any foreclosure proceedings upon delinquent properties within Improvement Area No. 2;

- (ix) Identity of any delinquent taxpayer obligated for greater than 5% of the annual Special Tax levy as of the immediately preceding November 1, if applicable, plus;

- assessed value of applicable properties, and
- summary of results of foreclosure sales, if available;

- (x) A copy of any report for or concerning the Community Facilities District, with respect to Improvement Area No. 2, as of the immediately preceding October 31, as required under State law; and

- (xi) Any changes to the Rate and Method applicable to Improvement Area No. 2 approved or submitted to the qualified electors with respect to Improvement Area No. 2 for approval prior to the filing of the Annual Report.

(c) In addition to any of the information expressly required to be provided under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Section, the Community Facilities District shall provide such further information, if any, as may be necessary to make the specifically required statements, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading for purposes of applicable federal securities laws.

Any or all of the items listed above may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Community Facilities District or related public entities, which are available to the public on the MSRB's EMMA System (or equivalent as may then be in place) or filed with the S.E.C. If the document included by reference is a final official statement, it must be available from the MSRB. The Community Facilities District shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

Section 5. Reporting of Listed Events.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 5, the Community Facilities District shall give, or cause to be given, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds in a timely manner, not in excess of ten business days after the occurrence of the event:

- (i) Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
- (ii) Non-payment related defaults, if material;
- (iii) Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
- (iv) Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
- (v) Substitution of the credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
- (vi) Adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security or other material events affecting the tax status of the security;
- (vii) Modifications to rights of security holders, if material;
- (viii) Bond calls, if material, and tender offers;
- (ix) Defeasances;
- (x) Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the securities, if material;
- (xi) Rating changes;
- (xii) Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the Obligated Person;⁽¹⁾
- (xiii) The consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving an Obligated Person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Obligated Person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material;

⁽¹⁾ For the purposes of the event identified in subparagraph (xii), the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an Obligated Person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law in which a court or

- (xiv) Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material;
- (xv) Incurrence of a Financial Obligation of the Obligated Person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Obligated Person, any of which affect security holders, if material; and
- (xvi) Default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Obligated Person, any of which reflect financial difficulties.

(b) The Community Facilities District intends that the words used in Section 5(a)(xv) and 5(a)(xvi), and the definition of Financial Obligation in Section 2, have the same meanings as when they are used in the Rule, as evidenced by S.E.C. Release No. 34-83885, dated August 20, 2018.

(c) The Dissemination Agent shall, within three business days of obtaining actual knowledge of the occurrence of any of the Listed Events under Section 5(a) contact the Disclosure Representative, inform such person of the event, and request that the Community Facilities District promptly notify the Dissemination Agent in writing whether or not to report the event pursuant to subsection (f). For purposes of this Disclosure Agreement, "actual knowledge" of the occurrence of the Listed Events described under clauses (ii), (iii), (vi), (x), (xi), (xii), (xiii) and (xiv) above shall mean actual knowledge by an officer at the corporate trust office of the Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall have no responsibility for determining the materiality of any of the Listed Events. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of a Listed Event described in subsection (a)(viii) above need not be given any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to owners of affected Bonds under the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

(d) As soon as practicable, so as to satisfy the requirements of section 5(a), the Community Facilities District shall notify the Dissemination Agent in writing of the occurrence of any of the Listed Events. Such notice shall instruct the Dissemination Agent to report the occurrence pursuant to subsection (f). The Community Facilities District shall provide the Dissemination Agent with a form of notice of such event in a format suitable for reporting to the MSRB through the EMMA System.

(e) If the Community Facilities District determines that a Listed Event subject to a materiality requirement referenced in clauses (a)(ii), (vi) (with respect to material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the security or other material events affecting the tax status of the security), (vii), (viii) (if the event is a bond call), (x), (xiii), (xiv) or (xv) would not be material under applicable federal securities law, the Community Facilities District shall so notify the Dissemination Agent in writing and instruct

governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Obligated Person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governing body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the Obligated Person.

the Dissemination Agent not to report the occurrence pursuant to subsection (f).

(f) If the Dissemination Agent has been instructed by the Community Facilities District to report the occurrence of a Listed Event, and has received a notice of the occurrence in a format suitable for filing with the MSRB, the Dissemination Agent shall file in a timely manner, not in excess of ten business days, so as to satisfy the requirements of Section 5(a), a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB through the EMMA System (or equivalent as may then be in place).

Section 6. Identifying Information for Filings with the MSRB. All documents provided to the MSRB under the Disclosure Agreement shall be accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB.

Section 7. Termination of Reporting Obligation. All of the Community Facilities District's obligations hereunder shall terminate upon the earliest to occur of (i) the legal defeasance of the Bonds, (ii) prior redemption of the Bonds or (iii) payment in full of all the Bonds. If such termination occurs prior to the final maturity of the Bonds, the Community Facilities District shall give notice of such termination in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5(f).

Section 8. Dissemination Agent. The Community Facilities District may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The initial Dissemination Agent shall be ABP. The Dissemination Agent may resign by providing thirty days' written notice to the Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent (if the Fiscal Agent is not the Dissemination Agent). The Dissemination Agent shall have no duty to prepare the Annual Report nor shall the Dissemination Agent be responsible for filing any Annual Report not provided to it by the Community Facilities District in a timely manner and in a form suitable for filing.

Section 9. Amendment Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Community Facilities District, the Fiscal Agent and the Dissemination Agent may amend this Disclosure Agreement (and the Fiscal Agent and the Dissemination Agent shall agree to any amendment so requested by the Community Facilities District, so long as such amendment does not adversely affect the rights or obligations of the Fiscal Agent or the Dissemination Agent), and any provision of this Disclosure Agreement may be waived, *provided* that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) if the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Sections 3(a), 4 or 5(a), it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature, or status of an Obligated Person with respect to the Bonds, or type of business conducted;

(b) the undertakings herein, as proposed to be amended or waived, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the primary offering of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) the proposed amendment or waiver either (i) is approved by owners of the Bonds in the manner provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement for amendments to the

Fiscal Agent Agreement with the consent of owners, or (ii) does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the owners or beneficial owners of the Bonds.

If the annual financial information or operating data to be provided in the Annual Report is amended pursuant to the provisions hereof, the first annual financial information filed pursuant hereto containing the amended operating data or financial information shall explain, in narrative form, the reasons for the amendment and the impact of the change in the type of operating data or financial information being provided.

If an amendment is made to the undertaking specifying the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, the annual financial information for the year in which the change is made shall present a comparison between the financial statements or information prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles. The comparison shall include a qualitative discussion of the differences in the accounting principles and the impact of the change in the accounting principles on the presentation of the financial information in order to provide information to investors to enable them to evaluate the ability of the Community Facilities District to meet its obligations. To the extent reasonably feasible, the comparison shall be quantitative. A notice of the change in the accounting principles shall be filed with the MSRB through the EMMA System in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5(f).

Section 10. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Community Facilities District from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Agreement or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Agreement. If the Community Facilities District chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Agreement, the Community Facilities District shall have no obligation under this Disclosure Agreement to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event.

Section 11. Default. In the event of a failure of the Community Facilities District, the Fiscal Agent or the Dissemination Agent to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Agreement, the Fiscal Agent may, and (at the written direction of the Participating Underwriter or the owners of at least 25% aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds, shall, upon receipt of indemnification reasonably satisfactory to the Fiscal Agent) any owner or beneficial owner of the Bonds may, take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Community Facilities District, the Fiscal Agent or the Dissemination Agent to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Agreement. A default under this Disclosure Agreement shall not be deemed an Event of Default under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and the sole remedy under this Disclosure Agreement in the event of any failure of the Community Facilities District, the Fiscal Agent or the Dissemination Agent to comply with this Disclosure Agreement shall be an action to compel performance. Neither the Fiscal Agent nor the Dissemination Agent shall have any liability to the owners of the Bonds or any other party for monetary damages or financial liability of any kind whatsoever relating to or arising from this Disclosure Agreement.

Section 12. Duties, Immunities and Liabilities of Fiscal Agent and Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent and the Fiscal Agent shall have only such duties hereunder as are specifically set forth in this Disclosure Agreement. This Disclosure Agreement does not apply to any other securities issued, or to be issued, by the Community Facilities District. The Dissemination Agent shall have no obligation to make any disclosure concerning the Bonds, Improvement Area No. 2, the Community Facilities District, or any other matter, except as expressly set out herein, provided that no provision of this Disclosure Agreement shall limit the duties or obligations of the Fiscal Agent under the Fiscal Agent Agreement. The Dissemination Agent shall have no responsibility for the preparation, review, form or content of any Annual Report or any notice of a Listed Event. The fact that the Fiscal Agent has or may have any banking, fiduciary or other relationship with the Community Facilities District or any other party, apart from the relationship created by the Fiscal Agent Agreement and this Disclosure Agreement, shall not be construed to mean that the Fiscal Agent has knowledge or notice of any event or condition relating to the Bonds, Improvement Area No.1, or the Community Facilities District, except in its respective capacities under such agreements. No provision of this Disclosure Agreement shall require or be construed to require the Dissemination Agent to interpret or provide an opinion concerning any information disclosed hereunder. Information disclosed hereunder by the Dissemination Agent may contain such disclaimer language concerning the Dissemination Agent's responsibilities hereunder with respect thereto as the Dissemination Agent may deem appropriate. The Dissemination Agent may conclusively rely on the determination of the Community Facilities District as to the materiality of any event for purposes of Section 5 hereof. Neither the Fiscal Agent nor the Dissemination Agent makes any representation as to the sufficiency of this Disclosure Agreement for purposes of the Rule. The Dissemination Agent and the Fiscal Agent shall be paid compensation by the Community Facilities District for their services provided hereunder in accordance with their schedule of fees, as amended from time to time, and all expenses, legal fees and advances made or incurred by the Dissemination Agent and the Fiscal Agent in the performance of their duties hereunder. The Community Facilities District's obligations under this Section shall survive the termination of this Disclosure Agreement.

Section 13. Beneficiaries. The Participating Underwriter and the owners and beneficial owners from time to time of the Bonds shall be third-party beneficiaries under this Disclosure Agreement. This Disclosure Agreement shall inure solely to the benefit of the Community Facilities District, the Fiscal Agent, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriter and owners and beneficial owners from time to time of the Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

Section 14. Notices. Any notice or communications to or among any of the parties to this Disclosure Agreement shall be given to all of the following and may be given as follows:

If to the Community Facilities District:	Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District 1791 West Acacia Avenue Hemet, California 92545 Telephone: (951) 765-5100 ext. 5000 Attention: Deputy Superintendent, Business Services

If to the Dissemination Agent: Fieldman, Rolapp & Associates, Inc. dba Applied Best Practices
19900 MacArthur Boulevard, Suite 1100
Irvine, California 92612
Telephone: (949) 660-7300
Telecopier: (949) 474-8773

If to the Participating Underwriter: Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated
2121 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 2150
Los Angeles, California 90067
Attention: Public Finance

provided, however, that all such notices, requests or other communications may be made by telephone and promptly confirmed by writing. The parties may, by notice given as aforesaid, specify a different address for any such notices, requests or other communications.

Section 15. Future Determination of Obligated Persons. In the event the S.E.C. amends, clarifies or supplements the Rule in such a manner that requires any landowner within Improvement Area No. 2 to be an Obligated Person as defined in the Rule, nothing contained herein shall be construed to require the Community Facilities District to meet the continuing disclosure requirements of the Rule with respect to such Obligated Person and nothing in this Disclosure Agreement shall be deemed to obligate the Community Facilities District to disclose information concerning any owner of land within Improvement Area No. 2 except as required as part of the information required to be disclosed by the Community Facilities District pursuant to Section 4 and Section 5 hereof.

Section 16. Severability. In case any one or more of the provisions contained herein shall for any reason be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other provision hereof.

Section 17. State of California Law Governs. The validity, interpretation and performance of this Disclosure Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State.

Section 18. Counterparts. This Disclosure Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one and the same instrument.

Section 19. Merger. Any person succeeding to all or substantially all of the Dissemination Agent's corporate trust business shall be the successor Dissemination Agent without the filing of any paper or any further act.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Disclosure Agreement as of the date first above written.

HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT,
on behalf of Community Facilities District No. 2021-6
of the Hemet Unified School District

By:

Authorized Officer

FIELDMAN, ROLAPP & ASSOCIATES, INC.
DBA APPLIED BEST PRACTICES, as
Dissemination Agent

By:

Authorized Officer

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APPENDIX E

FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

_____, 2026

Community Facilities District No. 2021-6
of the Hemet Unified School District
1791 W. Acacia Avenue
Hemet, California 92545

OPINION: \$_____ Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School
District Improvement Area No. 2 2026 Special Tax Bonds

Members of the Governing Board:

We have acted as bond counsel to the Hemet Unified School District (the "School District"), the governing board of which is the legislative body of Community Facilities District No. 2021-6 of the Hemet Unified School District (the "Community Facilities District"), in connection with the issuance by the Community Facilities District of the special tax bonds captioned above, dated the date hereof (the "Bonds"). In such capacity, we have examined such law and such certified proceedings, certifications, and other documents as we have deemed necessary to render this opinion.

The Bonds are issued pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, as amended, being sections 53311 et seq. of the California Government Code (the "Act"), a resolution of the Governing Board, acting in its capacity as the legislative body of the Community Facilities District, adopted on April 14, 2026 (the "Resolution"), and a Fiscal Agent Agreement dated as of May 1, 2026 (the "Fiscal Agent Agreement"), between the School District, on behalf of the Community Facilities District, and Zions Bancorporation, National Association, as fiscal agent (the "Fiscal Agent").

Under the Fiscal Agent Agreement, the Community Facilities District has pledged certain revenues ("Net Special Taxes") for the payment of principal, premium (if any) and interest on the Bonds when due.

Regarding questions of fact material to our opinion, we have relied on representations of the Community Facilities District contained in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and on the certified proceedings and other certifications of public officials furnished to us, without undertaking to verify the same by independent investigation.

Based on the foregoing, we are of the opinion that, under existing law:

1. The Community Facilities District is a community facilities district duly created and validly existing under the Constitution and the laws of the State of California with the power to adopt the Resolution, enter into the Fiscal Agent Agreement and perform the agreements on its part contained therein, and issue the Bonds.

2. The Fiscal Agent Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the School District, on behalf of the Community Facilities District, and constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Community Facilities District, enforceable against the Community Facilities District.

3. The Fiscal Agent Agreement creates a valid lien on the Net Special Taxes and other funds pledged by the Fiscal Agent Agreement for the security of the Bonds, on a parity with other bonds (if any) issued or to be issued in accordance with the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

4. The Bonds have been duly authorized and executed by the Community Facilities District, and are valid and binding limited obligations of the Community Facilities District, payable solely from the Net Special Taxes and other funds provided therefor in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

5. The interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes and is not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax. It should be noted however that interest on the Bonds may be subject to the corporate alternative minimum tax. The opinions set forth in the preceding sentences are subject to the condition that the Community Facilities District comply with all requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order that the interest thereon be, and continue to be, excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. The Community Facilities District has made certain representations and covenants in order to comply with each such requirement. Inaccuracy of those representations, or failure to comply with certain of those covenants, may cause the inclusion of such interest in gross income for federal income tax purposes, which may be retroactive to the date of issuance of the Bonds.

6. The interest on the Bonds is exempt from personal income taxation imposed by the State of California.

We express no opinion regarding any other tax consequences arising with respect to the ownership, sale or disposition of, or the amount, accrual or receipt of interest on, the Bonds.

The rights of the owners of the Bonds and the enforceability of the Bonds and the Fiscal Agent Agreement are limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, and by equitable principles, whether considered at law or in equity.

This opinion is given as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to revise or supplement this opinion to reflect any facts or circumstances that may hereafter come to our attention, or any changes in law that may hereafter occur. Moreover, our opinions are not a

guarantee of a particular result, and are not binding on the Internal Revenue Service or any court; rather, our opinions represent our legal judgment based upon our review of existing law that we deem relevant to such opinions, and any assumptions expressed herein, and in reliance upon the representations, and covenants referenced above. Our engagement with respect to this matter has terminated as of the date hereof.

Respectfully submitted,

A Professional Law Corporation

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APPENDIX F

DTC AND THE BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

The following description of the procedures and record keeping with respect to beneficial ownership interests in the 2026 Bonds, payment of principal of and interest on the 2026 Bonds to Direct Participants, Indirect Participants or Beneficial Owners (as such terms are defined below) of the 2026 Bonds, confirmation and transfer of beneficial ownership interests in the 2026 Bonds and other Bond-related transactions by and between DTC, Direct Participants, Indirect Participants and Beneficial Owners of the 2026 Bonds is based solely on information furnished by DTC to the Community Facilities District which the Community Facilities District believes to be reliable, but the Community Facilities District and the Underwriter do not and cannot make any independent representations concerning these matters and do not take responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof. Neither the DTC, Direct Participants, Indirect Participants nor the Beneficial Owners should rely on the foregoing information with respect to such matters, but should instead confirm the same with DTC or the DTC Participants, as the case may be.

The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the 2026 Bonds. The 2026 Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond will be issued for each maturity of the 2026 Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world’s largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC’s participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants’ accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). DTC has Standard & Poor’s highest rating: AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the 2026 Bonds on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on

the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the 2026 Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the 2026 Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the 2026 Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the 2026 Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not affect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the 2026 Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct or Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of the 2026 Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the 2026 Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the 2026 Bonds documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of the 2026 Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the 2026 Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the Fiscal Agent and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the 2026 Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the 2026 Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Community Facilities District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the 2026 Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal, redemption price and interest payments on the 2026 Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Community Facilities District or the Fiscal Agent, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Fiscal Agent or the Community Facilities District, subject to any statutory or regulatory

requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal, redemption price and interest payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Community Facilities District or the Fiscal Agent, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the 2026 Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Community Facilities District or the Fiscal Agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, the 2026 Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The Community Facilities District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, the 2026 Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Community Facilities District believes to be reliable, but the Community Facilities District takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Discontinuance of DTC Services

In the event that (a) DTC determines not to continue to act as securities depository for the 2026 Bonds, or (b) the Community Facilities District determines that DTC shall no longer act and delivers a written certificate to the Fiscal Agent to that effect, then the Community Facilities District will discontinue the Book-Entry System with DTC for the 2026 Bonds. If the Community Facilities District determines to replace DTC with another qualified securities depository, the Community Facilities District will prepare or direct the preparation of a new single separate, fully-registered Bond for each maturity of the 2026 Bonds registered in the name of such successor or substitute securities depository as are not inconsistent with the terms of the Fiscal Agent Agreement. If the Community Facilities District fails to identify another qualified securities depository to replace the incumbent securities depository for the 2026 Bonds, then the 2026 Bonds shall no longer be restricted to being registered in the Bond registration books in the name of the incumbent securities depository or its nominee, but shall be registered in whatever name or names the incumbent securities depository or its nominee transferring or exchanging the 2026 Bonds shall designate.

In the event that the Book-Entry System is discontinued, the following provisions would also apply: (i) the 2026 Bonds will be made available in physical form, (ii) principal of, and redemption premiums if any, on the 2026 Bonds will be payable upon surrender thereof at the trust office of the Fiscal Agent identified in the Fiscal Agent Agreement, and (iii) the 2026 Bonds will be transferable and exchangeable as provided in the Fiscal Agent Agreement.

The Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent do not have any responsibility or obligation to DTC Participants, to the persons for whom they act as nominees, to Beneficial Owners, or to any other person who is not shown on the registration books as being an owner of the 2026 Bonds, with respect to (i) the accuracy of any records maintained by DTC or any DTC Participants; (ii) the payment by DTC or any DTC Participant of any amount in respect of the principal of, redemption price of or interest on the 2026 Bonds; (iii) the delivery of any notice which is permitted or required to be given to registered owners under the Fiscal Agent Agreement; (iv) the selection by DTC or any DTC Participant of any person to receive payment in the event of a partial redemption of the 2026 Bonds; (v) any consent given or other action taken by DTC as

registered owner; or (vi) any other matter arising with respect to the 2026 Bonds or the Fiscal Agent Agreement. The Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent cannot and do not give any assurances that DTC, DTC Participants or others will distribute payments of principal of or interest on the 2026 Bonds paid to DTC or its nominee, as the registered owner, or any notices to the Beneficial Owners or that they will do so on a timely basis or will serve and act in a manner described in this Official Statement. The Community Facilities District and the Fiscal Agent are not responsible or liable for the failure of DTC or any DTC Participant to make any payment or give any notice to a Beneficial Owner in respect to the 2026 Bonds or any error or delay relating thereto.

THE COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT AND THE FISCAL AGENT WILL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO PARTICIPANTS, TO INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS, OR TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WITH RESPECT TO (I) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC, ANY PARTICIPANT, OR ANY INDIRECT PARTICIPANT, (II) THE DELIVERY OF ANY NOTICE THAT IS PERMITTED OR REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN TO THE 2025 BONDDOWNERS UNDER THE FISCAL AGENT AGREEMENT, (III) THE SELECTION BY DTC OR ANY PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY PERSON TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF A PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF A BOND, (IV) THE PAYMENT BY ANY PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PREMIUM, IF ANY, OF OR INTEREST ON THE 2026 Bonds, (V) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS THE 2025 BONDDOWNER OF THE 2026 Bonds, OR (VI) ANY OTHER MATTER.

THE FISCAL AGENT, AS LONG AS A BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM IS USED FOR THE 2026 Bonds, WILL SEND ANY NOTICE OF REDEMPTION OR OTHER NOTICES ONLY TO DTC. ANY FAILURE OF DTC TO ADVISE ANY PARTICIPANT, OR OF ANY PARTICIPANT TO NOTIFY ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER OF ANY NOTICE AND ITS CONTENT OR EFFECT WILL NOT AFFECT THE VALIDITY OR SUFFICIENCY OF THE PROCEEDINGS RELATING TO THE REDEMPTION OF THE 2026 Bonds CALLED FOR REDEMPTION OR OF ANY OTHER ACTION PREMISED ON SUCH NOTICE.

APPENDIX G

APPRAISED OR ASSESSED VALUE BY ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER

Assessor's Parcel Number	Lot	Community	Inspection Status	Ownership	Assessed	Appraised/ Assessed Value
461610001	1	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461610002	2	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461610003	3	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$427,100
461610004	4	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$462,700
461610005	5	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$516,300
461610006	6	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461610007	7	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$531,447
461610008	8	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$550,765
461610009	9	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$653,648
461610010	10	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$646,162
461610011	11	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$520,925
461610012	12	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$584,342
461610013	13	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$642,722
461610014	14	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$561,485
461610017	17	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$545,954
461610019	15	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$539,516
461610021	16	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$536,998
461611001	18	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$551,294
461611002	19	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$596,454
461611003	20	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$590,401
461611004	21	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$538,369
461611005	22	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$579,699
461611006	23	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$542,378
461611007	24	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$562,298
461611008	25	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$521,670
461611009	26	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$562,010
461611010	27	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$572,610
461611011	28	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$535,549
461611012	29	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$650,000
461611013	30	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$562,029
461611014	31	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$571,947
461611015	32	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$578,125
461611016	33	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$595,144
461611017	34	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$667,647
461611018	35	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$572,146
461611019	36	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461611020	37	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$646,915
461611021	38	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461611022	39	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$629,524
461611023	40	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$588,829
461611024	41	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$550,784
461611025	42	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$527,101
461611026	43	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461611027	44	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$427,100
461611028	45	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$447,300
461611029	46	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$408,400
461611030	47	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$442,000
461611031	48	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$400,600
461611032	49	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461611033	50	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461611034	51	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$442,000
461611035	52	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461611036	53	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461611037	54	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$489,000
461611038	55	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$442,000
461611039	56	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461611040	189	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461611041	190	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461612001	92	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461612002	93	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461612003	94	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$490,000
461612004	95	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$490,000
461612005	96	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000

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Assessor's Parcel Number	Lot	Community	Inspection Status	Ownership	Assessed	Appraised/ Assessed Value
461612006	97	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$490,000
461612007	98	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461612008	99	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$490,000
461612009	100	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461612010	101	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461612011	102	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461612012	103	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461612013	104	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620001	57	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620002	58	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620003	59	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620004	60	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620005	61	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620006	62	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620007	63	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620008	64	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620009	65	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620010	66	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620011	67	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620012	68	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620013	69	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620014	70	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620015	71	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620016	72	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461620017	73	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461620018	74	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461620019	75	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461620020	76	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461620021	77	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461621001	78	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461621002	79	Luminary	Finished Lot	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$198,889
461621003	80	Luminary	Finished Lot	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$198,889
461621004	81	Luminary	Finished Lot	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$198,889
461621005	82	Luminary	Finished Lot	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$198,889
461621006	83	Luminary	Finished Lot	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$198,889
461621007	84	Luminary	Finished Lot	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$198,889
461621008	85	Luminary	Finished Lot	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$198,889
461621009	86	Luminary	Finished Lot	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$198,889
461621010	87	Luminary	Finished Lot	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$198,889
461621011	88	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461621012	89	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$490,000
461621013	90	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$490,000
461621014	91	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461630001	105	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461630002	106	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461630003	107	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461630004	108	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461630005	109	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461630006	110	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461630007	111	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461630008	112	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$548,458
461630009	113	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$568,562
461630010	114	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$539,872
461630011	115	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$556,909
461630012	116	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$512,702
461630013	117	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$583,916
461630014	118	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$462,194
461631001	160	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$490,000
461631002	161	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$561,041
461631003	162	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$678,528
461631004	163	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$593,360
461631005	164	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$634,365
461631006	165	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$608,767
461631007	166	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$592,391
461631008	167	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$625,813
461631009	168	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$615,292
461631010	169	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$632,657

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Assessor's Parcel Number	Lot	Community	Inspection Status	Ownership	Assessed	Appraised/ Assessed Value
461631011	170	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$602,763
461631012	171	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$560,940
461631013	172	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$616,751
461631014	173	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$590,562
461631015	174	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$593,758
461631016	175	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461631017	176	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461631018	177	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461631019	178	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$582,996
461631020	179	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$593,558
461631021	180	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$642,743
461631022	181	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$674,701
461631023	182	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461631024	183	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461631025	184	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$490,000
461631026	185	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$490,000
461631027	186	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	Yes	\$429,083
461631028	187	Luminary	Completed Home	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	Yes	\$472,183
461631029	188	Luminary	Home Under Construction	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	No	\$252,095
461640001	119	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	No	\$600,000
461640002	120	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$683,956
461640003	121	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$685,862
461640004	122	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$622,201
461640005	123	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$667,728
461640006	124	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$718,639
461640007	125	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$620,168
461640008	126	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$674,994
461640009	127	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$560,523
461640010	128	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$605,244
461640011	129	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$516,140
461640012	130	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$677,272
461640013	131	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$521,687
461640014	132	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$532,332
461640015	133	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$549,856
461640016	134	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$566,843
461641001	135	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$517,500
461641002	136	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$536,392
461641003	137	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$575,199
461641030	138	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$600,400
461641031	139	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$839,538
461641006	140	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$470,281
461641007	141	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$544,181
461641008	142	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$749,000
461641009	143	Aurora	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$695,000
461641010	144	Luminary	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$503,527
461641011	145	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$691,817
461641012	146	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$634,940
461641013	147	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$646,180
461641014	148	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$634,305
461641015	149	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$670,066
461641016	150	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$693,589
461641017	151	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$631,299
461641018	152	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$598,925
461641019	153	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$692,733
461641020	154	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$650,250
461641021	155	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$629,081
461641022	156	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$632,530
461641023	157	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$812,162
461641024	158	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$668,225
461641025	159	Solstice	Sold to an Individual	Individual Homeowner	Yes	\$862,861
Total						\$96,283,678

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APPENDIX H

APPRAISAL REPORT AND APPRAISAL UPDATE LETTER

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Appraisal of Real Property

Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2

Residential Subdivision

SEC of Domenigoni Pkwy. and Frontier Loop Rd.
Winchester, Riverside County, California 92596

Prepared For:

Hemet Unified School District

Date of the Report:

November 3, 2025

Report Format:

Appraisal Report

IRR - Los Angeles

File Number: 219-2025-0113



Subject Photographs



Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2
SEC of Domenigoni Pkwy. and Frontier Loop Rd.
Winchester, California

Aerial Photograph





November 3, 2025

Darrin Watters
Deputy Superintendent, Business Services
Hemet Unified School District
1791 W. Acacia Avenue
Hemet, CA 92545

SUBJECT: Market Value Appraisal
 Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2
 SEC of Domenigoni Pkwy. and Frontier Loop Rd.
 Winchester, Riverside County, California 92596
 IRR - Los Angeles File No. 219-2025-0113

Dear Mr. Watters:

Integra Realty Resources – Los Angeles is pleased to submit the accompanying appraisal of the referenced property. The purpose of the appraisal is to develop an opinion of the market value, subject to a hypothetical condition, pertaining to the fee simple interest in the property, as well as the aggregate, or cumulative, value of the appraised properties. The client for the assignment is Hemet Unified School District and the intended use of the report is for bond underwriting purposes.

The Hemet Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2021-6, IA2 ("CFD No. 2021-6, IA2") is generally located at the southeast corner of Domenigoni Parkway and Frontier Loop Road within the unincorporated community of Winchester, Riverside County, California. CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 is comprised of 190 residential lots with a typical lot size of 7,500 square feet. The subject is being developed by Tri Pointe Homes, who is actively developing Luminary at Outlook, which features five floor plans ranging in size from 1,569 to 2,532 square feet. There were two communities, Aurora and Solstice at Outlook, being developed at the subject property; however, the developer pivoted to Luminary at Outlook to offer smaller floor plans with a lower price point.

As of the effective date of value, September 22, 2025, the subject consists of a portion of the CFD (taxable parcels) comprising 78 finished lots, homes under construction and completed homes that have not been assigned an assessed value (or nominal value) for

structural improvements for the 2025-2026 tax year. The balance of the CFD is 112 homes for which the County has already assigned an assessed value greater than \$400,000 for the 2025-2026 tax year. A more detailed legal and physical description of the subject property is contained within the attached report.

The appraisal conforms to the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP), the Code of Professional Ethics and Standards of Professional Practice of the Appraisal Institute, and applicable state appraisal regulations. The Appraisal Report is also prepared in accordance with the Appraisal Standards for Land Secured Financing published by the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission (CDIAC) (2004).

Standards Rule 2-2 (Content of a Real Property Appraisal Report) contained in the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) requires each written real property appraisal report to be prepared as either an Appraisal Report or a Restricted Appraisal Report. This report is prepared as an Appraisal Report as defined by USPAP under Standards Rule 2-2(a), and incorporates practical explanation of the data, reasoning, and analysis that were used to develop the opinion of value.

Based on the valuation analysis in the accompanying Appraisal Report, and subject to the hypothetical condition, definitions, assumptions, and limiting conditions expressed in the report, the concluded opinions of value, as of the date of value, September 22, 2025, is as follows:

Market Value by Ownership						
	Lots/Parcels /Homes	Lot/Home Value	Remaining Site Development Costs	Permits and Fees	Value per Component	Market Value (Rd.)
Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.						
Essentially Finished Lots	9	\$258,000	(\$5,923)	(\$53,143)	\$198,934	\$1,790,000
Homes Under Construction	21	\$258,000	(\$5,923)	-	\$252,077	\$5,294,000
Completed Homes						
Luminary at Outlook	8	\$490,000	-	-	\$490,000	\$3,920,000 (Not-Less-Than)
Bulk Market Value - Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	38					\$11,004,000
Individual Homeowners						
Completed Homes						
Luminary at Outlook	39	\$490,000	-	-	\$490,000	\$19,110,000 (Not-Less-Than)
Solstice at Outlook	1	\$600,000	-	-	\$600,000	\$600,000 (Not-Less-Than)
Aggregate Value - Individual Homeowners	40					\$19,710,000
Aggregate Value, subject to a hypothetical condition	78					\$30,714,000
Assessed Value						
Aurora at Outlook	19	-	-	-	-	\$11,883,945
Luminary at Outlook	68	-	-	-	-	\$37,091,209
Solstice at Outlook	25	-	-	-	-	\$16,594,524
Aggregate, or Cumulative, Assessed Values	112					\$65,569,678
Total Aggregate, or Cumulative, Value - Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2	190					\$96,283,678

Extraordinary Assumptions and Hypothetical Conditions

The value conclusions are subject to the following extraordinary assumptions. An extraordinary assumption is an assignment-specific assumption as of the effective date regarding uncertain information used in an analysis which, if found to be false, could alter the appraiser's opinions or conclusions.

(None)

The value conclusions are based on the following hypothetical conditions. A hypothetical condition is a condition, directly related to a specific assignment, which is contrary to what is known by the appraiser to exist on the effective date of the assignment results, but is used for the purpose of analysis.

1. The value derived herein is based on the hypothetical condition that certain impact fees and public improvements to be reimbursed by the CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 Revenue Bonds, Series 2025, have been paid.

The use of any extraordinary assumption or hypothetical condition may have affected the assignment results.

The opinions of value represent a "not-less-than" value due to the fact we were requested to provide a market value for the smallest floor plan for each product line improved with a completed home without a complete assessed improvement value reflected on the County of Riverside Assessor's Tax Roll.

Please note the aggregate of the appraised values is not the market value of the appraised properties in bulk. As defined by The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal, an aggregate value is the "total of multiple market value conclusions." For purposes of this Appraisal Report, market value is estimated by ownership.

As a condition of this assignment, the Assessed Values for certain Assessor's Parcels with completed and sold homes with a complete Assessed Value for both Land and Improvements is presented herein for illustration purposes only. As requested, these Assessor's Parcels are not appraised herein with a not-less-than market value; instead, the assigned County of Riverside Assessor's value greater than \$400,000 for the 2025-2026 tax year will be relied upon for underwriting purposes.

Darrin Watters
Hemet Unified School District
November 3, 2025
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If you have any questions or comments, please contact the undersigned. Thank you for the opportunity to be of service.

Respectfully submitted,

Integra Realty Resources - Los Angeles



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Executive Summary

Property Name	Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2
Address	SEC of Domenigoni Pkwy. and Frontier Loop Rd. Winchester, Riverside County, California 92596
Property Type	Land - Single Family Development Land
Owner of Record	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc. and Individual Homeowners
Tax ID	461-610-001 through -014, -017, -019, -021, 461-611-001 through -041, 461-612-001 through -013, 461-620-001 through -021, 461-621-001 through -014, 461-630-001 through -014, 461-631-001 through -029, 461- 640-001 through -016 and 461-641-001, -002, -003, -006 through -025, - 030, and -031
Land Area	35.84 acres; 1,561,190 SF
Zoning Designation	SP Zone, Specific Plan Zone
Highest and Best Use	Residential use
Exposure Time; Marketing Period	9-12 months; 9-12 months
Effective Date of the Appraisal	September 22, 2025
Date of the Report	November 3, 2025
Property Interest Appraised	Fee Simple

Value Conclusion

Value Type & Appraisal Premise	Interest Appraised	Date of Value	Value Conclusion
Aggregate Value, subject to a hypothetical condition	Fee Simple	September 22, 2025	\$30,714,000
Aggregate, or Cumulative, Assessed Values	-	-	\$65,569,678
Total Aggregate, or Cumulative, Value - Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2	Fee Simple	September 22, 2025	\$96,283,678

The values reported above are subject to the definitions, assumptions, and limiting conditions set forth in the accompanying report of which this summary is a part. No party other than Hemet Unified School District and its associated finance team may use or rely on the information, opinions, and conclusions contained in the report. It is assumed that the users of the report have read the entire report, including all of the definitions, assumptions, and limiting conditions contained therein.

Extraordinary Assumptions and Hypothetical Conditions

The value conclusions are subject to the following extraordinary assumptions. An extraordinary assumption is an assignment-specific assumption as of the effective date regarding uncertain information used in an analysis which, if found to be false, could alter the appraiser's opinions or conclusions.

(None)

The value conclusions are based on the following hypothetical conditions. A hypothetical condition is a condition, directly related to a specific assignment, which is contrary to what is known by the appraiser to exist on the effective date of the assignment results, but is used for the purpose of analysis.

1. The value derived herein is based on the hypothetical condition that certain impact fees and public improvements to be reimbursed by the CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 Revenue Bonds, Series 2025, have been paid.

The use of any extraordinary assumption or hypothetical condition may have affected the assignment results.

Identification of the Appraisal Problem

Subject Description

The Hemet Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 2021-6, IA2 ("CFD No. 2021-6, IA2") is generally located at the southeast corner of Domenigoni Parkway and Frontier Loop Road within the unincorporated community of Winchester, Riverside County, California. CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 is comprised of 190 residential lots with a typical lot size of 7,500 square feet. The subject is being developed by Tri Pointe Homes, who is actively developing Luminary at Outlook, which features five floor plans ranging in size from 1,569 to 2,532 square feet. There were two communities, Aurora and Solstice at Outlook, being developed at the subject property; however, the developer pivoted to Luminary at Outlook to offer smaller floor plans with a lower price point.

As of the effective date of value, September 22, 2025, the subject consists of a portion of the CFD (taxable parcels) comprising 78 finished lots, homes under construction and completed homes that have not been assigned an assessed value (or nominal value) for structural improvements for the 2025-2026 tax year. The balance of the CFD is 112 homes for which the County has already assigned an assessed value greater than \$400,000 for the 2025-2026 tax year. A legal description of the property is provided in the addenda.

Property Identification

Property Name	Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2
Address	SEC of Domenigoni Pkwy. and Frontier Loop Rd. Winchester, California 92596
Tax ID	461-610-001 through -014, -017, -019, -021, 461-611-001 through -041, 461-612-001 through -013, 461-620-001 through -021, 461-621-001 through -014, 461-630-001 through -014, 461-631-001 through -029, 461-640-001 through -016 and 461-641-001, -002, -003, -006 through -025, -030, and -031
Owner of Record	Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc. and Individual Homeowners

The subject is located within the Winchester Hills Specific Plan, which has 5,245 residential units with various densities along with commercial and community uses throughout the specific plan. There are several active communities proximate to the subject property, including Copper and Opal Skye at Outlook, also developed by Tri Pointe Homes. The subject, Aurora, Luminary and Solstice at Outlook, represents Planning Area 44 and 46, which is medium density residential.

Sale History

Copper Skye-Menifee, L.P. is acting as a land bank for Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc. for the five communities within the Winchester Hills Specific Plan, Aurora, Copper Skye, Opal Skye, Luminary, and Solstice at Outlook. The details of the transfers from the land bank to the developer were not provided and it is unclear if the land bank owns any lots at the subject property. The developer, Tri Pointe, utilized a land bank as a financing mechanism, which is relatively commonplace for transactions involving national homebuilders, especially within master planned communities such as

the subject. These transactions are not considered an arm's length transfer of the subject lots, as defined; thus, no further consideration is warranted. For purposes of analysis herein, there is no delineation between Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc. and Copper Skye-Meniffee, L.P., in the determination of market value, in bulk, of the properties held by the developer.

To the best of our knowledge, no other sale or transfer of ownership has taken place within a three-year period prior to the effective appraisal date and to the best of our knowledge the property is not currently being marketed for sale in bulk.

Based on the scope of work for this assignment, a detailed sales history was not performed on a parcel-by-parcel basis. From information provided and the analysis included in this report, it is our understanding prior and pending home sales within the past 12 months were negotiated and transferred at prices consistent with market conditions as of the date of the sale.

Pending Transactions

Based on discussions with the appropriate contacts, the property is not subject to an agreement of sale or an option to buy, nor is it listed for sale, as of the effective appraisal date. However, some individual homes that are under construction are in contract from the homebuilder to individual homeowners.

Appraisal Purpose

The purpose of this Appraisal Report is to estimate the market value (fee simple estate), by Assessor's parcel, and the cumulative, or aggregate value of the appraised properties comprising Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2, subject to the hypothetical condition certain proceeds from the 2025 Special Tax Bonds will be available to reimburse the master developer for various public improvements and impact fees, as of the effective date of the appraisal, September 22, 2025. The date of the report is November 3, 2025. The appraisal is valid only as of the stated effective date. The home values are based on a "not-less-than" value for smallest floor plan within each product line with a completed home, without consideration for upgrades and lot premiums. Further, we have been asked to exclude any contributory value of unfinished homes, but consider the value of permits and impact fees paid for lots with either construction underway or not yet begun.

Value Type Definitions

The definitions of the value types applicable to this assignment are summarized below.

Market Value

The most probable price which a property should bring in a competitive and open market under all conditions requisite to a fair sale, the buyer and seller each acting prudently and knowledgeably, and assuming the price is not affected by undue stimulus. Implicit in this definition is the consummation of a sale as of a specified date and the passing of title from seller to buyer under conditions whereby:

1. Buyer and seller are typically motivated;
2. Both parties are well informed or well advised, and acting in what they consider their own best interests;

3. A reasonable time is allowed for exposure in the open market;
4. Payment is made in terms of cash in U.S. dollars or in terms of financial arrangements comparable thereto; and
5. The price represents the normal consideration for the property sold unaffected by special or creative financing or sales concessions granted by anyone associated with the sale.¹

Assessed Value

The value of a property according to the tax rolls in ad valorem taxation; may be higher or lower than market value, or based on an assessment ratio that is a percentage of market value.²

Property Rights Definitions

The property rights appraised which are applicable to this assignment are defined as follows.

Fee Simple Estate

Absolute ownership unencumbered by any other interest or estate, subject only to the limitations imposed by the governmental powers of taxation, eminent domain, police power, and escheat.³

Client and Intended User(s)

The client is Hemet Unified School District. The intended users are Hemet Unified School District and its associated finance team. No party or parties beyond the client and the finance team with this proposed issuance may use or rely on the information, opinions, and conclusions contained in this report; however, this appraisal report may be included in the offering document provided in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bonds.

Intended Use

The intended use of the appraisal is for bond underwriting purposes. The appraisal is not intended for any other use.

Applicable Requirements

This appraisal report conforms to the following requirements and regulations:

- Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP);
- Code of Professional Ethics and Standards of Professional Practice of the Appraisal Institute;
- Applicable state appraisal regulations;
- Interagency Appraisal and Evaluation Guidelines issued December 10, 2010;
- Appraisal Standards for Land Secured Financing published by the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission (CDIAC) (2004).

¹ Code of Federal Regulations, Title 12, Chapter I, Part 34.42[h]; also, Interagency Appraisal and Evaluation Guidelines, Federal Register, 75 FR 77449, December 10, 2010, page 77472

² Appraisal Institute, *The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal*, 7th ed. (Chicago: Appraisal Institute, 2022)

³ Appraisal Institute, *The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal*, 7th ed. (Chicago: Appraisal Institute, 2022)

Report Format

Standards Rule 2-2 (Content of a Real Property Appraisal Report) contained in the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) requires each written real property appraisal report to be prepared as either an Appraisal Report or a Restricted Appraisal Report. This report is prepared as an Appraisal Report as defined by USPAP under Standards Rule 2-2(a), and incorporates practical explanation of the data, reasoning, and analysis used to develop the opinion of value.

Prior Services

USPAP requires appraisers to disclose to the client any other services they have provided in connection with the subject property in the prior three years, including valuation, consulting, property management, brokerage, or any other services. We have performed no services, as an appraiser or in any other capacity, regarding the property that is the subject of this report within the three-year period immediately preceding the agreement to perform this assignment.

Appraiser Competency

No steps were necessary to meet the competency provisions established under USPAP. The assignment participants have appraised several properties similar to the subject in physical, locational, and economic characteristics, and are familiar with market conditions and trends; therefore, appraiser competency provisions are satisfied for this assignment. Appraiser qualifications and state credentials are included in the addenda of this report.

Scope of Work

Introduction

The appraisal development and reporting processes require gathering and analyzing information about the assignment elements necessary to properly identify the appraisal problem. The scope of work decision includes the research and analyses necessary to develop credible assignment results, given the intended use of the appraisal. Sufficient information includes disclosure of research and analyses performed and might also include disclosure of research and analyses not performed.

To determine the appropriate scope of work for the assignment, the intended use of the appraisal, the needs of the user, the complexity of the property, and other pertinent factors were considered. The concluded scope of work is described below.

Research and Analysis

The type and extent of the research and analysis conducted are detailed in individual sections of the report. Although effort has been made to confirm the arms-length nature of each sale with a party to the transaction, it is sometimes necessary to rely on secondary verification from sources deemed reliable.

Subject Property Data Sources

The legal and physical features of the subject property, including size of the site, flood plain data, seismic zone designation, property zoning, existing easements and encumbrances, access and exposure, and condition of the improvements (as applicable) were confirmed and analyzed.

Inspection

Details regarding the property inspection conducted as part of this appraisal assignment are summarized as follows:

Property Inspection		
Party	Inspection Type	Inspection Date
Blake Fassler	None	N/A
Kevin Ziegenmeyer, MAI	On-site	September 29, 2025
Eric Segal, MAI	On-site	September 21, 2025

Valuation Methodology

Three approaches to value are typically considered when developing a market value opinion for real property. These are the cost approach, the sales comparison approach, and the income capitalization approach. Use of the approaches in this assignment is summarized as follows:

Approaches to Value

Approach	Applicability to Subject	Use in Assignment
Cost Approach	Not Applicable	Not Utilized
Sales Comparison Approach	Applicable	Utilized
Income Capitalization Approach	Applicable	Utilized

The valuation began by employing the sales comparison approach to estimate the not-less-than market value for the completed single-family homes, based on the smallest floor plan being marketed within the communities with a completed home.

The market value of the residential lots was estimated by utilizing an extraction analysis for each community, a form of the cost approach to value the remaining partially-improved lots and homes under construction. Given the amount of demand for homes at the subject community, it is anticipated the remaining lots, including those with homes under construction, would absorb within 12 months and no discounting would be necessary. As a check of reasonableness, we compared the conclusion of extraction analysis with bulk lot sales in the area.

As a condition of this assignment, the Assessed Values for certain Assessor's Parcels with completed and sold homes with a complete Assessed Value for both Land and Improvements is presented herein for illustration purposes only. As requested, these Assessor's Parcels are not appraised herein with a not-less-than market value; instead, the assigned County of Riverside Assessor's value greater than \$400,000 for the 2025-2026 tax year will be relied upon for underwriting purposes.

This appraisal will utilize the term **“improved lot”** to denote a residential lot that has all off-sites and on-sites in place, and includes any impact fees due up until building permit. Building permits and fees due at building permit are excluded for finished lot. Terminology for this type of improved lot can vary by market area, and is sometimes referred to as a “loaded lot”.

The market value estimates for the various taxable land use components described above were then assigned to the various assessor's parcels comprising the appraised properties in order to derive the cumulative, or aggregate, value of the CFD. Our analysis excluded a typical cost approach since the subject property represents land. However, costs associated with home construction were taken into consideration as part of the extraction analysis and determination of financial feasibility.

Economic Analysis

Riverside County Area Analysis

Riverside County is located in Southern California's Inland Empire region and represents one of the fastest-growing counties in the state. It is 7,209 square miles in size and has a population density of 344 persons per square mile. The area is characterized by a diverse economy driven by logistics, warehousing, manufacturing, healthcare, education, and tourism, with strong connections to neighboring Los Angeles, Orange, and San Diego counties. Riverside County benefits from its strategic location along major transportation corridors, including Interstates 10, 15, and 215, as well as proximity to regional rail lines and international airports. Community amenities include numerous parks, recreational areas, higher education institutions, and regional attractions such as the Coachella Valley, wine country, and resort destinations. Continued population growth, relatively affordable housing compared to coastal markets, and an expanding industrial base have contributed to increased demand across residential, commercial, and industrial real estate sectors.

Population

Riverside County has an estimated 2025 population of 2,478,161, which represents an average annual 0.5% increase over the 2020 census of 2,418,185. Riverside County added an average of 11,995 residents per year over the 2020-2025 period, and its growth in population contrasts with the State of California which had a 0.3% average annual decrease in population over this time.

Looking forward, Riverside County's population is projected to increase at a 0.2% annual rate from 2025-2030, equivalent to the addition of an average of 5,364 residents per year. Riverside County's growth contrasts with California, which is projected to decline at a 0.1% rate.

Population Trends					
	Population			Compound Ann. % Chng	
	2020 Census	2025 Estimate	2030 Projection	2020 - 2025	2025 - 2030
Riverside County	2,418,185	2,478,161	2,504,979	0.5%	0.2%
California	39,538,223	38,870,482	38,763,700	-0.3%	-0.1%

Source: Claritas

Employment

Total employment in Riverside County was estimated at 843,913 jobs at year-end 2024. Between year-end 2014 and 2024, employment rose by 202,176 jobs, equivalent to a 31.5% increase over the entire period. There were gains in employment in nine out of the past ten years. Riverside County's rate of employment growth over the last decade surpassed that of California, which experienced an increase in employment of 13.3% or 2,140,994 jobs over this period.

Employment Trends						
Year	Total Employment (Year End)				Unemployment Rate (Ann. Avg.)	
	Riverside County	% Change	California	% Change	Riverside County	California
2014	641,737		16,089,814		8.3%	7.6%
2015	680,905	6.1%	16,606,038	3.2%	6.7%	6.2%
2016	706,809	3.8%	16,930,563	2.0%	6.2%	5.5%
2017	732,428	3.6%	17,263,084	2.0%	5.4%	4.8%
2018	753,119	2.8%	17,573,378	1.8%	4.5%	4.3%
2019	781,240	3.7%	17,857,719	1.6%	4.3%	4.1%
2020	740,727	-5.2%	16,401,290	-8.2%	10.2%	10.2%
2021	791,327	6.8%	17,641,250	7.6%	7.4%	7.3%
2022	809,945	2.4%	18,066,913	2.4%	4.3%	4.3%
2023	826,900	2.1%	18,146,497	0.4%	4.8%	4.7%
2024	843,913	2.1%	18,230,808	0.5%	5.3%	5.3%
Overall Change 2014-2024	202,176	31.5%	2,140,994	13.3%		
Avg Unemp. Rate 2014-2024					6.1%	5.8%
Unemployment Rate - April 2025					4.9%	5.0%

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Moody's Analytics. Employment figures are from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW). Unemployment rates are from the Current Population Survey (CPS). The figures are not seasonally adjusted.

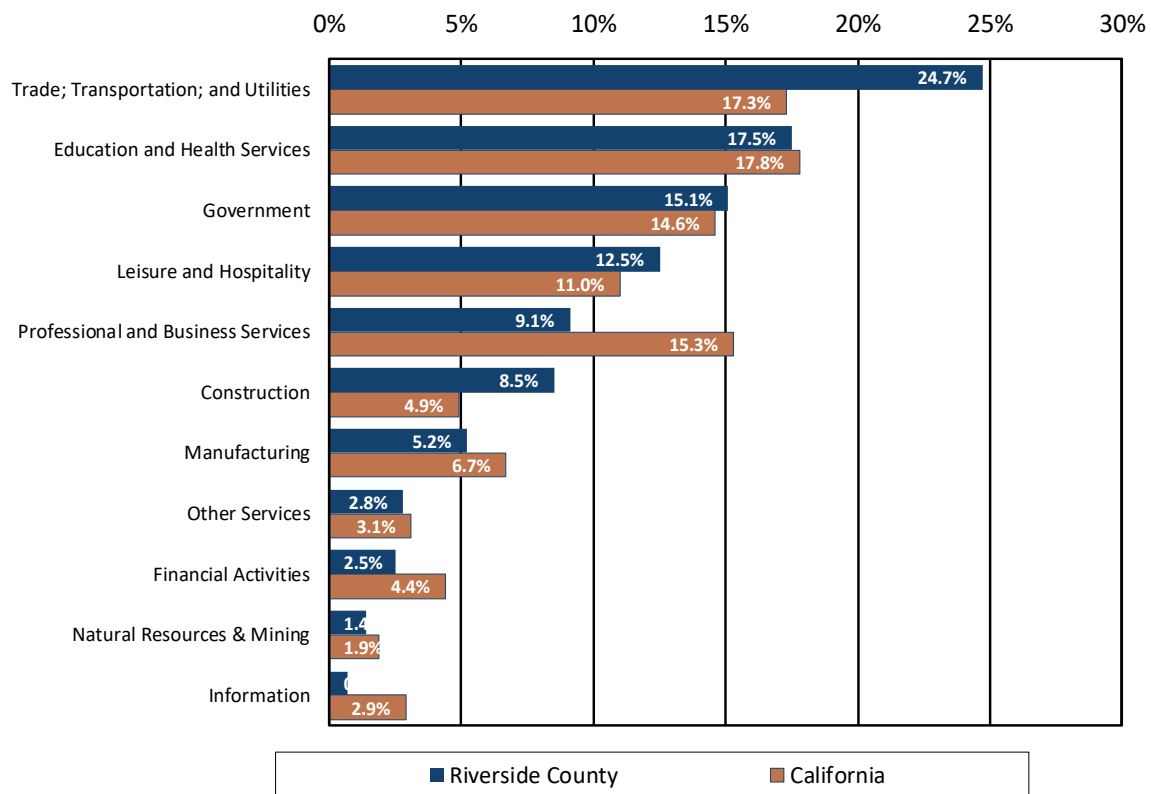
A comparison of unemployment rates is another way of gauging an area's economic health. Over the past decade, the Riverside County unemployment rate has been generally higher than that of California, with an average unemployment rate of 6.1% in comparison to a 5.8% rate for California.

Recent data shows that the Riverside County unemployment rate is 4.9% in comparison to a 5.0% rate for California, a positive sign that is consistent with the fact that Riverside County has outperformed California in the rate of job growth over the past two years.

Employment Sectors

The composition of the Riverside County job market is depicted in the following chart, along with that of California. Total employment for both areas is broken down by major employment sector, and the sectors are ranked from largest to smallest based on the percentage of Riverside County jobs in each category.

Employment Sectors - 2024



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Moody's Analytics

Riverside County has greater concentrations than California in the following employment sectors:

1. Trade; Transportation; and Utilities, representing 24.7% of the Riverside County payroll employment compared to 17.3% for California as a whole. This sector includes jobs in retail trade, wholesale trade, trucking, warehousing, and electric, gas, and water utilities.
2. Construction, representing 8.5% of the Riverside County payroll employment compared to 4.9% for California as a whole. This sector includes construction of buildings, roads, and utility systems.

Riverside County is underrepresented in the following sectors:

1. Professional and Business Services, representing 9.1% of the Riverside County payroll employment compared to 15.3% for California as a whole. This sector includes legal, accounting, and engineering firms, as well as management of holding companies.

Major Employers

Major employers in Riverside County are shown in the following table.

Major Employers - Riverside County		
	Name	Number of Employees
1	County of Riverside	23,772
2	Amazon	14,317
3	University of California, Riverside	8,593
4	State of California	8,398
5	Walmart	6,465
6	Moreno Valley Unified School District	6,020
7	Kaiser Permanente Riverside Medical Center	5,817
8	Riverside Unified School District	5,431
9	Mt. Jacinto College	4,638
10	Stater Bros	4,990
11	Marie Callendar Wholesalers, Inc	4,454
12	Temecula Valley Unified School District	4,022
13	Eisenhower Medical Center	4,001
14	Pechanga Resort and Casino	4,000
15	Hemet Unified School District	3,960
16	Home Depot	3,549
17	Murrieta Valley Unified School District	3,552
18	Starcrest of California	3,450
19	McDonalds	3,405
20	Palm Springs Unified School District	3,328

Source: Riverside County Economic Development Agency; source cited as "Data Axle, Econovue, Websites, and Public Records, 2024"

Gross Domestic Product

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is a measure of economic activity based on the total value of goods and services produced in a defined geographic area, and annual changes in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) are a gauge of economic growth.

Economic growth, as measured by annual changes in GDP, has been somewhat lower in Riverside County than California overall during the past decade. Riverside County has grown at a 3.0% average annual rate while the State of California has grown at a 3.3% rate. Riverside County continues to underperform California. GDP for Riverside County rose by 1.4% in 2023 while California's GDP rose by 2.0%.

Riverside County has a per capita GDP of \$39,496, which is 52% less than California's GDP of \$82,877. This means that Riverside County industries and employers are adding relatively less value to the economy than their counterparts in California.

Gross Domestic Product

Year	(\$,000s) Riverside County	% Change	(\$,000s) California	% Change
2013	73,802,348	—	2,340,335,300	—
2014	76,101,228	3.1%	2,428,675,700	3.8%
2015	79,908,186	5.0%	2,545,979,500	4.8%
2016	81,899,120	2.5%	2,623,711,700	3.1%
2017	84,070,198	2.7%	2,740,550,300	4.5%
2018	87,407,109	4.0%	2,850,970,300	4.0%
2019	90,816,468	3.9%	2,969,609,000	4.2%
2020	89,428,650	-1.5%	2,933,320,200	-1.2%
2021	95,104,339	6.3%	3,154,188,600	7.5%
2022	97,560,909	2.6%	3,184,007,800	0.9%
2023	98,880,553	1.4%	3,248,656,600	2.0%
Compound % Chg (2013-2023)		3.0%		3.3%
GDP Per Capita 2023	\$39,496		\$82,877	

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) and Moody's Analytics; data released December 2024.

The release of state and local GDP data has a longer lag time than national data. The data represents inflation-adjusted "real" GDP stated in 2017 dollars.

Household Income

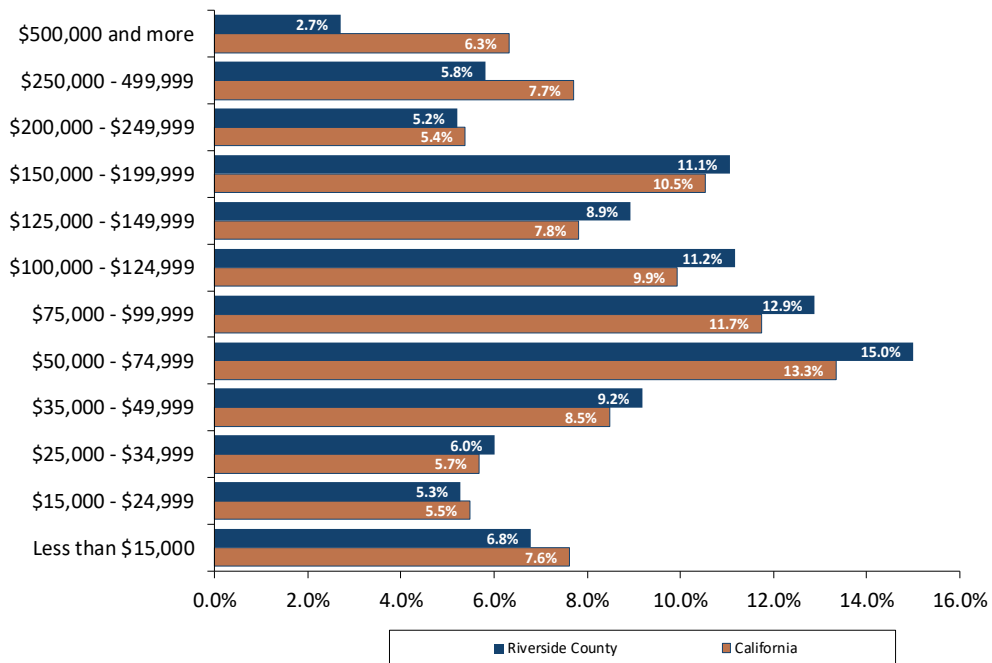
Riverside County has a lower level of household income than California. Median household income for Riverside County is \$89,604, which is 5.4% less than the corresponding figure for California.

Median Household Income - 2025

	Median
Riverside County	\$89,604
California	\$94,758
Comparison of Riverside County to California	- 5.4%

Source: Claritas

The following chart shows the distribution of households across twelve income levels. Riverside County has a greater concentration of households in the middle income levels than California. Specifically, 48% of Riverside County households are between the \$50,000 - \$150,000 levels in household income as compared to 43% of California households. A lesser concentration of households is apparent in the higher income levels, as 25% of Riverside County households are at the \$150,000 or greater levels in household income versus 30% of California households.

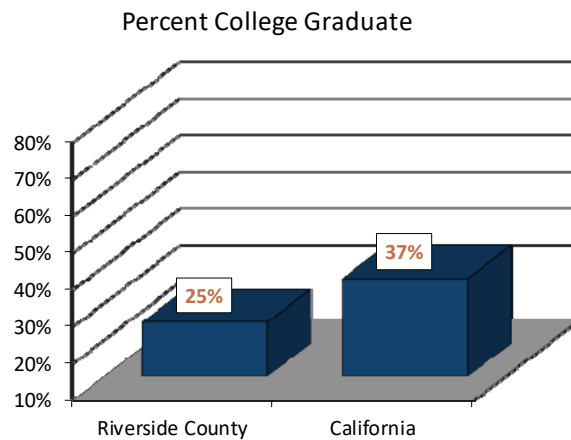
Household Income Distribution - 2025

Source: Claritas

Education Levels

Residents of Riverside County have a lower level of educational attainment than those of California. An estimated 25% of Riverside County residents are college graduates with four-year degrees, versus 37% of California residents.

Education Levels - 2025



Source: Claritas

Transportation

Access to and through Riverside County is provided by several major routes, including the 10, 15 and 215 Freeways, as well as State Routes 60, 62, 74, 79, 86, 91, 111 and 243. The 10 Freeway is the primary east-west connector while the 15 and 215 Freeways are the primary north-south routes. The 91 Freeway provides travel from the Inland Empire to Los Angeles County and Orange County, via the 55 Freeway.

The 10 Freeway is a major east-west route in Southern California, connecting the Pacific coast (Santa Monica) with the Arizona state line before traveling further east through the southern states and terminating in Jacksonville, Florida. The 10 Freeway links the coast of California, from the City of Santa Monica, Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties, with Riverside County and the desert cities of the Coachella Valley.

As a primary north-south connector, the 15 Freeway connects the counties of San Bernardino, Riverside and San Diego. The route extends north through Nevada, Arizona, Utah, Idaho and Montana to the Canadian border. The 15 Freeway is a major thoroughfare for traffic between San Diego and the Inland Empire, as well as between Southern California and Las Vegas, Nevada. The 215 Freeway comprises approximately 55 miles of interstate highway in the Inland Empire, generally traveling parallel with the 15 Freeway. The southern terminus of the 215 is at the junction of the 15 Freeway in Murrieta in south Riverside County and travels through Perris before briefly merging with the 60 Freeway in Moreno Valley and continuing north from the 60 Freeway interchange to San Bernardino County and reconnecting with the 15 Freeway at Cajon. This interstate provides an alternative to the 15 Freeway for travel within Riverside and San Bernardino Counties.

Public transportation is provided by various agencies. Riverside Transit Agency serves the western third of Riverside County, SunLine Transit Agency serves Palm Springs and the Coachella Valley area,

Palo Verde Valley Transit Agency serves Blythe near the Arizona border, Pass Transit serves the San Geronio Pass communities, and Corona Cruiser serves the community of Corona. In addition, Riverside County is also served by Greyhound buses and Amtrak passenger trains.

The county's main airport is the Palm Springs International Airport. This two-runway airport is located about two miles east of downtown Palm Springs and is highly seasonal, with most flights operating during the winter.

Recreation & Culture

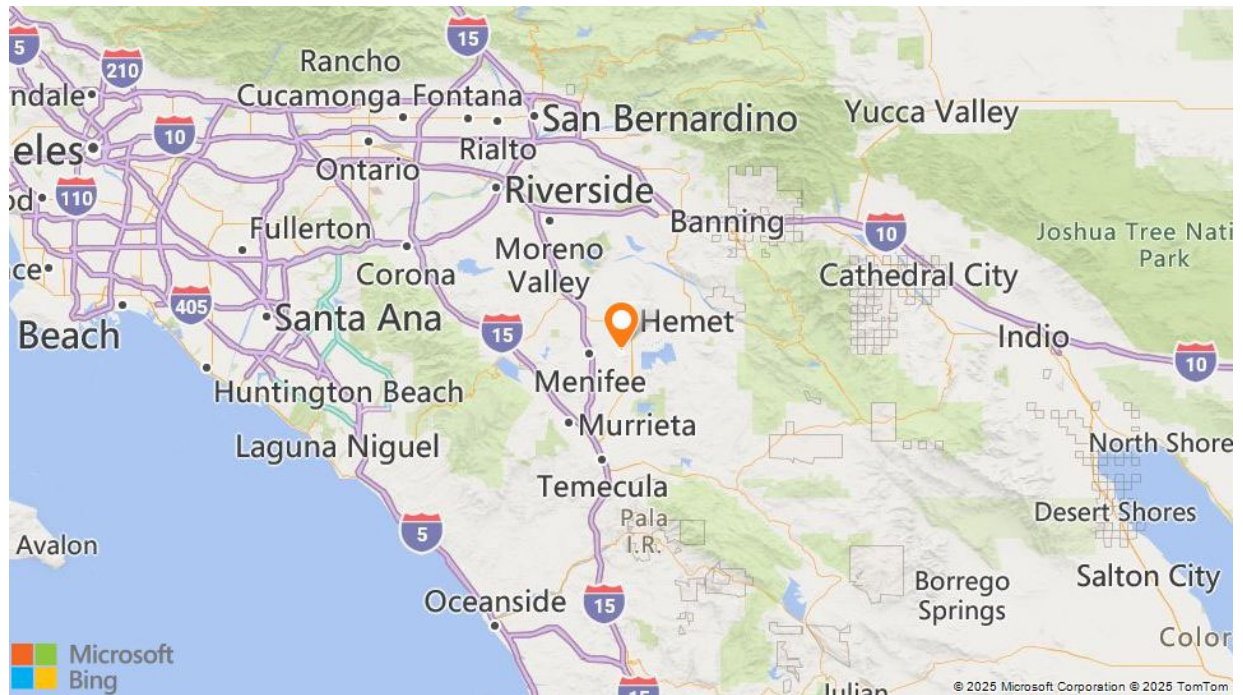
Riverside County offers innumerable recreational and cultural opportunities, including many public parks, schools, golf courses, museums and performing arts venues. Popular attractions include the Botanical Gardens at the University of California, Riverside; the historic Mission Inn in downtown Riverside; March Field Air Museum, an aviation museum near Moreno Valley and Riverside, adjacent to the March Air Reserve Base; Temecula Valley, a tourist destination in the southern part of the county with numerous wineries, wine tasting rooms, bed and breakfast inns and wedding venues; and Castle Park, an amusement park. Annual events in the county include the Festival of Lights in Riverside, known for its display of nearly three million Christmas lights; Ghost Walk Riverside; Temecula Valley Balloon and Wine Festival; and Harvest Wine Celebration.

Riverside County is home to multiple higher education institutions including, but not limited to, the University of California Riverside, California Baptist University, California Southern Law School, California State University San Bernardino and Mt. San Jacinto College.

Conclusion

Riverside County is expected to experience continued growth supported by its strategic location, expanding industrial base, and relative affordability compared to coastal markets. The county's diverse economy, population growth, and access to major transportation corridors will sustain demand across residential, commercial, and industrial real estate sectors. While ongoing development activity is expected, geographic, infrastructure, and regulatory constraints will likely limit large-scale expansion, supporting long-term market stability.

Area Map



Surrounding Area Analysis

Introduction

This section of the report provides an analysis of the observable data that indicate patterns of growth, structure and/or change that may enhance or detract from property values. For the purpose of this analysis, a neighborhood is defined as “a group of complementary land uses; a congruous grouping of inhabitants, buildings, or business enterprises.”

Neighborhood Boundaries

The boundaries of a neighborhood identify the physical area that influences the value of the subject property. These boundaries may coincide with observable changes in prevailing land use. Physical features such as the type of development, street patterns, terrain, vegetation, and parcel size tend to identify neighborhoods. Roadways, waterways, and changing elevations can also create neighborhood boundaries.

The subject is located within the unincorporated community of Winchester, Riverside County. The neighborhood boundaries can generally be described as the northern portion of zip code 92596 bound by Scott Road to the south.

Access and Linkages

The subject is located just south of Domenigoni Parkway, which is a primary east and west throughfare that connects Menifee to the west and Hemet to the east. Interstate 215 is located approximately four miles west of the subject (via Domenigoni Parkway). Interstate 215 comprises approximately 55 miles of interstate highway in the Inland Empire. The southern terminus of Interstate 215 is at the junction of Interstate 15 in Murrieta in south Riverside County and travels through Perris before joining the 60 Freeway in Moreno Valley. This interstate is considered an alternative to Interstate 15 for travel between Phoenix, Las Vegas, San Bernardino, and the San Diego area. State Route 74 runs from San Juan Capistrano in Orange County to Palm Desert in Riverside County, stretching a total of 111 miles.

Public transportation is provided by the Riverside Transit Agency (RTA), which has a stop at Simpson Road and Winchester Road to the east of the subject.

The county's main airport is the Palm Springs International Airport. This two-runway airport is located about two miles east of downtown Palm Springs and is highly seasonal, with most flights operating during the winter; however, the nearest major airport to the appraised properties is Ontario International Airport (San Bernardino County), just northwest of Riverside County.

Demographics

A demographic profile of the surrounding area, including population, households, and income data, is presented in the following table.

Surrounding Area Demographics					
2025 Estimates	3-Mile Radius	5-Mile Radius	10-Mile Radius	92596 (Winchester, CA)	Riverside County, CA
Population 2020	22,205	82,417	434,035	31,373	2,418,185
Population 2025	24,994	91,478	458,739	34,123	2,478,161
Population 2030	26,831	96,922	472,070	35,844	2,504,979
Compound % Change 2020-2025	2.4%	2.1%	1.1%	1.7%	0.5%
Compound % Change 2025-2030	1.4%	1.2%	0.6%	1.0%	0.2%
Households 2020	6,407	26,028	138,260	8,722	763,283
Households 2025	7,034	28,661	144,875	9,502	783,689
Households 2030	7,489	30,211	148,523	10,003	793,883
Compound % Change 2020-2025	1.9%	1.9%	0.9%	1.7%	0.5%
Compound % Change 2025-2030	1.3%	1.1%	0.5%	1.0%	0.3%
Median Household Income 2025	\$117,103	\$100,365	\$89,778	\$124,625	\$89,604
Average Household Size	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.6	3.1
College Graduate %	27%	23%	22%	32%	25%
Owner Occupied %	85%	77%	72%	84%	67%
Renter Occupied %	15%	23%	28%	16%	33%
Median Owner Occupied Housing Value	\$656,315	\$602,761	\$577,928	\$725,260	\$606,480
Median Year Structure Built	2008	2004	1999	2007	1990
Average Travel Time to Work in Minutes	42	43	41	43	36
Source: Claritas					

As shown above, the current population within a 5-mile radius of the subject is 91,478, and the average household size is 3.2. Population in the area has grown since the 2020 census, and this trend is projected to continue over the next five years. Compared to Riverside County overall, the population within a 5-mile radius is projected to grow at a faster rate.

Median household income is \$100,365, which is greater than the household income for Riverside County. Residents within a 5-mile radius have a similar level of educational attainment as those of Riverside County, while median owner-occupied home values are also similar. Note the median household income and owner-occupied housing value within a three-mile radius are greater than those in the five-mile radius. The subject's zip code has the highest median household income, but this includes the superior neighborhood of French Valley (Homes for sale in French Valley, CA have a median listing home price of \$712,495 according to Redfin.com).

Land Use

The subject's immediate area consists mainly of residential development, agricultural, and vacant land. Most of the commercial development is either to the east in the city of Hemet or to the west in the city of Menifee.

The most proximate mall, Hemet Valley Mall, to the subject property is northeast of the subject, within the city of Hemet along West Florida Avenue, north of the 79 Freeway. The mall located is a 124,963± square foot shopping center which includes tenants such as, Hobby Lobby, JC Penny, Sephora, Starbucks, and Chili's Bar & Grill. CoStar notes a \$5,000,000 renovation was completed in 2017 and the mall won the Chamber of Commerce's Best Beautification Award in the same year.

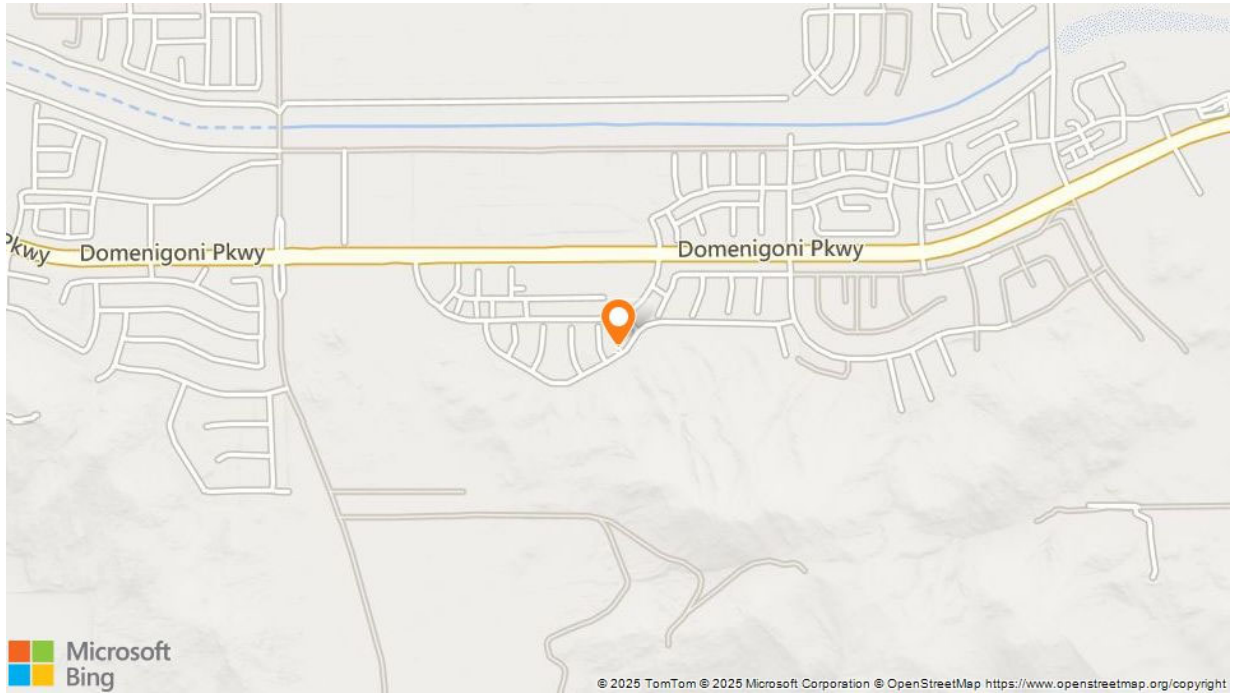
To the west of the subject along Domenigoni Parkway at Interstate 215 is a large retail development, which includes the Menifee Countryside Marketplace, Menifee Town Center, and Menifee Lakes Plaza. Some of the tenants within these centers include Lowes, Target, Ralphs, Aldi, Living Spaces, LA Fitness, Ross, Best Buy, Home Goods, Petsmart, Party City, and Ulta. These larger retailers are surrounded by numerous nationally-recognized in-line or pad retailers like In-N-Out Burger, Red Robin, Buffalo Wild Wings, Sonic Drive-in, Taco Bell, and Bank of America.

The University of California, Riverside campus is located on 1,900 acres in the suburban district of Riverside, approximately 26 miles northwest of the subject. The university is consistently ranked as one of the most ethnically and economically diverse universities in the U.S. Mt. San Jacinto College (MSCJ) serves a 1,700 square-mile area from the San Gorgonio Pass to Temecula. MSCJ offers strong programs in nursing, administration of justice, automotive/ transportation technology, and business administration to name a few. Enrollment in the 2021-2022 school year was greater than 24,000 students. The closest hospital is the Menifee Global Medical Center approximately three miles to the west of the subject.

Outlook and Conclusions

The subject is located in the unincorporated community of Winchester, Riverside County. The neighborhood is primarily residential in nature, with limited commercial development in the neighborhood. The subject benefits from good access to and from the neighborhood's main transportation routes and easy access to major highways. The subject area has experienced steady development growth over the past five years.

Surrounding Area Map



Residential Market Analysis

Given prevailing land use patterns and the subject's zoning, a likely use of the property is for residential development. In the following paragraphs, we examine supply and demand indicators for residential development in the subject's area.

Submarket Overview

The subject is located in the unincorporated community of Winchester. The subject's community most resembles the neighboring community of Menifee; therefore, we will also include data from this city. The subject is adjacent to newer home construction and planned future development and is considered to have good transportation linkages. The neighborhood is characterized as a suburban area that appeals to both local workers and commuters. Based on existing surrounding homes and new projects under development, the subject characteristics best support a project designed for a combination of entry-level and/or first-time move-up home buyers.

Single-Family Building Permits

Single-family building permits for the County of Riverside, and unincorporated areas of Riverside County, adjacent City of Menifee, are shown in the following table. When we compare the trend in permitting, population and price, there can be a relationship. More supply of homes could eventually mean lower prices, whereas conversely a lower number of permits pulled could eventually mean higher prices. Further, the number of permits pulled shows builder confidence in the current market when compared to other years.

Single-Family Building Permits

Year	City of Menifee	% Change	Unincorporated		County of Riverside	% Change
			Areas of Riverside	% Change		
2015	408	--	975	--	4,934	--
2016	565	38.48%	1,512	55.08%	5,987	21.34%
2017	717	26.90%	1,325	-12.37%	6,703	11.96%
2018	976	36.12%	1,966	48.38%	7,676	14.52%
2019	1,017	4.20%	1,750	-10.99%	7,002	-8.78%
2020	1,410	38.64%	2,524	44.23%	8,895	27.04%
2021	1,264	-10.35%	1,404	-44.37%	7,835	-11.92%
2022	904	-28.48%	2,274	61.97%	8,461	7.99%
2023	875	-3.21%	3,102	36.41%	8,836	4.43%
2024	942	7.66%	2,540	-18.12%	8,016	-9.28%

Source: SOCDS Building Permits Monthly Request

Single-Family Building Permits: 2025 Preliminary Data

Month	City of Menifee	Unincorporated Areas of Riverside	County of Riverside
January	10	121	452
February	1	409	829
March	45	186	682
April	59	90	674
May	9	84	494
June	0	52	336
July	<u>17</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>386</u>
Total	141	1,028	3,853

Source: SOCDS Building Permits Monthly Request

Active New Home Projects Pricing and Absorption

The unincorporated community of Winchester is located within the South Riverside submarket of the Inland Empire. The Ryness Report provides a comparison of sales activity between various regions and markets, including year-to-date totals from the same week of the previous year. Their surveys and reports include sales, buyer traffic, and financing rates on activity in major residential developments throughout California, Arizona, and Nevada. The report for the Inland Empire for the week ending September 28, 2025, is included as follows.

THE RYNESS REPORT

A New Home Sales, Marketing & Research Company

Sponsored by:



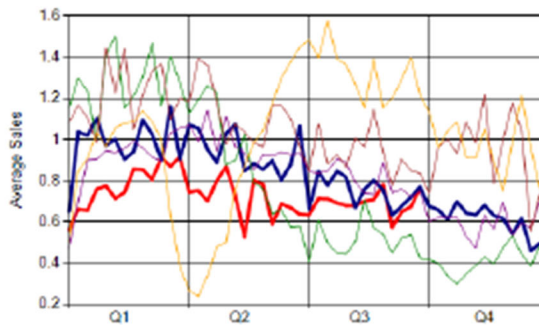
Inland Empire

Week 39

Ending: Sunday, September 28, 2025

Counties / Groups	Projects	Traffic	Sales	Cancels	Net Sales	Avg. Sales	Year to Date Avg.	Diff.	Prev. 13 Wks. Avg.	Diff.
Central-North Central Riverside	48	539	48	8	40	0.83	0.82	1%	0.76	10%
Desert Riverside	23	272	20	2	18	0.78	0.60	30%	0.58	35%
Murrieta - Temecula	4	191	3	0	3	0.75	0.80	-6%	0.74	2%
Northwest Riverside	26	333	19	4	15	0.58	0.66	-13%	0.58	-1%
South Riverside	50	667	37	4	33	0.66	0.73	-10%	0.71	-7%
Central-East San Bernardino	28	310	20	1	19	0.68	0.63	8%	0.60	13%
Desert San Bernardino	17	297	10	2	8	0.47	0.58	-19%	0.55	-14%
NW-SW San Bernardino	41	822	49	4	45	1.10	0.84	31%	0.78	41%
Current Week Totals	Traffic : Sales 17 : 1		237	3431	206	25	181	0.76	0.72	5%
Per Project Average			14	0.87	0.11	0.76				
Year Ago - 09/29/2024	Traffic : Sales 20 : 1		229	4034	200	24	176	0.77	0.89	-14%
% Change			3%	-15%	3%	4%	3%	-1%	-10%	-12%

52 Weeks Comparison



Year to Date Averages Through Week 39

Annual

Graph Legend	Year	Avg. Weekly Projects	Avg. Weekly Traffic	Avg. Weekly Sales	Avg. Weekly Cancels	Avg. Project Sales	Year End Avg. Proj. Sales
2020	2020	244	25	1.19	0.17	1.02	1.01
2021	2021	196	26	1.21	0.12	1.09	1.05
2022	2022	197	23	1.08	0.21	0.87	0.74
2023	2023	247	23	1.02	0.13	0.89	0.82
2024	2024	234	17	1.04	0.14	0.89	0.83
2025	2025	224	15	0.86	0.14	0.72	0.72
% Change		-4%	-10%	-17%	-4%	-19%	-12%

* Averages rounded for presentation. Change % calculated on actual numbers.



WEEKLY FINANCIAL NEWS

Financing			Market Commentary
	RATE	APR	The economy is still facing headwinds, particularly in the housing market sector. Although mortgage rates have edged lower in recent months, both new and existing homes sales face a variety of hurdles that may continue to hinder buying activity. In the existing homes market, sales trended sideways in August, slipping 0.2% to a 4.0 million annualized pace. The decline was primarily driven by single-family resales, and a pickup in price growth appears to be contributing to the slowdown. Resale prices rose 1.9% from August 2024 to August 2025 - the fastest annual gain since March. While modest by historical standards, this acceleration marks a notable shift from the softening in price growth seen this year. Meanwhile, new home sales surged 20.5% in August, reaching an 800K-unit annualized pace. However, the spike is likely temporary. New home sales data are often volatile and subject to substantial revisions, and a downward adjustment aligning more with the recent trend is expected. While an increased use of sales incentives may drive a stronger pace of sales, elevated inventory levels relative to sales and growing builder pessimism suggest a slower pace of residential investment moving forward. Source: Wells Fargo Bank Weekly Economic & Financial Commentary
CONV	5.99%	6.08%	
FHA	5.50%	6.34%	
10 Yr Yield	4.15%		
			

The average weekly sales within the Inland Empire region are lower in comparison to the past five years as buyers continue to grapple with high interest rates. Homebuilders have noted a slower pace

of absorption and have to adjust by lowering prices and/or offering greater incentives. This trend has been occurring across the country.

The Ryness Report has identified 50 active projects in the South Riverside submarket, with 16 of those within the city of Winchester. These projects are summarized as follows:

Development Name	Developer	City Code	Notes	Type	Projects Participating: 60									
					Units	New Rel.	Ref'd Rm'g	Traffic	Wk's Sales	Wk's Cons	Sold to Date	Sold YTD	Av. Sls /Week	Av. Sls /YTD
South Riverside South Riverside														
Arcadia	Brazier	WN		DTMU	73	0	2	11	0	0	4	4	0.26	0.26
Crestly at Alberhill	Centex	LE		DTMU	77	0	7	13	1	0	61	22	0.65	0.56
Village, The	Century	ME		DTMU	126	0	1	0	0	0	125	34	1.15	0.87
Avalino	DR Horton	WD		DTMU	117	0	9	9	0	0	81	46	1.20	1.18
Juniper at Canterwood	DR Horton	WN		DTMU	168	3	1	15	4	1	72	54	1.30	1.38
La Ventana	DR Horton	WN		DTMU	215	3	3	9	2	0	15	15	0.91	0.91
Laguna Pointe	DR Horton	LE		ATMU	140	0	5	9	0	0	3	3	0.88	0.88
Pradera Place	DR Horton	WN		DTMU	210	3	3	2	1	0	204	63	1.78	1.62
Pradera Pointe	DR Horton	WN		DTMU	210	0	1	9	3	1	191	59	1.67	1.51
Willow Pointe at Canterwood	DR Horton	WN		DTMU	130	3	2	9	2	0	72	53	1.28	1.36
Carrera at Terradina	KB Home	LE		DTMU	224	7	37	10	2	0	119	60	1.15	1.54
Crimson Hills	KB Home	LE		DTMU	178	0	3	2	0	0	175	8	0.84	0.21
Hudson at Canterwood	KB Home	WN		DTMU	53	0	14	39	1	0	3	3	0.88	0.88
Poppy at Countryview	KB Home	ME		DTMU	178	0	3	21	1	0	175	39	1.06	1.00
Sage at Countryview	KB Home	ME		DTMU	173	0	2	21	0	1	171	18	1.03	0.46
Sedona at Olivebrook	KB Home	WN		DTMU	58	0	1	0	1	0	57	17	0.81	0.44
Villa Real at Terradina	KB Home	LE		DTMU	179	0	26	18	1	0	130	56	1.26	1.44
Lagado Armonia	Lennar	ME		DTMU	187	4	8	19	1	0	16	16	0.65	0.65
Lagado Belleza	Lennar	ME		DTMU	228	0	4	21	1	0	22	22	0.90	0.90
Lagado Sonrisa	Lennar	ME		DTMU	243	0	6	22	0	0	24	24	0.98	0.98
Lagado Tesoro	Lennar	ME		DTMU	179	0	4	21	0	0	18	18	0.74	0.74
Quartz Trail	Lennar	ME		DTMU	80	13	12	26	1	0	27	27	0.98	0.98
Rockport Ranch North Shore	Lennar	ME		DTMU	109	0	1	0	0	0	108	22	0.87	0.56
Sunstone Indigo	Lennar	WN		DTMU	90	5	10	12	0	0	53	39	1.12	1.00
Sunstone Marquise	Lennar	WN		DTMU	64	1	8	14	1	0	50	34	1.05	0.87
Nichols Ranch Highland 50's	Meritage	LE		DTMU	91	0	4	4	0	0	87	27	0.72	0.69
Banner Park Crest	Pulte	ME		DTMU	63	0	1	24	0	0	22	14	0.38	0.36
Banner Park Heritage	Pulte	ME		DTMU	58	0	3	24	2	0	30	24	0.51	0.62
Banner Park Merit	Pulte	ME		DTMU	54	0	4	24	0	0	19	12	0.33	0.31
Fairfield at Alberhill Ranch	Pulte	LE		DTMU	87	0	14	21	0	0	51	15	0.55	0.38
Linden at Alberhill Ranch	Pulte	LE		DTMU	96	0	9	6	0	0	65	22	0.70	0.56
Meadows at Cimarron Ridge	Pulte	ME		DTMU	116	0	12	8	0	0	95	22	0.64	0.56
Pathway at Cimarron Ridge	Pulte	ME		DTMU	122	0	7	8	0	0	112	30	0.76	0.77
Ridgeline at Alberhill Ranch	Pulte	LE		DTMU	84	4	11	10	1	0	68	25	0.73	0.64
Trailview at Cimarron Ridge	Pulte	ME		DTMU	74	2	11	1	0	0	3	3	0.18	0.18
Arbor at Cimarron Ridge	Pulte/Del Webb	ME		AASF	150	0	16	11	0	0	19	11	0.36	0.28
Trellis at Cimarron Ridge	Pulte/Del Webb	ME		AASF	97	0	13	11	0	0	22	19	0.41	0.49
Aubundale at The Woods	Richmond American	WN		DTMU	86	0	17	11	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
Legacy at Braveride	Richmond American	ME		DTMU	137	1	14	19	2	0	123	27	0.68	0.69
Riverwalk Village at Town Center	Richmond American	ME		DTMU	108	0	17	6	0	0	15	15	0.40	0.40
Azul at Siena	Taylor Morrison	FRV		DTMU	142	3	3	16	2	1	109	43	0.75	1.10
Courts	Taylor Morrison	WN		DTMU	128	0	18	15	1	0	89	40	0.86	1.03
Olive at Siena	Taylor Morrison	FRV		ATMU	157	0	14	13	0	0	22	21	0.37	0.54
Rosa at Siena	Taylor Morrison	FRV		DTMU	137	0	6	13	1	0	104	48	0.72	1.23
Towns	Taylor Morrison	WN		ATMU	124	0	13	14	2	0	81	46	0.86	1.18

Development Name	Developer	City Code	Notes	Type	Projects Participating: 60									
South Riverside South Riverside (Continued ...)					Units	New Rel.	Ref'd Rm'g	Traffic	Wk's Sales	Wk's Cans	Sold to Date	Sold YTD	Avg. Sls /Week	Avg. Sls /YTD
Viola at Siena	Taylor Morrison	FRV		DTMU	93	0	3	0	0	0	90	8	0.62	0.21
Copper Skye at Outlook	TRI Pointe	WN		DTMU	140	0	2	8	0	0	138	7	0.79	0.18
Echo Highlands	TRI Pointe	LE		DTMU	135	1	7	18	1	0	93	31	1.05	0.79
Luminary at Outlook	TRI Pointe	WN		DTMU	145	3	11	41	2	0	117	37	1.24	0.95
Opal Skye at Outlook	TRI Pointe	WN		DTMU	136	0	4	9	0	0	132	1	0.75	0.03
TOTALS: No. Reporting: 50		Avg. Sales: 0.66		Traffic to Sales: 15 : 1		407	667	37	4	3682	1304	Net: 33		
City Codes: WN = Winchester, LE = Lake Elsinore, ME = Merilee, WD = Wildomar, FRV = French Valley														

Project Types: AAAT = Active Adult ATT, AASF = Active Adult SFD, ATMU = Attached Move-up, ATST = Attached Starter, ATT = Single Family Attached, COHT = Condo/Hotel, CONV = Conversion, DTMU = Detached Move-up, DTST = Detached Starter, HIGH = High Rise, LOFT = Loft, MIDR = Mid-Rise, RWHS = Row Houses, SFD = Single Family Detached

Abbreviations: SO = Sold Out, TSO = Temporarily Sold Out

The subject projects and projects considered most similar to the subject are further detailed in the following table.

Active Projects									
Project Name	Community	Developer	Average Price	Avg. Home Size (SF)	Average Price/SF	Units Planned	Units Sold	Avg. Sales/Week	Avg. Sales/Month
Acadia	Winchester	Beazer	\$593,323	2,270	\$261.38	73	4	0.26	1.04
Juniper at Canterwood	Winchester	DR Horton	\$635,000	2,042	\$310.97	188	72	1.30	5.20
La Ventana*	Winchester	DR Horton	\$672,800	2,493	\$269.88	215	15	0.91	3.64
Pradera Place*	Winchester	DR Horton	\$550,000	1,667	\$329.93	210	204	1.78	7.12
Pradera Pointe*	Winchester	DR Horton	\$548,333	1,841	\$297.85	210	191	1.67	6.68
Willow Pointe at Canterwood	Winchester	DR Horton	\$592,000	1,677	\$353.01	130	72	1.28	5.12
Hudson at Canterwood	Winchester	KB Home	\$633,240	2,246	\$281.94	53	3	0.88	3.52
Sedona at Olivebrook*	Winchester	KB Home	\$629,990	2,083	\$302.44	58	57	0.81	3.24
Sunstone Indigo	Winchester	Lennar	\$554,323	1,856	\$298.67	90	53	1.12	4.48
Sunstone Marquise	Winchester	Lennar	\$611,373	2,074	\$294.78	64	50	1.05	4.20
Aubumdale at The Woods	Winchester	Richmond American	-	1,897	N/A	86	0	0.00	0.00
Courts	Winchester	Taylor Morrison	\$494,540	2,124	\$232.83	128	89	0.86	3.44
Towns	Winchester	Taylor Morrison	\$439,990	1,683	\$261.43	124	81	0.86	3.44
Copper Skye at Outlook*	Winchester	Tri Pointe	\$515,000	1,579	\$326.16	93	90	0.62	2.48
Luminary at Outlook	Winchester	Tri Pointe	\$577,000	2,003	\$288.07	145	117	1.24	4.96
Opal Skye at Outlook	Winchester	Tri Pointe	\$547,333	2,043	\$267.91	136	132	0.75	3.00
		Minimum	\$439,990	1,579	\$232.83				0.00
		Maximum	\$672,800	2,493	\$353.01				7.12
		Average	\$572,950	1,974	\$291.82				3.85

Source: Ryne Reports and Developer's Websites. *Information available was not complete for the average sale price

The absorption within projects in the unincorporated community of Winchester most similar to the subject ranged from 0.00 to 7.12 sales per month with an average of 3.85 sales per month. The subject's community, Luminary at Outlook, is above the average of the comparables in terms of average sales per month.

Resale Pricing

The following table shows historical resale data for more recently built homes (2018 and newer) in the unincorporated community of Winchester. We restricted our search to lot sizes with greater than

4,000 square feet. The resale market is analyzed as a further gauge of buyer demand for housing. Often home buyers are considering housing purchase options that cover both the new home market, as well as the resale market.

Resales										
Address	Sale Date	Living Area (SF)	Sale Price	Last List Price	Sales Price/SF	Sale/List	Year Built	Days on Market	Lot Size (SF)	
28340 Memory LN	7/10/2025	2,537	\$625,000	\$619,900	\$246	100.82%	2023	81	7,405	
29056 Aubrey CIR	8/21/2025	1,587	\$565,000	\$565,000	\$356	100.00%	2019	30	6,534	
29146 Dallas CIR	8/24/2025	2,336	\$688,000	\$678,888	\$295	101.34%	2020	46	9,148	
29179 Covenant LN	7/30/2025	1,746	\$590,000	\$580,000	\$338	101.72%	2023	42	5,998	
29335 Adams ST	9/12/2025	2,419	\$635,000	\$649,900	\$263	97.71%	2019	15	6,098	
29377 Wyatt Earp WAY	8/25/2025	2,590	\$634,000	\$624,999	\$245	101.44%	2018	41	7,841	
29586 Bisbee CT	8/5/2025	2,207	\$605,000	\$599,999	\$274	100.83%	2022	51	7,405	
29628 Dotted Mint	7/28/2025	2,428	\$635,000	\$649,900	\$262	97.71%	2020	40	7,252	
29707 Wolf Glen CT	8/1/2025	2,288	\$605,000	\$599,900	\$264	100.85%	2022	135	8,276	
30721 Hawkscrest DR	8/26/2025	2,540	\$625,000	\$605,000	\$246	103.31%	2021	62	N/Av	
30864 Pony Express DR	9/29/2025	2,241	\$620,000	\$615,000	\$277	100.81%	2021	13	7,540	
30886 Hawkscrest DR	7/25/2025	2,540	\$650,000	\$649,900	\$256	100.02%	2021	59	7,296	
30893 Telegraph DR	7/19/2025	2,836	\$680,000	\$699,999	\$240	97.14%	2021	18	8,825	
30945 Alister LN	7/11/2025	2,033	\$565,000	\$569,000	\$278	99.30%	2023	55	6,085	
30959 Hawkscrest DR	9/15/2025	2,540	\$679,000	\$679,000	\$267	100.00%	2021	7	9,574	
30981 Alister LN	9/9/2025	1,478	\$525,000	\$549,000	\$355	95.63%	2023	144	6,856	
30985 Foxhollow DR	9/3/2025	2,836	\$725,000	\$720,000	\$256	100.69%	2020	38	11,543	
31348 Scrub Jay RD	7/10/2025	2,612	\$700,000	\$725,000	\$268	96.55%	2023	36	7,405	
32084 Rambling CT	9/23/2025	2,207	\$630,000	\$614,900	\$285	102.46%	2022	13	N/Av	
32157 Prairie Crossing DR	9/10/2025	1,950	\$745,000	\$735,000	\$382	101.36%	2021	61	10,625	
32159 Pony Tracks CT	9/12/2025	2,590	\$705,000	\$685,000	\$272	102.92%	2020	5	11,761	
32197 Bunkhouse RD	8/29/2025	1,950	\$635,500	\$599,998	\$326	105.92%	2020	8	9,583	
32482 Iron Trail RD	8/21/2025	2,540	\$600,000	\$599,990	\$236	100.00%	2022	46	6,534	
Total Sales	23	2,306	\$637,674	\$635,447	\$282	100.37%	2021	45	8,075	
		(avg.)	(avg.)	(avg.)	(avg.)	(avg.)	(avg.)	(avg.)	(avg.)	

Source: Local Multiple Listing Service (MLS)

Ability to Pay

The Developer is constructing five floor plans ranging in size from 1,569 to 2,532 square feet. In this section, we will examine the ability to pay among prospective buyers for a representative price point for an estimated average home at the subject of \$560,000, based on the indicators from the competing projects. First, we will estimate the required annual household income based on typical mortgage parameters in the subject's market area. Specifically, we will employ a loan-to-value ratio of 80% (down payment of 20%), mortgage interest rate of 6.25%, 360 monthly payments, and a 40% ratio for the housing costs as a percent of monthly income (inclusive of principal, interest, all taxes and insurance). Property tax payments are accounted for in the analysis as well as homeowner's insurance and homeowner's association. The following table shows the estimate of the annual household income that would be required to afford homes priced at the representative price point.

Income Required

Home Price	\$560,000	
Loan % of Price (Loan to Value)	80%	
Loan Amount	\$448,000	
Interest Rate	6.25%	
Mortgage Payment	\$2,758	
Property Taxes	\$743	Based on 1.138140% and direct charges of \$2,540
Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2	\$224	
Homeowner's Association Fee	\$40	
Property Insurance	\$117	
Total Monthly Obligation	\$3,882	
Mortgage Payment % of Income	40%	
Monthly Income	\$9,705	
Annual Income	\$116,456	

We have obtained income data from Claritas Spotlight by Environics Analytics, for a 10-mile radius surrounding the subject property, which is considered representative of typical buyers for the subject property. In the following table we show the income brackets within the noted area, along with estimates of the percentage of households able to afford homes priced at the representative price point within each income bracket.

Household Ability

Household Income	Households	Percent of Households	Percent Able to Pay	Households	Households Able to Pay
< \$15,000	53,641	27.4%	0.0%	0	0.0%
\$15,000 - \$24,999	9,380	4.8%	0.0%	0	0.0%
\$25,000 - \$34,999	7,620	3.9%	0.0%	0	0.0%
\$35,000 - \$49,999	8,401	4.3%	0.0%	0	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$74,999	12,594	6.4%	0.0%	0	0.0%
\$75,000 - \$99,999	22,745	11.6%	0.0%	0	0.0%
\$100,000 - \$124,999	19,166	9.8%	34.2%	6,549	3.3%
\$125,000 - \$149,999	16,479	8.4%	100.0%	16,479	8.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	13,483	6.9%	100.0%	13,483	6.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	16,671	8.5%	100.0%	16,671	8.5%
\$250,000 - \$499,999	7,610	3.9%	100.0%	7,610	3.9%
\$500,000+	<u>7,807</u>	<u>4.0%</u>	100.0%	<u>7,807</u>	<u>4.0%</u>
	195,597	100.0%		68,599	35.1%

Conclusions

Demand for homes in the subject's market area is considered to be dynamic at the current time as indicated by the overall trend of building permit activity, new home sales prices and activity in recent quarters as well as the absorption rate within new home projects in the subject's area. Current interest rates for new home loans continues to challenge new home buyers and Builders. Builders are adjusting continuously their sales programs and incentive offerings to either maintain or add momentum to their sales pace. The predominate expectation from knowledgeable market participants is that market conditions will be steady over the near term.

Property Analysis

Land Description and Analysis

Location and Project Details

The property is generally located at the southeast corner of Domenigoni Parkway and Frontier Loop Road within the unincorporated community of Winchester, Riverside County, California. The subject is comprised of Assessor's Parcel Numbers 461-610-001 through -014, -017, -019, -021, 461-611-001 through -041, 461-612-001 through -013, 461-620-001 through -021, 461-621-001 through -014, 461-630-001 through -014, 461-631-001 through -029, 461-640-001 through -016, 461-641-001, -002, -003, -006 through -025, -030, and -031. These parcels comprise the appraised and assessed portion of the subject property. The Value by Parcel within the addenda of the report depicts which parcels are assessed or appraised as well as the corresponding development status reported by the developer. The communities comprising the subject have 190 residential lots with a typical lot size of 7,500 square feet and a final map in place. A majority of the lots along the southern boundary of the subject back up to open space of rolling foothills.

Note there are also common area parcels throughout the community, but they are not part of the appraised property. There are four detention basins throughout the subject to assist with the drainage to protect against flooding and erosion. There is 1.37-acre park located within the subject's community.

Shape and Dimensions

The site is irregular in shape; however, the proposed and completed individual single-family lots are generally rectangular in shape. Site utility based on shape and dimensions is average.

Topography

The site is generally level and at street grade. The topography does not result in any particular development limitations.

Drainage

No particular drainage problems were observed or disclosed at the time of field inspection. This appraisal assumes that surface water collection, both on-site and in public streets adjacent to the subject, is adequate.

Flood Hazard Status

The following table provides flood hazard information.

Flood Hazard Status

Community Panel Number	06065C-2080H
Date	April 19, 2017
Zone	X
Description	Outside of 500-year floodplain
Insurance Required?	No

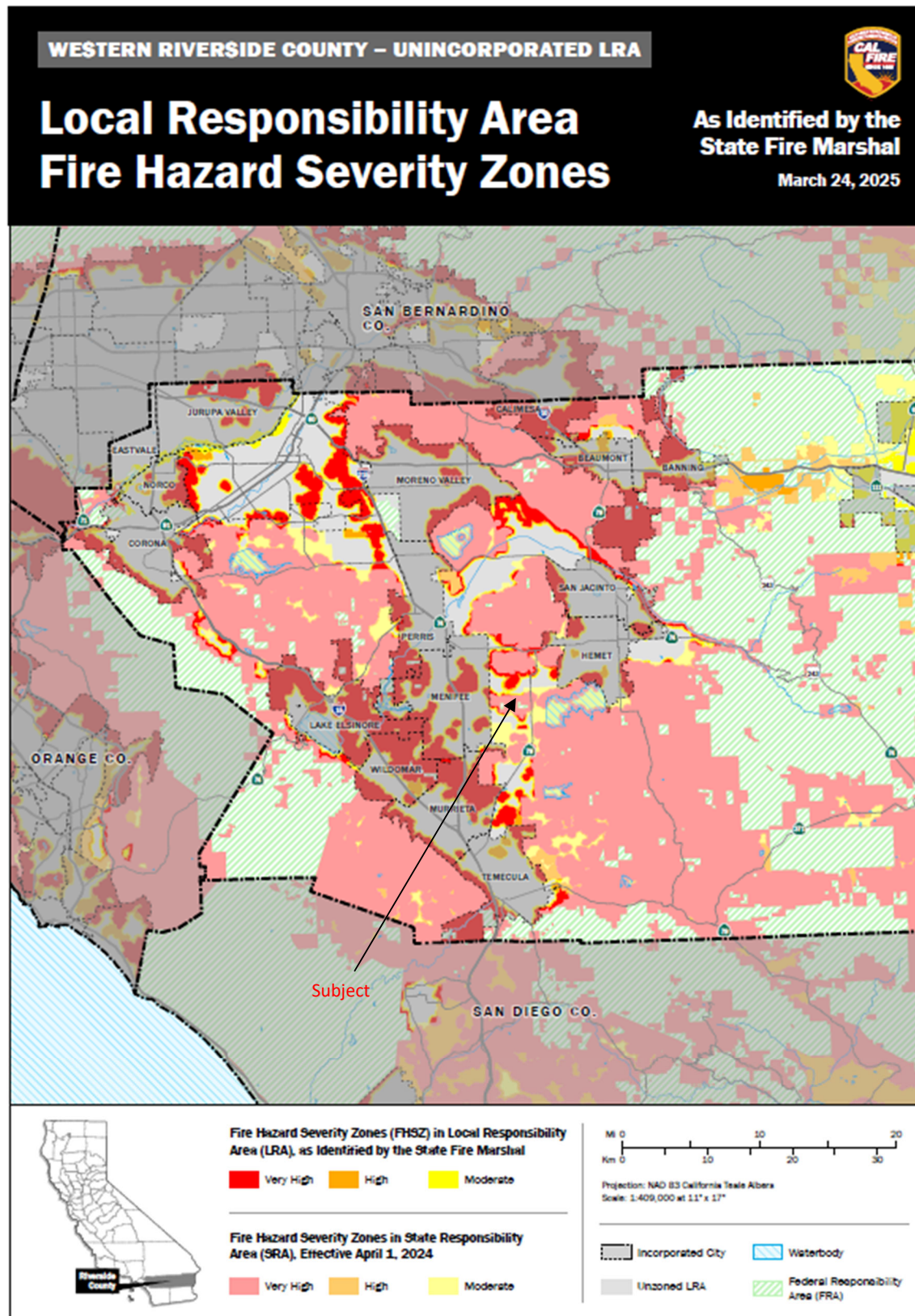
Seismic Hazards

All properties in California are subject to some degree of seismic risk. The Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act was enacted by the State of California in 1972 to regulate development near active earthquake faults. The Act required the State Geologist to delineate “Earthquake Fault Zones” (formerly known as “Special Studies Zones”) along known active faults in California. Cities and counties affected by the identified zones must limit certain development projects within the zones unless geologic investigations demonstrate that the sites are not threatened by surface displacement from future faulting.

According to information from the California Department of Conservation and the California Geological Survey, the subject is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Special Studies Zone. The subject is not located in a liquefaction zone.

Fire Hazard Risk

The Fire and Resource Assessment Program of CAL FIRE has classified areas of the subject’s County by Fire Hazard Severity Zone. As shown in the following map, the subject’s area has been classified as an area of very high fire hazard severity zone. This is also consistent with the surrounding residential communities within the master plan community. The fire hazard risk does not appear to affect the development of the subject and adjacent communities.



Environmental Hazards

An environmental assessment report was not provided for review, and during our inspection, we did not observe any obvious signs of contamination on or near the subject. However, environmental issues are beyond our scope of expertise. It is assumed that the property is not adversely affected by environmental hazards.

Ground Stability

A soils report was not provided for our review. Based on our inspection of the subject and observation of development on nearby sites, there are no apparent ground stability problems. However, we are not experts in soils analysis. We assume that the subject's soil bearing capacity is sufficient to support the existing and proposed improvements.

Utilities

The availability of utilities to the subject is summarized in the following table.

Utilities	
Service	Provider
Water	Eastern Municipal Water District
Sewer	Eastern Municipal Water District
Electricity	Southern California Edison
Natural Gas	Southern California Gas Company
Local Phone	Various providers

Zoning

The subject is zoned SP Zone, Specific Plan Zone, by Riverside County Planning Department. The following table summarizes our understanding and interpretation of the zoning requirements that affect the subject.

Zoning Summary	
Zoning Jurisdiction	Riverside County Planning Department
Zoning Designation	SP Zone
Description	Specific Plan Zone
Legally Conforming?	Appears to be legally conforming
Zoning Change Likely?	No
Permitted Uses	Residential uses

According to the local planning department, there are no pending or prospective zoning changes. It appears that the current use of the site is a legally conforming use. We are not experts in the interpretation of zoning ordinances. An appropriately qualified land use attorney should be engaged if a determination of compliance is required.

Other Land Use Regulations

We are not aware of any other land use regulations that would affect the property.

Easements, Encroachments and Restrictions

We have reviewed a preliminary title report prepared by First American Title Company dated September 22, 2025. The report identifies exceptions to title, which include various utility and access easements that are typical for a property of this type. Such exceptions would not appear to have an adverse effect on value. Our valuation assumes no adverse impacts from easements, encroachments or restrictions and further assumes that the subject has clear and marketable title.

Development/Construction Status

The subject's current development/construction status from the information provided by the developer is shown in the following table.

Appraised Property Summary by Community						
Community	Essentially Finished SFR Lots	Partially Completed Homes	Completed Homes*	Homes Sold to Individuals*	Total Appraised Parcels	Assessed Parcels
Aurora at Outlook	0	0	0	0	0	19
Luminary at Outlook	9	21	8	39	77	68
Solstice at Outlook	0	0	0	1	1	25
TOTAL	9	21	8	40	78	112

*Completed homes without a complete assessment for structural improvements by County Assessor

As a condition of this assignment, the Assessed Values for certain Assessor's Parcels with completed and sold homes with a complete Assessed Value for both Land and Improvements greater than \$400,000 for the 2025-2026 tax year is presented herein for illustration purposes only. As requested, these Assessor's Parcels are not appraised herein with a not-less-than market value; instead, the assigned County of Riverside Assessor's value will be relied upon for underwriting purposes.

As noted, there were two communities, Aurora and Solstice at Outlook, being developed at the subject property; however, the developer pivoted to Luminary at Outlook to offer smaller floor plans with a lower price point. Based on the criteria of assessed value for the 2025-2026 tax year, all of the assessed parcels represent completed homes sold to individuals except for two homes within Luminary at Outlook, which are owned by the developer.

Permits and Fees

Based on information provided by the developer, permits and fees due at building permit average \$43,010 per lot. This figure is generally consistent with fees at other projects in the area. As noted, a majority of the residential lots have had permits and fees paid. According to the developer, there is an estimated \$478,288 in remaining permits and fees.

Within the remaining fee estimate, the developer noted there are some inspection fees for land development. However, we were not provided with a detailed breakdown of the remaining fees. The remaining permits and fees will be taken into account in the *Market Value by Ownership* section.

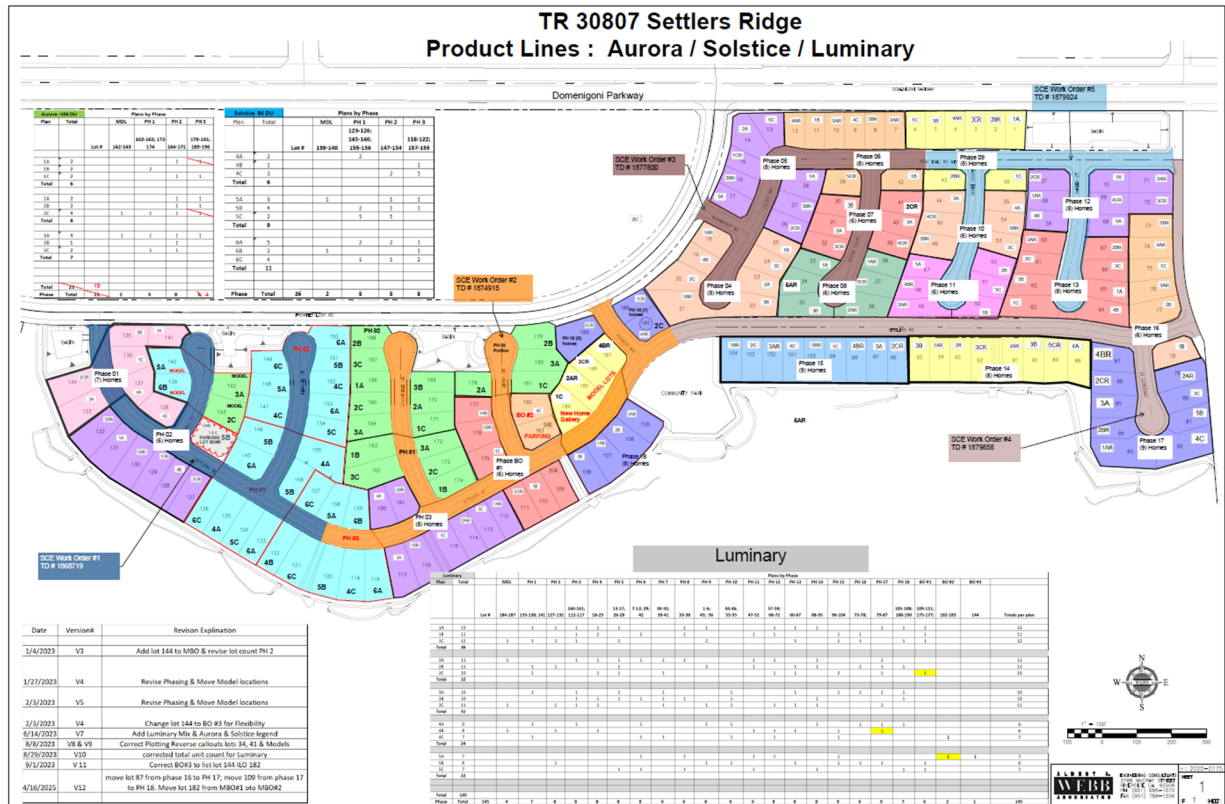
Site Development Costs

Horizontal improvements at the subject are substantially complete. According to the developer, the total site development costs is estimated at \$17,824,170 or \$93,811 per lot. This figure is generally consistent with other projects in the region. There is an estimated \$169,220 in remaining site development costs. The remaining site development costs will be taken into account in the *Market Value by Ownership* section.

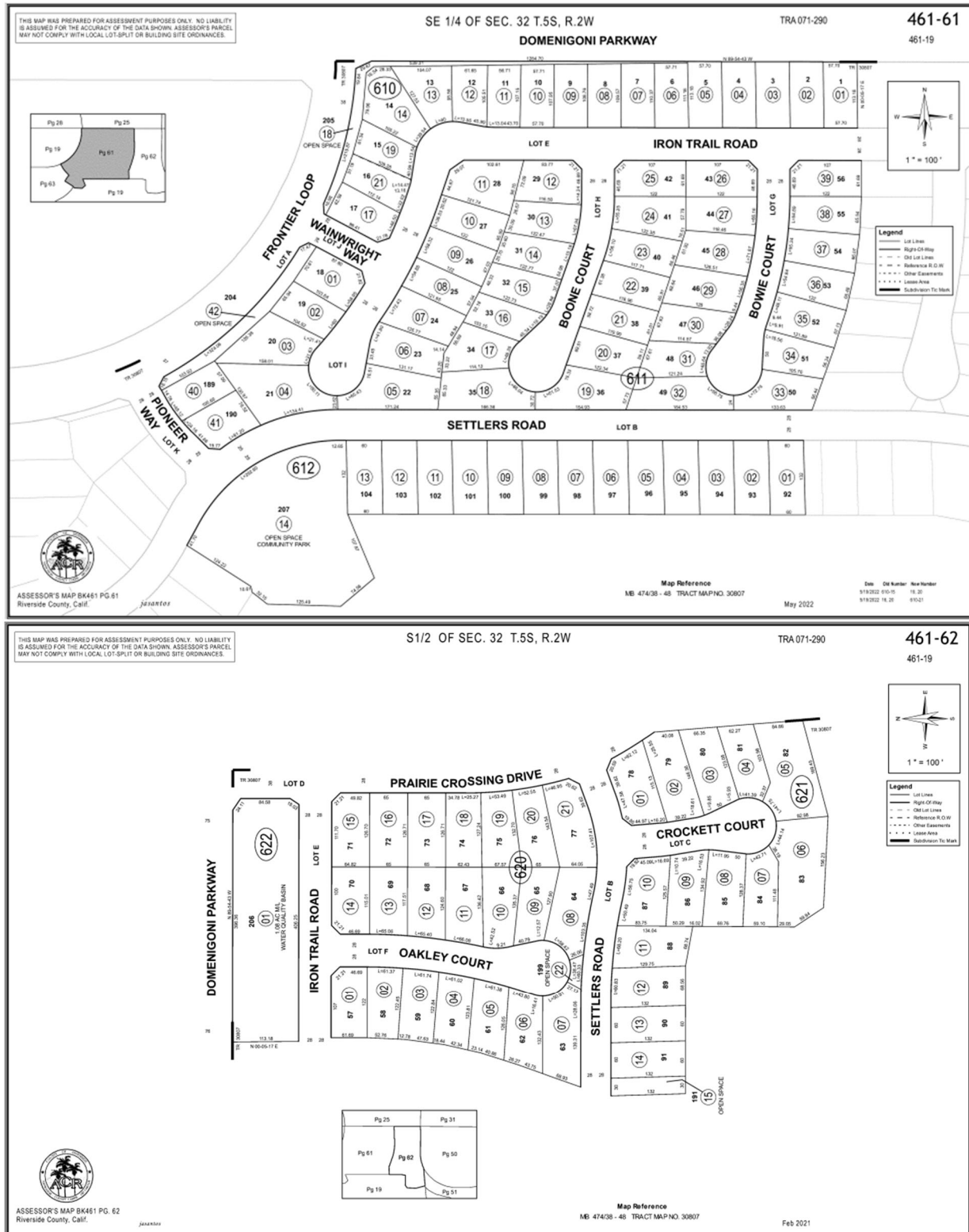
Conclusion of Site Analysis

Overall, the physical characteristics of the site and the availability of utilities result in functional utility suitable for a variety of uses including those permitted by zoning. Uses permitted by zoning include residential uses. We are not aware of any other particular restrictions on development.

Site Plan



Parcel Maps



Aerial



*Boundaries are approximate

Proposed Improvements Description

Overview

The subject property is being developed by Tri Pointe Homes and details of the community is presented in the following table.

Floor Plan Summary							
Floor Plan	Living Area (SF)	Bedroom	Bathroom	Stories	Garage	Typical Lot Size (SF)	Developer's Base Price
Luminary at Outlook							
Alder Plan 1	1,569	2-3	2.0	One	2-Car	7,500	\$533,500
Mariposa Plan 2	1,758	3	2-3	One	2-Car	7,500	\$551,500
Holly Plan 3	1,941	3-4	2-3	One	2-Car	7,500	\$572,500
Torrey Plan 4	2,216	4-5	3.0	Two	2-Car	7,500	\$598,500
Willow Plan 5	2,532	5-6	3-4	Two	3-Car (tandem)	7,500	\$629,000
Aurora at Outlook							
Plan 1	2,142	3-4	2-3	One	2-Car	-	-
Plan 2	2,285	4	3.0	Two	2-Car	-	-
Plan 3	2,624	4	3.0	Two	3-Car (tandem)	-	-
Solstice at Outlook							
Plan 1	2,432	3-4	2.5	One	3-Car (tandem)	-	-
Plan 2	2,843	3-4	2.5-3	Two	3-Car	-	-
Plan 3	3,291	4	3.0	Two	3-Car	-	-

The interior finish profile is considered to be of a typical quality for the area, which is generally average to good overall quality. There were two communities, Aurora and Solstice at Outlook, being developed at the subject property; however, the developer pivoted to Luminary at Outlook to offer smaller floor plans with a lower price point. The developer noted higher interest rates and other factors in their decision to move towards smaller floor plans. Given a majority of the subject homes are under contract and/or sold, there is demand for the subject homes.

The subject property has a Homeowner's Association (HOA) and the developer estimates that dues will be approximately \$40 per home per month, to be paid by the future homeowners. The subject's floor plans can be seen on the developer's website.









Real Estate Taxes

The property tax system in California was amended in 1978 by Article XIII to the State Constitution, commonly referred to as Proposition 13. It provides for a limitation on property taxes and for a procedure to establish the current taxable value of real property by reference to a base year value, which is then modified annually to reflect inflation (if any). Annual increases cannot exceed 2% per year.

The base year was set at 1975-76 or any year thereafter in which the property is substantially improved or changes ownership. When either of these two conditions occurs, the property is to be re-appraised at market value, which becomes the new base year assessed value. Proposition 13 also limits the maximum tax rate to 1% of the value of the property, exclusive of bonds and direct charges. Bonded indebtedness approved prior to 1978, and any bonds subsequently approved by a two-thirds vote of the district in which the property is located, can be added to the 1% tax rate.

Ad Valorem Taxes

The existing ad valorem taxes are of nominal consequence in this appraisal, primarily due to the fact these taxes will be adjusted substantially as the remaining property improvements are completed and in consideration of the definition of market value employed in this appraisal, which assumes a sale of the appraised properties. According to the Riverside County Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office, the subject is located in 071-322 tax rate area and has a tax rate of 1.138140% for tax year 2025-2026 (latest available), based on assessed value. In addition, the appraised properties are subject to direct charges. Based on a survey of residential properties within the subject property, it is estimated the subject would have direct charges of approximately \$2,540 per lot.

Special Assessments

All of the appraised properties are encumbered by the Special Tax Lien of Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 that also increases 2% per year. With respect to special taxes, we have relied upon information provided by the special tax consultant for the annual special tax levy on the appraised properties, which are shown as follows for tax year 2025-2026:

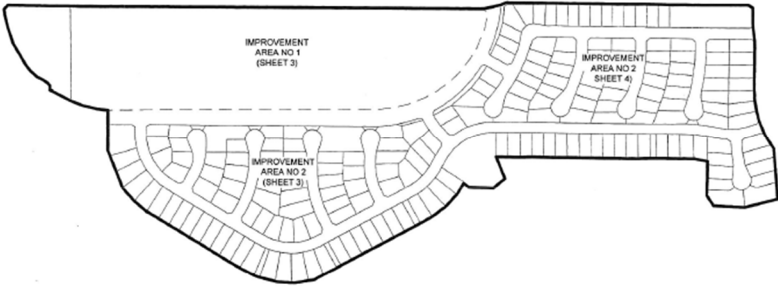
Special Tax Table (Fiscal Year 2025-2026)

Land Use Category	Square Footage Category	Assigned Special Tax
Single-Family Detached Property	Less than 2,201 SF	\$2,688 per unit
Single-Family Detached Property	2,201 - 2,400 SF	\$2,803 per unit
Single-Family Detached Property	2,401 - 2,600 SF	\$2,981 per unit
Single-Family Detached Property	2,601 - 2,800 SF	\$2,922 per unit
Single-Family Detached Property	2,801 - 3,000 SF	\$3,019 per unit
Single-Family Detached Property	Greater than 3,000 SF	\$3,279 per unit
Non-Residential/Undeveloped Property	N/A	\$17,476 per acre

Source: Rate and Method of Apportionment of Special Taxes

Boundary Map

PROPOSED BOUNDARY MAP OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6
OF THE HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA



FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE GOVERNING BOARD OF THE HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT THIS 1 DAY OF July, 2021

Christie Barlett
CLERK OF THE GOVERNING BOARD
HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE WITHIN MAP SHOWING THE BOUNDARIES OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 2021-6, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, WAS APPROVED BY THE GOVERNING BOARD OF THE HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT AT A REGULAR MEETING THEREOF, HELD ON THE 20 DAY OF July, 2021, BY ITS RESOLUTION NO. 2828.

Christie Barlett
CLERK OF THE GOVERNING BOARD
HEMET UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FILED THIS 30th DAY OF July, 2021, AT THE HOUR OF 12:15 O'CLOCK P. M. IN BOOK 87 OF MAPS OF ASSESSMENT AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS AT PAGES 34-35, AND AS INSTRUMENT NO. 2021-0456538 IN THE OFFICES OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

SDFA
SPECIAL DISTRICT FINANCING
& ADMINISTRATION
437 WEST GRAND AVENUE
ESCONDIDO, CALIFORNIA 92025
TELEPHONE: (760)233-2650
FAX: (760)233-2631

FEE: \$ 15.00
Peter Aldana Assessor-Clerk County Recorder
Takui Alb Deputy
COUNTY RECORDER OF THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

LEGEND:
① LOT NUMBER
——— COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT BOUNDARY
- - - - IMPROVEMENT AREA BOUNDARY

FOR PARTICULARS OF LINES AND DIMENSIONS OF ASSESSORS PARCELS REFERENCE IS MADE TO RIVERSIDE COUNTY ASSESSOR'S PARCEL MAP.

LOT NO	ASSESSORS PARCEL NO	IMPROVEMENT AREA	SHEET NO
1	461-190-072	1	3
2	461-190-088	1	3
3	461-640-001	2	3
4	461-640-002	2	3
5	461-640-003	2	3
6	461-640-004	2	3
7	461-640-005	2	3
8	461-640-006	2	3
9	461-640-007	2	3
10	461-640-008	2	3
11	461-640-009	2	3
12	461-640-010	2	3
13	461-640-011	2	3
14	461-640-012	2	3
15	461-640-013	2	3
16	461-640-014	2	3
17	461-640-015	2	3
18	461-640-016	2	3
19	461-640-017	2	3
20	461-640-018	2	3
21	461-641-001	2	3
22	461-641-002	2	3
23	461-641-003	2	3
24	461-641-004	2	3
25	461-641-005	2	3
26	461-641-006	2	3
27	461-641-007	2	3
28	461-641-008	2	3
29	461-641-009	2	3
30	461-641-010	2	3
31	461-641-011	2	3
32	461-641-012	2	3
33	461-641-013	2	3
34	461-641-014	2	3
35	461-641-015	2	3
36	461-641-016	2	3
37	461-641-017	2	3
38	461-641-018	2	3
39	461-641-019	2	3
40	461-641-020	2	3
41	461-641-021	2	3
42	461-641-022	2	3
43	461-641-023	2	3
44	461-641-024	2	3
45	461-641-025	2	3

SHEET	1 OF 4
DATE	JUNE 2021
JOB NO.	CFD2021-6

Highest and Best Use

Process

Before a property can be valued, an opinion of highest and best use must be developed for the subject site, both as if vacant, and as improved or proposed. By definition, the highest and best use must be:

- Legally permissible under the zoning regulations and other restrictions that apply to the site.
- Physically possible.
- Financially feasible.
- Maximally productive, i.e., capable of producing the highest value from among the permissible, possible, and financially feasible uses.

Highest and Best Use As If Vacant

Legally Permissible

The site is zoned SP Zone, Specific Plan Zone. Permitted uses include residential uses. To our knowledge, there are no legal restrictions such as easements or deed restrictions that would effectively limit the use of the property. The subject has an approved final map for 78 single-family homes on individual lots and associated improvements. The subject's present entitlements are the result of significant planning and review, and any rezone or land use different than currently approved is unlikely. Given prevailing land use patterns in the area, only residential use is given further consideration in determining highest and best use of the site, as though vacant.

Physically Possible

The physical characteristics of a site that affect its possible use include, but are not limited to, location, street frontage, visibility, access, size, shape, topography, availability of utilities, offsite improvements, easements and soil and subsoil conditions. The legally permissible test has resulted in single-family residential development; at this point the physical characteristics are examined to see if they are suited for the legally permissible use.

Based on our physical inspection of the subject property, we know of no reason why the property would not support development. All utilities are available to the perimeter of the site. The property is not located within an adverse earthquake or flood zone. However, the subject is located in a very high risk fire zone, which is consistent with the surrounding area. Given the significant amount of new residential development surrounding the subject, the fire hazard zone does not appear to affect development and development appears possible. Surrounding land uses are compatible and/or similar. Development on adjacent properties provides support that soils are adequate for development. Based on the physical characteristics of the subject property, residential development is considered physically possible and most appropriate.

Financially Feasible

Financial feasibility depends on supply and demand influences. With respect to financial feasibility of single-family residential development, in recent months merchant builders have acquired unimproved lots for near term construction, and there are multiple active projects in the area that demonstrate

demand for new homes. Finished lots are transferring for prices that exceed the sum of unimproved lots and site development costs, which reflects completion of site development is financially feasible.

Maximally Productive

Legal, physical, and market conditions have been analyzed to evaluate the highest and best use of the appraised properties as vacant. The analysis is presented to evaluate the type of use(s) that will generate the greatest level of future benefits possible to the property. Based on the factors previously discussed, the maximally productive use of the appraised properties, and their highest and best use as vacant is for near-term single-family residential development.

As Improved (Proposed)

As with the highest and best use as though vacant, the four tests of highest and best use must also be applied to the subject property considering the in-place improvements. Consideration must be given to the continued as-is use of the subject, as well as alternative uses for the subject. The potential alternative uses consist of demolition, expansion, conversion or renovation.

In the case of land under development, consideration must be given to whether it makes sense to demolish existing improvements (either on-site or off-site improvements) for replacement with another use. The time and expense to demolish existing improvements, re-grade, reroute utilities or re-map must be weighed against alternative uses. If the existing or proposed improvements are not performing well, then it may produce a higher return to demolish existing improvements, if any, and re-grade the site for development of an alternative use.

Based on the current condition, the improvements completed contribute to the overall property value. The value of the subject property as improved exceeds its value as vacant less demolition. The highest and best use of the subject property as improved is for completion of remaining site development and continuing construction of homes, as dictated by demand.

Most Probable Buyer

In conjunction with the definition of market value, this appraisal assumes a hypothetical sale of the subject properties to a probable buyer/user, as of the date of value. The subject is considered to have good appeal for production homes. The most probable buyer would be a developer/homebuilder for the partially-improved lots and homes under construction. The most probable buyer for the completed homes would be an individual homeowner.

Valuation

Valuation Methodology

Appraisers usually consider three approaches to estimating the market value of real property. These are the cost approach, sales comparison approach and the income capitalization approach.

The **cost approach** assumes that the informed purchaser would pay no more than the cost of producing a substitute property with the same utility. This approach is particularly applicable when the improvements being appraised are relatively new and represent the highest and best use of the land or when the property has unique or specialized improvements for which there is little or no sales data from comparable properties.

The **sales comparison approach** assumes that an informed purchaser would pay no more for a property than the cost of acquiring another existing property with the same utility. This approach is especially appropriate when an active market provides sufficient reliable data. The sales comparison approach is less reliable in an inactive market or when estimating the value of properties for which no directly comparable sales data is available. The sales comparison approach is often relied upon for owner-user properties.

The **income capitalization approach** reflects the market's perception of a relationship between a property's potential income and its market value. This approach converts the anticipated net income from ownership of a property into a value indication through capitalization. The primary methods are direct capitalization and discounted cash flow analysis, with one or both methods applied, as appropriate. This approach is widely used in appraising income-producing properties.

Additional analyses often undertaken in the valuation of subdivisions include **extraction, land residual analysis**, and the **subdivision development method**.

Reconciliation of the various indications into a conclusion of value is based on an evaluation of the quantity and quality of available data in each approach and the applicability of each approach to the property type.

The methodology employed in this assignment is summarized as follows:

Approaches to Value		
Approach	Applicability to Subject	Use in Assignment
Cost Approach	Not Applicable	Not Utilized
Sales Comparison Approach	Applicable	Utilized
Income Capitalization Approach	Applicable	Utilized

Market Valuation – Floor Plans

The market value of the subject's smallest floor plans within each community with a completed home, Luminary and Solstice at Outlook, are estimated in this section. The objective of the analysis is to estimate the base price, net of incentives, upgrades and lot premiums. Incentives can take the form of direct price reductions or non-price incentives such as upgrades, interest rate buydowns, or non-recurring closing costs. The sales comparison approach to value is employed in order to provide an opinion of market value for the smallest floor plan offered in Luminary and Solstice at Outlook.

This approach is based on the economic principle of substitution. According to The Appraisal of Real Estate, 15th Edition (Chicago: Appraisal Institute, 2020), *"The principle of substitution holds that the value of property tends to be set by the cost of acquiring a substitute or alternative property of similar utility and desirability within a reasonable amount of time."* The sales comparison approach is applicable when there are sufficient recent, reliable transactions to indicate value patterns or trends in the market.

The proper application of this approach requires obtaining recent sales data for comparison with the appraised properties. In order to assemble the comparable sales, we searched public records and other data sources for leads, then confirmed the raw data obtained with parties directly related to the transactions (primarily brokers, buyers and sellers). Attempts were made to obtain comparable sales from surrounding communities; however, none of those attempts were returned. Further, we searched the Multiple Listing Service (MLS) for resales of comparable properties. The comparables utilized in the following analysis are from sales within the subject's active community.

For the homes with various options of the number of bedrooms or bathrooms, consistent with the "not-less-than" valuation, we will utilize the lesser of the two options. The smallest floor plans within the communities analyzed are shown in the following table.

Smallest Floor Plan Summary							
Project Name	Living Area (SF)	Bedroom	Bathroom	Stories	Garage	Typical Lot Size (SF)	Developer's Base Price
Luminary at Outlook							
Alder Plan 1	1,569	2-3	2.0	One	2-Car	7,500	\$533,500
Solstice at Outlook							
Plan 1	2,432	3-4	2.5	One	3-Car (tandem)	-	-

The comparable sales are summarized in the following table.

Comparable Home Sale Summary

No.	Address	Contract Date	Sale Price	Close of Escrow	Living Area (SF)	Bedroom	Bathroom	Garage	Year Built	Lot Size (SF)
1	31819 Settlers Road	8/28/2025	\$573,451	10/1/2025	1,569	3	2.0	2-Car	2025	7,920
2	31879 Settlers Road	8/12/2025	\$582,104	9/29/2025	1,569	3	2.0	2-Car	2025	7,920
3	29541 Oakley Court	7/14/2025	\$561,714	8/12/2025	1,569	3	2.0	2-Car	2025	6,975
4	31759 Settlers Road	6/27/2025	\$586,648	8/25/2025	1,569	3	2.0	2-Car	2025	7,920
5	29586 Oakley Court	5/19/2025	\$554,721	6/27/2025	1,569	3	2.0	2-Car	2025	7,405
6	31939 Settlers Road	9/8/2025	\$663,830	Pending	2,532	5	3.0	3-Car (tandem)	2025	8,712
7	31843 Settlers Road	8/17/2025	\$663,303	9/23/2025	2,532	5	3.0	3-Car (tandem)	2025	7,920
8	29550 Oakley Court	6/14/2025	\$658,335	7/24/2025	2,532	5	3.0	3-Car (tandem)	2025	7,841
9	29589 Oakley Court	6/5/2025	\$682,418	7/24/2025	2,532	5	3.0	3-Car (tandem)	2025	7,841
10	31856 Iron Trail Road	5/28/2025	\$666,024	7/22/2025	2,532	5	3.0	3-Car (tandem)	2025	6,530

Discussion of Adjustments

The sales are compared to the subject and adjusted to account for material differences that affect value. Adjustments are considered for the following factors, in the sequence shown below.

Adjustment Factor	Accounts For	Comments
Special Taxes	Bond debt has a direct impact on the amount for which the end product will sell. In an effort to account for the impact of bond indebtedness on the sales price, we establish a present value amount for the difference in the bond encumbrance between the subject and comparables based on the annual assessment, and the estimated average holding period of a single-family home, which is estimated at 12 years.	The subject and all of the comparables have a bond encumbrance and are adjusted accordingly.
Upgrades and Incentives	The objective of the analysis is to estimate the base value per floor plan, net of incentives. Incentives can take the form of direct price reductions or non-price incentives such as upgrades or non-recurring closing costs.	Incentives and upgrades included in the sales have been considered and adjusted for in this analysis.
Real Property Rights	Fee simple, leased fee, leasehold, partial interest, etc.	All the comparables represent fee simple estate transactions. Therefore, adjustments for property rights are not necessary.

Adjustment Factor	Accounts For	Comments
Financing Terms	Seller financing, or assumption of existing financing, at non-market terms.	The comparable sales were cash to the seller transactions and do not require adjustments.
Conditions of Sale	Extraordinary motivation of buyer or seller, assemblage, forced sale.	The comparables did not involve any non-market or atypical conditions of sale. Adjustments for this factor do not apply.
Market Conditions (Date of Sale, Phase Adjustment)	The market conditions vary over time, but the date of this appraisal is for a specific point in time. In a dynamic economy – one that is undergoing changes in the value of the dollar, interest rates and economic growth or decline – extra attention needs to be paid to assess changing market conditions. Significant monthly changes in price levels can occur in several areas of a neighborhood, while prices in other areas remain relatively stable. Although the adjustment for market conditions is often referred to as a time adjustment, time is not the cause of the adjustment.	As demonstrated in the previous market analysis section, new home pricing on a dollar per square foot basis has been fluctuating over the past several quarters in the subject's market area, as well as within the region overall. Home pricing over the past several months has moderated and/or remained steady as homebuilders have adjusted to shifting demand; as such, no adjustments are warranted for market conditions.
Location	Location is a very important factor to consider when making comparisons. The comparables need not be in the same neighborhood but should be in neighborhoods that offer the same advantage and have, in general, the same overall desirability to the most probable buyer or user.	The subject and all of the comparables are located in a similar location and no adjustments are warranted.
Community Appeal	Community characteristics that may influence sale prices include a gated amenity or the condition of surrounding development.	The subject and all of the comparables have similar community appeal and do not require adjustments.
Lot Size	The lot size adjustment pertains to the differences between the subject's average lot size and comparables with either larger or	Considering the average lot size adjustment factors indicated by the comparable sales utilized in this analysis, a lot size adjustment factor

Adjustment Factor	Accounts For	Comments
	smaller lots. It does not include any lot premium adjustments, which are adjusted for separately. The amount of the adjustment used in the comparison of the base lot sizes comes from a survey of premiums paid for larger lots.	of \$12.00 /SF is considered reasonable for the subject's residential lots. This figure is supported by observations of sales in the subject's market area.
Lot Premiums/ Discounts	Properties sometimes achieve premiums for corner or cul-de-sac positioning, or proximity to open space or views. Adjustments for lot position premiums would be in addition to lot size adjustments previously considered.	Appropriate adjustments are applied based upon lot placement and configuration within their respective projects. However, all of the comparables are similar to the subject in this regard and no adjustments are required.
Design and Appeal	Design and appeal of a floor plan is consumer specific. One exterior may appeal to one buyer, while another appeals to a different buyer. These types of features for new homes with similar functional utility are not typically noted in the base sales prices.	All of the comparables are similar to the subject in regard to design and appeal.
Quality of Construction	Construction quality can differ from slightly to substantially between projects and is noted in the exterior and interior materials and design features of a standard unit. In terms of quality of construction, the subject represents good construction quality.	All of the comparable sales feature similar construction quality and do not require adjustments.
Age/Condition	When comparing resale to resale, the market generally reflects a difference of 1% per year of difference in effective age.	All of the comparable sales represent new construction; thus, no adjustments are required.
Functional Utility	Ability to adequately provide for its intended purpose.	The appraised properties and comparables represent traditional detached single-family residential construction on similar lot size categories as the subject. Adjustments for this factor do not apply.

Adjustment Factor	Accounts For	Comments
Room Count	For similar size units the differences between room count is a buyer preference. One buyer might prefer two bedrooms and a den versus a three-bedroom unit. Extra rooms typically result in additional building area and are accounted for in the size adjustment. Therefore, no adjustments are made for number of total rooms or bedrooms.	Because bathrooms are a functional item for each floor plan and add substantial cost due to the number of plumbing fixtures, an adjustment is made for the difference in the number of fixtures between the subject and the comparable sales. The adjustment is based on an amount of \$10,000 per fixture (or half-bath) and is supported by cost estimates for an average quality home in the Residential Cost Handbook, published by the Marshall and Swift Corporation. Considering the fact that plumbing upgrades for existing bathrooms generally range from \$5,000 to over \$25,000 for the various fixtures, \$10,000 per fixture, or half-bath, is supported. Consequently, a factor of \$20,000 per full bath is also applied in our analysis.
Unit Size/Living Area	Units similar (in the same development), except for size, were compared to derive the applicable adjustment for unit size. Those used for comparison purposes, are units within similar projects. Units within the same project were used since they have a high degree of similarity in quality, workmanship, design and appeal. Other items such as a single level or two-story designs, number of bathrooms and number of garage spaces were generally similar in these comparisons, in order to avoid other influences in price per square foot. Where differences exist, they are minor and do not impact the overall range or average concluded.	The typical range indicated by the paired units in this analysis generally demonstrated a value range from approximately \$50 to upwards of \$100 per square foot. Considering the information cited above, a factor of \$85.00 per square foot is concluded to be appropriate and reasonable for the difference in living area between the subject and the comparables, given the quality of the product.

Adjustment Factor	Accounts For	Comments
Number of Stories	For similar size units, the differences between the number of stories is typically a buyer preference. One buyer might prefer a single-story versus a two-story unit.	In current market conditions, single story floor plans typically demand a slight premium; as such, an adjustment of 2% is applied for story differences.
Parking/Garage	Number of garage spaces	The subject's floor plans offer two or three-car garages (tandem). Our survey of local real estate professionals indicates a premium value of approximately \$20,000 for a full garage space and approximately half, or \$10,000, for tandem garage spaces. The subject and all of the comparables have similar parking/garages and no adjustments are warranted.
Landscaping	Included landscaping	The subject and all of the comparables include only front yard landscaping. Therefore, no adjustment is warranted for landscaping.

Adjustment Grids

The following pages include grids reflecting the aforementioned adjustments.

Alder Plan 1 - Luminary at Outlook										
Project Information		Subject Property	Comparable 1		Comparable 2		Comparable 3		Comparable 4	
Project Name		Luminary at Outlook	Luminary at Outlook		Luminary at Outlook		Luminary at Outlook		Luminary at Outlook	
Plan		Alder Plan 1	Alder Plan 1		Alder Plan 1		Alder Plan 1		Alder Plan 1	
Address/Lot Number		31819 Settlers Road	31819 Settlers Road		31879 Settlers Road		29541 Oakley Court		31759 Settlers Road	
City/Area		Winchester	Winchester		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester	
Price		N/Ap	\$573,451		\$582,104		\$561,714		\$586,648	
Price Per SF		N/Ap	\$365.49		\$371.00		\$358.01		\$373.90	
Special Taxes (12-year hold at 5.5%)		\$23,167	\$23,167		\$23,167		\$23,167		\$23,167	
Adjustment			\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0	
Adjusted Price (Including Bonds)			\$573,451		\$582,104		\$561,714		\$586,648	
Total Consideration per SF			\$365.49		\$371.00		\$358.01		\$373.90	
Data Source		Project sales agent	Project sales agent		Project sales agent		Project sales agent		Project sales agent	
Incentives		N/Ap	Yes (\$57,171)		Yes (\$48,828)		Yes (\$55,815)		Yes (\$40,000)	
Upgrades		Base	Yes (\$38,951)		Yes (\$41,104)		Yes (\$18,214)		Yes (\$37,648)	
Effective Base Sales Price			\$477,329		\$492,172		\$487,685		\$509,000	
Adjustments:		Factor	Description	+/()	Description	+/()	Description	+/()	Description	+/()
Property Rights		Fee Simple	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Financing Terms		Cash Equivalent	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Conditions of Sale		Market	Similar		Market		Market		Market	
Market Conditions										
Contract Date		9/22/2025	8/28/2025		8/12/2025		7/14/2025		6/27/2025	
Project Location		Winchester	Winchester		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester	
Community Appeal		Average	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Lot Size		\$12.00 7,500	7,920	(\$5,040)	7,920	(\$5,040)	6,975	\$6,300	7,920	(\$5,040)
Lot Premium		N/Ap	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Design and Appeal		Average	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Quality of Construction		Good	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Age (Total/Effective)		New	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Condition		Good/New	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Functional Utility		Average	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Room Count										
Bedrooms		2	3		3		3		3	
Baths		\$20,000 2.0	2.0	\$0	2.0	\$0	2.0	\$0	2.0	\$0
Living Area (SF)		\$85.00 1,569	1,569	\$0	1,569	\$0	1,569	\$0	1,569	\$0
Number of Stories		One	One		One		One		One	
Heating/Cooling		Central/Forced	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Garage		\$20,000 2-Car	2-Car		2-Car		2-Car		2-Car	
Landscaping		Front	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Pool/Spa		None	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Patios/Decks		Patio	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Fencing		Rear	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Kitchen Equipment		Average	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Other		None	Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Gross Adjustments				\$5,040		\$5,040		\$6,300		\$5,040
Net Adjustments				(\$5,040)		(\$5,040)		\$6,300		(\$5,040)
Adjusted Retail Value				\$472,289		\$487,132		\$493,985		\$503,960
Concluded Retail Value		\$490,000								
Indicated Value Per SF		\$312.30								

Adjustments were necessary to account for differences between these homes and the subject's floor plan. The sales provide a range of indicators of \$472,289 to \$503,960. All of the comparables represent good indicators of value. An estimate of value in line with the midpoint of the comparables, \$490,865, is considered to be reasonable. We have concluded an estimate of value of \$490,000 for Alder Plan 1 at Luminary at Outlook.

Plan 1 - Solstice at Outlook													
Project Information		Subject Property		Comparable 6		Comparable 7		Comparable 8		Comparable 9		Comparable 10	
Project Name		Solstice at Outlook		Luminary at Outlook		Luminary at Outlook		Luminary at Outlook		Luminary at Outlook		Luminary at Outlook	
Plan		Plan 1		Willow Plan 5		Willow Plan 5		Willow Plan 5		Willow Plan 5		Willow Plan 5	
Address/Lot Number		31939 Settlers Road		31843 Settlers Road		31843 Settlers Road		29550 Oakley Court		29589 Oakley Court		31856 Iron Trail Road	
City/Area		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester	
Price		N/Ap		\$663,830		\$663,303		\$658,335		\$682,418		\$666,024	
Price per SF		N/Ap		\$262.18		\$261.97		\$260.01		\$269.52		\$263.04	
Special Taxes (12-year hold at 5.5%)		\$25,696		\$25,696		\$25,696		\$25,696		\$25,696		\$25,696	
Adjustment		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0		\$0	
Adjusted Price (Including Bonds)		\$663,830		\$663,303		\$663,303		\$658,335		\$682,418		\$666,024	
Total Consideration per SF		\$262.18		\$261.97		\$261.97		\$260.01		\$269.52		\$263.04	
Data Source		Project sales agent		Project sales agent		Project sales agent		Project sales agent		Project sales agent		Project sales agent	
Incentives		N/Ap		Yes (\$21,500)		Yes (\$21,500)		Yes (\$21,500)		Yes (\$21,500)		Yes (\$21,500)	
Upgrades		Base		Yes (\$33,330)		Yes (\$34,303)		Yes (\$26,335)		Yes (\$47,918)		Yes (\$36,524)	
Effective Base Sales Price		\$609,000		\$607,500		\$607,500		\$610,500		\$613,000		\$608,000	
Adjustments:		Factor		Description +/-		Description +/-		Description +/-		Description +/-		Description +/-	
Property Rights		Fee Simple		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Financing Terms		Cash Equivalent		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Conditions of Sale		Market		Market		Market		Market		Market		Market	
Market Conditions													
Contract Date		9/22/2025		9/8/2025		8/17/2025		6/14/2025		6/5/2025		5/28/2025	
Project Location		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester		Winchester	
Community Appeal		Average		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Lot Size		\$12.00		7,500		8,712 (\$14,544)		7,841 (\$5,040)		7,841 (\$4,092)		6,530 (\$4,092)	
Lot Premium		N/Ap		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Design and Appeal		Average		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Quality of Construction		Good		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Age (Total/Effective)		New		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Condition		Good/New		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Functional Utility		Average		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Room Count													
Bedrooms		3		5		5		5		5		5	
Baths		\$20,000		2.5		3.0 (\$10,000)		3.0 (\$10,000)		3.0 (\$10,000)		3.0 (\$10,000)	
Living Area (SF)		\$85.00		2,432		2,532 (\$8,500)		2,532 (\$8,500)		2,532 (\$8,500)		2,532 (\$8,500)	
Number of Stories		One		Two		Two		Two		Two		Two	
Heating/Cooling		Central/Forced		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Garage		\$20,000		3-Car (tandem)		3-Car (tandem)		3-Car (tandem)		3-Car (tandem)		3-Car (tandem)	
Landscaping		Front		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Pool/Spa		None		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Patios/Decks		Patio		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Fencing		Rear		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Kitchen Equipment		Average		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Other		None		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar		Similar	
Gross Adjustments				\$45,224		\$35,690		\$34,802		\$34,852		\$42,300	
Net Adjustments				(\$20,864)		(\$11,390)		(\$10,382)		(\$10,332)		(\$5,300)	
Adjusted Retail Value				\$588,136		\$596,110		\$600,118		\$602,668		\$613,300	
Concluded Retail Value		\$600,000											
Indicated Value Per SF		\$246.71											

Adjustments were necessary to account for differences between these homes and the subject's floor plan. The sales provide a range of indicators of \$588,136 to \$613,300. Despite receiving a greater level of adjustments, all of the comparables represent good indicators of value. An estimate of value in line with the midpoint of the comparables, \$600,066, is considered to be reasonable. We have concluded an estimate of value of \$600,000 for Plan 1 at Solstice at Outlook.

Conclusion of Home Values

Based on the analysis herein, the market value conclusions for the homes are summarized in the following table.

Floor Plan Value Conclusions								
Floor Plan	Community	Living Area (SF)	Bedroom	Bathroom	Stories	Garage	Typical Lot Size (SF)	Concluded Base Retail Value
Alder Plan 1	Luminary at Outlook	1,569	2	2.0	One	2-Car	7,500	\$490,000
Plan 1	Solstice at Outlook	2,432	3	2.5	One	3-Car (tandem)	7,500	\$600,000

Residential Lot Valuation

For the purpose of estimating the value of the subject's lots, we utilized an extraction analysis, a form of the cost approach to value the remaining essentially finished lots and homes under construction. Given the amount of demand for homes at the subject communities, it is anticipated the remaining lots, including those with homes under construction, would absorb within 12 months and no discounting would be necessary. As a check of reasonableness, we compared the conclusion of extraction analysis with bulk lot sales in the area.

Remaining development costs applicable to the subject property are accounted for in the *Market Value by Ownership* section.

Extraction Analysis

We utilize an extraction (residual) analysis that takes into account home prices, direct and indirect construction costs, accrued depreciation and developer's incentive in order to arrive at an estimate of loaded lot value. The elements of the extraction technique are discussed below.

Revenue

The subject has a typical lot size of 7,500 square feet. Based on the Residential Market Analysis section of this report and considering current asking prices, we estimate a typical average-sized home on the subject would contain approximately 2,100 square feet and would have a corresponding base price of \$560,000 . This estimate will be utilized in the extraction analysis.

Expense Projections

As part of an ongoing effort to assemble market information, the table below reflects survey responses and developer budget information for numerous single-family residential subdivisions throughout the Southern California region.

Subdivision Budgets																		
Developer Classification	Municipality	Budget Date	No. of Units	Quality	Avg. Home Size (SF)	Typical Lot Size	G & A % of Revenue	Mkt & Sales % of Revenue	Direct Costs/SF	Indirect Costs/SF	Indirect % of Direct Costs	Site Costs/Lot	Permits & Fees/Unit	Cost per Model	Profit % of Revenue	IRR	Projected Sales/Mo.	
National	Jurupa Valley	2025	48	Average	2,544	6,100	1.6%	4.3%	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	\$167,688	\$47,188	N/Av	14.30%	N/Av	3	
National	Winchester	2025	190	Average	2,003	7,500	3.0%	3.0%	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	\$93,811	\$43,010	N/Av	20.61%	19.40%	4.8	
Regional	Temecula	2025	237	Average	1,615	N/Av	3.0%	N/Av	\$95.06	N/Av	N/Av	\$156,118	\$52,733	N/Av	25.50%	N/Av	6	
National	Moreno Valley	2025	81	Average	2,027	2,250	6.0%	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	\$130,430	\$73,200	N/Av	10.00%	20.00%	3	
National	Santa Clarita	2024	77	Good	4,931	12,000	4.9%	1.6%	\$138.00	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	\$45,900	N/Av	N/Av	28.0%	3	
National	Santa Clarita	2024	60	Good	3,532	11,000	5.9%	1.9%	\$150.00	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	\$39,700	N/Av	N/Av	22.0%	2	
National	Winchester	2024	276	Average	1,820	3,000	2.7%	2.7%	\$93.38	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	\$48,101	N/Av	N/Av	19.20%	N/Av	4
National	San Jacinto	2024	89	Average	2,135	7,200	N/Av	N/Av	\$88.55	N/Av	N/Av	\$76,390	\$66,100	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	
National	Winchester	2024	129	Average	2,707	6,200	N/Av	N/Av	\$83.18	N/Av	N/Av	\$139,940	\$54,600	\$37,814	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	
Local	Jurupa Valley	2023	53	Average	2,900	6,750	3.5%	3.0%	\$85.53	\$16.67	19.49%	\$125,482	\$64,861	N/Av	12.0%	25.0%	N/Av	
National	San Diego County	2023	27	Good	2,246	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	\$152.00	N/Av	N/Av	\$240,018	\$50,668	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	
Regional	San Diego County	2023	83	Good	1,975	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	\$135.00	N/Av	N/Av	\$240,018	\$47,937	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	
National	Winchester	2023	202	Average	2,342	7,250	N/Av	N/Av	\$72.06	\$11.06	15.35%	\$76,242	\$73,000	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	
National	Victorville	2023	276	Average	2,220	7,200	N/Av	N/Av	\$74.96	\$11.09	14.79%	\$83,185	\$32,800	\$80,339	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	
National	San Jacinto	2023	177	Average	2,112	7,200	N/Av	N/Av	\$77.91	\$9.73	12.49%	\$110,669	\$61,700	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	
National	Hemet	2022	150	Average	2,092	5,500	N/Av	N/Av	\$92.11	N/Av	N/Av	\$72,875	\$51,700	N/Av	20.5%	N/Av	N/Av	
National	Moreno Valley	2022	96	Average	2,346	7,350	N/Av	N/Av	\$79.46	N/Av	N/Av	\$124,544	\$68,647	\$164,265	N/Av	17.0%	N/Av	
National	San Diego County	2022	187	Average	2,420	6,698	N/Av	N/Av	\$95.00	N/Av	N/Av	\$255,045	\$77,870	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	
Regional	Riverside County	2021	128	Average	2,009	2,565	3.0%	3.5%	\$87.42	\$16.63	19.0%	N/Av	\$54,371	N/Av	14.0%	N/Av	N/Av	

Information from the survey above will contribute to the estimate of development expenses classified as follows.

General and Administrative

These expenses consist of management fees, liability and fire insurance, inspection fees, appraisal fees, legal and accounting fees and copying or publication costs. This expense category typically ranges from 2.5% to 4.0%, depending on length of project and if all of the categories are included in a builder's budget. We have used 3.0% for general and administrative expenses.

Marketing and Sale

These expenses typically consist of advertising and promotion, closing costs, sales operations, and sales commissions. The expenses are expressed as a percentage of the gross sales revenue. The range of marketing and sales expenses typically found in projects within the subject's market area is 5.0% to 6.5%. A figure of 5.0%, or 2.50% for marketing and 2.50% for sales, is estimated in the marketing and sales expense category.

Direct and Indirect Construction Costs

Construction costs are generally classified into direct and indirect costs. Direct costs reflect the cost of labor and materials to build the project. Direct costs generally are lower per square foot for larger floor plans, all else being equal, due to economies of scale. Indirect items are the carrying costs and fees incurred in developing the project and during the construction cycle. Construction quality and market-segment are significant factors that affect direct construction costs. In addition, national/public builders, which are able to achieve lower costs due to the larger scale in which orders are placed, routinely achieve lower direct costs.

Conversations with homebuilders indicate construction costs increased significantly over the course of the pandemic, but have moderated and stabilized over the last several quarters. However, there is more uncertainty in the market as homebuilders adjust to the new tariffs. Based on the cost comparables, and considering the product line under development, a direct cost estimate of \$80.00 per square foot is applied to the 2,100 square foot home.

Regarding indirect costs, the following list itemizes some of the typical components that generally comprise indirect costs:

- Architectural and engineering fees for plans, plan checks, surveys and environmental studies
- Appraisal, consulting, accounting and legal fees
- The cost of carrying the investment in land and contract payments during construction. If the property is financed, the points, fees or service charges and interest on construction loans are considered
- All-risk insurance
- The cost of carrying the investment in the property after construction is complete, but before sell-out is achieved
- Developer fee earned by the project coordinator
- Interest reserve

Conversations with homebuilders indicate the indirect costs generally range anywhere from 10% to 30% of the direct costs (excluding marketing, sales, general and administrative expenses, taxes, which are accounted for separately). The indirect costs in the static residual (extraction) analysis must capture the additional cost factors segregated in the discounted cash flow, such as property taxes, special taxes and the effects of time value of money; thus, in this analysis, indirect costs of 20.0% is considered reasonable for the subject.

Permits and Fees

As noted, permits and fees due at building permit are projected to total \$43,010 per lot. However, in this analysis we will exclude the estimate of permits and fees to arrive at an improved (loaded) lot estimate of value.

Accrued Depreciation

For new construction on the subject, an allocation for depreciation (physical, functional, or economic) is not applicable.

Developer's Incentive

According to industry sources, developer's incentive (profit) historically has ranged anywhere from 5% to 25%, with a predominate range of 5% to 15%. This is consistent with our survey presented earlier in this section, which ranged from 10.0% to 25.50%. Profit is based on the perceived risk associated with the development. Low profit expectations are typical for projects focused on more affordable product with faster sales rates. Higher profit expectations are common in projects with more risk such as developments where sales rates are slower, project size produces an extended holding period, or the product type is considered weak or untested.

Elements affecting profit include location, supply/demand, anticipated risk, construction time frame and project type. Another element considered in profit expectations is the development stage of a project. First phases typically generate a lower profit margin due to cautious or conservative pricing, as new subdivisions in competitive areas must become established to generate a fair market share. Additionally, up front development costs on first phases can produce lower profit margins.

Positive attributes of the subject property include:

- Approved entitlements and essentially completed site development.
- Steady absorption

There are generally few "negative" attributes associated with the subject property, other than the potential for deterioration in market conditions in the residential sector that would result from a change in macroeconomic factors (e.g., unemployment rates, interest rates, etc.). The prior table at the beginning of the Expense Projections discussion includes survey results for profit expectations of active home builders in the region. Based on the preceding discussion and developer surveys, we have concluded an estimate of 10% for developer's incentive.

Conclusion

Our estimates of loaded lot value for the subject's lots via the extraction analysis is presented as follows:

Extraction

Revenue

Average Floor Plan Size	2,100	SF	
Typical Home Price			\$560,000

Expense Projections

G & A Cost @	3.0%	of Retail Value	\$16,800
Marketing/Sales @	5.0%	of Retail Value	\$28,000
Average Direct Costs @	\$80.00	/SF	\$168,000
Indirect Cost @	20.0%	of Direct Cost	\$33,600
Developer's Incentive	10%	of Home Price	\$56,000
			<u>\$302,400</u>

Residual Lot Value: \$257,600

Rounded: \$258,000

As a check of reasonableness, we have arrayed bulk lot sales most similar to the subject lots.

Summary of Comparable Land Sales

No.	Name/Address	Sale Date; Status	Sale Price; Bond Consideration/Lot	Typical Lot Size	Number of Lots	\$/Lot	Expenditures After Purchase	Loaded Lot Estimate /Lot
1	Park West - Planning Area 4 E. Nuevo Rd. Perris Riverside County Comments: This is a sale of 184 residential lots with a typical lot size of 5,000 square feet. The lots transferred in blue-top condition with the buyer completing the remaining site development costs. The estimated finished lot price is \$255,000. The subject is located within a new master plan community within the city of Perris. The estimated building permit is \$3,000 per lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given the surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,000 per lot.	Dec-24 Closed	\$34,478,042 \$6,000	5,000	184	\$187,381	\$70,619	\$264,000
2	Menifee 80 Evans Rd. Menifee Riverside County Comments: This is a sale of 80 finished lots with a typical lot size of 8,160 square feet. Permits and fees, inclusive of an estimated \$3,000 for a building permit, is \$55,015 per lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given the surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,500 per lot.	Sep-24 Closed	\$22,076,450 \$7,000	8,160	80	\$275,956	\$55,015	\$337,971
3	Nautical Cove Phase 1 Holland Rd. Menifee Riverside County Comments: This comparable represents the sale of 120 tentatively mapped paper lots with a typical size of 6,000 square feet. Lot finishing costs were reported at \$195,804 for a finished lot price of \$247,000. A building permit is estimated at \$3,000 per lot. KB Homes is constructing two communities to service the lots. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,000 per lot.	Jul-24 Closed	\$6,143,500 \$6,000	6,000	120	\$51,196	\$198,804	\$256,000
4	Hudson at Canterwood S/E Leon & Canterwood Dr. Winchester Riverside County Comments: This comparable represents the sale of 53 tentatively mapped paper lots with a typical size of 5,500 SF. Lot finishing costs were reported at \$139,880 for a finished lot price of \$220,000. KB Home is constructing four floor plans ranging in size from 1,741 to 2,763 square feet. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,000 per lot.	Jun-24 Closed	\$4,246,364 \$6,000	5,500	53	\$80,120	\$139,880	\$226,000
5	Stratford Place II - East Evans Rd. Perris Riverside County Comments: This is a sale 107 unimproved lots with a typical lot size of 6,000 square feet. The finished lot price is estimated at \$225,000 per lot. A building permit is estimated at \$3,000 per lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given the surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,000 per lot.	Oct-23 Closed	\$13,186,466 \$6,000	6,000	107	\$123,238	\$104,762	\$234,000
6	Green Valley Ranch PA 12 Green Valley Pky. Perris Riverside County Comments: This is a sale of 191 unimproved lots with a typical lot size of 6,500 square feet. The finished lot price is estimated at \$200,000 per lot. A building permit is estimated at \$3,000 per lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given the surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$2,000 per lot.	Sep-23 Closed	\$11,795,535 \$4,000	6,500	191	\$61,757	\$141,243	\$207,000
7	La Ventana SEC Simpson Rd and La Ventana Rd Winchester Riverside County Comments: Site consists of 220 residential lots, along with a park site and a school site. The typical lot size is approximately 6,000 SF. The finished lot price was reportedly \$215,000/lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$2,000 per lot.	Apr-22 Closed	\$8,000,000 \$4,000	6,000	220	\$36,364	\$178,636	\$219,000
Subject				7,500	190			
Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 Winchester, CA								

The comparables reflect a range of sales prices of \$207,000 to \$337,971 per improved (loaded) lot considering the impacts of the respective bond encumbrances. To arrive at an estimated loaded lot, the sale price, expenditures after purchase, and bond consideration per lot are added. The wide disparity in the unadjusted range is largely attributable to lot condition at time of sale (unimproved lots, partially-improved lots and improved lots), as well as differences in permits and fees. The extraction analysis previously performed excluded permits and fees, which is consistent with an improved lot (loaded lot) value. This conclusion is within the range of the comparable sales and are considered to be reasonable. For the essentially finished lots, we will deduct the remaining permit and fees from the prior improved (loaded) lot estimate to arrive at an estimate of value for these lots.

Market Value by Ownership

In this section, the previously concluded market values will be allocated to each ownership group comprising the appraised properties in order to provide a market value of the appraised properties by ownership and parcel. A summary of the ownership group holdings along with the current development status is provided in the following table.

Appraised Property Summary by Community						
Community	Essentially Finished SFR Lots	Partially Completed Homes	Completed Homes *	Homes Sold to Individuals*	Total Appraised Parcels	Assessed Parcels
Aurora at Outlook	0	0	0	0	0	19
Luminary at Outlook	9	21	8	39	77	68
Solstice at Outlook	0	0	0	1	1	25
TOTAL	9	21	8	40	78	112

*Completed homes without a complete assessment for structural improvements by County Assessor

To arrive at the market value by ownership, we apply the previously concluded loaded lot value to the homes under construction because we do not consider any contributory value related to structural improvements. As noted, the developer estimates there is \$478,288 in remaining permits and fees. Therefore, we will deduct this amount from the nine essentially finished lots or \$53,143 per lot (\$478,288 / 9 lots).

There are remaining site development costs estimated at \$169,220. These costs will be allocated and deducted from the developer holdings of the essentially finished lots and homes under construction, which totals 30 lots. The remaining costs are not allocated to the completed homes. We take into account total remaining site development costs, as well as a profit factor of 5% of costs. The profit factor is applied to provide an incentive for a prospective buyer to oversee the remaining site development of the subject property. The 5% profit, based on the remaining costs, is estimated at \$8,461 (5% x \$169,220). Therefore, the total remaining site development costs inclusive of profit is estimated at \$177,681 or \$5,923 per lot (\$177,681 / 30 lots).

Based on the previous analyses, the estimates of market value, by ownership, subject to the impact of the Lien of the Special Tax securing the Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2, Series 2025 bonds, as of the date of value, September 22, 2025, are presented in the following table.

Market Value by Ownership						
	Lots/Parcels /Homes	Lot/Home Value	Remaining Site Development Costs	Permits and Fees	Value per Component	Market Value (Rd.)
Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.						
Essentially Finished Lots	9	\$258,000	(\$5,923)	(\$53,143)	\$198,934	\$1,790,000
Homes Under Construction	21	\$258,000	(\$5,923)	-	\$252,077	\$5,294,000
Completed Homes						
Luminary at Outlook	8	\$490,000	-	-	\$490,000	\$3,920,000 (Not-Less-Than)
Bulk Market Value - Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD Inc.	38					\$11,004,000
Individual Homeowners						
Completed Homes						
Luminary at Outlook	39	\$490,000	-	-	\$490,000	\$19,110,000 (Not-Less-Than)
Solstice at Outlook	1	\$600,000	-	-	\$600,000	\$600,000 (Not-Less-Than)
Aggregate Value - Individual Homeowners	40					\$19,710,000
Aggregate Value, subject to a hypothetical condition	78					\$30,714,000
Assessed Value						
Aurora at Outlook	19	-	-	-	-	\$11,883,945
Luminary at Outlook	68	-	-	-	-	\$37,091,209
Solstice at Outlook	25	-	-	-	-	\$16,594,524
Aggregate, or Cumulative, Assessed Values	112					\$65,569,678
Total Aggregate, or Cumulative, Value - Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2	190					\$96,283,678

Extraordinary Assumptions and Hypothetical Conditions

The value conclusions are subject to the following extraordinary assumptions. An extraordinary assumption is an assignment-specific assumption as of the effective date regarding uncertain information used in an analysis which, if found to be false, could alter the appraiser's opinions or conclusions.

(None)

The value conclusions are based on the following hypothetical conditions. A hypothetical condition is a condition, directly related to a specific assignment, which is contrary to what is known by the appraiser to exist on the effective date of the assignment results, but is used for the purpose of analysis.

1. The value derived herein is based on the hypothetical condition that certain impact fees and public improvements to be reimbursed by the CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 Revenue Bonds, Series 2025, have been paid.

The use of any extraordinary assumption or hypothetical condition may have affected the assignment results.

Exposure Time

Exposure time is the length of time the subject property would have been exposed for sale in the market had it sold on the effective valuation date at the concluded market value. Exposure time is always presumed to precede the effective date of the appraisal. Based on our review of recent sales transactions for similar properties and our analysis of supply and demand in the local residential land market, it is our opinion that the probable exposure time for the subject at the concluded market values stated previously is 9-12 months. As it relates to the completed home component of the subject, current market conditions indicate that a 30-to-60-day exposure period is reasonable.

Marketing Time

Marketing time is an estimate of the amount of time it might take to sell a property at the concluded market value immediately following the effective date of value. As we foresee no significant changes in market conditions in the near term, it is our opinion that a reasonable marketing period for the

subject in bulk is likely to be the same as the exposure time. Accordingly, we estimate the subject's marketing period at 9-12 months.

Certification

We certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief:

1. The statements of fact contained in this report are true and correct.
2. The reported analyses, opinions, and conclusions are limited only by the reported assumptions and limiting conditions, and are our personal, impartial, and unbiased professional analyses, opinions, and conclusions.
3. We have no present or prospective interest in the property that is the subject of this report and no personal interest with respect to the parties involved.
4. We have performed no services, as an appraiser or in any other capacity, regarding the property that is the subject of this report within the three-year period immediately preceding the agreement to perform this assignment.
5. We have no bias with respect to the property that is the subject of this report or to the parties involved with this assignment.
6. Our engagement in this assignment was not contingent upon developing or reporting predetermined results.
7. Our compensation for completing this assignment is not contingent upon the development or reporting of a predetermined value or direction in value that favors the cause of the client, the amount of the value opinion, the attainment of a stipulated result, or the occurrence of a subsequent event directly related to the intended use of this appraisal.
8. Our analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice as well as applicable state appraisal regulations.
9. The reported analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the Code of Professional Ethics and Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice of the Appraisal Institute.
10. The use of this report is subject to the requirements of the Appraisal Institute relating to review by its duly authorized representatives.
11. Blake Fassler has not made a personal inspection of the property that is the subject of this report. Kevin Ziegenmeyer, MAI, and Eric Segal, MAI, have personally inspected the subject.
12. No one provided significant real property appraisal assistance to the person(s) signing this certification.
13. We have experience in appraising properties similar to the subject and are in compliance with the Competency Rule of USPAP.
14. As of the date of this report, Kevin Ziegenmeyer, MAI, and Eric Segal, MAI, have completed the continuing education program for Designated Members of the Appraisal Institute.

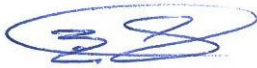
15. As of the date of this report, Blake Fassler, has completed the Standards and Ethics Education Requirements for Candidates/Practicing Affiliates of the Appraisal Institute.



Blake Fassler
Certified General Real Estate Appraiser
California Certificate # 3007274



Kevin Ziegenmeyer, MAI
Certified General Real Estate Appraiser
California Certificate # AG013567



Eric Segal, MAI
Certified General Real Estate Appraiser
California Certificate # AG026558

Assumptions and Limiting Conditions

This appraisal and any other work product related to this engagement are limited by the following standard assumptions, except as otherwise noted in the report:

1. The title is marketable and free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, encroachments, easements and restrictions. The property is under responsible ownership and competent management and is available for its highest and best use.
2. There are no existing judgments or pending or threatened litigation that could affect the value of the property.
3. There are no hidden or undisclosed conditions of the land or of the improvements that would render the property more or less valuable. Furthermore, there is no asbestos in the property.
4. The revenue stamps placed on any deed referenced herein to indicate the sale price are in correct relation to the actual dollar amount of the transaction.
5. The property is in compliance with all applicable building, environmental, zoning, and other federal, state and local laws, regulations and codes.
6. The information furnished by others is believed to be reliable, but no warranty is given for its accuracy.

This appraisal and any other work product related to this engagement are subject to the following limiting conditions, except as otherwise noted in the report:

1. An appraisal is inherently subjective and represents our opinion as to the value of the property appraised.
2. The conclusions stated in our appraisal apply only as of the effective date of the appraisal, and no representation is made as to the effect of subsequent events.
3. No changes in any federal, state or local laws, regulations or codes (including, without limitation, the Internal Revenue Code) are anticipated.
4. No environmental impact studies were either requested or made in conjunction with this appraisal, and we reserve the right to revise or rescind any of the value opinions based upon any subsequent environmental impact studies. If any environmental impact statement is required by law, the appraisal assumes that such statement will be favorable and will be approved by the appropriate regulatory bodies.
5. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, we are not required to give testimony, respond to any subpoena or attend any court, governmental or other hearing with reference to the property without compensation relative to such additional employment.
6. We have made no survey of the property and assume no responsibility in connection with such matters. Any sketch or survey of the property included in this report is for illustrative purposes only and should not be considered to be scaled accurately for size. The appraisal

- covers the property as described in this report, and the areas and dimensions set forth are assumed to be correct.
7. No opinion is expressed as to the value of subsurface oil, gas or mineral rights, if any, and we have assumed that the property is not subject to surface entry for the exploration or removal of such materials, unless otherwise noted in our appraisal.
 8. We accept no responsibility for considerations requiring expertise in other fields. Such considerations include, but are not limited to, legal descriptions and other legal matters such as legal title, geologic considerations such as soils and seismic stability; and civil, mechanical, electrical, structural and other engineering and environmental matters. Such considerations may also include determinations of compliance with zoning and other federal, state, and local laws, regulations and codes.
 9. The distribution of the total valuation in the report between land and improvements applies only under the reported highest and best use of the property. The allocations of value for land and improvements must not be used in conjunction with any other appraisal and are invalid if so used. The appraisal report shall be considered only in its entirety. No part of the appraisal report shall be utilized separately or out of context.
 10. Neither all nor any part of the contents of this report (especially any conclusions as to value, the identity of the appraisers, or any reference to the Appraisal Institute) shall be disseminated through advertising media, public relations media, news media or any other means of communication (including without limitation prospectuses, private offering memoranda and other offering material provided to prospective investors) without the prior written consent of the persons signing the report.
 11. Information, estimates and opinions contained in the report and obtained from third-party sources are assumed to be reliable and have not been independently verified.
 12. Any income and expense estimates contained in the appraisal report are used only for the purpose of estimating value and do not constitute predictions of future operating results.
 13. If the property is subject to one or more leases, any estimate of residual value contained in the appraisal may be particularly affected by significant changes in the condition of the economy, of the real estate industry, or of the appraised property at the time these leases expire or otherwise terminate.
 14. Unless otherwise stated in the report, no consideration has been given to personal property located on the premises or to the cost of moving or relocating such personal property; only the real property has been considered.
 15. The current purchasing power of the dollar is the basis for the values stated in the appraisal; we have assumed that no extreme fluctuations in economic cycles will occur.
 16. The values found herein are subject to these and to any other assumptions or conditions set forth in the body of this report but which may have been omitted from this list of Assumptions and Limiting Conditions.
 17. The analyses contained in the report necessarily incorporate numerous estimates and assumptions regarding property performance, general and local business and economic

conditions, the absence of material changes in the competitive environment and other matters. Some estimates or assumptions, however, inevitably will not materialize, and unanticipated events and circumstances may occur; therefore, actual results achieved during the period covered by our analysis will vary from our estimates, and the variations may be material.

18. The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) became effective January 26, 1992. We have not made a specific survey or analysis of the property to determine whether the physical aspects of the improvements meet the ADA accessibility guidelines. We claim no expertise in ADA issues, and render no opinion regarding compliance of the subject with ADA regulations. Inasmuch as compliance matches each owner's financial ability with the cost to cure the non-conforming physical characteristics of a property, a specific study of both the owner's financial ability and the cost to cure any deficiencies would be needed for the Department of Justice to determine compliance.
19. The appraisal report is prepared for the exclusive benefit of the Client, its subsidiaries and/or affiliates. It may not be used or relied upon by any other party. All parties who use or rely upon any information in the report without our written consent do so at their own risk.
20. No studies have been provided to us indicating the presence or absence of hazardous materials on the subject property or in the improvements, and our valuation is predicated upon the assumption that the subject property is free and clear of any environment hazards including, without limitation, hazardous wastes, toxic substances and mold. No representations or warranties are made regarding the environmental condition of the subject property. Integra Realty Resources – Los Angeles, Integra Realty Resources, Inc., Integra Strategic Ventures, Inc. and/or any of their respective officers, owners, managers, directors, agents, subcontractors or employees (the "Integra Parties"), shall not be responsible for any such environmental conditions that do exist or for any engineering or testing that might be required to discover whether such conditions exist. Because we are not experts in the field of environmental conditions, the appraisal report cannot be considered as an environmental assessment of the subject property.
21. The persons signing the report may have reviewed available flood maps and may have noted in the appraisal report whether the subject property is located in an identified Special Flood Hazard Area. We are not qualified to detect such areas and therefore do not guarantee such determinations. The presence of flood plain areas and/or wetlands may affect the value of the property, and the value conclusion is predicated on the assumption that wetlands are non-existent or minimal.
22. Integra Realty Resources – Los Angeles is not a building or environmental inspector. Integra Los Angeles does not guarantee that the subject property is free of defects or environmental problems. Mold may be present in the subject property and a professional inspection is recommended.
23. The appraisal report and value conclusions for an appraisal assume the satisfactory completion of construction, repairs or alterations in a workmanlike manner.
24. It is expressly acknowledged that in any action which may be brought against any of the Integra Parties, arising out of, relating to, or in any way pertaining to this engagement, the

- appraisal reports, and/or any other related work product, the Integra Parties shall not be responsible or liable for any incidental or consequential damages or losses, unless the appraisal was fraudulent or prepared with intentional misconduct. It is further acknowledged that the collective liability of the Integra Parties in any such action shall not exceed the fees paid for the preparation of the appraisal report unless the appraisal was fraudulent or prepared with intentional misconduct. Finally, it is acknowledged that the fees charged herein are in reliance upon the foregoing limitations of liability.
25. Integra Realty Resources – Los Angeles, an independently owned and operated company, has prepared the appraisal for the specific intended use stated elsewhere in the report. The use of the appraisal report by anyone other than the Client is prohibited except as otherwise provided. Accordingly, the appraisal report is addressed to and shall be solely for the Client's use and benefit unless we provide our prior written consent. We expressly reserve the unrestricted right to withhold our consent to your disclosure of the appraisal report or any other work product related to the engagement (or any part thereof including, without limitation, conclusions of value and our identity), to any third parties. Stated again for clarification, unless our prior written consent is obtained, no third party may rely on the appraisal report (even if their reliance was foreseeable).
26. The conclusions of this report are estimates based on known current trends and reasonably foreseeable future occurrences. These estimates are based partly on property information, data obtained in public records, interviews, existing trends, buyer-seller decision criteria in the current market, and research conducted by third parties, and such data are not always completely reliable. The Integra Parties are not responsible for these and other future occurrences that could not have reasonably been foreseen on the effective date of this assignment. Furthermore, it is inevitable that some assumptions will not materialize and that unanticipated events may occur that will likely affect actual performance. While we are of the opinion that our findings are reasonable based on current market conditions, we do not represent that these estimates will actually be achieved, as they are subject to considerable risk and uncertainty. Moreover, we assume competent and effective management and marketing for the duration of the projected holding period of this property.
27. All prospective value opinions presented in this report are estimates and forecasts which are prospective in nature and are subject to considerable risk and uncertainty. In addition to the contingencies noted in the preceding paragraph, several events may occur that could substantially alter the outcome of our estimates such as, but not limited to changes in the economy, interest rates, and capitalization rates, behavior of consumers, investors and lenders, fire and other physical destruction, changes in title or conveyances of easements and deed restrictions, etc. It is assumed that conditions reasonably foreseeable at the present time are consistent or similar with the future.
28. The appraisal is also subject to the following:

Extraordinary Assumptions and Hypothetical Conditions

The value conclusions are subject to the following extraordinary assumptions. An extraordinary assumption is an assignment-specific assumption as of the effective date regarding uncertain information used in an analysis which, if found to be false, could alter the appraiser's opinions or conclusions.

(None)

The value conclusions are based on the following hypothetical conditions. A hypothetical condition is a condition, directly related to a specific assignment, which is contrary to what is known by the appraiser to exist on the effective date of the assignment results, but is used for the purpose of analysis.

1. The value derived herein is based on the hypothetical condition that certain impact fees and public improvements to be reimbursed by the CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 Revenue Bonds, Series 2025, have been paid.

The use of any extraordinary assumption or hypothetical condition may have affected the assignment results.

Addendum A

Appraiser Qualifications

Blake Fassler

Experience

Mr. Fassler is a licensed appraiser with Integra Realty Resources, a real estate appraisal firm that engages in a wide variety of real estate valuation and consultation assignments. He began his appraisal career in March 2017 with Seevers Jordan Ziegenmeyer in Rocklin, California. Currently, Mr. Fassler is obtaining experience in the valuation and analysis of various types of real estate by working on a wide variety of property types including, but not limited to: multifamily, office, retail, industrial, vacant land, and residential subdivisions. He also specializes in the appraisal of residential master planned communities and subdivision, as well as Mello Roos and Assessment Districts for land secured municipal financings.

Licenses

California, California Certified General Real Estate Appraiser, 3007274, Expires February 2028

Education

Bachelor of Science in Management Science University of California, San Diego

Appraisal Courses Completed are as follows:

Basic Appraisal Principles

Basic Appraisal Procedures

General Appraiser Market Analysis & Highest and Best Use (USPAP), Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice

General Appraiser Report Writing and Case Studies

General Appraiser Site Valuation and Cost Approach

General Appraiser Sales Comparison Approach

General Appraiser Income Approach Part 1

General Appraiser Income Approach Part 2

4-Hour Federal and California Statutory and Regulator Laws

Integra Realty Resources -
Sacramento

516 Gibson Drive
Suite 290
Roseville, CA 95678

irr.com





Business, Consumer Services & Housing Agency
BUREAU OF REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS
REAL ESTATE APPRAISER LICENSE

Blake A. Fassler

has successfully met the requirements for a license as a residential and commercial real estate appraiser in the State of California and is, therefore, entitled to use the title:

“Certified General Real Estate Appraiser”

This license has been issued in accordance with the provisions of the Real Estate Appraisers' Licensing and Certification Law.

BREA APPRAISER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 3007274

Effective Date: February 26, 2026

Date Expires: February 25, 2028


Angela Jemmott, Bureau Chief, BREa

3085286

Kevin Ziegenmeyer, MAI

Experience

Mr. Ziegenmeyer is a Certified General real estate appraiser and holds the Appraisal Institute's MAI designation. In 1989, Mr. Ziegenmeyer began his career in real estate as a controller for a commercial and residential real estate development corporation. In 1991 he began appraising and continued to be involved in appraisal assignments covering a wide variety of properties, including office, retail, industrial, residential income and subdivisions throughout the state of California, and Northern Nevada. Mr. Ziegenmeyer handles many of the firm's master planned property appraisals and over the past two decades has developed expertise in the valuation of Community Facilities Districts and Assessment Districts. In fact, Mr. Ziegenmeyer was one of five appraisers to collaborate with other professionals in developing the appraisal guidelines for the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission (Recommended Practices in the Appraisal of Real Estate for Land Secured Financing 2004). He has developed the experience and background necessary to deal with complex assignments covering an array of property types, with a particular focus on urban redevelopment in the cities and counties of San Francisco, Dublin, Monterey, Newport Beach, Alameda, Napa and San Mateo. In early 2015, Mr. Ziegenmeyer obtained the Appraisal Institute's MAI designation. Mr. Ziegenmeyer is currently Senior Managing Director of the Integra-Sacramento office, and Managing Director of the Integra-Orange County, Integra-San Francisco and Integra-Los Angeles offices.

Licenses

California, California Certified General Real Estate Appraiser, AG013567, Expires June 2027

Education

Academic:

Bachelor of Science in Accounting, Azusa Pacific University, California

Appraisal and Real Estate Courses:

Standards of Professional Practice, Parts A, B & C

Basic Valuation Procedures

Real Estate Appraisal Principles

Capitalization Theory and Techniques, Part A

Advanced Income Capitalization

Report Writing and Valuation Analysis

Advanced Applications

IRS Valuation Summit I & II

2008, 2009, 2010 & 2011 Economic Forecast

Business Practices and Ethics

Contemporary Appraisal Issues with Small Business Administration Financing

General Demonstration Appraisal Report Writing Seminar

7-Hour National USPAP Update Course

Valuation of Easements and Other Partial Interests

2009 Summer Conference

Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions (Yellowbook)

2008 Economic Update

Valuation of Conservation Easements

Integra Realty Resources - Sacramento

516 Gibson Drive
Suite 290
Roseville, CA 95678

T 916.435.3883
F 916.435.4774

irr.com



Kevin Ziegenmeyer, MAI

Education (Cont'd)

Subdivision Valuation
2005 Annual Fall Conference
General Comprehensive Exam Module I, II, III & IV
Advanced Income Capitalization
Advanced Sales Comparison & Cost Approaches
2004 Central CA Market Update
Computer-Enhanced Cash Flow Modeling
Forecast 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003 & 2004
Land Valuation Assignments
Land Valuation Adjustment Procedures
Highest & Best Use and Market Analysis
Entitlements, Land Subdivision & Valuation
Real Estate Value Cycles
El Dorado Hills Housing Symposium
Federal Land Exchanges
M & S Computer Cost-Estimating, Nonresidential

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Business, Consumer Services & Housing Agency
BUREAU OF REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS
REAL ESTATE APPRAISER LICENSE

Kevin K. Ziegenmeyer

has successfully met the requirements for a license as a residential and commercial real estate appraiser in the State of California and is, therefore, entitled to use the title:

“Certified General Real Estate Appraiser”

This license has been issued in accordance with the provisions of the Real Estate Appraisers' Licensing and Certification Law.

BREA APPRAISER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: AG 013567

Effective Date: June 5, 2025
Date Expires: June 4, 2027


Angela Jemmott, Bureau Chief, BREA

3081689

Eric Segal, MAI

Experience

Mr. Segal is a Certified General real estate appraiser and holds the Appraisal Institute's MAI designation. In 1998, Mr. Segal began his career in real estate as a research analyst/appraiser trainee for Richard Seevers and Associates. By 1999, he began writing narrative appraisal reports covering a variety of commercial properties, with an emphasis on residential master planned communities and subdivisions. Today, Mr. Segal is a partner in the firm and is involved in appraisal assignments covering a wide variety of properties including office, retail, industrial, multifamily housing, master planned communities, and specializes in the appraisal of Mello Roos Community Facilities Districts and Assessment Districts for land secured municipal financings, as well as multifamily developments under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Multifamily Accelerated Processing (MAP) Guide. He has developed the experience and background necessary to deal with complex assignments covering an array of property types, with a particular focus on urban redevelopment in the cities of San Francisco, Oakland, Monterey, Alameda and San Mateo. He has developed the experience and background necessary to deal with complex assignments covering an array of property types. Eric is currently Senior Managing Director of the Integra Los Angeles office, and Managing Director of the Integra Orange County, Integra-San Francisco and Integra-Sacramento offices.

Professional Activities & Affiliations

MAI Designation, Appraisal Institute, January 2016

Licenses

California, Certified General Real Estate Appraiser, AG026558, Expires February 2027

Nevada, Certified General, A.0207666-CG, Expires January 2027

Washington, Certified General, 20100611, Expires June 2027

Education

Academic:

Bachelor of Science in Business Administration (Concentrations in Finance and Real Estate & Land Use Affairs), California State University, Sacramento

Appraisal and Real Estate Courses:

Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions (Yellow Book)

Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice

Appraisal Principles

Basic Income Capitalization

Highest & Best Use and Market Analysis

Advanced Income Capitalization

Report Writing and Valuation Analysis

Self Storage Economics and Appraisal Seminar

Appraisal Litigation Practice and Courtroom Management

Hotel Valuations: New Techniques for today's Uncertain Times

Computer Enhanced Cash Flow Modeling

Advanced Sales Comparison & Cost Approaches

Advanced Applications

Subdivision Valuation

Integra Realty Resources - Los Angeles (219)

12100 Wilshire Blvd
Suite 800
Los Angeles, CA 90025

T 916.435.3883
F 916.435.4774

irr.com



Eric Segal, MAI

Education (Cont'd)

Appraisal of Self-Storage Facilities

Appraisal of Fast Food Facilities

Appraisal of Limited Service Hotels

How Tenants Create or Destroy Value: Leasehold Valuation and its Impact on Value

Appraisal of Manufactured Homes Featuring Next Generation Manufactured Homes

Appraisal and Real Estate Courses (cont'd):

Business Practices and Ethics

IRS Valuation Update

Integra Realty Resources - Los Angeles (219)

12100 Wilshire Blvd
Suite 800
Los Angeles, CA 90025

T 916.435.3883
F 916.435.4774

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Business, Consumer Services & Housing Agency
BUREAU OF REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS
REAL ESTATE APPRAISER LICENSE

Eric A. Segal

has successfully met the requirements for a license as a residential and commercial real estate appraiser in the State of California and is, therefore, entitled to use the title:

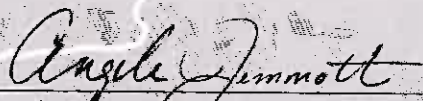
“Certified General Real Estate Appraiser”

This license has been issued in accordance with the provisions of the Real Estate Appraisers' Licensing and Certification Law.

BREA APPRAISER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: AG 026558

Effective Date: February 19, 2025

Date Expires: February 18, 2027


Angela Jemmott, Bureau Chief, BREA

3079030

About IRR

Integra Realty Resources, Inc. (IRR) provides world-class commercial real estate valuation, counseling, and advisory services. Routinely ranked among leading property valuation and consulting firms, we are now the largest independent firm in our industry in the United States, with local offices coast to coast and in the Caribbean.

IRR offices are led by MAI-designated Senior Managing Directors, industry leaders who have over 25 years, on average, of commercial real estate experience in their local markets. This experience, coupled with our understanding of how national trends affect the local markets, empowers our clients with the unique knowledge, access, and historical perspective they need to make the most informed decisions.

Many of the nation's top financial institutions, developers, corporations, law firms, and government agencies rely on our professional real estate opinions to best understand the value, use, and feasibility of real estate in their market.

Local Expertise...Nationally!

irr.com



Addendum B

Definitions

Definitions

The source of the following definitions is the Appraisal Institute, *The Dictionary of Real Estate Appraisal*, 6th ed. (Chicago: Appraisal Institute, 2015), unless otherwise noted.

As Is Market Value

The estimate of the market value of real property in its current physical condition, use, and zoning as of the appraisal date.

Disposition Value

The most probable price that a specified interest in property should bring under the following conditions:

1. Consummation of a sale within a specified time, which is shorter than the typical exposure time for such a property in that market.
2. The property is subjected to market conditions prevailing as of the date of valuation.
3. Both the buyer and seller are acting prudently and knowledgeably.
4. The seller is under compulsion to sell.
5. The buyer is typically motivated.
6. Both parties are acting in what they consider to be their best interests.
7. An adequate marketing effort will be made during the exposure time.
8. Payment will be made in cash in U.S. dollars (or the local currency) or in terms of financial arrangements comparable thereto.
9. The price represents the normal consideration for the property sold, unaffected by special or creative financing or sales concessions granted by anyone associated with the sale.

This definition can also be modified to provide for valuation with specified financing terms.

Effective Date

1. The date on which the appraisal or review opinion applies.
2. In a lease document, the date upon which the lease goes into effect.

Entitlement

In the context of ownership, use, or development of real estate, governmental approval for annexation, zoning, utility extensions, number of lots, total floor area, construction permits, and occupancy or use permits.

Entrepreneurial Profit

1. A market-derived figure that represents the amount an entrepreneur receives for his or her contribution to a project and risk; the difference between the total cost of a property (cost of

- development) and its market value (property value after completion), which represents the entrepreneur's compensation for the risk and expertise associated with development. An entrepreneur is motivated by the prospect of future value enhancement (i.e., the entrepreneurial incentive). An entrepreneur who successfully creates value through new development, expansion, renovation, or an innovative change of use is rewarded by entrepreneurial profit. Entrepreneurs may also fail and suffer losses.
2. In economics, the actual return on successful management practices, often identified with coordination, the fourth factor of production following land, labor, and capital; also called entrepreneurial return or entrepreneurial reward.

Exposure Time

1. The time a property remains on the market.
2. The estimated length of time that the property interest being appraised would have been offered on the market prior to the hypothetical consummation of a sale at market value on the effective date of the appraisal; a retrospective opinion based on an analysis of past events assuming a competitive and open market.

Fee Simple Estate

Absolute ownership unencumbered by any other interest or estate, subject only to the limitations imposed by the governmental powers of taxation, eminent domain, police power, and escheat.

Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

The relationship between the above-ground floor area of a building, as described by the zoning or building code, and the area of the plot on which it stands; in planning and zoning, often expressed as a decimal, e.g., a ratio of 2.0 indicates that the permissible floor area of a building is twice the total land area.

Highest and Best Use

1. The reasonably probable use of property that results in the highest value. The four criteria that the highest and best use must meet are legal permissibility, physical possibility, financial feasibility, and maximum productivity.
2. The use of an asset that maximizes its potential and that is possible, legally permissible, and financially feasible. The highest and best use may be for continuation of an asset's existing use or for some alternative use. This is determined by the use that a market participant would have in mind for the asset when formulating the price that it would be willing to bid. (ISV)
3. [The] highest and most profitable use for which the property is adaptable and needed or likely to be needed in the reasonably near future. (Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions)

Investment Value

1. The value of a property to a particular investor or class of investors based on the investor's specific requirements. Investment value may be different from market value because it depends on a set of investment criteria that are not necessarily typical of the market.
2. The value of an asset to the owner or a prospective owner for individual investment or operational objectives.

Lease

A contract in which rights to use and occupy land, space, or structures are transferred by the owner to another for a specified period of time in return for a specified rent.

Leased Fee Interest

The ownership interest held by the lessor, which includes the right to receive the contract rent specified in the lease plus the reversionary right when the lease expires.

Leasehold Interest

The right held by the lessee to use and occupy real estate for a stated term and under the conditions specified in the lease.

Liquidation Value

The most probable price that a specified interest in real property should bring under the following conditions:

1. Consummation of a sale within a short time period.
2. The property is subjected to market conditions prevailing as of the date of valuation.
3. Both the buyer and seller are acting prudently and knowledgeably.
4. The seller is under extreme compulsion to sell.
5. The buyer is typically motivated.
6. Both parties are acting in what they consider to be their best interests.
7. A normal marketing effort is not possible due to the brief exposure time.
8. Payment will be made in cash in U.S. dollars (or the local currency) or in terms of financial arrangements comparable thereto.
9. The price represents the normal consideration for the property sold, unaffected by special or creative financing or sales concessions granted by anyone associated with the sale.

This definition can also be modified to provide for valuation with specified financing terms.

Marketing Time

An opinion of the amount of time it might take to sell a real or personal property interest at the concluded market value level during the period immediately after the effective date of an appraisal. Marketing time differs from exposure time, which is always presumed to precede the effective date of an appraisal.

Market Value

The most probable price which a property should bring in a competitive and open market under all conditions requisite to a fair sale, the buyer and seller each acting prudently and knowledgeably, and assuming the price is not affected by undue stimulus. Implicit in this definition is the consummation of a sale as of a specified date and the passing of title from seller to buyer under conditions whereby:

- buyer and seller are typically motivated;
- both parties are well informed or well advised, and acting in what they consider their own best interests;
- a reasonable time is allowed for exposure in the open market;
- payment is made in terms of cash in U.S. dollars or in terms of financial arrangements comparable thereto; and
- the price represents the normal consideration for the property sold unaffected by special or creative financing or sales concessions granted by anyone associated with the sale.

(Source: Code of Federal Regulations, Title 12, Chapter I, Part 34.42[g]; also Interagency Appraisal and Evaluation Guidelines, Federal Register, 75 FR 77449, December 10, 2010, page 77472)

Prospective Opinion of Value

A value opinion effective as of a specified future date. The term does not define a type of value. Instead, it identifies a value opinion as being effective at some specific future date. An opinion of value as of a prospective date is frequently sought in connection with projects that are proposed, under construction, or under conversion to a new use, or those that have not yet achieved sellout or a stabilized level of long-term occupancy.

Addendum C

Preliminary Title Report



First American Title™

First American Title Company
1250 Corona Pointe Court, Suite 200
Corona, CA 92879

Mike ODonnell
Rancon Group
41391 Kalmia Street, Suite 200
Murrieta, CA 92562-9721
Customer Reference:

Tract No. 30807

Order Number:

NHSC-4606767 (mk)

Title Officer: Michael Keough
Phone: (951)256-5827
Fax No.: (714)481-9208
E-Mail: MKeough@firstam.com

PRELIMINARY REPORT

In response to the above referenced application for a policy of title insurance, this company hereby reports that it is prepared to issue, or cause to be issued, as of the date hereof, a Policy or Policies of Title Insurance describing the land and the estate or interest therein hereinafter set forth, insuring against loss which may be sustained by reason of any defect, lien or encumbrance not shown or referred to as an Exception below or not excluded from coverage pursuant to the printed Schedules, Conditions and Stipulations of said Policy forms.

The printed Exceptions and Exclusions from the coverage and Limitations on Covered Risks of said policy or policies are set forth in Exhibit A attached. *The policy to be issued may contain an arbitration clause. When the Amount of Insurance is less than that set forth in the arbitration clause, all arbitrable matters shall be arbitrated at the option of either the Company or the Insured as the exclusive remedy of the parties.* Limitations on Covered Risks applicable to the CLTA and ALTA Homeowner's Policies of Title Insurance which establish a Deductible Amount and a Maximum Dollar Limit of Liability for certain coverages are also set forth in Exhibit A. Copies of the policy forms should be read. They are available from the office which issued this report.

Please read the exceptions shown or referred to below and the exceptions and exclusions set forth in Exhibit A of this report carefully. The exceptions and exclusions are meant to provide you with notice of matters which are not covered under the terms of the title insurance policy and should be carefully considered.

It is important to note that this preliminary report is not a written representation as to the condition of title and may not list all liens, defects, and encumbrances affecting title to the land.

This report (and any supplements or amendments hereto) is issued solely for the purpose of facilitating the issuance of a policy of title insurance and no liability is assumed hereby. If it is desired that liability be assumed prior to the issuance of a policy of title insurance, a Binder or Commitment should be requested.

Dated as of September 22, 2025 at 7:30 A.M.

The form of Policy of title insurance contemplated by this report is:

DRE

A specific request should be made if another form or additional coverage is desired.

Title to said estate or interest at the date hereof is vested in:

TRI POINTE HOMES IE-SD, INC., A CALIFORNIA CORPORATION

The estate or interest in the land hereinafter described or referred to covered by this Report is:

Fee

The Land referred to herein is described as follows:

(See attached Legal Description)

At the date hereof exceptions to coverage in addition to the printed Exceptions and Exclusions in said policy form would be as follows:

A. General and special taxes and assessments for the fiscal year 2025-2026, a lien not yet due or payable.

1. Taxes and assessments. Report to follow. Please verify before closing.
2. The lien of special tax assessed pursuant to Chapter 2.5 commencing with Section 53311 of the California Government Code for Community Facilities District 03-1, as disclosed by Notice of Special Tax Lien recorded September 11, 2003 as Instrument No. 2003-0703258 of Official Records.
3. The lien of special tax assessed pursuant to Chapter 2.5 commencing with Section 53311 of the California Government Code for Community Facilities District 13 (Conestoga VII), as disclosed by Notice of Special Tax Lien recorded November 27, 2018 as Instrument No. 2018-0461033 of Official Records.
4. The lien of special tax assessed pursuant to Chapter 2.5 commencing with Section 53311 of the California Government Code for Community Facilities District 19-2M (Winchester Ranch), as disclosed by Notice of Special Tax Lien recorded January 30, 2020 as Instrument No. 2020-0046284 of Official Records.
5. The lien of special tax assessed pursuant to Chapter 2.5 commencing with Section 53311 of the California Government Code for Community Facilities District 2021-6, as disclosed by Notice of Special Tax Lien recorded September 29, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0410896 of Official Records.
6. The lien of supplemental taxes, if any, assessed pursuant to Chapter 3.5 commencing with Section 75 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code.

7. A right of way for ditches and canals as reserved by the United States of America in the patent recorded February 25, 1915 in Book 6, Page 364 of Patents.
8. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled Covenant and Agreement Regarding Water Quality Management Plan BMP, Consent to Inspect, Maintenance and Indemnification recorded September 19, 2019 as Instrument No. 2019-0367552 of Official Records.
9. The following matters shown or disclosed by the filed or recorded map referred to in the legal description:

WE HEREBY RETAIN LOTS 191 THROUGH 194, INCLUSIVE, AND 199 FOR "OPEN SPACE" & LANDSCAPE PURPOSES AS SHOWN ON TRACT NO. 30807, FOR PRIVATE USE, FOR THE BENEFIT OF OURSELVES, OUR SUCCESSORS, ASSIGNEES AND LOT OWNERS WITHIN TRACT NO. 30807.

WE HEREBY RETAIN LOTS 208 AND 209 FOR OPEN SPACE & NATURAL PRESERVE PURPOSES AS SHOWN ON TRACT NO. 30807, FOR PRIVATE USE, FOR THE BENEFIT OF OURSELVES, OUR SUCCESSORS, ASSIGNEES AND LOT OWNERS WITHIN TRACT NO. 30807.

WE HEREBY DEDICATE IN FEE TITLE, OPEN SPACE LOT 207 FOR "COMMUNITY PARK" PURPOSES AS SHOWN ON TRACT NO. 30807, TO THE VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

NOTE: THE ABOVE REFERENCED DEDICATION WAS NOT ACCEPTED IN THE VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE ON SAID TRACT NO. 30807.

WE HEREBY RETAIN PRIVATE INGRESS AND EGRESS EASEMENTS LYING WITHIN LOTS 207 AND 208, FOR PRIVATE USE, FOR THE BENEFIT OF OURSELVES, OUR SUCCESSORS, ASSIGNEES AND LOT OWNERS WITHIN TRACT NO. 30807.

WE HEREBY RETAIL A FUEL MODIFICATION ZONE MAINTENANCE EASEMENT OVER LOTS 208 AND 209, FOR PRIVATE USE, FOR THE BENEFIT OF OURSELVES, OUR SUCCESSORS, ASSIGNEES AND LOT OWNERS WITHIN TRACT NO. 30807.

10. The effect of an environmental constraint note affecting said map on file in the office of the Riverside County Surveyor, in E.C.S. book 43 page(s) 62.
11. The effect of a recital on said map giving notice of election by land divider to defer payment of drainage fees, and that said fees are required to be paid at the time of issuance of either a grading or a building permit, and that said fees must be paid at the rate in effect at the time of issuance of the actual permit.
12. An easement shown or dedicated on Tract No. 30807, Book 474, Pages 38 through 48 of Maps.
For: Construction and maintenance of drainage facilities and incidental purposes.

NOTE: DRAINAGE EASEMENTS SHALL BE KEPT FREE OF BUILDINGS AND OBSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: THE ABOVE REFERENCED DEDICATION WAS NOT ACCEPTED IN THE VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE ON SAID TRACT NO. 30807.

(Affects Lots 191-194, 199, 207 and 208 of Parcel A)

13. An easement shown or dedicated on Tract No. 30807, Book 474, Pages 38 through 48 of Maps. In favor of the Valley-wide Recreation and Park District, County of Riverside, State of California.
For: Landscape maintenance purposes and incidental purposes.

(Affects Lots 78, 79, 87, 105, 187, 190-194, 199 and 208 of Parcel A)

14. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled "Memorandum of Agreement for the Construction of and Reimbursement for Utilities, Street and Drainage Improvements (Frontier Loop Road)" recorded December 17, 2020 as Instrument No. 2020-0644443 of Official Records.
15. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled "Construction License and Indemnity Agreement" recorded December 23, 2020 as Instrument No. 2020-0656777 of Official Records.
16. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled "Agreement and Notification of High Water Pressure Condition" recorded October 1, 2021 as Instrument No. 2021-0586690 of Official Records.

(Affects Lots 73-87, 89, 90, 94, 95, 97, 99, 105-111, 175-177 and 182-190 of Parcel A)

17. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled "Agreement For Permanent Residential Water Service With Single Feed To Domestic Water and Fire Sprinkler Systems" recorded October 1, 2021 as Instrument No. 2021-0586691 of Official Records.

(Affects Lots 73-87, 89, 90, 94, 95, 97, 99, 105-111, 175-177 and 182-190 of Parcel A)

18. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled "School Facilities Funding and Mitigation Agreement Among Hemet Unified School District, Copper Skye-Meniffee, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD, Inc., a California corporation (Improvement Area 1)" recorded December 1, 2021 as Instrument No. 2021-0710413 of Official Records.
19. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled "School Facilities Funding and Mitigation Agreement Among Hemet Unified School District, Copper Skye-Meniffee, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and Tri Pointe Homes IE-SD, Inc., a California corporation (Improvement Area 2)" recorded December 1, 2021 as Instrument No. 2021-0710414 of Official Records.
20. The effect of a document entitled Resolution No. 2021-194, recorded January 13, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0021117 of Official Records.

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT
ANNEXING A CERTAIN PARCEL OF LAND TO IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. U-35 OF EASTERN
MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

21. The effect of a document entitled Resolution No. 2021-195, recorded January 13, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0021118 of Official Records.

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT
ANNEXING A CERTAIN PARCEL OF LAND TO IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. U-36 OF EASTERN
MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

22. An easement for underground electrical supply systems and communication systems and incidental purposes, recorded July 19, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0321247 of Official Records.
In Favor of: Southern California Edison Company, a corporation, its successors and assigns
Affects: Lots 105 through 111 and 175 through 177 and 182 through 190 of Parcel A
23. An easement for public utilities and incidental purposes, recorded July 27, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0333373 of Official Records.
In Favor of: Frontier California Inc., a Corporation
Affects: Lots 105 through 111, 175 through 177 and 182 through 190 of Parcel A
24. An easement for underground electrical supply systems and communication systems and incidental purposes, recorded September 29, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0410979 of Official Records.
In Favor of: Southern California Edison Company, a corporation, its successors and assigns
Affects: Lots 73-87, 89, 90, 94, 95, 97 and 99
25. Covenants, conditions, restrictions and easements in the document recorded October 11, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0424477 of Official Records, which provide that a violation thereof shall not defeat or render invalid the lien of any first mortgage or deed of trust made in good faith and for value, but deleting any covenant, condition, or restriction, if any, indicating a preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, gender, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, familial status, marital status, disability, handicap, veteran or military status, genetic information, national origin, source of income as defined in subdivision (p) of Section 12955, or ancestry, to the extent that such covenants, conditions or restrictions violate applicable state or federal laws. Lawful restrictions under state and federal law on the age of occupants in senior housing or housing for older persons shall not be construed as restrictions based on familial status.
- (Affects Lots 73-87, 89, 90, 94, 95, 97, 99, 105-111, 175-177, 182-194, 199, 208 and 209)
- The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled Supplementary Declaration of Outlook 2 recorded August 8, 2025 as Instrument No. 2025-0244436 of Official Records.
- (Affects Lots 79 and 80)
26. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled "Master Dispute Resolution Declaration for Outlook 2" recorded November 1, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0451688 of Official Records.
- (Affects Lots 73-87, 89, 90, 94, 95, 97, 99, 105-111, 175-177, 182-194, 199, 208 and 209)
27. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled "Amendment No. 1 to School Facilities Funding and Mitigation Agreement Among Hemet Unified School District, Copper Skye-Menifee, L.P., a Delaware Limited Partnership, and Tri Pointe Homes, IE-SD, Inc., a California Corporation. - Relating to CFD No. 2021-6 Improvement Area No. 1" recorded November 7, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0463335 of Official Records.

28. The terms and provisions contained in the document entitled "Amendment No. 1 to School Facilities Funding and Mitigation Agreement Among Hemet Unified School District, Copper Skye-Meniffee, L.P., a Delaware Limited Partnership, and Tri Pointe Homes, IE-SD, Inc., a California Corporation. - Relating to CFD No. 2021-6 Improvement Area No. 2" recorded November 7, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0463336 of Official Records.
29. An option in favor of Copper Skye - Meniffee, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership as contained in or disclosed by a document recorded November 15, 2022 as Instrument No. 2022-0471396 of Official Records.
- (Affects Lots 189 and 190 of Parcel A)
30. An option in favor of Copper Skye - Meniffee, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership as contained in or disclosed by a document recorded October 5, 2023 as Instrument No. 2023-0295081 of Official Records.
- (Affects Lots 184-187 of Parcel A)
31. An option in favor of COPPER SKYE- MENIFEE, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership as contained in or disclosed by a document recorded October 21, 2024 as Instrument No. 2024-0316727 of Official Records.
- (Affects Lots 89, 90, 94, 95, 191-194, 199 and 207-209)
32. An option in favor of COPPER SKYE- MENIFEE, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership as contained in or disclosed by a document recorded January 15, 2025 as Instrument No. 2025-0014806 of Official Records.
- (Affects Lots 73-87, 97 and 99)
33. An option in favor of COPPER SKYE- MENIFEE, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership as contained in or disclosed by a document recorded April 17, 2025 as Instrument No. 2025-0114591 of Official Records.
- (Affects Lots 105 through 111, 175 through 177, 182, 183 and 188 and Lettered Lots A through N)

INFORMATIONAL NOTES

Note: The policy to be issued may contain an arbitration clause. When the Amount of Insurance is less than the certain dollar amount set forth in any applicable arbitration clause, all arbitrable matters shall be arbitrated at the option of either the Company or the Insured as the exclusive remedy of the parties. If you desire to review the terms of the policy, including any arbitration clause that may be included, contact the office that issued this Commitment or Report to obtain a sample of the policy jacket for the policy that is to be issued in connection with your transaction.

1. No known matters otherwise appropriate to be shown have been deleted from this report, which is not a policy of title insurance but a report to facilitate the issuance of a policy of title insurance.

For purposes of policy issuance, items NONE may be eliminated on the basis of an indemnity agreement or other agreement satisfactory to the Company as insurer.

The map attached, if any, may or may not be a survey of the land depicted hereon. First American expressly disclaims any liability for loss or damage which may result from reliance on this map except to the extent coverage for such loss or damage is expressly provided by the terms and provisions of the title insurance policy, if any, to which this map is attached.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

Real property in the unincorporated area of the County of Riverside, State of California, described as follows:

PARCEL A:

LOTS 73 THROUGH 87, INCLUSIVE, 89, 90, 94, 95, 97, 99, 105 THROUGH 111, INCLUSIVE, 175 THROUGH 177, INCLUSIVE, 182 THROUGH 194, INCLUSIVE, 199, 207, 208 209, AND LETTERED LOTS A THROUGH N, INCLUSIVE, OF TRACT NO. 30807, IN THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, AS PER MAP FILED IN BOOK 474, PAGES 38 THROUGH 48, INCLUSIVE, OF MAPS, IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAID COUNTY.

EXCEPTING FROM LETTERED LOTS B AND O THAT PORTION OF LAND DESCRIBED IN THE NOTICE OF LOT LINE ADJUSTMENT NO. 220031 RECORDED JUNE 13, 2023 AS INSTRUMENT NO. 2023-0169038 OF OFFICIAL RECORDS.

PARCEL B: (INTENTIONALLY DELETED)

PARCEL C: (INTENTIONALLY DELETED)

PARCEL D: (INTENTIONALLY DELETED)

PARCEL E: (INTENTIONALLY DELETED)

Order Number: NHSC-4606767
Page Number: 10



NOTICE

Section 12413.1 of the California Insurance Code, effective January 1, 1990, requires that any title insurance company, underwritten title company, or controlled escrow company handling funds in an escrow or sub-escrow capacity, wait a specified number of days after depositing funds, before recording any documents in connection with the transaction or disbursing funds. This statute allows for funds deposited by wire transfer to be disbursed the same day as deposit. In the case of cashier's checks or certified checks, funds may be disbursed the next day after deposit. In order to avoid unnecessary delays of three to seven days, or more, please use wire transfer, cashier's checks, or certified checks whenever possible.

EXHIBIT A
LIST OF PRINTED EXCEPTIONS AND EXCLUSIONS (BY POLICY TYPE)

CLTA/ALTA HOMEOWNER'S POLICY OF TITLE INSURANCE (02-03-10)
EXCLUSIONS

In addition to the Exceptions in Schedule B, You are not insured against loss, costs, attorneys' fees, and expenses resulting from:

1. Governmental police power, and the existence or violation of those portions of any law or government regulation concerning:
 - (a) building;
 - (b) zoning;
 - (c) land use;
 - (d) improvements on the Land;
 - (e) land division; and
 - (f) environmental protection.

This Exclusion does not limit the coverage described in Covered Risk 8.a., 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 23 or 27.

2. The failure of Your existing structures, or any part of them, to be constructed in accordance with applicable building codes. This Exclusion does not limit the coverage described in Covered Risk 14 or 15.
3. The right to take the Land by condemning it. This Exclusion does not limit the coverage described in Covered Risk 17.
4. Risks:
 - (a) that are created, allowed, or agreed to by You, whether or not they are recorded in the Public Records;
 - (b) that are Known to You at the Policy Date, but not to Us, unless they are recorded in the Public Records at the Policy Date;
 - (c) that result in no loss to You; or
 - (d) that first occur after the Policy Date - this does not limit the coverage described in Covered Risk 7, 8.e., 25, 26, 27 or 28.
5. Failure to pay value for Your Title.
6. Lack of a right:
 - (a) to any land outside the area specifically described and referred to in paragraph 3 of Schedule A; and
 - (b) in streets, alleys, or waterways that touch the Land.This Exclusion does not limit the coverage described in Covered Risk 11 or 21.
7. The transfer of the Title to You is invalid as a preferential transfer or as a fraudulent transfer or conveyance under federal bankruptcy, state insolvency, or similar creditors' rights laws.

LIMITATIONS ON COVERED RISKS

Your insurance for the following Covered Risks is limited on the Owner's Coverage Statement as follows: For Covered Risk 16, 18, 19, and 21 Your Deductible Amount and Our Maximum Dollar Limit of Liability shown in Schedule A.

<u>Your Deductible Amount</u>	<u>Our Maximum Dollar Limit of Liability</u>
Covered Risk 16: 1% of Policy Amount or \$2,500.00 (whichever is less)	\$10,000.00
Covered Risk 18: 1% of Policy Amount or \$5,000.00 (whichever is less)	\$25,000.00
Covered Risk 19: 1% of Policy Amount or \$5,000.00 (whichever is less)	\$25,000.00
Covered Risk 21: 1% of Policy Amount or \$2,500.00 (whichever is less)	\$5,000.00

ALTA RESIDENTIAL TITLE INSURANCE POLICY (6-1-87)
EXCLUSIONS

In addition to the Exceptions in Schedule B, you are not insured against loss, costs, attorneys' fees, and expenses resulting from:

1. Governmental police power, and the existence or violation of any law or government regulation. This includes building and zoning ordinances and also laws and regulations concerning:
 - (a) and use
 - (b) improvements on the land
 - (c) and division
 - (d) environmental protectionThis exclusion does not apply to violations or the enforcement of these matters which appear in the public records at Policy Date. This exclusion does not limit the zoning coverage described in Items 12 and 13 of Covered Title Risks.
2. The right to take the land by condemning it, unless:
 - (a) a notice of exercising the right appears in the public records on the Policy Date
 - (b) the taking happened prior to the Policy Date and is binding on you if you bought the land without knowing of the taking
3. Title Risks:
 - (a) that are created, allowed, or agreed to by you
 - (b) that are known to you, but not to us, on the Policy Date -- unless they appeared in the public records
 - (c) that result in no loss to you
 - (d) that first affect your title after the Policy Date -- this does not limit the labor and material lien coverage in Item 8 of Covered Title Risks
4. Failure to pay value for your title.

5. Lack of a right:
(a) to any land outside the area specifically described and referred to in Item 3 of Schedule A OR
(b) in streets, alleys, or waterways that touch your land
This exclusion does not limit the access coverage in Item 5 of Covered Title Risks.

2006 ALTA LOAN POLICY (06-17-06)
EXCLUSIONS FROM COVERAGE

The following matters are expressly excluded from the coverage of this policy, and the Company will not pay loss or damage, costs, attorneys' fees, or expenses that arise by reason of:

1. (a) Any law, ordinance, permit, or governmental regulation (including those relating to building and zoning) restricting, regulating, prohibiting, or relating to
 - (i) the occupancy, use, or enjoyment of the Land;
 - (ii) the character, dimensions, or location of any improvement erected on the Land;
 - (iii) the subdivision of land; or
 - (iv) environmental protection;or the effect of any violation of these laws, ordinances, or governmental regulations. This Exclusion 1(a) does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 5.
(b) Any governmental police power. This Exclusion 1(b) does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 6.
2. Rights of eminent domain. This Exclusion does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 7 or 8.
3. Defects, liens, encumbrances, adverse claims, or other matters
 - (a) created, suffered, assumed, or agreed to by the Insured Claimant;
 - (b) not Known to the Company, not recorded in the Public Records at Date of Policy, but Known to the Insured Claimant and not disclosed in writing to the Company by the Insured Claimant prior to the date the Insured Claimant became an Insured under this policy;
 - (c) resulting in no loss or damage to the Insured Claimant;
 - (d) attaching or created subsequent to Date of Policy (however, this does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 11, 13, or 14); or
 - (e) resulting in loss or damage that would not have been sustained if the Insured Claimant had paid value for the Insured Mortgage.
4. Unenforceability of the lien of the Insured Mortgage because of the inability or failure of an Insured to comply with applicable doing-business laws of the state where the Land is situated.
5. Invalidity or unenforceability in whole or in part of the lien of the Insured Mortgage that arises out of the transaction evidenced by the Insured Mortgage and is based upon usury or any consumer credit protection or truth-in-lending law.
6. Any claim, by reason of the operation of federal bankruptcy, state insolvency, or similar creditors' rights laws, that the transaction creating the lien of the Insured Mortgage, is
 - (a) a fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer, or
 - (b) a preferential transfer for any reason not stated in Covered Risk 13(b) of this policy.
7. Any lien on the Title for real estate taxes or assessments imposed by governmental authority and created or attaching between Date of Policy and the date of recording of the Insured Mortgage in the Public Records. This Exclusion does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 11(b).

The above policy form may be issued to afford either Standard Coverage or Extended Coverage. In addition to the above Exclusions from Coverage, the Exceptions from Coverage in a Standard Coverage policy will also include the following Exceptions from Coverage:

EXCEPTIONS FROM COVERAGE

This policy does not insure against loss or damage (and the Company will not pay costs, attorneys' fees or expenses) that arise by reason of:

1. (a) Taxes or assessments that are not shown as existing liens by the records of any taxing authority that levies taxes or assessments on real property or by the Public Records; (b) proceedings by a public agency that may result in taxes or assessments, or notices of such proceedings, whether or not shown by the records of such agency or by the Public Records.
2. Any facts, rights, interests, or claims that are not shown by the Public Records but that could be ascertained by an inspection of the Land or that may be asserted by persons in possession of the Land.
3. Easements, liens or encumbrances, or claims thereof, not shown by the Public Records.
4. Any encroachment, encumbrance, violation, variation, or adverse circumstance affecting the Title that would be disclosed by an accurate and complete land survey of the Land and not shown by the Public Records.
5. (a) Unpatented mining claims; (b) reservations or exceptions in patents or in Acts authorizing the issuance thereof; (c) water rights, claims or title to water, whether or not the matters excepted under (a), (b), or (c) are shown by the Public Records.
6. Any lien or right to a lien for services, labor or material not shown by the public records.

2006 ALTA OWNER'S POLICY (06-17-06)
EXCLUSIONS FROM COVERAGE

The following matters are expressly excluded from the coverage of this policy, and the Company will not pay loss or damage, costs, attorneys' fees, or expenses that arise by reason of:

1. (a) Any law, ordinance, permit, or governmental regulation (including those relating to building and zoning) restricting, regulating, prohibiting, or relating to
 - (i) the occupancy, use, or enjoyment of the Land;
 - (ii) the character, dimensions, or location of any improvement erected on the Land;
 - (iii) the subdivision of land; or
 - (iv) environmental protection;or the effect of any violation of these laws, ordinances, or governmental regulations. This Exclusion 1(a) does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 5.
(b) Any governmental police power. This Exclusion 1(b) does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 6.
2. Rights of eminent domain. This Exclusion does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 7 or 8.
3. Defects, liens, encumbrances, adverse claims, or other matters
 - (a) created, suffered, assumed, or agreed to by the Insured Claimant;
 - (b) not Known to the Company, not recorded in the Public Records at Date of Policy, but Known to the Insured Claimant and not disclosed in writing to the Company by the Insured Claimant prior to the date the Insured Claimant became an Insured under this policy;
 - (c) resulting in no loss or damage to the Insured Claimant;
 - (d) attaching or created subsequent to Date of Policy (however, this does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 9 or 10); or
 - (e) resulting in loss or damage that would not have been sustained if the Insured Claimant had paid value for the Title.
4. Any claim, by reason of the operation of federal bankruptcy, state insolvency, or similar creditors' rights laws, that the transaction vesting the Title as shown in Schedule A, is
 - (a) a fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer, or
 - (b) a preferential transfer for any reason not stated in Covered Risk 9 of this policy.
5. Any lien on the Title for real estate taxes or assessments imposed by governmental authority and created or attaching between Date of Policy and the date of recording of the deed or other instrument of transfer in the Public Records that vests Title as shown in Schedule A.

The above policy form may be issued to afford either Standard Coverage or Extended Coverage. In addition to the above Exclusions from Coverage, the Exceptions from Coverage in a Standard Coverage policy will also include the following Exceptions from Coverage:

EXCEPTIONS FROM COVERAGE

This policy does not insure against loss or damage (and the Company will not pay costs, attorneys' fees or expenses) that arise by reason of:

1. (a) Taxes or assessments that are not shown as existing liens by the records of any taxing authority that levies taxes or assessments on real property or by the Public Records; (b) proceedings by a public agency that may result in taxes or assessments, or notices of such proceedings, whether or not shown by the records of such agency or by the Public Records.
2. Any facts, rights, interests, or claims that are not shown by the Public Records but that could be ascertained by an inspection of the Land or that may be asserted by persons in possession of the Land.
3. Easements, liens or encumbrances, or claims thereof, not shown by the Public Records.
4. Any encroachment, encumbrance, violation, variation, or adverse circumstance affecting the Title that would be disclosed by an accurate and complete land survey of the Land and not shown by the Public Records.
5. (a) Unpatented mining claims; (b) reservations or exceptions in patents or in Acts authorizing the issuance thereof; (c) water rights, claims or title to water, whether or not the matters excepted under (a), (b), or (c) are shown by the Public Records.
6. Any lien or right to a lien for services, labor or material not shown by the public records.

ALTA EXPANDED COVERAGE RESIDENTIAL LOAN POLICY (07-26-10)

EXCLUSIONS FROM COVERAGE

The following matters are expressly excluded from the coverage of this policy, and the Company will not pay loss or damage, costs, attorneys' fees, or expenses that arise by reason of:

1. (a) Any law, ordinance, permit, or governmental regulation (including those relating to building and zoning) restricting, regulating, prohibiting, or relating to
 - (i) the occupancy, use, or enjoyment of the Land;
 - (ii) the character, dimensions, or location of any improvement erected on the Land;
 - (iii) the subdivision of land; or
 - (iv) environmental protection;or the effect of any violation of these laws, ordinances, or governmental regulations. This Exclusion 1(a) does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 5, 6, 13(c), 13(d), 14 or 16.
(b) Any governmental police power. This Exclusion 1(b) does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 5, 6, 13(c), 13(d), 14 or 16.
2. Rights of eminent domain. This Exclusion does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 7 or 8.
3. Defects, liens, encumbrances, adverse claims, or other matters
 - (a) created, suffered, assumed, or agreed to by the Insured Claimant;
 - (b) not Known to the Company, not recorded in the Public Records at Date of Policy, but Known to the Insured Claimant and not disclosed in writing to the Company by the Insured Claimant prior to the date the Insured Claimant became an Insured under this policy;

- (c) resulting in no loss or damage to the Insured Claimant;
 - (d) attaching or created subsequent to Date of Policy (however, this does not modify or limit the coverage provided under Covered Risk 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 27 or 28); or
 - (e) resulting in loss or damage that would not have been sustained if the Insured Claimant had paid value for the Insured Mortgage.
4. Unenforceability of the lien of the Insured Mortgage because of the inability or failure of an Insured to comply with applicable doing-business laws of the state where the Land is situated.
 5. Invalidity or unenforceability in whole or in part of the lien of the Insured Mortgage that arises out of the transaction evidenced by the Insured Mortgage and is based upon usury or any consumer credit protection or truth-in-lending law. This Exclusion does not modify or limit the coverage provided in Covered Risk 26.
 6. Any claim of invalidity, unenforceability or lack of priority of the lien of the Insured Mortgage as to Advances or modifications made after the Insured has Knowledge that the vestee shown in Schedule A is no longer the owner of the estate or interest covered by this policy. This Exclusion does not modify or limit the coverage provided in Covered Risk 11.
 7. Any lien on the Title for real estate taxes or assessments imposed by governmental authority and created or attaching subsequent to Date of Policy. This Exclusion does not modify or limit the coverage provided in Covered Risk 11(b) or 25.
 8. The failure of the residential structure, or any portion of it, to have been constructed before, on or after Date of Policy in accordance with applicable building codes. This Exclusion does not modify or limit the coverage provided in Covered Risk 5 or 6.
 9. Any claim, by reason of the operation of federal bankruptcy, state insolvency, or similar creditors' rights laws, that the transaction creating the lien of the Insured Mortgage, is
 - (a) a fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer, or
 - (b) a preferential transfer for any reason not stated in Covered Risk 27(b) of this policy.



First American Title

Privacy Information

We Are Committed to Safeguarding Customer Information

In order to better serve your needs now and in the future, we may ask you to provide us with certain information. We understand that you may be concerned about what we will do with such information - particularly any personal or financial information. We agree that you have a right to know how we will utilize the personal information you provide to us. Therefore, together with our subsidiaries we have adopted this Privacy Policy to govern the use and handling of your personal information.

Applicability

This Privacy Policy governs our use of the information that you provide to us. It does not govern the manner in which we may use information we have obtained from any other source, such as information obtained from a public record or from another person or entity. First American has also adopted broader guidelines that govern our use of personal information regardless of its source. First American calls these guidelines its Fair Information Values.

Types of Information

Depending upon which of our services you are utilizing, the types of nonpublic personal information that we may collect include:

- Information we receive from you on applications, forms and in other communications to us, whether in writing, in person, by telephone or any other means;
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliated companies, or others; and
- Information we receive from a consumer reporting agency.

Use of Information

We request information from you for our own legitimate business purposes and not for the benefit of any nonaffiliated party. Therefore, we will not release your information to nonaffiliated parties except: (1) as necessary for us to provide the product or service you have requested of us; or (2) as permitted by law. We may, however, store such information indefinitely, including the period after which any customer relationship has ceased. Such information may be used for any internal purpose, such as quality control efforts or customer analysis. We may also provide all of the types of nonpublic personal information listed above to one or more of our affiliated companies. Such affiliated companies include financial service providers, such as title insurers, property and casualty insurers, and trust and investment advisory companies, or companies involved in real estate services, such as appraisal companies, home warranty companies and escrow companies. Furthermore, we may also provide all the information we collect, as described above, to companies that perform marketing services on our behalf, on behalf of our affiliated companies or to other financial institutions with whom we or our affiliated companies have joint marketing agreements.

Former Customers

Even if you are no longer our customer, our Privacy Policy will continue to apply to you.

Confidentiality and Security

We will use our best efforts to ensure that no unauthorized parties have access to any of your information. We restrict access to nonpublic personal information about you to those individuals and entities who need to know that information to provide products or services to you. We will use our best efforts to train and oversee our employees and agents to ensure that your information will be handled responsibly and in accordance with this Privacy Policy and First American's Fair Information Values. We currently maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that comply with federal regulations to guard your nonpublic personal information.

Information Obtained Through Our Web Site

First American Financial Corporation is sensitive to privacy issues on the Internet. We believe it is important you know how we treat the information about you we receive on the Internet.

In general, you can visit First American or its affiliates' Web sites on the World Wide Web without telling us who you are or revealing any information about yourself. Our Web servers collect the domain names, not the e-mail addresses, of visitors. This information is aggregated to measure the number of visits, average time spent on the site, pages viewed and similar information. First American uses this information to measure the use of our site and to develop ideas to improve the content of our site.

There are times, however, when we may need information from you, such as your name and email address. When information is needed, we will use our best efforts to let you know at the time of collection how we will use the personal information. Usually, the personal information we collect is used only by us to respond to your inquiry, process an order or allow you to access specific account/profile information. If you choose to share any personal information with us, we will only use it in accordance with the policies outlined above.

Business Relationships

First American Financial Corporation's site and its affiliates' sites may contain links to other Web sites. While we try to link only to sites that share our high standards and respect for privacy, we are not responsible for the content or the privacy practices employed by other sites.

Cookies

Some of First American's Web sites may make use of "cookie" technology to measure site activity and to customize information to your personal tastes. A cookie is an element of data that a Web site can send to your browser, which may then store the cookie on your hard drive.

FirstAm.com uses stored cookies. The goal of this technology is to better serve you when visiting our site, save you time when you are here and to provide you with a more meaningful and productive Web site experience.

Fair Information Values

Fairness We consider consumer expectations about their privacy in all our businesses. We only offer products and services that assure a favorable balance between consumer benefits and consumer privacy.

Public Record We believe that an open public record creates significant value for society, enhances consumer choice and creates consumer opportunity. We actively support an open public record and emphasize its importance and contribution to our economy.

Use We believe we should behave responsibly when we use information about a consumer in our business. We will obey the laws governing the collection, use and dissemination of data.

Accuracy We will take reasonable steps to help assure the accuracy of the data we collect, use and disseminate. Where possible, we will take reasonable steps to correct inaccurate information. When, as with the public record, we cannot correct inaccurate information, we will take all reasonable steps to assist consumers in identifying the source of the erroneous data so that the consumer can secure the required corrections.

Education We endeavor to educate the users of our products and services, our employees and others in our industry about the importance of consumer privacy. We will instruct our employees on our fair information values and on the responsible collection and use of data. We will encourage others in our industry to collect and use information in a responsible manner.

Security We will maintain appropriate facilities and systems to protect against unauthorized access to and corruption of the data we maintain.

Addendum D

Comparable Data

Land Sales

Location & Property Identification

Property Name:	Park West - Planning Area 4
Sub-Property Type:	Residential, Single Family Development Land
Address:	E. Nuevo Rd.
City/State/Zip:	Perris, CA 92571
County:	Riverside
Market Orientation:	Suburban
IRR Event ID:	3356293



Sale Information

Sale Price:	\$34,478,042
Effective Sale Price:	\$34,478,042
Sale Date:	12/03/2024
Sale Status:	Closed
\$/Acre(Gross):	\$989,611
\$/Land SF(Gross):	\$22.72
\$/Building SF:	\$6,895.61
\$/Unit (Potential):	\$187,381 /Unit
Grantor/Seller:	PW Land Investments LP
Grantee/Buyer:	KB Home Cal Management Service
Assets Sold:	Real estate only
Property Rights:	Fee Simple
% of Interest Conveyed:	100.00
Financing:	Cash to seller
Conditions of Sale:	Arm's-length
Document Type:	Deed
Recording No.:	2024.368637
Verification Type:	Secondary Verification

Sale Analysis

Expenditures After Purchase:	\$70,619
Expenditures Description:	Site improvements and permits
Other Adjustment:	\$3,000

Adjustment Comments:	Estimated bond encumbrance

Improvement and Site Data

Legal/Tax/Parcel ID:	310-180-072
Acres(Gross):	34.84
Land-SF(Gross):	1,517,630
Potential Building SF:	5,000
No. of Units (Potential):	184
Zoning Code:	PW-SP (5000)
Zoning Desc.:	Park West Specific Plan
Source of Land Info.:	Public Records

Comments

This is a sale of 184 residential lots with a typical lot size of 5,000 square feet. The lots transferred in blue-top condition with the buyer completing the remaining site development costs. The estimated finished lot price is \$255,000. The subject is located within a new master plan community within the city of Perris. The estimated building permit is \$3,000 per lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given the surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,000 per lot.



Location & Property Identification

Property Name:	Menifee 80
Sub-Property Type:	Residential, Single Family Development Land
Address:	Evans Rd.
City/State/Zip:	Menifee, CA 92584
County:	Riverside
Market Orientation:	Suburban
IRR Event ID:	3415924



Sale Information

Sale Price:	\$22,076,450
Effective Sale Price:	\$22,076,450
Sale Date:	09/01/2024
Sale Status:	Closed
\$/Acre(Gross):	\$872,587
\$/Land SF(Gross):	\$20.03
\$/Building SF:	\$2,705.45
\$/Unit (Potential):	\$275,956 /Unit
Grantor/Seller:	FPG-Sun Menifee 20, LLC
Grantee/Buyer:	Lennar Homes of California
Assets Sold:	Real estate only
Property Rights:	Fee Simple
% of Interest Conveyed:	100.00
Financing:	Cash to seller
Conditions of Sale:	Arm's-length
Document Type:	Deed
Verified By:	Blake Fassler
Verification Date:	10/07/2025
Verification Type:	Confirmed-Other

Sale Analysis

Expenditures After Purchase:	\$55,015
Expenditures Description:	Permits and fees
Other Adjustment:	\$3,500

Adjustment Comments:	Estimated bond encumbrance

Improvement and Site Data

Legal/Tax/Parcel ID:	358-790-001 through -033 and 358-800-001 through -047
Acres(Gross):	25.30
Land-SF(Gross):	1,102,068
Potential Building SF:	8,160
No. of Units (Potential):	80
Zoning Code:	LDR-2
Zoning Desc.:	Low Density Residential
Source of Land Info.:	Public Records

Comments

This is a sale of 80 finished lots with a typical lot size of 8,160 square feet. Permits and fees, inclusive of an estimated \$3,000 for a building permit, is \$55,015 per lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given the surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,500 per lot.



Location & Property Identification

Property Name:	Nautical Cove Phase 1
Sub-Property Type:	Residential, Single Family Development Land
Address:	Holland Rd.
City/State/Zip:	Menifee, CA 92584
County:	Riverside
Market Orientation:	Suburban
IRR Event ID:	3415931



Sale Information

Sale Price:	\$6,143,500
Effective Sale Price:	\$6,143,500
Sale Date:	07/12/2024
Sale Status:	Closed
\$/Acre(Gross):	\$95,248
\$/Land SF(Gross):	\$2.19
\$/Building SF:	\$1,023.92
\$/Unit (Potential):	\$51,196 /Unit
Grantor/Seller:	Ambient Pacific NC LLC
Grantee/Buyer:	KB Home Cal Management Service
Assets Sold:	Real estate only
Property Rights:	Fee Simple
% of Interest Conveyed:	100.00
Financing:	Cash to seller
Conditions of Sale:	Arm's-length
Document Type:	Deed
Recording No.:	2024.212643
Verified By:	Blake Fassler
Verification Date:	10/07/2025
Verification Type:	Confirmed-Other

Expenditures Description:	Site development cost and permits and fees
Other Adjustment:	\$3,000
Adjustment Comments:	Estimated bond encumbrance

Improvement and Site Data

Legal/Tax/Parcel ID:	364-200-009
Acres(Gross):	64.50
Land-SF(Gross):	2,809,620
Potential Building SF:	6,000
No. of Units (Potential):	120
Zoning Code:	PDO-6
Zoning Desc.:	Planned Development
Source of Land Info.:	Public Records

Comments

This comparable represents the sale of 120 tentatively mapped paper lots with a typical size of 6,000 square feet. Lot finishing costs were reported at \$195,804 for a finished lot price of \$247,000. A building permit is estimated at \$3,000 per lot. KB Homes is constructing two communities to service the lots. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,000 per lot.

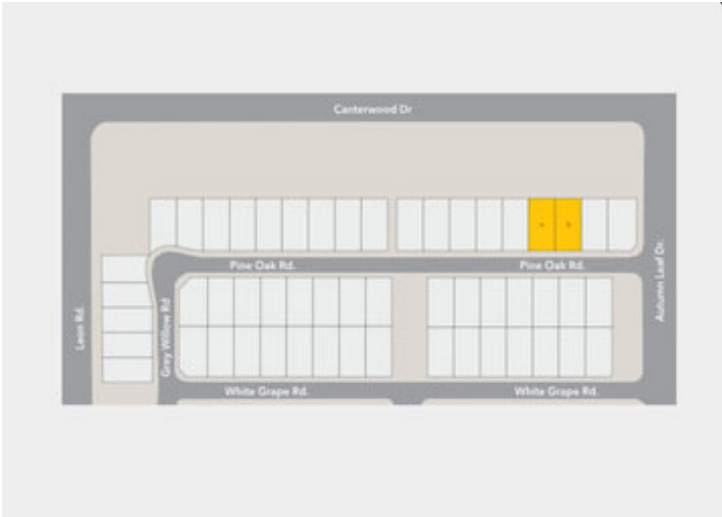
Sale Analysis

Expenditures After Purchase:	\$198,804



Location & Property Identification

Property Name:	Hudson at Canterwood
Sub-Property Type:	Residential, Single Family Development Land
Address:	S/E Leon & Canterwood Dr.
City/State/Zip:	Winchester, CA 92596
County:	Riverside
Market Orientation:	Suburban
IRR Event ID:	3392003



Sale Information

Sale Price:	\$4,246,364
Effective Sale Price:	\$4,246,364
Sale Date:	06/01/2024
Sale Status:	Closed
\$/Acre(Gross):	\$4,246,364
\$/Land SF(Gross):	\$97.48
\$/Building SF:	\$772.07
\$/Unit (Potential):	\$80,120 /Approved Lot
Grantor/Seller:	SOG Sun Holland, LLC
Grantee/Buyer:	KB Home
Portfolio Sale:	No
Assets Sold:	Real estate only
Property Rights:	Fee Simple
% of Interest Conveyed:	100.00
Financing:	Cash to seller
Conditions of Sale:	Arm's-length
Document Type:	Deed
Recording No.:	N/Av
Verification Type:	Secondary Verification

Sale Analysis

Expenditures After Purchase:	\$139,880
Expenditures Description:	Lot finishing costs
Other Adjustment:	\$3,000

Adjustment Comments:	Estimated bond encumbrance
Sale Price Includes FF&E?	Yes

Improvement and Site Data

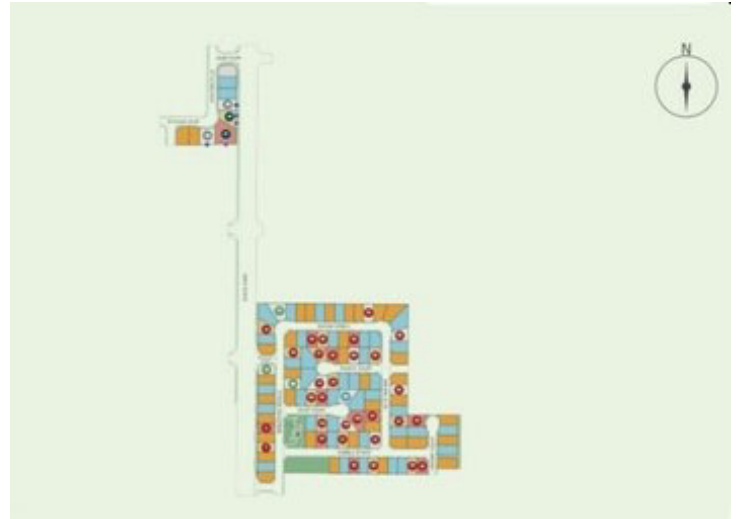
MSA:	Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA
Acres(Gross):	1.00
Land-SF(Gross):	43,560
Potential Building SF:	5,500
No. of Units (Potential):	53
Source of Land Info.:	Public Records

Comments

This comparable represents the sale of 53 tentatively mapped paper lots with a typical size of 5,500 SF. Lot finishing costs were reported at \$139,880 for a finished lot price of \$220,000. KB Home is constructing four floor plans ranging in size from 1,741 to 2,763 square feet. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,000 per lot.

Location & Property Identification

Property Name:	Stratford Place II - East
Sub-Property Type:	Residential, Single Family Development Land
Address:	Evans Rd.
City/State/Zip:	Perris, CA 92571
County:	Riverside
Market Orientation:	Suburban
IRR Event ID:	3269038



Sale Information

Sale Price:	\$13,186,466
Effective Sale Price:	\$13,186,466
Sale Date:	10/01/2023
Sale Status:	Closed
\$/Acre(Gross):	\$13,186,466
\$/Land SF(Gross):	\$302.72
\$/Building SF:	\$2,197.74
\$/Unit (Potential):	\$123,238 /Unit
Grantor/Seller:	Stratford Ranch Associates, LLC
Grantee/Buyer:	Pulte Homes
Assets Sold:	Real estate only
Property Rights:	Fee Simple
% of Interest Conveyed:	100.00
Financing:	Cash to seller
Conditions of Sale:	Arm's-length
Document Type:	Deed
Verification Type:	Secondary Verification

Improvement and Site Data

Legal/Tax/Parcel ID:	302-362-012
Acres(Gross):	1.00
Land-SF(Gross):	43,560
Potential Building SF:	6,000
No. of Units (Potential):	107
Zoning Code:	R-6,000
Zoning Desc.:	Residential
Source of Land Info.:	Other

Comments

This is a sale 107 unimproved lots with a typical lot size of 6,000 square feet. The finished lot price is estimated at \$225,000 per lot. A building permit is estimated at \$3,000 per lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given the surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$3,000 per lot.

Sale Analysis

Expenditures After Purchase:	\$104,762
Expenditures Description:	Site development and permits and fees
Other Adjustment:	\$3,000
Adjustment Comments:	Bond encumbrance

Property Name:	Green Valley Ranch PA 12
Sub-Property Type:	Residential, Single Family Development Land
Address:	Green Valley Pky.
City/State/Zip:	Perris, CA 92585
County:	Riverside
Market Orientation:	Suburban
IRR Event ID:	3269087



Sale Price:	\$11,795,535
Effective Sale Price:	\$11,795,535
Sale Date:	09/01/2023
Sale Status:	Closed
\$/Acre(Gross):	\$236,383
\$/Land SF(Gross):	\$5.43
\$/Building SF:	\$1,814.70
\$/Unit (Potential):	\$61,757 /Unit
Grantor/Seller:	Green Valley Recovery Acquisition, LLC
Grantee/Buyer:	Lennar
Assets Sold:	Real estate only
Property Rights:	Fee Simple
% of Interest Conveyed:	100.00
Financing:	Cash to seller
Conditions of Sale:	Arm's-length
Document Type:	Deed
Verification Type:	Secondary Verification

Improvement and Site Data

Legal/Tax/Parcel ID:	330-150-031
Acres(Gross):	49.90
Land-SF(Gross):	2,173,644
Potential Building SF:	6,500
No. of Units (Potential):	191
Zoning Code:	GV-SP R-5,500 - R-6,000
Zoning Desc.:	Residential
Source of Land Info.:	Public Records

This is a sale of 191 unimproved lots with a typical lot size of 6,500 square feet. The finished lot price is estimated at \$200,000 per lot. A building permit is estimated at \$3,000 per lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given the surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimated the property would have an estimated special tax of \$2,000 per lot.

Expenditures After Purchase:	\$141,243
Expenditures Description:	Site development costs and permits and fees
Other Adjustment:	\$2,000

Location & Property Identification

Property Name:	La Ventana
Sub-Property Type:	Residential, Single Family Development Land
Address:	SEC Simpson Rd and La Ventana Rd
City/State/Zip:	Winchester, CA 92584
County:	Riverside
Market Orientation:	Suburban
IRR Event ID:	3027571



Sale Information

Sale Price:	\$8,000,000
Effective Sale Price:	\$8,000,000
Sale Date:	04/15/2022
Recording Date:	04/15/2022
Listing Price:	\$8,000,000
Sale Status:	Closed
\$/Acre(Gross):	\$103,896
\$/Land SF(Gross):	\$2.39
\$/Building SF:	\$1,333.33
\$/Unit (Potential):	\$36,364 /Approved Lot
Grantor/Seller:	La Ventana 242, LLC
Grantee/Buyer:	Forestar / DR Horton
Assets Sold:	Real estate only
Property Rights:	Fee Simple
% of Interest Conveyed:	100.00
Exposure Time:	39 (months)
Financing:	Cash to seller
Conditions of Sale:	Arm's-length
Document Type:	Deed
Recording No.:	0180333
Verification Type:	Secondary Verification
Secondary Verific. Source:	CoStar

Expenditures After Purchase: \$178,636

Expenditures Description:	Lot finishing costs
Other Adjustment:	\$2,000
Adjustment Comments:	Estimated bond encumbrance

Improvement and Site Data

MSA:	Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA Metropolitan Statistical Area
Legal/Tax/Parcel ID:	APNs: 461-450-001 through -013, -451-001 through -048, -452-001 through -019, -460-001 through -020, -461-001 through -021, -470-001 through -027, -470-001 through -064, -472-001 through -010, -480-001 through -005, -481-001 through -003, -482-001
Acres(Gross):	77.00
Land-SF(Gross):	3,354,120
Potential Building SF:	6,000
No. of Units (Potential):	220
Zoning Code:	SP
Zoning Desc.:	Specific Plan

Sale Analysis

Improvement and Site Data (Cont'd)

Flood Plain:	No
Source of Land Info.:	Broker

Comments

Site consists of 220 residential lots, along with a park site and a school site. The typical lot size is approximately 6,000 SF. The finished lot price was reportedly \$215,000/lot. It is unclear if the project will utilize bond financing. However, given surrounding projects also utilize bond financing, it is estimate the property would have an estimated special tax of \$2,000 per lot.



Appraisal of Real Property

Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2
Residential Subdivision
Riverside County, California 92596

Prepared For:
Hemet Unified School District

Report Format:
Appraisal Report – Bring Forward Letter

IRR - Los Angeles
File Number: 219-2025-0113



March 19, 2026

Darrin Watters
Deputy Superintendent, Business Services
Hemet Unified School District
1791 W. Acacia Avenue
Hemet, CA 92545

SUBJECT: Market Value Appraisal – Bring Forward Letter
Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2
Riverside County, California 92596
IRR - Los Angeles File No. 219-2025-0113

Dear Mr. Watters:

Integra Realty Resources – Los Angeles has prepared an update to our Appraisal Report of the above-referenced property. The original Appraisal Report, dated November 3, 2025, was prepared conforming to the requirements set forth under Standards Rule 2-2(a) of the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) and the Appraisal Standards for Land Secured Financing published by the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission (CDIAC) (2004). The Original Appraisal Report provides the market values (*fee simple estate*) of certain properties within the boundaries of the Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 (the “CFD”), under the assumptions and conditions contained in this Appraisal Report, as of September 22, 2025. This Update Appraisal Report may only be used in conjunction with the Original Appraisal Report.

As an Update Appraisal Report, this document does not present a complete discussion of the data, reasoning and analyses used in the appraisal process to develop the appraiser’s opinions of value. Supporting documentation concerning the data, reasoning and analyses is retained in the appraiser’s work file.

We have been requested to ascertain, as of a current date of value (March 1, 2026), whether the cumulative, or aggregate, value of the appraised properties is not less than the cumulative, or aggregate, value estimated as of the original date of value September 22, 2025.

Since the original date of value September 22, 2025, remaining site development has reduced continued, a number of homes have been completed and/or sold to individual homeowners, a number of homes have begun construction with building permits and impact fees paid.

As a result of our analysis, it is our opinion the cumulative, or aggregate, value of the appraised properties derived in the Original Appraisal Report, as of September 22, 2025, in accordance with the assumptions and conditions set forth in the attached document, as of March 1, 2026 (current date of value), is not less **\$30,714,000**.

Type and Definition of Value:

Market value is defined as “The most probable price which a property should bring in a competitive and open market under all conditions requisite to a fair sale, the buyer and seller each acting prudently and knowledgeably, and assuming the price is not affected by undue stimulus. Implicit in this definition is the consummation of a sale as of a specified date and the passing of title from seller to buyer under conditions whereby:

- Buyer and seller are typically motivated;
- Both parties are well informed or well advised, and acting in what they consider their own best interests;
- A reasonable time is allowed for exposure in the open market;
- Payment is made in terms of cash in U.S. dollars or in terms of financial arrangements comparable thereto; and
- The price represents the normal consideration for the property sold unaffected by special or creative financing or sales concessions granted by anyone associated with the sale.”

(Source: Code of Federal Regulations, Title 12, Chapter I, Part 34.42[g]; also Interagency Appraisal and Evaluation Guidelines, Federal Register, 75 FR 77449, December 10, 2010, page 77472)

Client and Intended Users:

The client is Hemet Unified School District. The intended users are Hemet Unified School District and its associated finance team.

Intended Use:

The intended use of the appraisal is for bond underwriting purposes. The appraisers understand and agree this Update Appraisal Report, and Original Appraisal Report, is expected to be, and may be, utilized in the marketing of the Bonds and to satisfy certain legal requirements in connection with issuing the Bonds.

Purpose:

The purpose of this Update Appraisal Report, dated March 19, 2026, is to ascertain whether the current estimate (March 1, 2026) of cumulative, or aggregate, value of the appraised properties in the District is not less than the value derived in the Original Appraisal Report, dated November 3, 2025, with a date of value of September 22, 2025.

The cumulative, or aggregate, value of the appraised properties in the CFD account for the impact of the Lien of the Special Tax securing the Hemet USD CFD No. 2021-6, IA2 Bonds.

Scope of Work:

In preparing this Update Appraisal Report, we analyzed market data presented in our Original Appraisal Report dated November 3, 2025 (as of the September 22, 2025 date of value). In addition, we analyzed current market conditions and considered any changes in the condition of the subject properties since the date of value above. This Update Appraisal Report sets forth only the appraiser's conclusions. Supporting documentation is retained in the appraiser's work file.

Date of Inspection:

The subject was not re-inspected.

Current Date of Value:

March 1, 2026

Date of Report:

March 19, 2026

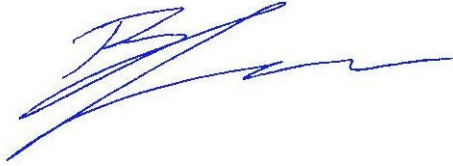
This Update Appraisal Report has been performed in accordance with the requirements of USPAP, the Code of Professional Ethics and the Standards of Professional Practice of the Appraisal Institute and the Appraisal Standards for Land Secured Financing, published by the California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission (2004). Additionally, this valuation is offered in accordance with the limiting conditions and assumptions set forth in this Appraisal Report.

This Update Appraisal Report dated March 19, 2026, which contains 10 pages, must remain attached to the original appraisal dated November 3, 2025, which contains 71 pages, plus related exhibits and Addenda, in order for the value opinions set forth herein to be considered valid.

Certification

We certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief:

1. The statements of fact contained in this report are true and correct.
2. The reported analyses, opinions, and conclusions are limited only by the reported assumptions and limiting conditions, and are our personal, impartial, and unbiased professional analyses, opinions, and conclusions.
3. We have no present or prospective interest in the property that is the subject of this report and no personal interest with respect to the parties involved.
4. We have performed no services, as an appraiser or in any other capacity, regarding the property that is the subject of this report within the three-year period immediately preceding the agreement to perform this assignment.
5. We have no bias with respect to the property that is the subject of this report or to the parties involved with this assignment.
6. Our engagement in this assignment was not contingent upon developing or reporting predetermined results.
7. Our compensation for completing this assignment is not contingent upon the development or reporting of a predetermined value or direction in value that favors the cause of the client, the amount of the value opinion, the attainment of a stipulated result, or the occurrence of a subsequent event directly related to the intended use of this appraisal.
8. Our analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice as well as applicable state appraisal regulations.
9. The reported analyses, opinions, and conclusions were developed, and this report has been prepared, in conformity with the Code of Professional Ethics and Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice of the Appraisal Institute.
10. The use of this report is subject to the requirements of the Appraisal Institute relating to review by its duly authorized representatives.
11. Eric Segal, MAI made a personal inspection of the property that is the subject of this report. Blake Fassler, MAI, has not personally inspected the subject.
12. No one provided significant real property appraisal assistance to the person(s) signing this certification.
13. We have experience in appraising properties similar to the subject and are in compliance with the Competency Rule of USPAP.
14. As of the date of this report, Eric Segal, MAI, has completed the continuing education program for Designated Members of the Appraisal Institute.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be 'B. Fassler', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Blake Fassler, MAI
Certified General Real Estate Appraiser
California Certificate # 3007274

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to be 'E. Segal', enclosed within a circular loop.

Eric Segal, MAI
Certified General Real Estate Appraiser
California Certificate # AG026558

Assumptions and Limiting Conditions

This appraisal and any other work product related to this engagement are limited by the following standard assumptions, except as otherwise noted in the report:

1. The title is marketable and free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, encroachments, easements and restrictions. The property is under responsible ownership and competent management and is available for its highest and best use.
2. There are no existing judgments or pending or threatened litigation that could affect the value of the property.
3. There are no hidden or undisclosed conditions of the land or of the improvements that would render the property more or less valuable. Furthermore, there is no asbestos in the property.
4. The revenue stamps placed on any deed referenced herein to indicate the sale price are in correct relation to the actual dollar amount of the transaction.
5. The property is in compliance with all applicable building, environmental, zoning, and other federal, state and local laws, regulations and codes.
6. The information furnished by others is believed to be reliable, but no warranty is given for its accuracy.

This appraisal and any other work product related to this engagement are subject to the following limiting conditions, except as otherwise noted in the report:

1. An appraisal is inherently subjective and represents our opinion as to the value of the property appraised.
2. The conclusions stated in our appraisal apply only as of the effective date of the appraisal, and no representation is made as to the effect of subsequent events.
3. No changes in any federal, state or local laws, regulations or codes (including, without limitation, the Internal Revenue Code) are anticipated.
4. No environmental impact studies were either requested or made in conjunction with this appraisal, and we reserve the right to revise or rescind any of the value opinions based upon any subsequent environmental impact studies. If any environmental impact statement is required by law, the appraisal assumes that such statement will be favorable and will be approved by the appropriate regulatory bodies.
5. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, we are not required to give testimony, respond to any subpoena or attend any court, governmental or other hearing with reference to the property without compensation relative to such additional employment.
6. We have made no survey of the property and assume no responsibility in connection with such matters. Any sketch or survey of the property included in this report is for illustrative purposes only and should not be considered to be scaled accurately for size. The appraisal

- covers the property as described in this report, and the areas and dimensions set forth are assumed to be correct.
7. No opinion is expressed as to the value of subsurface oil, gas or mineral rights, if any, and we have assumed that the property is not subject to surface entry for the exploration or removal of such materials, unless otherwise noted in our appraisal.
 8. We accept no responsibility for considerations requiring expertise in other fields. Such considerations include, but are not limited to, legal descriptions and other legal matters such as legal title, geologic considerations such as soils and seismic stability; and civil, mechanical, electrical, structural and other engineering and environmental matters. Such considerations may also include determinations of compliance with zoning and other federal, state, and local laws, regulations and codes.
 9. The distribution of the total valuation in the report between land and improvements applies only under the reported highest and best use of the property. The allocations of value for land and improvements must not be used in conjunction with any other appraisal and are invalid if so used. The appraisal report shall be considered only in its entirety. No part of the appraisal report shall be utilized separately or out of context.
 10. Neither all nor any part of the contents of this report (especially any conclusions as to value, the identity of the appraisers, or any reference to the Appraisal Institute) shall be disseminated through advertising media, public relations media, news media or any other means of communication (including without limitation prospectuses, private offering memoranda and other offering material provided to prospective investors) without the prior written consent of the persons signing the report.
 11. Information, estimates and opinions contained in the report and obtained from third-party sources are assumed to be reliable and have not been independently verified.
 12. Any income and expense estimates contained in the appraisal report are used only for the purpose of estimating value and do not constitute predictions of future operating results.
 13. If the property is subject to one or more leases, any estimate of residual value contained in the appraisal may be particularly affected by significant changes in the condition of the economy, of the real estate industry, or of the appraised property at the time these leases expire or otherwise terminate.
 14. Unless otherwise stated in the report, no consideration has been given to personal property located on the premises or to the cost of moving or relocating such personal property; only the real property has been considered.
 15. The current purchasing power of the dollar is the basis for the values stated in the appraisal; we have assumed that no extreme fluctuations in economic cycles will occur.
 16. The values found herein are subject to these and to any other assumptions or conditions set forth in the body of this report but which may have been omitted from this list of Assumptions and Limiting Conditions.
 17. The analyses contained in the report necessarily incorporate numerous estimates and assumptions regarding property performance, general and local business and economic

conditions, the absence of material changes in the competitive environment and other matters. Some estimates or assumptions, however, inevitably will not materialize, and unanticipated events and circumstances may occur; therefore, actual results achieved during the period covered by our analysis will vary from our estimates, and the variations may be material.

18. The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) became effective January 26, 1992. We have not made a specific survey or analysis of the property to determine whether the physical aspects of the improvements meet the ADA accessibility guidelines. We claim no expertise in ADA issues, and render no opinion regarding compliance of the subject with ADA regulations. Inasmuch as compliance matches each owner's financial ability with the cost to cure the non-conforming physical characteristics of a property, a specific study of both the owner's financial ability and the cost to cure any deficiencies would be needed for the Department of Justice to determine compliance.
19. The appraisal report is prepared for the exclusive benefit of the Client, its subsidiaries and/or affiliates. It may not be used or relied upon by any other party. All parties who use or rely upon any information in the report without our written consent do so at their own risk.
20. No studies have been provided to us indicating the presence or absence of hazardous materials on the subject property or in the improvements, and our valuation is predicated upon the assumption that the subject property is free and clear of any environment hazards including, without limitation, hazardous wastes, toxic substances and mold. No representations or warranties are made regarding the environmental condition of the subject property. Integra Realty Resources – Los Angeles, Integra Realty Resources, Inc., Integra Strategic Ventures, Inc. and/or any of their respective officers, owners, managers, directors, agents, subcontractors or employees (the "Integra Parties"), shall not be responsible for any such environmental conditions that do exist or for any engineering or testing that might be required to discover whether such conditions exist. Because we are not experts in the field of environmental conditions, the appraisal report cannot be considered as an environmental assessment of the subject property.
21. The persons signing the report may have reviewed available flood maps and may have noted in the appraisal report whether the subject property is located in an identified Special Flood Hazard Area. We are not qualified to detect such areas and therefore do not guarantee such determinations. The presence of flood plain areas and/or wetlands may affect the value of the property, and the value conclusion is predicated on the assumption that wetlands are non-existent or minimal.
22. Integra Realty Resources – Los Angeles is not a building or environmental inspector. Integra Los Angeles does not guarantee that the subject property is free of defects or environmental problems. Mold may be present in the subject property and a professional inspection is recommended.
23. The appraisal report and value conclusions for an appraisal assume the satisfactory completion of construction, repairs or alterations in a workmanlike manner.
24. It is expressly acknowledged that in any action which may be brought against any of the Integra Parties, arising out of, relating to, or in any way pertaining to this engagement, the

- appraisal reports, and/or any other related work product, the Integra Parties shall not be responsible or liable for any incidental or consequential damages or losses, unless the appraisal was fraudulent or prepared with intentional misconduct. It is further acknowledged that the collective liability of the Integra Parties in any such action shall not exceed the fees paid for the preparation of the appraisal report unless the appraisal was fraudulent or prepared with intentional misconduct. Finally, it is acknowledged that the fees charged herein are in reliance upon the foregoing limitations of liability.
25. Integra Realty Resources – Los Angeles, an independently owned and operated company, has prepared the appraisal for the specific intended use stated elsewhere in the report. The use of the appraisal report by anyone other than the Client is prohibited except as otherwise provided. Accordingly, the appraisal report is addressed to and shall be solely for the Client's use and benefit unless we provide our prior written consent. We expressly reserve the unrestricted right to withhold our consent to your disclosure of the appraisal report or any other work product related to the engagement (or any part thereof including, without limitation, conclusions of value and our identity), to any third parties. Stated again for clarification, unless our prior written consent is obtained, no third party may rely on the appraisal report (even if their reliance was foreseeable).
26. The conclusions of this report are estimates based on known current trends and reasonably foreseeable future occurrences. These estimates are based partly on property information, data obtained in public records, interviews, existing trends, buyer-seller decision criteria in the current market, and research conducted by third parties, and such data are not always completely reliable. The Integra Parties are not responsible for these and other future occurrences that could not have reasonably been foreseen on the effective date of this assignment. Furthermore, it is inevitable that some assumptions will not materialize and that unanticipated events may occur that will likely affect actual performance. While we are of the opinion that our findings are reasonable based on current market conditions, we do not represent that these estimates will actually be achieved, as they are subject to considerable risk and uncertainty. Moreover, we assume competent and effective management and marketing for the duration of the projected holding period of this property.
27. All prospective value opinions presented in this report are estimates and forecasts which are prospective in nature and are subject to considerable risk and uncertainty. In addition to the contingencies noted in the preceding paragraph, several events may occur that could substantially alter the outcome of our estimates such as, but not limited to changes in the economy, interest rates, and capitalization rates, behavior of consumers, investors and lenders, fire and other physical destruction, changes in title or conveyances of easements and deed restrictions, etc. It is assumed that conditions reasonably foreseeable at the present time are consistent or similar with the future.

Addendum A

Appraiser Qualifications

Blake Fassler

Experience

Mr. Fassler is a licensed appraiser with Integra Realty Resources, a real estate appraisal firm that engages in a wide variety of real estate valuation and consultation assignments. He began his appraisal career in March 2017 with Seevers Jordan Ziegenmeyer in Rocklin, California. Currently, Mr. Fassler is obtaining experience in the valuation and analysis of various types of real estate by working on a wide variety of property types including, but not limited to: multifamily, office, retail, industrial, vacant land, and residential subdivisions. He also specializes in the appraisal of residential master planned communities and subdivision, as well as Mello Roos and Assessment Districts for land secured municipal financings.

Licenses

California, California Certified General Real Estate Appraiser, 3007274, Expires February 2028

Education

Bachelor of Science in Management Science University of California, San Diego

Appraisal Courses Completed are as follows:

Basic Appraisal Principles

Basic Appraisal Procedures

General Appraiser Market Analysis & Highest and Best Use (USPAP), Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice

General Appraiser Report Writing and Case Studies

General Appraiser Site Valuation and Cost Approach

General Appraiser Sales Comparison Approach

General Appraiser Income Approach Part 1

General Appraiser Income Approach Part 2

4-Hour Federal and California Statutory and Regulator Laws

**Integra Realty Resources -
Sacramento**

516 Gibson Drive
Suite 290
Roseville, CA 95678

irr.com





Business, Consumer Services & Housing Agency
BUREAU OF REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS
REAL ESTATE APPRAISER LICENSE

Blake A. Fassler

has successfully met the requirements for a license as a residential and commercial real estate appraiser in the State of California and is, therefore, entitled to use the title:

“Certified General Real Estate Appraiser”

This license has been issued in accordance with the provisions of the Real Estate Appraisers' Licensing and Certification Law.

BREA APPRAISER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 3007274

Effective Date: February 26, 2026

Date Expires: February 25, 2028


Angela Jemmott, Bureau Chief, BREa

3085286

Eric Segal, MAI

Experience

Mr. Segal is a Certified General real estate appraiser and holds the Appraisal Institute's MAI designation. In 1998, Mr. Segal began his career in real estate as a research analyst/appraiser trainee for Richard Seevers and Associates. By 1999, he began writing narrative appraisal reports covering a variety of commercial properties, with an emphasis on residential master planned communities and subdivisions. Today, Mr. Segal is a partner in the firm and is involved in appraisal assignments covering a wide variety of properties including office, retail, industrial, multifamily housing, master planned communities, and specializes in the appraisal of Mello Roos Community Facilities Districts and Assessment Districts for land secured municipal financings, as well as multifamily developments under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Multifamily Accelerated Processing (MAP) Guide. He has developed the experience and background necessary to deal with complex assignments covering an array of property types, with a particular focus on urban redevelopment in the cities of San Francisco, Oakland, Monterey, Alameda and San Mateo. He has developed the experience and background necessary to deal with complex assignments covering an array of property types. Eric is currently Senior Managing Director of the Integra Los Angeles office, and Managing Director of the Integra Orange County, Integra-San Francisco and Integra-Sacramento offices.

Professional Activities & Affiliations

MAI Designation, Appraisal Institute, January 2016

Licenses

California, Certified General Real Estate Appraiser, AG026558, Expires February 2027

Nevada, Certified General, A.0207666-CG, Expires January 2027

Washington, Certified General, 20100611, Expires June 2027

Education

Academic:

Bachelor of Science in Business Administration (Concentrations in Finance and Real Estate & Land Use Affairs), California State University, Sacramento

Appraisal and Real Estate Courses:

Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions (Yellow Book)

Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice

Appraisal Principles

Basic Income Capitalization

Highest & Best Use and Market Analysis

Advanced Income Capitalization

Report Writing and Valuation Analysis

Self Storage Economics and Appraisal Seminar

Appraisal Litigation Practice and Courtroom Management

Hotel Valuations: New Techniques for today's Uncertain Times

Computer Enhanced Cash Flow Modeling

Advanced Sales Comparison & Cost Approaches

Advanced Applications

Subdivision Valuation

Integra Realty Resources - Los Angeles (219)

12100 Wilshire Blvd
Suite 800
Los Angeles, CA 90025

T 916.435.3883
F 916.435.4774

irr.com



Eric Segal, MAI

Education (Cont'd)

Appraisal of Self-Storage Facilities

Appraisal of Fast Food Facilities

Appraisal of Limited Service Hotels

How Tenants Create or Destroy Value: Leasehold Valuation and its Impact on Value

Appraisal of Manufactured Homes Featuring Next Generation Manufactured Homes

Appraisal and Real Estate Courses (cont'd):

Business Practices and Ethics

IRS Valuation Update

Integra Realty Resources - Los Angeles (219)

12100 Wilshire Blvd
Suite 800
Los Angeles, CA 90025

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F 916.435.4774

irr.com





Business, Consumer Services & Housing Agency
BUREAU OF REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS
REAL ESTATE APPRAISER LICENSE

Eric A. Segal

has successfully met the requirements for a license as a residential and commercial real estate appraiser in the State of California and is, therefore, entitled to use the title:

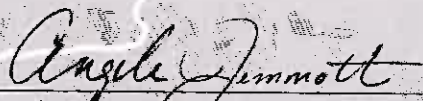
“Certified General Real Estate Appraiser”

This license has been issued in accordance with the provisions of the Real Estate Appraisers' Licensing and Certification Law.

BREA APPRAISER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: AG 026558

Effective Date: February 19, 2025

Date Expires: February 18, 2027


Angela Jemmott, Bureau Chief, BREA

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